

commended and admired for doing it, to prevent the Probability of a civil War, both at home and in our Colonies; than our Ancestors were for making and publishing such an Act, after the Mischief had been done, and the Kingdom had long groaned under the Mischief that Avarice, Ambition, Madnes, and all other Evils could inflict upon it. Let a Messenger and Edicts of Wrath be recalled; and with the Money now waiting in endless and mutual Prosecutions erect a Temple to Concord. Let Mr. Wilkes lay the first Stone. Our People have been as famous for Goodness as for Valour. Let it not be said that both are now turned into a savage Ferocity!

It any of my Friends in either House of Legislature shall condescend to listen to, and improve this Hint, I shall think that I have neither wrote or lived in vain. The Character of Menius Agrippa as far exceeds that of Julius Cæsar, as the happy Preservation of a great Kingdom is preferable to its Ruin and Destruction.

WILLIAM DRAPER.

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

A political Physician of great Eminence has favoured us with the following List of distempred Persons, with some Account of their Disorders, in Order that those who are in good Health may keep out of the Company of such, from whom it is possible the Infection may be imbibed.

The K— is afflicted with a Dimness of Sight, occasioned by a Film of extraordinary thickness having grown over both Eyes.—He will not tub to coughing. The Q— is troubled with a white Swelling. This Complaint has been several Times removed but constantly returns.

The D— of C— d is troubled with a Giddiness in his Head.

Lord M— is afflicted with the Scurvy.

Lord W— is afflicted with the Spleen.

Lord B— is afflicted with the Spitt Blood.

Lord B— is afflicted with his Banishment.

Lord N— is afflicted with a Mortification.

Sir F— is afflicted with the Gripes.

Mr. W— is afflicted with the Itch.

Mr. C. F. is afflicted with the Hydrophobia.—He was bit by his Father.—This young Man's Keeper, on a late Occasion, acted very imprudently; for exhibiting him in the Window of a Coffee House, his strange Gesticulations alarmed a great Number of Persons, and had he not been suddenly removed it is thought they would have gone into Fits.

G— O— w has a Vertigo in his Head.

Lady S— B— has a Vertigo in the Tail.

Lady G— is troubled with fainting Fits.

Lady H— is troubled with the Falling Sickness.

Numbers of the Ministry have made out in horrid Blitches; but whether it is the Leprosy or the Plague is doubtful, though the Faculty in general believe it to be the latter.

The Minority have got the Heartburn.

The Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver are confined to their Chambers by a Surfeit.

The Recorder is afflicted with the overflowing of the Gall.

Sir R— G— is afflicted with a Lethargy.

Mr. H— is afflicted with the Yellow Jaundice. And, The People of England are in a high Fever.

REFLECTIONS upon the present Disputes between the House of Commons and the Magistrates of London.

Search all Europe round, and there is no where to be found so much mean Profrigacy in some, and to much generous Credulity in others, as within the Bills of Mortality; Circumstances which enable designing, unquiet, ambitious Spirits, to turn to their own Advantage the Crimes, the Weaknesses, and even the Virtues, of their Fellow Citizens.

Ignorant of the sublime Ideas of constitutional Liberty, they see not that it consists in the Subordination of Freeman to free Laws, but confounding the Principles of Equality with those of Liberty they pave the Way to the very worst of Tyranny, namely, that of the Populace; yet the Interests of that Populace they consider not, they regard not. To their Imaginations alone they pay Attention, and would flatter their Passions though it ended in their Ruin. Having much Reason themselves to fear the Laws, they wish to weaken them; for, after squandering the Funds of the City in Imprudence and Extravagance, they trust, in Clamours against others, to drown those which they expect against themselves, and can hope only, in the Disgrace of the Publick, to make their own be overlooked. They began, with the Help of their Emisaries, by attempting to light up a civil War between Two Sister Nations. They next endeavoured to break the Bonds which tie Parent and the Child (England and America) together. They then raised the People against the Parliament, by promoting Addresses to dissolve it; and in the End they held up the Dagger of every Englishman to plunge it in another Englishman's Breast, by asserting that the Parliament was dissolved, and that the People had a Right to disobey the Laws which it made. Every Disorder accompanied and followed such Attempts. One of their Number declared, in full Parliament, that he would not pay the King's Tax; although, willing to draw others into Danger, he afterwards struck from it himself. Another schooled his Sovereign in publick, though his Attendants, like Owls brought into the Light of the Sun, showed Modesty, for once, in the Presence of a King of England. With an affected Decency, when their Remonstrance was presented, they caused a Mob of only a few Hundreds to follow it to the Gates of the Palace; but with an insolent Display of their Power, they, a few Days after, brought out a Hundred Thousand People to shout at their Feast; a Contrivance intended, by the Contrast, to mark the more strongly to all that the Mob which they could raise they could command. When the great Merchants of this great City went in Procession, with the Splendour of Princes, to pour out their Sentiments of Loyalty and Confi-

dence at the Foot of the Throne, their Coaches were broken, their Persons insulted, and some of their Lives brought into Danger. To distress a Minister, the Men I complain of scrupled not to distress their Country; for they urged her to a naval War, and yet took from her the Means of Pretence, by checking the Power of pressing Seamen, betraying thus the Government and the Nation, under the Pretence of befriending the People. They opposed in Parliament an Undertaking calculated for the Conveniency and Embellishment of that City they represent, Emporium totius Europæ; merely because the Proprietors happened to be Scotsmen. These Men have now finished their Career, refusing their Obedience to the Orders of one of the Houses of Parliament, and ordering the Messenger who brought them to be sent to Jail.

NEW BERN, June 7.

Since our last, the Honourable Samuel Cornell, Esq; returned home from our Troops in Orange County, and brings a certain Account of the Regulators being entirely broken and dispersed, and that near 13 or 1400 of them have laid down their Arms, taken the Oaths of Allegiance to his Majesty, and returned to their Habitations in Peace.

His Excellency the Governor, after the Battle, marched into the Plantations of Husband, Hunter, and several others of the outlawed Chiefs of the Regulators and laid them waste; they having most of them escaped from the Battle, and are since fled. A Reward of 1000 Acres of Land, and 100 Dollars, is offered by his Excellency for Husband, Hunter, Butler, and Redrup Howell, and several of the Regulators have been permitted to go in quest of them, on leaving their Children as Hostages.

The Lands of the outlawed Regulators are to be sold by the Sheriff of the County where they lie, agreeable to Act of Assembly; and many of them are of great Value, being perhaps the best Lands on this Continent, particularly Hermon Husband's, who had growing on his Plantation about 30 Acres of as fine Wheat as perhaps ever grew, with Clover Meadows equal to any in the northern Colonies; but, infatuated, unhappy Man! about 400 Head of Horses, which were turned in on it by our Troops, in a few Days left it without a Spear of Corn, Grass, or Herbage, growing, and without a House or Fence standing! A melancholy Consideration, but made necessary by the Laws of War.

ANNAPOLIS, JULY 18.

Yesterday the Body of William Smith, formerly a Servant to Mr. Reynolds, was found drowned floating in Severn River; he went out in a Canoe on Sunday last with another Man, who has not since been heard of, so that it is supposed his Companion has suffered the same Fate.

July 5, 1771.

To be sold at publick Vendue, on Wednesday the 7th Day of August next, at Leonarda-Town, by Virtue of an Act of Assembly for that Purpose.

A Tract of Land, lying on the Head of St. Clement's-Bay, in St. Mary's County, whereon the Free-school formerly stood, containing 100 Acres.

Signed per Order, J. A. THOMAS, Register.

Baltimore, July 15, 1771.

WANTS a Freight for any Part of Europe or the West-Indies, the Brig Harvee, Burthen 100 and 60 Tuns, Bennet Mathews, Master, now lying at Fell's-Point, and clear to take in. For Terms apply to said Master on board, or the Subscriber, who has for Sale, a large and neat Assortment of Cottons, Callicoes, Irish Linens, Handkerchiefs, &c. Likewise, Mufcovado, loaf, and lump Sugars, Jamaica Spirit, Coffee, white Wine Vinegar, Burlington's Pork, Saltpetre Gammons, &c. &c.

N. B. The above Brig is not calculated for carrying Tobacco, therefore no Person need apply who wants her for that Purpose.

ANNAPOLIS RACES,

On TUESDAY, September 24. A PURSE OF ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, to be run for only by Horse, Mare, or Gelding, belonging to the Members of the JOCKEY CLUB; Heats 4 Miles each. Four Years old to carry 7 Stone, 5 Years 7 Stone 10lb. 6 Years 8 Stone 7lb. Aged 9 Stone.

On WEDNESDAY 25. A SUBSCRIPTION PURSE OF FIFTY POUNDS, give and take; Heats 3 Miles; Horses aged, 14 Hands high, to carry 9 Stone; for every Year under to carry Half a Stone less; and Half a Stone more or less to be allowed for Horses over or under 14 Hands.

On THURSDAY 26. LADIES SUBSCRIPTION PURSE, which, with the Entrance Money added thereto, is expected will amount to FIFTY POUNDS. Heats 3 Miles each; Weights as First Day.

On FRIDAY 27. A PURSE OF FIFTY POUNDS, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, to carry 9 Stone. Heats 4 Miles.

The winning Horse each Day is excluded starting for any of the other Plates.

Subscribers of Three Pounds or upwards, may enter free for each, or all of the Three last Days Plates. Non-Subscribers to pay Two Guineas Entrance each Day.

WANTED, a single Man who understands the Business of a Skinner and Breeches-maker; any single Man who can be well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by leaving a Line with Mr. Charles Lansdale, Post-rider from St. Mary's County to Annapolis, directed to William Sears, Tavern-keeper at Broad-Creek, Prince-George's County.

THE Brigantine Fairfax, Capt. Samuel Brooks, Master, now lying at Alexandria, will take in Tobacco for Liverpool, with Liberty of Confinement, from both Sides of Patowmack River. Those that incline to ship, by sending their Notes or Order to Mr. JOHN CARLYLE, will be taken care of and shipped.

To be sold, by the Subscriber on the Premises, on Tuesday the 30th Inst. for ready Sterling Cash, or good London Bills of Exchange.

PART of a very valuable Tract of Land called Bushhead's Lot, containing One Hundred Acres, whereon is an old Dwelling-House, a new Frame for a Dwelling House just put up, with sundry Convenient Out-Houses, and a good Tobacco House; Also, a young Negro Fellow.

RICHARD LEWIN, THOMAS TILLARD,

WHEREAS Administration on the Estate of THOMAS BEALL, late of Talbot County deceased, hath been granted to the Subscriber, and whereas he hath good Reason to suspect that sundry Bonds or other Obligations and Vouchers for Debts due to him the said THOMAS BEALL, as also many of his Effects are secreted and concealed from him to the Prejudice of the said Estate, and the legal Representatives of the said THOMAS BEALL; this is therefore to warn all Persons indebted to the said THOMAS BEALL, deceased, upon Bond or otherwise, not to make any Payment of such Debt or Debts unto any Person whatsoever, except the Subscriber, or the person properly authorized and empowered by him, or to concern themselves in the Negotiation of such Bonds or other Obligations for the Benefit of any other Person whatever, or purchase or convert any of the said Deceased's Effects, so as aforesaid secreted and concealed, to their Use or Uses, as he is determined in every such Case to take all legal Methods to bring such Persons to account for the said Bonds and Effects, wherever they may be found.

N. B. All Persons who know any Thing of such Bonds or other Obligations, or any of the Effects of the deceased concealed as above-mentioned, are requested for the sake of Justice to make Discovery of them to the Subscriber, or to Mr. Henry Downes, Jd. of Queen Anne's County, who is fully authorized to receive all Debts due on the Estate.

AN away on the 16th of June last from the Subscriber, living in Marsh-Creek Settlement, in York County, Pennsylvania, an Irish Servant Man, named David Clark, by Trade a Woolcomber and Tobacco-spinner, about 4 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, has a large long Nose, and loves Drink; Had on when he went last away, a coarse blue Jacket with broad white metal Buttons, and since he first went away, he was taken and committed to Prison in Alexandria, in Fairfax County, Virginia, from whence he broke Jail, in Company with a Negro Fellow, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, is well set, and calls himself Will Jones, but after that confessed his Name to be David Clark, and says he belongs to Brett Randolph, Esq; and came away from Cumberland County, where one Bernard Mathews is Overseer, on the first of January last. The said Negro has a large Scar on the left side of his Forehead, and a small one over his left Eye, and has been severely whipped; Had on, an old white Fustian Jacket, an Osnabrig Shirt, black Stocking Breeches, brown Yarn Stockings, and an old Pair of Shoes with Brass Buckles; he had a Wallet, containing a Pair of old blue Cloth Breeches, with white Buttons, and much patched; a light coloured Camlet Coat with black Shaloon Lining, black Buttons and Bindings. It's probable that the white Man David Clark, may claim the said Negro, in order to entitle them to travel unmolested.

Whoever takes up the said white Man, and brings him to the Jail in Alexandria, shall have Forty Shillings Pennsylvania Currency Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by me

ALEXANDER RAMSAY.

AN away from the Subscriber, living at Leonarda-Town, Two Country born Slaves, the one called WILL HALL, a Mulatto, the other a Negro, named GEORGE. They are so well known that a particular Description of them would be unnecessary. Whoever shall take up the above Slaves, and bring them to Mr. John Davidson at Annapolis, or the Subscriber at Leonarda-Town, shall receive Thirty Shillings Reward for each, including what the Law allows.

MARY STRACHAN.

THERE is at the Plantation of Lake Jeffries, living in Prince-George's County, near Oxon-Ran, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, about 15 Hands high; has a switch Tail, no perceivable Brand, and appears to be about 6 or 7 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of George Strickland, near Frederick-Town, taken up as a Stray, a Chestnut forel coloured Mare, with a white Mane and Tail, about 14 Hands high, and about 10 Years old, has a Blaze down her Face, and branded on the near Buttock thus B.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges.