

June 23. It is said that a young naval Commander has been in Council, Retaliation on a certain Court, in the late Acts of Hostility; and it is likewise said, he has proposed the Peace and Manner in which the Attempt should be made; but though his Spirit was greatly applauded, his Proposition, we hear, was defeated.

Yesterday — Ashurst, Esq; kissed his Majesty's Hand, on being appointed one of the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, on whom his Majesty afterwards conferred the Honour of Knighthood.

Instead of the Conquests made by the Turks, there is more Reason to believe, that we shall soon hear of some momentous Event of the contrary Kind. Either that of a decisive Victory over a Turkish Army, which will be obliged, perhaps, under the greatest Disadvantages, to oppose the Puth the Czarina's Forces may be making to the Walls of Constantinople; or that the Difficulties and Danger of that Capital will raise such a Mutiny, as may dissolve the whole System of Government in the Ottoman Empire, as it consists of a Chain of arbitrary Command, entirely dependent on the Head.

Letters from Poland assure, that another Russian Squadron is ready to sail from Cronstadt: It is composed of Six Ships of the Line, eight Frigates, and a Number of Transports, and has on board 8000 Soldiers and a considerable Number of Volunteers.

The same Letters add, that 8000 Volunteers had put themselves in March from Arcangel, to reinforce the Count de Tottleben, who has hitherto had no more than 2000 regular Troops under his Command.

The same Letters add, that it was whispered a Rupture would speedily break out between the Empire and a certain European Power, in which it is imagined Great Britain will be obliged to take Part.

Dispatches arrived last Night in very great haste, at the French Ambassador's, from the Court of Versailles. These Advices received Yesterday confirm the Accounts of the warlike Preparations now making on the Coasts of France and Spain.

This Morning an Express was sent off from the Office of Admiralty, Charing Cross, to the Commissioners of Portsmouth and Plymouth.

It is now settled that Lord Bute, in consequence of a new Turn of Affairs, will not return to England this Session. It seems he has another Journey to make.

They write from the Hague, that some private Letters received there from Spain advise, that his Catholic Majesty has ordered a Line of his Troops to be termed on the Frontiers of Portugal; which People in general are at a Loss to account for, as a good Understanding seems to subsist between the Two Courts.

Extra of a Letter from Portsmouth, dated June 22. The Venus, which has been here ever since his Royal Highness's last Cruise, and had, within this Month, been docked, and completely fitted out, was paid off last Wednesday; a Circumstance so extraordinary and unexpected occasions much Speculation, and various have been the Conjectures concerning it, as she was in fine Condition, and uncommonly well manned.

It is asserted here, with much Confidence, that the Ministry have, for some Time past, been endeavouring to check the Zeal the Duke has shewn, to become perfectly acquainted with the Sea Service, as, by inspecting too minutely into the Departments of the Marine, he would acquire a Knowledge which might be troublesome; though we hear it was determined to take his Ship in him, in consequence of some very ill founded Assertions delivered by him in Council, on the present neglected State of the Navy. Should this be true, and we have the strongest Reasons to believe it is, surely his Royal Highness is entitled to the most grateful Thanks of every Individual in the British Dominions. Since the Venus has been here, the Officers and Men behaved with so much Propriety, as to render themselves universally respected, and it is with Indignation we behold such a valuable Number of Seamen, in a Time of real Danger, so irrecoverably dispersed. The Day they were paid off, Captain Barrington gave a most elegant Entertainment to all his Officers, at the Fountain, and was pleased to honour them with his Company the following Day.

June 27. By the Return made by the Officers of the Police, there appears to have been 1118 Persons killed in the Crowd, at the Fireworks at Paris, on the Marriage of the Dauphin.

June 28. Tuesday a Courier set out, with Advices for the British Ambassador at the Court of Madrid, who is to require a categorical Answer for what Cause that Court are sitting out Squallons at their different Sea-Ports.

It is said a Naval Officer of high Rank has informed a great Personage, that the Naval Establishment of this Kingdom requires to be put on a respectable Footing; which is to be laid shortly before a Board of Admiralty.

Orders have been issued to make a strict Inspection into the Strength of the Castles and Fortifications on the Kent, Sussex, and other Sea Coasts, and a Report to be made with all Expedition.

On Saturday, as soon as the Review was over, a very well-dressed Man accosted a great Personage, as he was getting into his Chaise, in the following Manner: "Sir! we love and honour you and all your Family; but if you don't dismiss a Set of wicked Ministers, you will certainly lose the Affections of your People." Upon which the Populace gave Three Huzzas, and the Carriage drove off—but no Reply.

Yesterday a Gentleman, with the most decent Deportment, addressed his Majesty going into St. James's, in the following Words: "Justice, my Lord the King: To my Sovereign I appeal for Justice. It is conjectured, that this Application related to some important Discoveries lately made in some of the Colonies."

It has this Day been positively asserted, that the Loss of Falkland Isle is a Fact too well known to be disputed; that the Ministry know this full well, otherwise they would contradict it by Authority; and that the English are allowed Six Months to settle their Affairs; and send off their Effects.

June 29. Letters from Venice inform, that the miserable Greeks are flying on all Sides from the Fury of the enraged Ottomans, and what renders their Condition truly deplorable, the Grand Signior has declared, he will consider as Enemies to the Porte, such States as may afford any of them Shelter in their Dominions.

This Day at Noon was finally closed, at Guildhall, the Poll for the Election of a Lord Mayor for this City, when the Numbers were,

For Alderman Trecotthick,	1601
Alderman Cressly,	1434
Sir Henry Banks,	437

After the Declaration of the Numbers by the Sheriffs, they returned the Names to the Court of Aldermen, who declared Alderman Trecotthick duly elected. The Alderman, after his Election, addressed himself to the Livery, in a very handsome Speech, in which he paid a high Compliment to the Abilities of the late Lord Mayor, and acknowledged how unequal he was to succeed so worthy a Magistrate.

June 30. The spirited Reply of the much lamented Lord Mayor to his Majesty, we hear, is to be engraven on the Pedestal of the Statue intended to his Memory.

July 1. Yesterday a Messenger was dispatched to the Earl of Chatham, requiring his Attendance at a Privy Council held at St. James's, on Affairs of Importance.

The Earl of Chesterfield, once the great Statesman of this Kingdom, being interrogated the other Day his Opinion relative to the Colonies, said, "I am too old to be consulted as a Politician, but, as a Friend, I fear that the Ministry, in order to carry some Points of State Prerogative, have pointed out to the Americans the Way to an Empire of their own."

The Ministry, it is said, received very disagreeable News from North America, by the Packet which arrived Yesterday from New-York.

Yesterday an Express arrived at Lord Hillsborough's Office from his Excellency General Gage, Commander of his Majesty's Land Forces in North America.

It is said that the continued strong Opposition of the Colonies has induced a great Officer of a certain Department to think of resigning.

July 4. Yesterday Morning the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor held a Wardmore, in Butchers Hall, Pudding Lane, for the Election of an Alderman of the Ward of Billingsgate, in the room of the Right Hon. William Beckford, Esq; deceased, late Lord Mayor of this City, and Alderman of that Ward, when Richard Oliver, Esq; a Merchant in Fenchurch-street, was elected without Opposition.

We hear that Yesterday Governor Bernard had a long Conference with some of the great Officers of State, before the Meeting of the Privy Council which was held at St. James's; after the breaking up of which an Express was sent off to Falmouth, to be forwarded to New-York and Boston.

July 7. Yesterday came on in the Court of King's Bench, Westminster, before the Right Hon. Lord Mansfield, the great Cause between Lord G— and his R— H— the D— of C—. The Damages were laid at 100,000l. There was a great Number of Witnesses, whose Examination ended about Two o'Clock, when Mr. Dunning, Counsel for his R— H—, the Defendant, recapitulated most of the material Parts of the Evidence, and observed thereupon, that though the Intimacy of the accused Parties had been sufficiently proved not only by the Witnesses, but also by a Variety of Letters that passed between them which were read in Court, yet he asserted that the Plaintiff had not brought any One Proof of the criminal Act, for which the Action was laid: he admitted that the Correspondence and many private Meetings were in every Respect blameable, but would not allow that they did by any Means prove the Charge of Indelicacy. The Court continued sitting 'til past Seven o'Clock, when Lord Mansfield gave his Charge to the Jury, who afterwards withdrew, and his Lordship adjourned the Court to his House in Bloomsbury-Square.

Exactly at Ten, the Jury left the Hall, and proceeded in Four Coaches to his Lordship's House, where they gave a Verdict for the Plaintiff with 10000l. Damages. It is said that a great Personage has been robbed of a Bank Note of 100l. a Diamond Ring, and a Pebble of great Value.—This plainly proves, that there are Rogues about the Court.

MARBLEHEAD, August 10.

Last Evening, Capt. Samuel Lyon, in the Sloop —, arrived here. On Inspection, the Committee of the Trade found her to be loaded with Pork, belonging to the Colony of New-York: The Committee immediately acquainted Capt. Lyon, that New-York had broke their Non-Importation Agreement, and deserted their Sister Colonies, at a Time when they well knew that a Union was most necessary for obtaining the desired End.

The Committee therefore desired him to depart out of this Port, with his Vessel and Cargo, as soon as possible, for no Inhabitants of this Place can have so little Sense of their Liberties as to have any Connection or Commerce with an Inhabitant of said Colony, until they give Satisfaction to the Committee of Trade at Boston for their base Defection.

NEW-YORK, August 27.

Extra of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Friend in New-York, dated June 8, 1770.

"I have just been in Company with a very considerable Virginia Merchant, who assures me he is now going to send a Ship to Virginia, fully loaded with Dry Goods, and that some other Houses were shipping largely to that Province, in consequence of Orders received from some Gentlemen in Virginia, who had never come into the Non-Importation Agreement. The amazing Quantity of Goods that are daily shipping for Boston, Rhode-Island, Halifax and Canada, would really astonish you; it is impossible there can be Consumption in the Two last Places for near the Goods that are now shipping, and lately gone. Surely all these Circumstances will be weighed by the judicious Merchants of your Province, and those of Pennsylvania, who I am sorry to say have been duped by the other Provinces."

Another Letter, of the 13th of June, to the same Gentleman in this City, from his Correspondent in London, says,—"I was this Day a Spectator of a Letter wrote from Philadelphia, ordering upwards of 3000l. Sterling Value, in Goods, without any regard to the restricting Clauses."

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.

Extra of a Letter from London, dated June 23, 1770.

"The Rising of the Parliament, without giving the expected Relief, left us here in a Kind of Suspense, and turned our Eyes to the Conduct of the Americans. Many were the Predictions of the Enemies of America, that the Goods which had been shipped on Speculation, to Boston particularly, would be received, and the Combination, as it is termed, be dissolved. But a few Days ago the Boston Ships returned with their Goods, to the Surprise, Confusion, and Disappointment of the Shippers, Manufacturers and Ministry. I never saw Chagrin and Vexation more visible on the Faces of every Man, who has the least Connection with America, and is unfriendly to its present Plan of Opposition. The Friends of America rejoiced openly over their Enemies, who on their Parts acknowledged, that they had been utterly disappointed. Should the Goods shipped to Virginia also return, the Stroke would be complete. Nothing has done the Cause of America so much Service as the Rejection of these Goods, many of them are yet on board the Vessels, and cannot be landed without great Expence. One Mr. Haly has 1000l. Sterling Duties to pay on One of these Vessels only.—It is now given out, that the Duty on Tea will be taken off next Winter, and doubt not it will.

"The Death of Mr. Beckford, the Lord Mayor, is a heavy Stroke to the Opposition, few Deaths are the Subject of so much Sorrow and Joy.—In the Election of a Successor, as Lord Mayor and Alderman, the Opposition carry every Thing by a great Majority.—A few Deaths in the Court of Aldermen, will fix the whole City in the antimilitarist System.—I cannot find any Two Persons here, who agree in sentiment on the Influence of the Non-Importation; there seems to be some Secret which is yet impenetrable.—The Manufacturers are employed, and though there are many Goods on Hand, there is no Complaint among them; various are the Conjectures on this Head; it is probably it may be imputed to an increased Demand in many Articles from abroad, but much more to ministerial Management, and Application of publick Money, in order to make a grand Experiment of our Virtue and Resolution.—The Struggle cannot now be long, the Issue will determine us either Slaves or Free-men.—I hope no American will hesitate at the Choice."

Extra of another Letter from London, June 25, 1770.

"I hope the Result of your general Meeting of the 5th Current, was to open the Channel of Trade no longer, exclusive of Tea, or any other Goods which Administration may hereafter take it into their Head to lay a Duty on; that is the Mode I could wish to recommend, and not a partial Importation of such Goods only as you cannot possibly do without; for should such a Resolve as that take Place, Administration will gain their Point, and, in all Probability, will only continue the Duty on Tea, but soon lay Duties upon other Goods exported to North-America."

Extra of a Third Letter from London, June 26, 1770.

"I come now to observe on the Paper read at the Coffee-House, which I dare say was well intended, but I am clear, that what the Colonies have done, had not in the least Degree been the Means of taking off the Duties on Glais, Paints, and Paper, and that the Parliament did not do it from a Principle of Justice to the Colonies, but because it was bad Policy to tax the Manufacturers of the Kingdom.—While this Ministry continue, all the Efforts the Americans can make to get the Remainder of the Act repealed, will not avail."

Baltimore, September 4, 1770.

THE Subscribers being in daily Expectation of a Ship from London to Patuxent River, with Servants, take this Method of acquainting the Public, that any Persons having Tobacco on Hand, and who are desirous of getting it to a Market as soon as possible, may, by her, have an Opportunity, as she will take on board Tobacco consigned to any Merchant in London. It is requested, that those who want Liberty of Consignment, will apply as soon as possible, as it may be depended on she will make little Stay after the Sale of her Servants, upwards of One Half her Cargo being already engaged.

All Persons indebted to Messrs. John Stewart, and Campbell, either for Accounts current, Dealings with Doctor David Rafi, Stewart and Lux, William Lux, Alexander Stewart, or William Russell, are requested to make immediate Payment, or Suits will be commenced without Respect to Persons.

WILLIAM RUSSELL, MATTHEW RIDLEY.

(4w)

September 12, 1770.

THE Subscriber, living within a small Distance of Annapolis, begs leave to inform his old Friends and others in the City, as well as in the Country, that he has provided himself with proper Necessaries for the Entertainment of Gentlemen in Court Time, or at any other Time. Those who will please to favour him with their Custom, will meet with every Thing agreeable, from their most humble Servant, HENRY GASSAWAY.

N.B. I keep a small Boat to set Gentlemen over the Creek, to and from Annapolis.

* I have also exceeding good Pasture and other Provisions for Horses.

TWENTY DOLLAR

RAN away from the Subscriber, a young Man, named JOHN SHIELDS, SON, a Scotchman, about Thirty Feet Eight or Nine Inches high of a dark Complexion, has a black Hair, is bald on the Top, wears some Hair tied on with a conceal it; he talks very broad, took with him a blue Cloth Coat, white Shirts, Co. Worned Stockings and Felt Hat will change his Dress and forage apprehends the said Servant, and Jail, that I may get him again Pounds Reward, if taken in the land, and Twenty Dollars if out (51)

Stratford

RAN away the 26th of July, a Servant Man, named THOMAS, born and bound in England, for when he went away, an Osnabrig Breeches, the Coat Cuffs lined with white, white and brown Thread of Shoes, One Pair English, the Sailor's Hat, bound with black Shirts, and sundry other Cloaths wears his own Hair, which is 6 Feet high, has an impudent look, is by Profession a Coachman, him up, and bring him to me House, or joining Weymouth, Shillings; if further, or in any tinent, Three Pounds, besides (3w) PHILADELPHIA

TEN POUNDS

RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, a young Man, named ANTHONY JACKSON, a Servant, and speaks a little Italian, a likely well made Fellow, 5 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a fresh looking Fellow, Hair, and a thin dark Beard with him, Two Osnabrig Shirts, new white Kersey Jacket, old English Shoes, a white old Fannel Jacket, with black WILLIAM WARRIKER, 25 Years of Age, about 5 Feet high, likely well set Fellow, but of a dark Complexion, with dark Hair a bald pated, and much pitted Head, on, and took with him, One striped ditto, coarse Count new white Cotton Jacket, Count old Fannel Jacket, with gray old small Hat, with a Patch on brown curled Wig.

Whoever takes up said Servant and secures them in any Jail, I may get them again, shall have Twenty Miles from home, or Thirty Miles, Three Pounds, or Five Pounds, including and reasonable Charges, if brought in.

N.B. They were imported by M'Dougall. All Masters of Vessels carrying them off at their Peril.

St. Mary's

COMMITTED TO St. Mary's Runaway, RICHARD belongs to William Crandell, of is about 5 Feet 2 Inches high, Years of Age: Has on, and a big Shirt, One Check ditto Troufers, a Crocus Frock, and the same. His Master is del and pay Charges. (d) ROBERT

THERE is at the Plant near Westminster-Town, a small black MARE, with a on the near Shoulder with for The Owner may have her perty, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plant near Playl Pair's Farm, up as a Stray, a light dun c Four Years old, Thirteen Hair but has a Star in her Forehead The Owner may have her perty, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plant near Middle-Town, a Brown Mare, Fourteen Years old, branded on the neck thus M has a Star in her Forehead The Owner may have her perty and paying Charges.