

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1770.

Wednesday the 21st of November next will be sold at public Auction, in Lots, or the whole together, at my best suit the Purchaser.

VALUABLE Tract of Land, in Westmoreland County, containing 878 Acres, by a late survey, lying on Macbodock River, where the greatest quantity of the finest Fish and Oysters may be got with Convenience; and for a Gentleman engaged in West-India Trade, no Place on Patowmack can answer his Purpose better. The Navigation is sufficient for a Vessel of any Burthen to go up into One of the least Harbours on Patowmack River. The Landings deep, and the Neighbourhood round produces considerable Quantities of Indian Corn and Wheat. There are both Apple and Peach Orchards on the Land, with good Springs, and convenient to Church, Court-House, and several good Mills. The Planter or Farmer it is equally valuable; Land being sufficiently timbered, with several Plantation Houses, and through the whole adapted for Tobacco, Corn, and Wheat, and all Times a ready and advantageous Sale for each commodity.

Any Person that inclines to buy before the Day of Sale, may know the Terms by applying to me in Frederick County, or to Mr. John Augustine Washburn, in Westmoreland County, living near the said Land.

A SAMUEL WASHINGTON.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

AN away from the Subscriber, living in Annapolis, in the Province of Maryland, about the 13th of August last, a convicted Servant, named JOHN SHIELDS, alias JOHN WILSON, a Scotchman, about Thirty Years of Age, Five Feet Eight or Nine Inches high, round shouldered, dark Complexion, has a black Beard and short black Hair, is bald on the Top of his Head, but has some Hair tied on with a String, in order to conceal it; he talks very broad Scotch; Had on and about him a blue Cloth Coat, striped Waistcoat, a pair of white Shirts, Country made Shoes, striped Stockings and Felt Hat. It is probable he will change his Dress and forge a Pass. Whoever apprehends the said Servant, and secures him in any Manner, that I may get him again, shall receive Five Dollars Reward, if taken in the Province of Maryland, and Twenty Dollars if out of the Province.

JOHN DORSEY.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber, a bright Bay HORSE, Four Years old, and near seven Hands high, has a Star in his Forehead, and a white Spot on his left Nostril to his Mouth. A Piloleward will be given, if brought to me.

JOHN CLAPHAM.

HERE is at the Plantation of Peter Weddell, near Middle-Town, taken up as a Stray, a brown Mare, fourteen Hands high, about Four Years old, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock with the Letter M has a Star in her Forehead. The Owner may have her again, on proving the same and paying Charges.

August 23, 1770.

HOMAS HEWITT,

PERUKE-MAKER, ANNAPOLIS.

HAVING lately imported an Assortment of the very best Hairs, and other Materials, for supplying on his Business, takes this Method to acquaint those Gentlemen who reside in the remote parts of the Province, where they cannot be supplied with Wigs by Post, or other convenient Opportunities, that for the readier furnishing of them, when they come to Annapolis, he has now ready made, and intends to keep constantly by him, all Sorts of Wigs, made in the newest and most approved Manner, from the Clergymens and Counsellors full-bottomed Wigs, down to the common cut Bob; also French Palle, and all other Kinds of Dress Bag Wigs, and Dress, and Scratch Cue Wigs, &c. &c. Gentlemen that please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on having their Wigs well made, and the best Hair; and all his ready-made Work shall be done neatly and faithfully executed, as if each had been made for his best and most particular Customer.

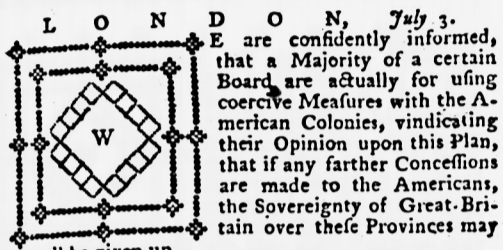
All Persons having Claims on the Estate of Mr. Samuel Middleton, late of the City of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts, to be audited, and proved, that they may be settled; and all those who are any Ways indebted to the said Deceased's Estate, are requested to make speedy Payment, to ANNE MIDDLETON, Executrix.

W. B. I keep TAVERN and FEEDY-BOATS, at the Public House, and shall be obliged to the Public for their encouragement.

A. M.

RENEWED BY THE PRINTING-HOUSE.

GREEN, at the PRINTING-HOUSE, 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, by Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, and other Sorts, with their proper BONDS and OF PRINTING-WORK performed.



L O N D O N, July 3. E are confidently informed, that a Majority of a certain Board, are actually for using coercive Measures with the American Colonies, vindicating their Opinion upon this Plan, that if any farther Concessions are made to the Americans, the Sovereignty of Great-Britain over these Provinces may as well be given up.

July 10. A Correspondent informs us, that it is now an absolute Determination in the Cabinet, to take the CHARTER from the Town of Bolton, and to pursue very vigorous Measures with the Americans.

July 11. It is said positive Orders have lately been transmitted to the Commanders of the several Men of War on the North-American Station, to be extremely vigilant in their Duty against Smugglers, and to seize all such Goods and Merchandize, which by the Laws of Trade ought to be exported directly from Great-Britain to the Colonies.

The following Appointments are said will take Place, if Lord C agrees to the Proposals lately submitted to his Consideration, as Part of a new Ministry, founded on a Coalition of Parties. Lord High Chancellor, Lord C. The Seals to remain in the present Commission. First Lord of the Treasury, Mr. G. G. Principal Secretary for the Southern Department, D. of R. Privy Seal, Lord T. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Lord N. Lord Chamberlain to the King, D. of G. Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Lord H. First Lord of the Admiralty, Lord E. Sir Edward H., an English Peerage. Steward, Lord Talbot. Lieutenant of Ireland, D. of N. Commander in Chief of the Forces, the M.

General Conway to remain Master of the Ordnance. Master of Horse, Lord B. And it is further said, that a Distribution of the inferior Places and Offices is to rest in the Hands of Three of the principal Leaders.

July 12. The late Election of the Two new Members for London and Westminster, ought to serve as a Pattern for all the other Boroughs and Counties in the Kingdom. Middlesex, indeed, first set the bright Example of choosing Representatives that should be most acceptable to abundantly the Majority of Constituents, unwearied either by the Influence or Proximity of Court. London and Westminster, by choosing themselves entirely free from Expence, have been the first to break the amazing Torrent of Corruption, that had broke in upon us. May the glorious Precedent spread, and England know that if they would be a free People, they must show themselves to be uncorrupted.

We hear that the Earl of Chatham has declared he will join no Administration without the Concurrence of the Duke of R., Earl Temple, and Lord Camden.

It is said that the Earl of N. has refused the Seals, but strongly recommended the Restoration of Lord Camden.

July 13. It is confidently asserted, that Sir Edward Hawke will soon resign.

We hear that a certain naval Commander has declared he will refuse a Peerage, unless it be conferred on him without the Expence of Fees, &c.

We hear that Col. Luttrell has got the Reversion of Lord Belvidere's Place in Ireland, which is Muster Master General of the Forces there. East Winter the Duke of Grafton said in the House of Lords, that in the Middlesex Affair Luttrell had acted conscientiously, without any Expectation of Reward; yet no sooner was there a Vacancy in the King's Aid-de Camps (by Colonel Ligonier succeeding to the Title of Lord Ligonier) than he applied to be appointed. The King was disposed to make him one, as he wanted to have Luttrell about his Person, but the Ministry were afraid of this Step, and contrived the above Reversion in lieu.

It has been calculated that Great-Britain sustains a Loss of One Thousand Guineas per Day, exclusive of Government Duties, while this Nation continues at Variance with her American Colonies.

July 14. We hear that the present Ministry greatly oppose the Plan of Accommodation offered by the Earl of Northampton.

The Dutch Squadron, which failed some Time ago from the Texel for Algiers, (having settled Matters with the Barbary States) is now cruising in the Mediterranean, to watch the Motions of the different Maritime Powers.

WHITEHALL, July 14. His Majesty has been graciously pleased to direct, that the Island of Dominica should be erected into a Government separate from, and independent of, the General Government of the Southern Caribbean Islands, of which it before made a Part; And to appoint Sir William Young, Bart. to be Captain General and Governor in Chief of the said Island of Dominica.

July 16. The Appointment of a Lord Chancellor, in a very short Time, is now talked of with the greatest Confidence; and it is now become not only a Measure of Inclination, but of Necessity also.

The Reason suggested for the above Appointment speedily taking Place, and what indeed seems a very forcible One, is, that the necessary Attendance on the Seals interferes too much with the Business of the Lords Commissioners in the other Courts of Justice.

It is certain, whatever may be reported of some late Negotiation, that Lord North has complained for some Time the Weight of Affairs has increased so much on him lately, that he is weary of supporting the State Burthen; and as his Colleagues afford him so little Assistance, unless he has some Person of real Ability joined with him to share the Load of Business, he will not support it longer.

We hear that a very prudent Piece of Advice has been lately offered to a certain Marine Board, and is at present said to be under Contemplation.

The above relates to the following Question, which it is said was propounded from a very high Quarter: Whether it would not be at this Time advisable to disperse on the Seas small Squadrons of Ships of War, as Hostilities are apprehended to be the Intention of certain Foreign and Potent Powers? And the Reasons urged to enforce the Propriety and even Necessity of the Measures are these, that thereby a sufficient and speedy Protection would be afforded our trading Vessels, and at the same Time the Opportunity of taking or destroying those of our Enemies, that in Case of an open Declaration of War, by the Union of some of these detached Squadrons, a formidable Fleet might soon be collected; and that, above all, the Ships Complement of Men would be inured to service, and made more apt and ready in the Working and Management of the Vessel, than they could otherwise, if taken from Shore and immediately sent on a Voyage or Enterprize, possibly be.

Orders are given for sending Two Years Provisions to the Garrisons of Gibraltar, and Minorca, that they may not be in want, if at any Time a Communication should be shut up by Sea of Land.

A Treaty of Alliance between the Courts of Madrid, Versailles, and the States-General, is finally concluded.

A spirited Memorial has lately been transmitted to Versailles from the Republic of Genoa.

July 17. We are well informed, that the Disputes with the Americans, are now actually in a Train of Accommodation, to the Satisfaction of both Parties.

A Meeting of the principal American Merchants, will be held on Thursday next, at the King's Arms Tavern, in Cornhill, on Affairs highly interesting to Great-Britain and the Colonies.

July 18. It is said, that the pecuniary Appointments of his Majesty's American Governors will be raised.

The Removals in the Ministry were determined Yesterday. It will not be so meek a Coalition of Parties as was supposed, nor will it be so popular a one as many wish.

It was reported on Monday Night, that Lord C. has absolutely refused to listen to any Proposals for his accepting a Share in Administration, but upon the old Terms—to have it all his own Way.

July 20. It is reported that Major Rogers has obtained the Command of a Regiment in the Service of the honourable East-India Company.

Yesterday Capt. Gambier set out for Portsmouth, in order to sail for his Station on the Coast of New-England, &c. to which Command he was lately appointed.

July 23. According to Letters from the Frontiers of Wallachia, the grand Turkish Army, consisting of 130,000 Men, commanded by the Grand Vizir in Person, having under him the famous Moldavangi Pacha, is in full March to Bender; and Ibrahim Pacha, at the Head of 27,000 Men, is directing his March towards Choczim and the Niester; whilst a large Corps of European Militia, reinforced by 20,000 Tartars, is to act on the Side of the Ukraine.

It is asserted at the West End of the Town, that if a Change in Administration takes Place, Lord Henley, Son to Lord Northampton, will assume a high Office.

It was confidently said on Friday Night, that Sir Edward Hawke had been ordered to resign.

If Sir Edward Hawke should resign, Lord Egmont is certainly pitched upon to be his Successor at the Head of the Admiralty.

The intended ministerial Arrangements still continue unsettled, and undetermined; those who are in, requiring enormous Pensions at going out, while none can be found willing to occupy their Room, without a Liberty of nominating their Friends to Places and Emoluments, which in the present Disposition of Things, and the exhausted State of the Treasury, cannot be complied with.

It is reported that the Jury, in a late Cause, would have given much greater Damages, but that they were apprehensive the Publick must provide for them.

July 24. Lord Hillsborough is preparing to set out for Ireland on his private Affairs. His Lordship's stay in that Kingdom, it is expected, will be Two Months at least; during which Time the American Affairs will, of Course, be at a Stand.

It is said, that the Right Hon. the Earl of Northampton has recommended a Mode of Administration that will entirely conciliate the present Diffusions between all Parties, and that it is now under the Consideration of a great Personage.

It is confidently said, that Two Regiments of Foot will shortly be sent from Ireland to America, in order to defend the back Settlements, and preserve the Inhabitants from the Cruelties which they frequently experience from the savage Indians. One of the Regiments is to be stationed at Fort Chartiers, the other to be, one Half stationed at Fort Pitt, and the Remainder at Detroit.

July 25. It is said Sir Francis Bernard will soon embark in order to return to his Government of Massachusetts-Bay.

It is currently reported, that some Regiments of Infantry will speedily be embarked, to reinforce General Gage in North-America.

By Letters from New-York, received on Monday, we hear that "the Inhabitants of that Place, are now come to a Resolution of receiving all Imports from England, that are not liable to Taxation, provided the Bostonians will concur in the same Measure."

Notwithstanding the Countenance and Support a certain great Person gives the present Ministry against all Opposition, it is a known Fact, that he has publicly declared his Asserion to many Measures pursued by them.

The common Business of America, in the Absence of Lord Hillsborough, will devolve on a Gentleman belonging to the Plantation-Office, who is to have the Advice and Assistance of Governor B.

July 26. It is generally believed that the seeming Misunderstanding between the Duke of G. and Lord N., is merely political, and intended to divide the Leaders in the Opposition, in order to carry the intended Measures of Government, particularly with Respect to America, into Execution, with the greater Facility.

This Day a Board of Trade and Plantations is appointed to be held at the Plantation Office.

It is now certain that the Balance of Trade begins to be in favour of the North Americans, and that their Exports exceed their Imports by many Thousands annually.

The Russian War has caused so great a Demand for several Branches of our Manufactures, which used to be in Demand for America, that the Manufacturers have not yet felt the Want of the American Trade so severely as they otherwise would have felt it, had there been no such War. The landed Gentlemen will, however, soon be made sensible of the Loss of the Corn Trade, if that Trade is suffered long to continue in another Channel.

Letters from Leghorn mention, that Admiral Elphinstone had engaged the Turkish Fleet, and that the latter was entirely destroyed.

Parliament will certainly meet either the 6th or 9th of November next; and the Reason of this early (tho' in fact but proper Time of) meeting, is the Necessity of bringing the Affairs of America under the Consideration of Parliament: For by a Resolution which the Council have come to, the Ministry can take no further Steps without the Aid of Parliament. The Substance of the Resolution is, "That the Bostonians have forfeited their Charter;" and therefore, to support this Resolution, Parliament must take away the Charter.

It is reported that the Board of Customs will be removed from North-America.

July 27. It is said that the Board of Trade and Plantations which was to be held Yesterday, was to take into Consideration the Merits of the People who have been most instrumental in bringing the Non-importation Associations to a proper Sense of their own and their Country's Interest.

We hear that the above Meeting is by an Order of C., to whom they are to return a full and explicit Account.

We are assured, notwithstanding any Reports to the contrary, that there will not be the least Change in any Part of the Administration, during the Recess of Parliament.

We are credibly informed, that the Ministerial Party are at present greatly divided with regard to the Measures intended to be adopted in American Affairs, but it is said, a Majority still remains in Favour of lenient Proceedings with the Colonists.

It was Yesterday reported in this City, that the Turks had made a formal Proposal of Peace to the Empress of Russia, which was rejected.

Perhaps no Man living has been so honoured and disgraced, in a very few Years, as John Wilkes, Esq.—prosecuted—wounded—expelled—outlawed—Outlawry reversed—imprisoned—repeatedly chosen Member for the first County—rejected—chosen Alderman of London—and at length Master of one of the largest Companies in that City.

Several Schemes have lately been presented to a great Personage by some Raunch Friends to the Americans, in order to effect a lasting Union between Great-Britain and her Colonies, out of which has met with the highest Approbation.