WO well improved Lots in George-Town Free derick County: Likewise Two half Lots, One hich is improved, the other a Water Lot. For ms and Title apply to That Beall or John Orms George-Terem.

HERE is at the Plantation of Peter Weadel, near Middle-Town, taken up as a Stray, a rs old, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock M has a Star in her Forehead?

he Owner may have her main, on proving Proy and paving Charges!

AN away from the Subscriber, in Baltimere-Town, on the 8th Instant, -an indented Servant named HUGH GERMAN, by Trade a Tail about 28 Years of Age, 5 Feet high, of a darkinglexion, and dark Hair, tied behind, but it if pofed he will cut it off and get a Wig ; he chewil kes, takes Snuff, and loves Liquor very : He took with him a green Coat, a light blue , a black ditto, and a brown Cloth ditto, with brown Waitecoats, and a white Holland ditto, ce stitched round the Edges, a Pair of Nankeen ches, a Pair of Llack Serge ditto, and a Pair of t mixt Cloth Breeches. Two white Holland ts, and Two coarse Linen dixto, One Pair of e stockings, One Pair of coarse brown ditto, One Pair of blue and white ditto, good Shoes,

Buckles plated with Silver. It is supposed he t away with one Ullas, a Ducchman, a Tailor, lately came from Lenden; he had on a brown : his Cloaths are uncertain, as he has different nges, and speaks very bad English. Whoever s up faid Servant, and fecures him in any Jail, hat his Matter may have him again, shall have Pounds Regard, and reasonable Charges, paid HUGH FRASH

HUGH FRASER UGS and MEDICINE, a large and universal section of the very helf Quality, full arrived from ondon, and to be seld, as a mederate Advance, by J. O. H. N. B. O. Y. D. bis Medicinal STORE, in BALTIMORE-TOWN:

LSO, Hill's, Wara's, and Patent Medicines, all genuine.—Shop Full iture, and Surgeons ruments.—Excellent Lucca and Florence Saind--Raisins, Currants, Spices, Court-Pialier, Ec .- As there are many Orders now on Hand, ch were received some Time ago; but, on Acnt of a Disappointment in the last Fall's Importa-, have not as yet been fully executed, he begs the Gentiemen who favoured him with these Or-, will advise bim, whether they choose to have n now compleated. It is expected that all his d Customers, who are indebted above One Year pay off their Balances as soon as possible.

innapolis, June 21, 1770-HEREAS it has been represented to his Excellency the Gayernor, that on Wednesday the the 20th Instant, the House of Daniel of St. mas Jenifer, Esq. of this City, was booke open, which of forder Goods and Chestele with An robbed of fundry Goods and Chattels, viz. An fashioned Three Pint Silver Tankard; a Quart er chased Coffee-Pot, with a Mermaid engraved it; a Dozen new fashioned Silver Table Spoons, Mermaid engraved on each; Half a Dozen old in Table Spoons; Ten Silve Tea Spoons, the vi scalloped, a Leaf on the Handle, and a Merd engraved on it; several Pair of Sheets; fundry ole-Cloths, Napkins, and other Linen, marked

by some Person, or Persons, unknown, to the

at Damage of him the said Daniel of St. Thomas. ifer. His Excellency, for the better discovering bringing to Justice the Persons who committed said Robbery, doth promise his Lordship's Parto any one of them (the Principal only exted) who shall discover his, or her Accomplice, Accomplices, in the said Fact, so that he, she, or y, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

Signed by Order, U. SCOTT, Cl. Council.
And as a further Encouragement, the Sub-iber doth promise a Reward of Twenty Pounds. my one who shall make a Discovery of any Person, Persons, concerned in the above-mentioned Roby, so that he, she, or they, may be brought to lice, and convicted thereof.

DANIEL of St. THOMAS JENIFERA

REEN, at the PRINTING-. 6 d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, Week's Continuance. Long Ones y Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, Sorts, with their proper BONDS of PRINTING-WORK performed XXVI YEAR.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 18: 0

N Friday laft, in the Evening, a Fire broke out at a Jew's, in the Quarter of Topkana, who, left he should prefane the Sabbath, did not dare to oppose the Progress of the Flames, fo that more than 500 Houses were confumed to

Men, one a Swis, and the other a Piedmontele, being supected of having stolen a Gold Watch from a Merchant in this City during Mass, were arrested some Days ago, sent to Prison, and interrogated by the Lieutenant-General of the Police; and as these Men passed for Merchants, Letters were written to different house in order to incurso in the Color. Parts, in order to inquire into their Characters, &c. In the mean while, they were allowed the Liberty In the mean while, they were allowed the Answers to usually given to such Prisoners; but the Answers to those Letters not being the most favourable, the Sieur de Savoie, Lieutenant General of the Police, attended by the Register, went the 15th Instant into the Court of Justice again, to interrogate these Criminals, and he began with the Piedmontese, whom he soon conthat he had found him out to be an Impostor. This Fellow finding himself obliged to confels, and perceiving that he was detected, drew a Knife, and firuck at the Judge, who endeavoured to parry the Blow with his Hand, when the Fellow drove the Knife Blow with his Hand, when the Fellow drove the Knife into his Hand, just under the Thumb, wounded him again in the Arm, and cut an Artery. The Judge then endeavouring to get on the other Side of the Bench on which he sat, in order to defend himself, received a third Stroke on the Thigh. The Register, who had not perceived what had passed 'til the second Stroke was given, seized the Criminal by the Back, but the Fellow having his Hand at Liberty, drove the Knife Fellow having his Hand at Liberty, drove the Knife up to the Hilt into the Register's Stomach, of which Wound he foon died. The Villain hearing Help cried for, and finding he could not escape, stabled himself Four Times; at the last Stab he expired, before the Door-keepers could enter the Room where this tragical Scene had passed. The Parliament assembled directly, and ordered that the Body of the Murderer should be dragged on a Hurdle, hung up by the Feet, and then thrown into the Road, which was executed next Day.

Tunis, May 31. On the 25th Instant, all the Greeks in this City, both Ecclesiastics and Merchants, and their Servants, amounting to about 150 in Number, were arrested by Order of the Bey; at the same Time their Effects were feized and put up-in Warehouses, and all their ready Money, amounting to the Value of about 25,000 Venetian Sequins, was carried to the Palace. The whole Amount of their Goods and Money,

The Confternation and Assonishment which this oc-cassoned is not to be expressed; and the Mob cried out, that these unfortunate Greeks should be beheaded. However they are only confined, and we are at present as little acquainted with their Crime as with the Punishment they are to suffer; but this is certain, that they will be ruined whenever they recover their Liberty. The next Day another Event happened, about which we are very uneafy. That Day the Atalanta, a French Man of War, and Two French Xebecks, under the Command of the Chevalier d'Aupede, cast Anchor off this Port. The French Consul and his Family immediately west on heard the Atalanta. On the 28th immediately went on board the Atalanta. On the 28th the Chevalier d'Aupede sent a Letter to the Bey, containing the Pretentions of the King, his Master, which were, that the Bey should set at Liberty all the Corsiwho were made Slaves either before or fince his most Christian Majesty became Master of that Island; that he should make Satisfaction for the Insults which his Corfairs had offered to the French Flag; and that he should pay all the Damages done to the Coral Fishery, which the Bey had taken upon him to prohis bit, contrary to all the Treaties subsisting relative thereto; and concluding with the Demand of an immediate Answer to all the above Articles; in Default of which, the Chevalier had Orders to declare War against him, in the Name of the King, his Master. All the French Merchants who went on board returned to Shore, and the Bey promised them a free Exercise of their Trade, and to secure them from being molested. The senior Merchant was immediately appointed Consul for the present, and the Chevalier used his utmost Endeavours to prevail with the Bey to give Satisfaction, but he declared he would never confent to the abovementioned Demands, except to the Article which related to the Slaves, which he would endeavour to have fet at Liberty; declaring at the same Time, that he is not disposed for War, and therefore he will not commence Hostilities, but that he will defend himself as long as he is able. More French Men of War and The State of War and Two Bomb Veffels are expected foon, and then we shall fee how the Bey will behave. In the mean Time the French Merchants, whose Capital it estimates ed at One Million Piaftres, are under the greatest Uneafiness on this Account.

DANTRICK, June 30. Vesterday Morning, about Iwo o'Clock, 30 Prussan Husiars passed the Vitula,

and took Post upon the Territory of this City, in a Place guarded by 20 Men of our Garrison. These Hussars were followed soon after by 40 Prussars, but also 12 small Pieces of Cannon, and all the different Posts which our Troops guarded to secure us from the Insults of the Confederates. It is reported this Day, that we shall soon have upon our Territory 5000 Prussars, who are already in full march with heavy Artillery. Our Magistrate having demanded of the Resident from his Prussars Majesty the Cause of this Proceeding, received for Answer; "That, when all the Troops were arrived, he would know the Subject." It is faid likewise that Prussars Troops begin to appear on the Sides of the District of Emerland. on the Sides of the District of Emerland.

HAGUE, July 6. Letters from the Lower Elbe advice, that the King of Pruffia has lately defired leave of the King and the Republic of Poland, to raife 2000 Recruits in that Kingdom; and that both his Polish Majesty and the Senate consented to it., The Magis, trates of Dantzick, for what Reason is not known, have refused to let the Prussian Officers come there upon that Errand, which has so much disgusted his Prussian Majesty, that he has sent 500 of his Troops to march immediately towards the Dantziger Werder, and there raise as many Men as they want. The Dantzickers are not pitied, especially as they might have followed the Example set them by the King, and the Senate of Polland the Senate of Poland.

O N D June 12. A Report is circulated at the West-End of the Town, that some great Men are heartily tired with their Situation, and, apprehensive of the Clouds continually thickening around them, feem disposed more than ever to retire.

Yesterday an Express arrived from Mecklenburgh Strelitz, said to contain some disagreeable Advices from

that Court.

We hear for a Fact, that a certain Anti-ministerial Paper is carried on by the Friends of the present Ministry, who endeavour to throw out as much of the low Scandal and Abuse against themselves as possible, in order to complain the next Session of Parliament of the licentious Liberty of the Press, and by that Artifice deprive us of One of our most valuable Rights and

A confiderable Quantity of Tobacco, the Produce of West-Florida, was lately imported at Glasgow, and is effeemed, by good Judges, equal to that usually brought from Maryland.

It is said the Reason why a certain great Person has been refused his Request to spend Two or Three Months this Summer with a Fleet in the Mediterranean, is, that no Umbrage may be given to any foreign. Power, while Things remain in their present State between Russia and the Turks.

June 19. An Evening Paper of last Night says, that the Ministry, in Consequence of several Councils that have, been held within these few Days, have at length determined to give up Port Egmont to the Court of Spain. They affect to declare that it is not a Place worth contending for, being so remote from any of our worth contending for, being so remote from any of our other Settlements, thus facrificing not only the Honour of the Nation to an imperious Enemy, but tamely abandoning a Port, the Settlement of which has cost this Kingdom near Half a Million; and which, if they had spiritedly retained, would have been a Key to the South-Sea; and in Case of War, enabled us to annoy the Spaniards with the greatest Facility."

June 21. We are assured that a great Personage has inspected all the Papers which have been received relating to the late unhappy Transaction at Boston, in New-England; and that he has been pleased to make Memorandums on the most remarkable Passages they

Memorandums on the most remarkable Passages they

It is no less true, than a melancholly Remark, that the British Nation have, at this critical Juncture, less naval Preparations than either the French, Spaniards, Ruffians, or Dutch.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, June 12.

Me Pruffian Commiffaries, who arrived here not long ago, are faid to have been sent to revive the fol-lowing extraordinary old Claim. Before and during the War of 1672, when Lewis XIV. attacked the Dutch, the Republick had Troops in Orfoy, Wefel, Rees, Emmerich, and fome other Towns in the Duchy of Cleves, who lived there at the Expence of the Inhabitants, on which Account the latter demanded a very large Sum of the Republick, which, with the Interest upon it, had accomplated in the Year 1755, Interest upon it, had accumulated in the Year 1755, to upward of Four Millions of Florins. This Sumthey applied, for that Year, to the States-General, without, however, being able to produce any fatisfactory Account? the Republick, on the other Hand, having made a counter Claim on that Dutchy, for jog, ood Florins. Here this Afair rested, and it is adured, that the Commissaties Jarely arrived, have Orders to renew their Applications upon this Subject to the Braies-General. How likely they are to succeed, let the Publick judge.

We are assured, that the Court of Madrid have sent an Advice Boat on the Manillas, not to let any Ships sail from thence for Europe, without a proper Convoy.

fail from thence for Europe, without a proper Convoy.

A Gentleman just arrived from the East-Indies, in a foreign Bottom, informs us, that when they touched at False-Bay, at the Cape of Good Hope, there was a Surmise there, that several French Ships from the Mauritius were cruising off that Land, and it was said they intended to intercept the English East-Indiamen, to make Reprifals for the Injury offered them at Chandenagore, where they say the Articles of Peace were infringed, in demolishing their Ditches, &c. If this Intelligence be true, it accounts for the Eagerness with which the Dutch commission a Sale of their Stocks, to as to occasion a confiderable Fluctuation in the Alley for some Days.

June 26. A Correspondent assures us that the sol-

lowing Intelligence may be depended on, as coming from undoubted Authority, that a Treaty of Alliance is entered into between Russia and Denmark, whereby the Russians engage to make over Part of their Territories lying in the Duchy of Holdein to his Danish Majesty, on Condition of his joining Russia against the Turks; and that a certain Number of Danish Men of War are fitting out, with all Expedition for that Pur-

On Saturday Evening, as -- Wiggen, Esq; of Greenwich, was at Support with his Lady, the Footman, who was waiting, fell down dead with a Plate in his Hand, which so much surprised Mrs. Wiggen, that the fell down and expired immediately after him.

Many Politicians are strongly of Opinion that the European Powers ought to stop, or at least retard, the Progress of the Russian Arms against the Tucks; as otherwise the Power of Russia may, in a little Time,

be able to give Law to all Europe. .

June 27. We are credibly informed, that the Mini-(being now fensible how very weak and infignificant their Party in the City is) have given over all Thoughts of letting up, or supporting any of their Tools as a Candidate to represent the City in Parliament; so that it is not doubted but Mr. Oliver will be

elected without Opposition.

Nothing is more pleasing to the independent Part of the Livery, than to have it now in their Power to prove their Principles founded on the truly honourable Basis

of publick Freedom.

Mr. Beckford has left no Legacies to Lord Chatham, nor any other Friend, except a Hundred Pounds to each of his Executors, Five and Ten Pounds for Annum to some of his Servants, and Two Hundred Pounds a Year to an old Mistress. His natural Children are extensive numerous and children are extensive numerous and children are extensive numerous and children are extremely numerous, and are faid to be of more Colours than one: He has provided for them all. His Executors are Lord Bruce, Sir John Gibboni (which is very remarkable) and Mr. Hoare,

remarkable) and Mr. Hoare,

June 28. Friday the Petition of Lady Grosvenor,
as to the Allowance of Alimoney pending the Suit,
came on to be heard before the Worthiptul Dr. John
Bettesworth, Chancellor of the Diocese of London,
when the Judge having heard Counsel on both Sides,
was pleased to allow Lady Grosvenor 1600l, yearly
Addition to the 400l, already allowed to her Ladyship
by Lord Grosvenor, making in the whole 2000l, and
ordered the same to be paid Monthly.

Sir Sampson Gideon's House, in Albemarle-Street,
is now certainly agreed on for the Use of the Feina e
Coterie: Sir Sampson's new and elegant House in St.
James's-Square being nearly ready for his Reception,
at which Time he will resign the other jo the Meina; rs
of this fashionable Association.

of this fashionable Association.

July 7. The indesargable Care of the Earl of Chatham for his Country, was never more deserving the Praise of every true Briton then at present. He having dispatched Emissaries, at his own private Extence, to different Parts, who are to send him the earliest Accounts of what passes in their different Stations wouthy counts of what paffes in their different Stations worthy

It is confidently afferted, that the Mtaking all Advantages by their Agent in the Aley, of their Knowledge of the Situation of this Kingdom, in regard to the foreign Enemies.

July 12. The Vifit of the Duke of G to Earl

T coccasions various Speculations. Some think it implies a Resolution in the Duke to gait the available.

it implies a Resolution in the Duke to quit the present Ministry. Others think he is carrying on a Negociation to form a Coalition of the Grenville Family with

them; in which Case the Rockingham Party will be left to shift for themselves. Some Persons imagine strongly, that, from certain

Negociations which are going forward, the Seals will not be long in Commission, but the Office of Lord High Chancellor filled by a Restoration.

The Statue to be erected in Honour of the Lord Mayor, is to be the finest Marble that can be proceed; Orders having been sent to Carrara in Italy to processes. Block for that Parants.

core a Block for that Purpole.

Yesterday at Noon came on at Guildhall, the Elec-tion of a Member to serve in Parliament for this City, in the Room of the late William Beckford, Esq. As in the Room of the late William Beckford, Efq. As foon as the Sheriffs came on the Huttings, a Letter was read, which was received from the Lord Mayor, excufing his Attendance, as he was obliged to attend the Seffions at the Old Bally. The Court being opened by the Sheriffs, and the Writ read by Mr. Ramcock (in the Ahfence of the Recorder, tho as well as the Lord Mayor was at the Old Raily) he informed the Livery, that he should, as was aways