

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1770.

R O M E, March 31.

MOUNT Vesuvius has burst in Two new Places, and, when the last Accounts came away, the Lava from One of the Openings had extended Fifteen Miles, and not less than Twelve from the other.

L O N D O N, April 21.

It is said that some of the Minority have drawn up the Heads of a Bill, as an Addition to the Place Bill, that no Person who holds a Place under the Government, in any Shape or Manner, either by himself or by another, shall be capable of voting for a Member of Parliament; and that all dignified Clergymen (such as Deans, Canons, Prebendaries, &c.) will be included therein.

A Correspondent says, he is informed that a Scheme is laid to provoke and entrap a great patriotic Magistrate, on an approaching publick Occasion.

A political Writer says, "It is extremely unfortunate, as well as mortifying, to see those, who, in supporting their own Importance, ought to defend the publick Liberty, and the just Dignity of Government, throwing away their constitutional Rights, to gain the Applause of a Rabble, who are too ignorant to see the sacrifices made to their own Clamours. All this is to convince Mankind of what no Body in his Senses did not believe before, that the present Parliament is not more despotic, or venal, than others that have preceded it; and because a few factious Men have advanced an Untruth, we are resolved to tear up the Constitution by the Roots, to shew the World what they already know, that the Allegations of Sedition are palpable Lies."

It is remarked, that France, who, at the End of the last War, had not Ten Ships of the Line in a Condition for Service, and whose Mariners were almost all in English Jails, has now Seventy-two Ships of the Line besides Frigates, most of them fine new Vessels, and others upon the Stocks; and that she has at least Forty Thousand Seamen. That during the last Five Years she has expended not less than Twenty-six Millions Sterling upon her Navy. That she has Twenty-six Ships of the Line at Brest, and a Fleet of Observation at Toulon, ready to sail. That she has at least 8000 Men at the Island of Mauritius, ready to act in the East-Indies; but these being sickly, better Accounts say, are ordered Home. That the Spaniards have also a large Fleet at Ferrol, ready to act in Conjunction with the French, whenever any Occasion require their declaring themselves. And that the French and Spaniards together have Five and Twenty Ships of the Line, besides Frigates, in the West-Indies, and at least Four and Twenty Thousand Troops.

April 23. By Advice just received, there is an Account of Hostilities being commenced in the East Indies, in which the French have met with a Repulse.

We are well informed, that the Premier caused circular Letters to be sent, in the Course of last Week, to every Placeman, Pensioner, and every other Dependent on the Ministry, requiring their Attendance this Day, in a certain Place, on Matters of the utmost Importance.

April 24. A Morning Paper says, "We hear, that on Saturday an Account arrived from Naples, that our Resident there, Mr. Hamilton, his Lady, and other Company, being out a pleasuring in a Felucca, in the Bay of Naples, the Vessel overset by a sudden Gust of Wind, and all the Company were drowned."

A few Days ago a certain young Nobleman arrived from Newmarket, and being severely reprimanded for some Impudences during his Excursion, went into his Bedchamber and hanged himself, but was happily discovered, and cut down Time enough to save his Life.

The Door-keeper of a certain Place has received Orders, it is said, not to admit any Person who is not known to be, and declared a Member; and that the Privilege of the eldest Sons of those who have a Right to Admittance is, we hear, likewise suspended.

The Key of the Door of a certain Gallery is to be kept on a certain Table, and no Person permitted to go there during the present Season.

The Budget of this Year, it is said, will consist of a Lottery (a Lottery is certain), some Saving of the Revenue, and an Application of a Sum from the Sinking Fund.

Mr. Wilkes has declared, that he would not suffer another Two Years Imprisonment for 20,000l. for although his Friends had omitted no Opportunity to render his Captivity as little painful as possible, yet the Necessity he was daily under of being as Hans to every Body, and of receiving every Sort of Company, agreeable or not agreeable (and too many of the latter Kind), embittered the major Part of his Moments, from the Hour of opening the Prison Doors to that of shutting them.

The Resolutions respecting the Middlesex Election are to be re-considered before the Expiration of Ten Days from the present.

This Day was held a full Board of Admiralty at Charing-Cross, at the breaking up of which, Expresses, it is said, were sent off to the Commissioners of Fort-Mouth and Plymouth Docks.

Extra of a Letter (dated April 6.) from a Gentleman in Paris to his Friend in London.

The Trial of Duke d'Agillon, Commander in Chief of the Province of Britany, engrosses all the Conversation here, and the Issue is impatiently expected. It is carrying on at Versailles in Presence of the King, and the Princes and Peers of France (about Sixty in all) who were summoned for that Purpose. The Duke's Rank, his Fortune, and his Employments, set him in a high Point of Sight; and the Crimes with which he is charged render him no less conspicuous. Should he be found guilty, he will fall a just Victim to Offences, from which Grandeur, however exalted, ought not to be secure. In the mean Time, the Benevolent and Impartial will suspend their Judgment till the Trial is ended.—*Audi & alteram Partem.* It is certain that the Duke has many powerful Friends at Court, who will set every Engine at work, in order to save him if possible. It redounds much to Duke de Choiseul's Honour, that he is exerting his utmost Endeavours, in order to see Justice done. Among the many tyrannical Acts said to be perpetrated by the Duke, that against Mr. de la Chalotais, Attorney General of the Parliament of Britany, makes the most Noise. That virtuous and learned Gentleman is above Seventy Years of Age, and of a distinguished Family in Britany. Being perfectly upright and humane, he beheld with Horror the Cruelties exercised by the Duke, and strongly opposed them, as Attorney General; which incensing the Duke, he meditated Mr. de la Chalotais Ruin. To effect this, he accused the Attorney General of Crimes of which he is entirely innocent, and committed him close Prisoner to the Castle of Morlaix. Through appointing some of his Creatures as Judges, Mr. de la Chalotais was sentenced to die, and a Scaffold was erected in the Castle for his Execution. But happily for Mr. de la Chalotais, an Order from Duke de Choiseul to stop the Execution, came but half an Hour before it was to have been effected. This changed the whole Face of Things; and the Duke seems to have fallen into the Snare which he had prepared for a Man who is an Ornament to human Nature. The Prosecution is now carrying on by the Attorney General of the Parliament of Paris. I know not whether the Duke is yet in Custody. Mr. de la Chalotais has Two Sons, One of whom is Solicitor General of the Parliament of Britany; but he lost a Daughter, whom Grief, for the unmerited Persecution of her venerable Father, brought to the Grave. His Virtue and his Sufferings have rendered him the Idol of the Province, while his Enemy is held in the utmost Detestation. Time will very probably unfold the mysterious Parts of this dark and seemingly abominable Scene.

The following Order came out to the Brigade of Guards on Saturday April 21, 1770.

The Parole Houndlow.

B. O. His Majesty has signified to the Field Officer in Waiting, that he has been acquainted that Sergeant Bacon of the First Regiment, and Sergeant Parke of the Coldstream Regiment; William Powell, William Hart, James Potter, and Joseph Collins, private Soldiers in the First Regiment of Foot Guards, were more or less concerned in the Rescue of Major General Gansell, in September last: The King hopes, and is willing to believe, they did not know the Major General was arrested, and only thought they were delivering an Officer in Distress: However his Majesty commands, that they shall be severely reprimanded for acting in this Business as they have done; and strictly orders for the Future, that no more commissioned Officer or Soldier do presume to interfere with Bailiffs, or Arrests, on any Account or Pretence whatever, the Crime being of a very atrocious Nature; and if any are found guilty of disobeying this Order they will be most severely punished. This Order to be read immediately at the Head of every Company in the Brigade of Guards, that no Man may plead Ignorance for the Future.

It is now confidently reported, that the American Duty on Tea will be repealed before the Expiration of the present Session, by which all the Grievances complained of by the Colonies, will be completely redressed.

A conciliating Motion was to be made in a respectable Assembly this Day.

April 26. The Treaty of Alliance between the Two Courts of Berlin and Petersburg is said to be finally concluded: On which 20,000 Prussians are on their March into Poland, to reinforce the Russian Army in that Kingdom.

It is confidently asserted, that the Parliament will break up this Day Fortnight.

This Day the Right Hon. the House of Peers met, pursuant to their last Adjournment, when, it is said, Lord Chatham came to Town, and afterwards went to the House.

The House of Commons did not break up last Night, we hear, 'til near Twelve o'Clock. No Persons were admitted but Members after Seven o'Clock.

According to recent Advices from Venice, an Engagement had happened between a Russian and Two Turkish Men of War near the Gulph of Lepanto, in which the Russians were worsted, and obliged to take Advantage of the Night, to make their Escape.

In an Address of this Day to the Ministry, the Author, after having exposed the injudicious Conduct of Administration for some Time past, with Respect to the Colonies, and mentioning the late Massacre committed by the King's Troops at Boston, gives the following Advice to the Ministry, to recover the lost Affection of the Colonies, to restore our Trade, save this Kingdom an immense Expence, their Successors and the Country infinite Uneasiness and Reproach, and secure to themselves immortal Honour:

1. Order Home your Army from America; and whenever the Crown wants Assistance from thence, make a Requisition in the Colonies; they will obey, as they have done heretofore in the Reigns of King William, Queen Anne, George the Second, and the late War.

2. Repeal all those Duties which were imposed for the Purposes of a Revenue; for there can be no Need of them when the Army is ordered Home. In doing this you will undoubtedly restore our lost Trade with the Colonies.

3. Abolish the Board of Commissioners of Customs, with all their numerous Train of Dependants; for they are not only an Oppression to the Colonies, but will become absolutely useless when your Revenue Acts are repealed.

4. Dissolve the Courts of Vice Admiralty; for the arbitrary Principle on which they are founded is incompatible with Commerce.

We are told that Mr. Wilkes has not yet received an Invitation to Stowe, that being deferred 'til after the bold Measure which is soon to be adopted has been carried into Execution by the first mentioned Gentleman.

We are informed, that the Directors of the East India Company have not received any Account of the French having commenced Hostilities in the East Indies; but that, on the contrary, all is quiet.

A Correspondent says, Terms for a Coalition are rejected by the Minority, unless the future Freedom of Election can be secured to the People on a firm Foundation.

Yesterday, about Two in the Morning, an extraordinary Courier arrived at the Secretary of State's Office, from Sir Andrew Mitchell, the British Ambassador at the Court of Berlin.

May 1. One Day last Week, in which Mr. Alderman Wilkes, as junior Alderman, sat upon the Bench at the Old Baily with Lord Chief Justice Mansfield, the Paper called the Whispermonger was presented to the Court as a treasonable Libel. His Lordship spoke upon it, but with seeming Caution; and in the End, but in a doubtful hesitating Manner, said, that it appeared to him to be Treason. It is not very usual for the Aldermen to speak upon the Bench, though they have a Right to do so if they think proper: But upon this Occasion Mr. Wilkes got up, and said he did not see any Occasion for the Court's hesitating, to pronounce upon the Paper before it; that it had Treason upon the Face of it, and that he had no Doubt within himself to pronounce it Treason.

Chatham is at the House of Lords, and it is said will bring in a Bill To-day, to reverse the Proceeding of the House of Commons on the Middlesex Election.

Mr. Wilkes is at the Parliament House To-day.

We hear that Power will be immediately given to the Commanding Officer at Castle-William near Boston, to act in the double Capacity of Magistrate and Commander.

We hear the Accounts of the great Rejoicings made in all Parts of the Kingdom on Mr. Wilkes's Enlargement, have caused great Confusion in the Councils of the Mighty, as they have no possible Means of blinding a certain Personage in Regard to the real Sentiments of the People.

The Absence of a respectable Gentleman from Town has prevented Mr. Wilkes going to the House of Commons; but we hear To-morrow Se'nnight the 9th of May is appointed for that Purpose, and Notice has already been given to the Freeholders who intend to accompany their Member on that Occasion; and will march in Procession from Ratcliffe-Cross to Westminster.

The late tumultuous Proceeding at Boston, in New-England, will, we hear, be taken into Consideration on Tuesday next.

The Behaviour of Lord Chatham in the present Session has gained him fresh Laurels; his Native Integrity and Uprightness of Conduct, joined to his superior Skill in Politicks, will transmit his Name with Honour to Posterity.

Commodore Gambier is appointed to relieve Commodore Hood, as Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Ships stationed in North-America.

We hear that continual Meetings are held by the Ministry, relative to the Bostonians, and, it is said, the most vigorous Measures are to be immediately adopted.

It is whispered; that Government has ordered Five Men of War, with Transports, to carry Five Regiments of Foot from Ireland to Boston.

It is reported, that a certain very old Gentleman, worth 60,000l. has given Mr. Wilkes a Promise to make him Master of his whole Fortune.

T S E M P L O Y
G Gentleman, who has been regular
to the Mercantile Business, and
recommended. For further Particulars, en-
Printing Office.
Baltimore Town, March 5, 1770.
Partnership between Archibald Buchanan
William McGachren was dissolved the 1st of
it is now expected, all Persons in
Partnership, will immediately pay off
its. And any Debts that may be due by
hips, shall be settled and paid when cal-
Mr. Archibald Buchanan is gone out of
William McGachren is fully empowered
to receive and sue for all Debts due
ership, and to give sufficient Receipts
yes to those who pay. Constant At-
be given by William McGachren, at his
Baltimore Town.
WILLIAM MCGACHREN
Annapolis, May 16, 1770.
to inform the Public, that the Subscri-
ries on the Coach-making Business in
thes, and in the neatest Manner: As
s, Patent Plows, Wheat Fans, and
Kinds. (wq) **GEORGE BOLTON**
Anne Arundel County, April 9, 1770.
the following Mill, with 15 Land and
ements thereunto belonging, viz.
ABLE Merchant Mill, situated on the
Branch of South River, belonging to
point Twelve Acres of good Meadow,
the Sithe, and as much high Land,
remarkable good Fulling Mill and Coun-
situated on the South Branch of South
are Sixty Acres of Land belonging to
offly wooded. The Streams are unde-
and near Tide Water. For Title and
to the Subscriber on the Premises.
JOHN DUCKER
the Cloth that was brought to the
ned Mill, before the 1st Instant, is
the Owners are humbly requested to
with all convenient Speed. The Bu-
Mill is carried on with Care and Dis-
will be continued 'til sold, at which
will be a Reserve for finishing the Work
the Sale, and publick Notice given in
Pursuance of the last Will and Testamen-
tall, late of Anne Arundel County, de-
valuable Tracts of Land, lying in Frede-
runt; and amongst others, between Two
thousand Acres of Land, called Middle-
in the Waters of Linganore, near Dr.
pper Works. The Title to these Lands
For Terms apply to the Executor,
at all Times to treat about the Sale, and
at Frederick County June Court for that
having any Claims or Demands against
are requested to bring them in; and
indebted, are desired to make Payment
venient Speed. Constant Attendance is
uffing all Claims touching the Personal
THOMAS WATKINS, Acting
THOMAS H. HALL, Executors.
Health permit, I design myself to attend
y deceased Brother's Real Estate in Fre-
all, use my best Endeavours that no En-
is shall remain unperformed. 'Tis pro-
ff and settle with all the Creditors in the
present Year, as far as Effects. I do ex-
fficient to pay off every just Demand that
especially where due by Bond.
JOHN HALL
position of Benjamin Talbott, of Anne-
County, who being sworn on the
ills of Almighty God, is Consequence
that prevails in the Neighborhood,
aid Benjamin Talbott should say, that
certain William Woodward, Junr. and
Edward, Junr. of the County aforesaid,
re-House dealing Tobacco, deposited
the Report is false and without Found-
at he the said Benjamin Talbott, never
ch Thing of either of them, the said
Abraham Woodward, and that he never
ber of them to have ever stolen any
him, on any Thing else. Sworn to
of May, 1770, before
R. GIBBSLIN
Subscribers hereby offer a Reward of
Currency, to any Person that will
hor of the Report.
WILLIAM WOODWARD, Junr.
ABRAHAM WOODWARD, Junr.
EDWARD WOODWARD, Junr.
EN, at the PRINTING-
Year: ADVERTISEMENTS,
Continuance. Long Ones
d, most kinds of BLANKS,
with their proper BONDS
PRINTING-WORK performed