

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1770.

*Patuxent Iron-Works, April 10, 1768.*  
 WE request all Persons that are indebted to the Estate of *Richard Snowden*, (late of *Patuxent Iron-Works*, deceased) either by Mortgage, Bill, Bond, Note, or Account, to make immediate Payment.  
 We likewise request all Persons that are indebted to *Thomas, Samuel, and John Snowden*, for Dealing with them, to make immediate Payment. We hope the above Request will be complied with, as there is now a large Sum of Money in Circulation, otherwise they may depend that such Steps will be taken that may be very disagreeable to them, as well as to the Creditors.

SAMUEL and JOHN SNOWDEN.

**SIX POUNDS REWARD.**  
 AN away from the Subscriber, living in *Anne Arundel County*, the 18th of *June* Instant, Two *anted Servants*; viz. **JOHN WHITE**, by Trade *ardener*, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, has dark brown Hair tied behind, a pretty good complexion, is pitted with the Small-Pox, and born in *otland*: Had on and took with him a grey half-Jacket, Dowlas Shirts, Ofnabrig Trowsers, and a coloured Cloth Coat much mended about the Buttons, a light coloured Cloth Waistcoat, Country Shoes, and a remarkably short Gun, Maker's *Barber, London*, marked on the Cock and Barrel.  
**HENRY JOSEPH**, a short punch Lad, about 15 Years of Age, has short brown Hair, and a Scar on his Forehead, occasioned by the Kick of a Horse, born in *England*, and says he has been a *Paule Boy* in *London*. They went off in a *Yawl*, set in the Keel, with a Pair of Oars. Whoever finds the said Servants, or either of them, shall receive Three Pounds for each, and all reasonable Expenses paid. And Masters of Vessels are forewarned to harbour or carry them away at their Peril.  
 SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

**TO BE SOLD.**  
 TWO well improved Lots in *George-Town Frederick County*: Likewise Two half Lots, One of which is improved, the other a Water Lot. For Sale and Title apply to *Thad. Beall* or *John Orme* of *George-Town*.

the Lots and Houses, where Mr. *Jeremiah Crabb* now lives, in *Queen Anne*, advertised for some Time ago by *Thomas Rose*, were not then sold. We hereby give Notice, that the said Lots and Houses will be sold by us, at said Place, on Wednesday the 18th Day of *July* next. They will be sold at first Cost, and struck off to the highest Bidder.  
**MORDECAI JACOB,**  
**ROBERT TYLER,**  
**BENJAMIN HALL,**  
**ABRAHAM WOODWARD,**  
**EDWARD CRABB.**

AN away from the Subscriber, living in *Pertuiset*, the 8th Day of *May* last, a likely Nephew, named **NANN**, about Five Feet high, are: Had on, when she went away, a stamp Gown, a ditto Petticoat cross-barr'd, and ane Camlet Mantle lined with stamp Cotton; is pitted with the Small-Pox, has a very brazen and remarkable thick Lips; she has a red one of her Eyes, and a very fine Set of Teeth and talks broad. She formerly belonged to *ward Smoot*. Whoever takes up the said Nephew, and brings her to the Subscriber, shall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Laws.

**JOSEPH SIMS, Son of Francis.**  
*Anne Arundel County, April 9, 1770*  
 the following Mills, with the Land and Improvements thereunto belonging, viz.  
**VALUABLE Merchant Mill**, situated on the North Branch of *South River*, belonging to *is* about Twelve Acres of good Meadow, t for the Site, and as much high Land, and a remarkable good Fulling-Mill and Counters, well situated on the South Branch of *South River*. There are Sixty Acres of Land belonging to *er*, mostly wooded. The Streams are underwood, and near Tide Water. For Title and apply to the Subscriber on the Premises.

**JOHN DUCKER.**  
 All the Cloth that was brought to the mentioned Mill, before the 1st Instant, is off; the Owners are humbly requested to away, with all convenient Speed. The Bu-said Mill is carried on with Care and Dil- and will be continued so 'til sold, at which ere will be a Reserve for finishing the Work before the Sale, and public Notice given is ette.

**GREEN, at the PRINTING-**  
 Year; **ADVERTISEMENTS,**  
 k's Continuance. Long Ones  
 nted, most kinds of **BLANKS,**  
 ts, with their proper **BONDS**  
**PRINTING-WORK** performed

**V I E N N A,** April 7.  
 E learn from the Frontiers of Turkey, that a Camp of about 140,000 Turks is forming in the Environs of Constantinople; that in the Capital alone 30,000 Turks had taken Arms; and that for Security Sake the greatest Part of the Grand Signior's Treasure has been carried from the Seraglio to a Fortress, situated Three Days Journey from the City.

**NAPLES (Italy) April 10.** There remains no Doubt that the Russians have made a Descent in the Morea, many Persons here having received Letters that confirm the News: Among others is the following, dated from Coriou the 13th of March last. "Fourteen Russian Ships have landed at Maina; 18,000 Lacedemonians have made an Irruption in different Parts of the Morea, and carried off all the Inhabitants of the Country. They have taken Possession of each Place respectively, and cut in Pieces all the Turks that opposed them. The greatest Slaughter was at Patras, where the Turks were more numerous than elsewhere, and where they made greater Resistance, they being Masters of the Forts. Upon this Occasion many of the Turks embraced Christianity. The Garrison were almost all put to the Sword, the Number that escaped being very small."

**L O N D O N,** April 23.  
 The Hampshire East-Indiaman, which arrived last Week, left Bengal the 9th of December, and the annexed Province, in profound Peace. Brigadier General Richard Smith, Commander in Chief of the Forces in Bengal, is come to England in that Ship, and last Wednesday was with the Court of Directors, when the Chairman, in the Name of the Court assembled, expressed their Sense of his Services abroad in the highest Terms of Approbation; more particularly with regard to his unwearied Attention in forming their Troops to such a State of Discipline and Regularity, as rendered them respectable to all the Powers of Indostan; and at the same Time for conducting himself with so much Moderation and Address with the Princes of the Country, as to prevent any Occasion of Rupture or Hostility. Fourteen Russian Ships have landed near 2000 Men at the Port Cailles, situate at the Point of Cape Metapan, in the Morea. This Corps, which has been joined by a Number of Greeks, has taken Possession of Maina, Calamata, and several other Places, without Bloodshed.

The Commandant of the Russian Fleet has published in these Parts a Manifesto, in which the Empress sets forth, "That her Duty and Religion had engaged her to send her Troops to assist the Greeks to shake off the Turkish Yoke, and to re-establish the Grecian Empire. Her Majesty promises her Protection, Rewards and Honours to such of the Inhabitants as submit with a good Grace; but, on the other Hand, threatens all those who take Part with her Enemies with the utmost Rigours of War."

Letters from Bourdeaux bring an Account of a terrible Accident that happened there on Sunday the 8th Instant, by the raising of the Waters of the Garroue. The River was full of Shallops and small Vessels, laden with the Goods and Moveables of poor People. A large Tree, borne down by the Violence of the Current, broke the Cable of an old Hulk, which set adrift Five or Six Ships, and these drew along with them a hundred of those small Craft, which were all driven towards the Sea. The Sight was dreadful. The Crews of many of these Vessels happened to be ashore; those who were on board could do nothing but pray to God to have Mercy upon them. Most of the small Craft perished with all those on board; Three or Four of the Ships were entirely sunk, and every one of the rest were either run aground, or shared the Fate of those that perished. The whole Loss is estimated at Six Millions of Livres.

Thursday, at Hicks's Hall, a true Bill of Indictment was found against the Author of the *Whisperer*, a Bench Warrant was issued out for apprehending him, and strict Search is making to bring him to Trial.

**War Office, April 30.** His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the following Lords and Gentlemen to be General Officers, as undermentioned, viz.

To be Generals; Sir John Mordaunt, the Hon. James Cholmondeley, Peregrine Lascelles, Lord John Murray, John Earl of Loudon, William Earl of Panmore, William Marquis of Lothian, William Earl of Harrington, Hugh Warburton.

To be Lieutenant Generals; William Skinner, the Hon. Robert Monkton, John Henry Balford, Edward Sandford, Theodore Dury, John Parker, John Lambton, the Hon. Charles Colvill, John Parlow, William Browne, the Hon. Thomas Gage, George Viscount Townshend, Lord Frederick Cavendish, John Earl de la Ware, Charles Duke of Richmond, Henry Earl of Pembroke, John Severn, Sir John Sebright, Bart. Henry Whitley, John Clavering, the Hon. George Cary, George Grey, James Adolphus Oughton, James Duke of Leinster, his Royal Highness William Duke of Gloucester.

To be Major Generals; Marisco Frederick, William Earl of Glencairn, William Deane, John Thomas, Robert Dalrymple, Horne Elphinstone, William Evelyn, John Salter, Thomas Earle, Richard Worge, James Johnston, the Hon. Philip Sherrard, the Hon. George Lane Parker, James Gisborne, Charles Earl of Drogheda, Nevel Tattoo; Francis Gant, Richard Bendyshe, the Hon. Alexander Mackay, William Augustus Pitt, John Scott.

May 8. It is asserted, that the parliamentary Enquiry into the late Disturbances at Bolton in New-England, must be suspended till the Arrival of some Papers in Answer to those lately dispatched for a respectable Personage here.

We are informed, that Governor Bernard will embark for his Government of Massachusetts Bay, on board of One of the Men of War, appointed to convey Four Regiments to North-America, Preparations, it is said, being actually now making by his Excellency for that Purpose.

We are assured, that at the Council, with regard to the present State of Affairs in America, very coercive Means were advised and adopted, and are now preparing to be employed.

The future Resources of the Bostonians, by calling in the People from the neighbouring Towns to assist them in their late adopted Measures, is, we hear, to be prevented, by cutting off the Communication of the Town and Country by a Fort, which can be so erected, as to answer that End effectually.

It is said, that it has been determined on, in Case any further Violence shall have been committed at Boston, before the Arrival of the fresh Troops, that all the Inhabitants shall be deprived of their Fire-arms.

It is said that the Ministry are so much dissatisfied with the Lieutenant Governor of a certain Colony, in regard to his Conduct on a late Occasion, that he will speedily be recalled.

It is rumoured, that the chief Governor of a certain Colony, on his being lately required to repair to the same, was so much afraid to comply with the Demand, that he begged Leave to retire on a Pension, which was refused.

It is asserted at the West End of the Town, that his Grace the Duke of Ancafter will be appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and that his Grace the Duke of Beaufort will succeed him as Master of the Horse to the King.

Both Houses are expected to sit late every Night next Week, till they break up for the present Session. On which Account it may reasonably be inferred, that Affairs of great Importance are to be agitated.

The Journals of the House of Lords, May 1. (inserted in the Papers) mention, that the Earl of Chatham presented to the House a Bill, entitled, A Bill for reversing the Adjudication of the House of Commons, whereby John Wilkes, Esq. has been adjudged incapable of being elected a Member to serve in that present Parliament, and the Freeholders of the County of Middlesex have been deprived of One of their legal Representatives: The Bill was read the first Time: The second Time it was objected to; and the Question was put, and resolved in the Negative 89 to 43, and afterwards the Bill was resolved to be rejected.

The 43 protesting Lords published their Dissentient. The protesting Lords is now the Toast drank in all patriotic Companies.

A great Patriot of high Rank in his last Oration said, that he considered the Freedom of Election, and the Right of petitioning the Throne, as the Eyes of the Constitution; that the one, in the Case of the Middlesex Election, had been totally put out; and the other, by a certain Answer to a late Remonstrance, had received such a Blow, that it had a very dangerous Film grown over it, and that it would require the Abilities of a very able political Oculist to remove it.

A certain great Man, in his Harangue on Friday, in a certain Society, speaking of a certain Answer, said that he did not mean any Thing personal to the baneful Advice that he detested and spoke against; not but that if the Adviser would step forth and declare himself, he should then more personally announce his Sentiments. While he was speaking the above, he had his Eye on a certain Wool pack, and *Felix trembled*.

It is reported, that Accounts have been received from Berlin of the Death of the King of Prussia; and that the Empress Queen has marched a grand Army into Silesia to take that Country.

This Morning some Advices were received from his Majesty's Consul at Scanderon, by the Way of Venice, which mention that a Revolt was premeditated in Syria and Palestine to throw off the Turkish Yoke.

We hear this Day the Earl of Chatham attended the House of Peers, in order to introduce a Motion of great Importance, and it was expected the House would fit late.

We are informed, that Lord Chatham and his Adherents have had some singular Overtures made to them from a certain Quarter, which have been refused.

*Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Wilshire.*

Thursday the last Day of the Session, Part of the 5th and 38th, the 50th and 56th Regiments of Foot, did, in a most daring and insulting Manner (contrary to

Custom at the Time of Sessions, keep patrolling the Streets, with Drums beating and Fifes playing. At the Time the Court was sitting they continued beating their Drums, &c. all along the front of the Town-Hall, or Court House, &c. After the Business of the Court had been impeded for some Time, Sir E. Bayntun, and the rest of the Justices, ordered the Constables to desire all the Soldiers to desist from beating their Drums and playing their Fifes before the Court, but the Insolence of the Soldiers was such, that instead of paying due Respect to the Order of the Court, they made no Apology, but kept on beating their Drums and playing their Fifes; and, in my humble Opinion, if the Court had offered to punish them for disobeying the Order of all the Magistrates, we might have had another Boston Affair in the Town of Devizes."

Sunday last the Right Hon. the Lord Mansfield received the Sacrament at Queen's-Square Chapel, to qualify him as Speaker of the House of Lords.

Thursday the 17th Instant is fixed for proroguing both Houses of Parliament, and putting an End to the present Session.

May 10. We hear that strict Orders have been given, that no Person, of what Rank soever, shall be allowed in future to sell out of the Army, that did not purchase into it.

The following Noblemen are now toasted by all the Sons of Liberty, viz. Clatham, Portland, Plymouth, Rockingham, Abingdon, Boyle, Grosvenor, Stanhope, Ponsonby, Suffolk, Richmond, Radnor, Fitzwilliam, Archer, Temple, Torrington, Rutland, John Bangor, Wycombe, Fortescue, Huntington, Tankerville, Abergavenny, King, Ferrers, Lyttleton, Bolton, Camden, Coventry, Buckinghamshire, Scarborough, Manchester, Northumberland.

It was asserted the other Day, by a patriotic Earl, "that the Minds of three-fourths of the People were notoriously alienated from their Allegiance, and that they were almost ready to prove it by their Actions." To which a certain Duke replied, "If that nominal Majority were to draw their Swords in their Confidence, he would risk his own Head on their finding themselves confoundedly mistaken."

It is said to be in Agitation to allow, by a public Act of the City of London, 1000l. a Year out of the City Chamber, to Mr. Wilkes, for public Service.

Yesterday a great Number of People assembled in the Lobby of the House of Commons, and the Avenues adjoining, in Consequence of a Report which had been spread that Mr. Alderman Wilkes intended to go thither that Day to claim a Seat. The Crowd was so great, that the Members were hindered from passing and repassing; whereupon the Gallery was ordered to be locked, and the Lobby to be cleared; but Mr. Wilkes did not go to the House.

The State of the Colonies came under Consideration on Tuesday, and very warm Debates ensued, much Altercation, and great Variety of Sentiment; Col. B—re was very severe upon the Military, and more so upon the M—y, for investing them with discretionary Powers, independent of the Civil Magistrate, which was, to all Intents and Purposes, establishing a Military Government in the Colonies. The L—d M—r was very warm; and, in the Heat of Debate, dropped some Expressions that gave Occasion to those who differed from him to smile: "Aye, aye, says he, you may laugh, but, I tell you, these Proceedings are contrary to the Laws of God and Man." The Debate lasted till past Twelve, but we have not yet been able to learn the Result: An Evening-Paper, indeed, says, that the Ministry have come to a Resolution to send Five Regiments to America immediately. We are told, however, that no Person will be employed in his Majesty's Revenue there, who has not been first employed in their Mother-Country, many of the present Disorders taking their Rise from the Ignorance of those in Power with the Duties of the Offices committed to them.

The treacherous Practices of the French, in regard to our Asiatic Possessions, will, we are informed, be shortly offered to the Consideration of Parliament.

Yesterday the Publisher of an Evening Paper was brought to the Bar of an august Assembly, for printing certain Protests; for which he was ordered to pay a Fine of 100l. and to suffer a Month's Imprisonment in Newgate.

Prince Wolonski, the Russian Ambassador at Warsaw, had received the following Particulars, concerning the Progress of the Russian Affairs in the Morea; That the Imperial Fleet, consisting of 18 Men of War of the Line, some Frigates, and other small Vessels, had landed a large Quantity of Arms and Ammunition for the Use of the Inhabitants, who, having joined the Russian Troops, had made themselves Masters of Calamatra, Mystra, Ceron, and Mothon; and that after this Disembarkation the Russian Fleet had continued their Voyage to the Archipelago. 'Tis added, that the Greeks of Corfu and Cephalonia, and even the Jesuits, had taken Refuge in the Russian Army, being under the most terrible Apprehensions of cruel Treatment from the common Enemy; that the Turks themselves, who inhabit Greece, Macedonia, and Albania, being seized with a Panic, had declared their Willingness to submit to her Czarinian Majesty, and to pay her Tri-