

[XXVI<sup>th</sup> YEAR.]

T H E

[N<sup>o</sup>. 1302.]

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1770.

July 12, 1770.  
 STOLEN or STRAYED from the Subscriber, about the First of May last, a dark bay Mare four Years old, Fourteen Hands high, branded on the near Buttock thus M, and on the near Shoulder thus A, with a Stroke on the top, long Tail and mane, has a Star in her Forehead, fine trots, and is very low in Flesh. Whoever brings said Mare to my House, Ten Miles above Annapolis, will be paid Two Dollars Reward, or if hereafter, I can find her in any Man's Possession, I shall count her to be stolen, and him the Thief, and will prosecute according to Law. JOHN McDONNALL  
 FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

July 24, 1770.  
 RAN away, on the 10th Instant, from the Subscriber, living in Queen-Anne's County, the following convict Servant Men, viz.

JOHN ROSS, a tall slim Fellow, about 6 Feet 6 Inches high, very much marked with the Small-Pox; he has a Calf with his left Eye, and very red short Hair: Had on, when he went away, a Tow linen Shirt and Trowsers, a striped Jacket, with the stripes round him; but it is supposed he will change his Cloaths, as his Companion stole some from his Master.

THOMAS COLLARD, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high: Had on, when he went away, a Tow linen Shirt and Trowsers, a good felt Hat, and a pair of blue and white striped Trowsers.

Whoever takes up said Servants, and secures them, that their Masters may have them again, shall receive Three Pounds for each, and Forty Shillings for each, with reasonable Charges, paid by

WILLIAM BROWN,  
 WILLIAM JONES.

A BLACKSMITH of good Character, that can shoe Horses well, make Plough-work, and other Iron-work, usually wanted in the Country, may hear of a good Birth by applying to the Printers. He may either be employed on yearly Wages, or have a proportionable Part of the Profit of the Shop.

T O B E S O L D,  
 TWO well improved Lots in George-Town Frederick County: Likewise Two half Lots, One of which is improved, the other a Water Lot. For Terms and Title apply to *Tbad. Beall* or *John Orms* in George-Town.

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel County, the 18th of June Instant, Two indentured Servants; viz. JOHN WHITE, by Trade Gardener, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, has dark brown Hair tied behind, a pretty good Complexion, is pitted with the Small-Pox, and born in Scotland: Had on and took with him a grey half-buck Jacket, Dowlas Shirts, Ofnabrig Trowsers, a dark coloured Cloth Coat much mended about the Arms, a light coloured Cloth Waistcoat, Country made shoes, and a remarkably short Gun, Maker's Name *Barber, London*, marked on the Cock and Barrel. HENRY JOSEPH, a short punch Lad, about 18 Years of Age, has short brown Hair, and a Scar in his Forehead, occasioned by the Kick of a Horse, was born in England, and says he has been a Post-Chaise Boy in London. They went off in a Yawl, 4 Feet in the Keel, with a Pair of Oars. Whoever secures the said Servants, or either of them, shall receive Three Pounds for each, and all reasonable Charges paid. And Masters of Vessels are forewarned not to harbour or carry them away at their Peril.

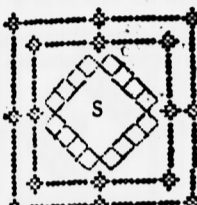
(tf) SAMUEL GALLOWAY.  
 Williamburg, May 10, 1770.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, pursuant to the Testament of the Honourable Benjamin Tasker, of the Province of Maryland, deceased, on Tuesday the 4th Day of September next, if fair, if not, the next fair Day.

ONE undivided Fifth Part of the Estate, called, the Baltimore Iron-Works, near Baltimore-Town, in the Province of Maryland, consisting of a Furnace, three Forges, sundry Tracts of Land, many Servants, slaves, Horses, Cattle, and other Stock belonging hereto. This is Part of an Estate which is held in common with *Charles Carroll, Esq;* and other Gentlemen of Maryland. If the Purchaser doth not pay the Consideration for which the Estate may be sold, at the Time of executing Conveyances for the same, it is expected that he will give Bond with approved Security, payable in Five equal Proportions, the first Payment to be made on the 4th Day of Sept. 1771, and the other Payments on the 4th Day of Sept. in the Four next succeeding Years, with the legal Interest of Maryland, from the Date of the said Bond, till paid. One of the Trustees will attend at the Furnace, on the Day of Sale.

M GREEN, at the PRINTING-Shop, 6 d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, Weekly Continuance. Long Ones duly Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, and all Sorts, with their proper BONDS and of PRINTING-WORK performed

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 3.



SINCE the Inroads the Russians have made into the Morea, &c. our Army has been reinforced by 40,000 Men from Asia, and consists now of 150,000 Men.

Three Tartars arrived here the 14th and 17th ult. dispatched by the Pacha of Morea, with Advice, that the Inhabitants of that Peninsula had revolted; that the Pacha had marched at the Head of 15,000 Men, and had driven them to the Mountains; but that the Rebels being reinforced, had come from their Heights, to the Number of 30,000, and had forced the Pacha to retire to the Fortress of Napoli di Romana, situate in the Gulph of that Name.

We learn that on the 24th ult. Ali Pacha having passed the Danube, at the Head of 12,000 Men, with a View to cover the Workmen employed in repairing the Bridges on that River, had been attacked and defeated by the Russians, and that the latter had afterwards destroyed the Bridges.

NAPLES, April 4. The Greeks have made a horrible Massacre of the Turks in the Morea, sparing neither Age nor Sex, in Revenge for the Behaviour of the Turks when they seized on that Country.

MARSEILLES, (France) May 6. We have just received, by way of Italy, the horrid News, that the Grand Signior, in Resentment of the general Revolt of the Greeks in the Morea, and of their joining the Russians, has caused all the Greeks at Constantinople to be massacred. Independent of the Uneasiness we are under concerning the Progress of the Russian Arms in the Morea, by Means of which the English will extend their Commerce in the Levant, our Merchants are in the utmost Consternation, on Account of the large Demands they have on the slaughtered Greeks, to whom they had sold Merchandizes to a very great Amount in Credit.

WARSAW, May 12. The Face of Affairs in this Kingdom is so changed, that we are not only in Hopes that a general Confederacy will be formed, but likewise that the King will convoke a general Diet, which, by its wise Resolutions, may provide a Cure for the Wounds which Discord has given the State.

May 16. We have the following Intelligence from the grand Russian Army, and also by Letters from Kaminiack, viz. A Corps of 20,000 Turks ventured to cross the Danube with a View to attack Lieut. Gen. Stoffeln, who was in the Environs of Bucharest, but he was apprized of their coming by the light Troops, and took his Measures so well, that he attacked the Turks at a Time when they had the least Thoughts of it, which lucky Event put them to the Flight; 3000 were killed on the Spot, and many taken Prisoners: The Russians took likewise all their Baggage and Artillery. This Battle happened the 5th Instant not far from Brahillow.

From the WEISSEL, May 13. We have an Account from the grand Russian Army, that they will have intirely passed the Neister about the Middle of this Month. The Russians will now hasten their Operations against the Turks on every Side. viz. The Generals Romanow on the Danube, Panin against Bender, Berg against Crimea, Tottleben against Natolia, whom the Fleet at Asoph will aid, and afterwards in the Morea, and the head Squadron of the Russian Fleet in the Archipelago, and against Constantinople itself. Major General Soritch has beaten a Corps of Tartars near Bender in such Manner that they shew no Desire of serving any more against the Russians.

TRIESTE, May 19. The following Account is now given us of the Demolition of Patras, which is destroyed from the very Foundation. The Garrison in the Castle which was blocked up, made on the 13th of April, at Seven in the Morning, a Sally, which being supported by 6000 Foot and 4000 Horse, they made themselves Masters of the City, and put all in it, able to bear Arms, to the Sword. The Resistance made to them was very small; for the Turks having set fire to the City in many different Places, such of the unfortunate Inhabitants as could not escape became a Prey either to the Flames or the Sword of the Barbarians. This Carnage lasted several Hours. The foreign Consuls had the good Fortune to escape to Zante, all except the Son of the English Consul, who had a good deal of Difficulty to get out of the Hands of the Turks: For this young Gentleman being retired to his Hotel with Two Neapolitan Travellers, and several Women and young Ladies belonging to the principal Persons of the City, to the Number of about 70, a Body of Albanians, armed with Hatchets, endeavoured to force his Gates; but he representing to them that his Nation was in Alliance with the Porte, they conducted him to the Castle, together with all that were with him. In this Fortress he saw a great Number of Persons beheaded, and but for the Arrival of the Turkish Commander, who knew him, would have undergone the same Fate. The Turkish Officer ordered him to be conducted to his own Apartments, where he remained 'till Five in the Evening, when he ordered him to be re-

conveyed to his Hotel, under a strong Escort; but on his Arrival there, he found it in Adhes, so that about Dusk, he withdrew to the Sea Side with all his Retinue, and One Domestic, and after Three Hours March on the Shore happily found a Bark, into which he got with all who fled to him, and arrived safe at Zante. The whole City he destroyed, together with all the Villages around, and most of the Inhabitants murdered.

L O N D O N.

May 29. A Monk, at the late Masquerade, was asked by a Merry Andrew, why he mixed in such Company? To moralize (answered the Holy Father) for I consider this misty Assembly as an emblem of Death, which levels all Distinctions; for here the Woman of Quality and a common Prostitute mix together; the Peer and the Runner at a Bagnio.

An Address and Petition from the Parliament in Ireland is preparing to be brought over by several of its Members to be presented to his Majesty.

The Russians, by their Successes in the last Campaign, are Masters of Chocrim, and consequently have the Passage open on that Side to enter the Turkish Dominions whenever the Season will permit; they are also Masters of Walachia and Moldavia; they are in Possession of every Inch of Ground on this Side the Neister and the Danube, and have now opened a Passage on the other Side of the Mediterranean, by the Conquest of the greatest Part of the Morea.

Extract of a Letter from a Correspondent at Paris. "To the List of the French Fleet which I some Time ago sent you, and which you may be assured is exact, you may now add to it Forty others from 64 to 84 Guns, the Duke of Choiseul having purchased that Number of the late East-India Company. The French Fleet at this Time consists of upwards of an Hundred Sail, which may be ready for the Sea in a very short Time, and which can be completely manned in the Space of a Week.

Yesterday some Dispatches of great Moment were received at St. James's, from the Court of Peterburgh.

There is at this present Time a larger Demand for Ship Cannon and other Military Stores, than has been known for many Years in Time of Peace.

May 31. The National Debt, on the 5th of January last, was 128,999,036l. Sterling; the annual Interest of which amounts to 4,595,940l.

YESTERDAY the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, attended by about Sixteen Aldermen, the Sheriffs, and a great Number of Common Councilmen, waited on his Majesty at St. James's, with the following Address on the Birth of a Princess. They were all most graciously received, and had the Honour of kissing his Majesty's Hand: The Four following Aldermen, viz. Brackley Kennet, John Kirkman, James Rossiter, and John Bird, Esqrs. received the Honour of Knighthood.

To the KING's most Excellent MAJESTY. The humble ADDRESS of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled.

Most gracious Sovereign, WE wait upon your Majesty with our Congratulations on the happy Delivery of our most gracious Queen, and on the Birth of another Princess; and "to assure your Majesty that there are not in all your Dominions any Subjects more faithful, more dutiful, and more affectionate to your Majesty's Person and Family, or more ready to sacrifice their Lives and Fortunes, in the Maintenance of the true Honour and Dignity of your Crown."

Long may your Majesty reign the true Guardian of the Liberties of this free Country, and be the Instrument in the Hands of Providence of transmitting to your Posterity those invaluable Rights and Privileges, which are the Birthright of the Subjects of this Kingdom.

To which the King, steadily, and in a Manner becoming the Head of this great Empire, gave a gracious Answer, and concluded with saying, "That whilst the Citizens of London addressed him with such Professions of Loyalty, they should be sure of his Protection." They were all very graciously received, and had the Honour of kissing his Majesty's Hand.

After the Lord Mayor had waited in the Antichamber at St. James's a considerable Time, the Lord Chamberlain came out with a Paper in his Hand, and read to the following Effect: "As your Lordship thought fit to speak to his Majesty after his Answer to the late Remonstrance, I am to acquaint your Lordship, as it was unusual, his Majesty desires nothing of this Kind may happen for the Future." The Lord Mayor desired the Paper might be delivered to him. The Lord Chamberlain said he acted officially, and had it not in Orders to deliver the Paper. The Lord Mayor then desired a Copy: To which the Lord Chamberlain replied, he would acquaint his Majesty, and take his Directions; but he did not return until the Order was brought for the whole Court to attend with the Address.

The intended Expedition of a certain great Lady to the Continent, occasions much Speculation in the political World; some affirm, that she really intends to end her Days in her own Country, and never come to England; others say, that she is only going to pay a short Visit to the Court of Denmark; however, we are informed, that her chief Reasons were from a trifling Dispute she had with her Son on a late Subject.

It is intended, by a great Number of Friends to their Country, to celebrate by Illuminations and otherways, the Day when a certain Duke of high Rank leaves this Kingdom, and it is not doubted, but many others in different Parts of this Kingdom will do the same, as soon as the good News is confirmed to them, as a Proof in what Esteem they hold her Behaviour here.

Bets are Three to One in the City, that Mr. Alderman Beckford will be continued Lord Mayor the ensuing Year.

It was this Morning reported on Change, that the Mediation of his Britannick Majesty between the Russians and Turks, has been earnestly requested by the Grand Signior, towards putting an End to the present destructive War.

We hear another Common-Hall will soon be summoned to take into Consideration a Third Remonstrance to the Throne.

Large Orders have been sent to Birmingham this last Week, for all Kinds of Military-Utensils, which are buying up by an Agent, for the Service of the King of Prussia.

June 2. It is an actual Truth, that some Gentlemen of Fortune in the County of Middlesex are now determined to contest the Payment of the Land-Tax; but their intended Mode of Refusal is wholly void of that some Time since related in the Papers. Their Plan is this: On the Collector's Application for the Tax, they are determined to refuse the Payment; he, of Course, will make a Distraint, agreeable to Law, and this they propose quietly to submit to: They then intend bringing an Action of Damages against the Collector, the Constables, &c. which must then be tried by a Jury; and as it will be a special Jury of Middlesex Freeholders, it will rest with them to judge whether the County is properly represented or not, and, of Course, whether the Inhabitants of the County are liable to the King's Tax or not; and, according to that Judgment, to determine the Merits of this important Contest.

June 5. The Supplies granted by Parliament for the present Year amounted to 6,934,931l. 16s. 8d. Half-penny. The Ways and Means to 7,327,656l. 7s. 8d. Half-penny.

When the last Letters were received from Zint, a naval Engagement was daily expected between the Russian and Turkish Fleets, who were within a Day's Sail of each other, at the Departure of the Post.

A Report prevails, that a neighbouring Court has sent a Squadron of Eight Men of War to the Assistance of the Grand Signior in the Archipelago.

This Afternoon the Right Hon. Lord Holland arrived at his House at Kensington from his Travels abroad.

According to Letters from Naples, brought by this Day's Mail, the War in Greece is carried on with much Bloodshed and Horror. At Patras, the Two hundred Albanians, having advanced before break of Day up to the Gates, set Fire to them; by which Means the whole Town, to the very Houses of the Consuls, was intirely consumed. During the Confusion, the Turkish Garrison from the Citadel fell upon the poor Inhabitants, and put them all to the Sword, excepting the Women and Children, whom they carried into Slavery. The Consuls escaped on board some Vessels with a few of their Effects. At Navarino, the Russians having sprung a Mine, the Garrison, consisting of 700 Turks, made a Sally, but were all cut to Pieces. At Salonica, a Fire having broke out, by which 200 Houses were destroyed, the Turks, who attributed this Fire to the Natives, being joined by the Jews, fell upon them, and put them to the Sword.

June 7. We hear that the Earl of Bute is expected in Town from abroad in a few Days.

Lockhart Gordon, Esq; is appointed Governor of Massachusetts Bay, and not William Ducane, as was reported.

June 9. A Letter received yesterday from Plymouth, dated June 3, after mentioning the Arrival there of the Tamer Sloop and the Store-ship from Falkland Island, adds, "The Crews of these Ships report, that some Time ago, Two large Spanish Frigates, of 36 Guns, mounted upon One Deck, arrived at Falkland Island, and ordered the small English Squadron riding there to quit the Island immediately; which Order was treated with the Contempt it deserved, and, in return, they were ordered to do the same. However, after laying there Eight Days, without the least Intercourse with each other, the Spaniards thought proper to leave the Island."

We are authorized to assure the Publick, that Sir Francis Bernard, Bart. is not superseded in the Government of Massachusetts Bay, and that Thomas Hutchinson, Esq; continues Lieutenant Governor and Chief Justice of that Province, notwithstanding repeated Reports to the contrary.

The Report of the Earl of Egmont succeeding the present Lord Lieutenant of Ireland is intirely void of Truth.