

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A Y 31, 1770.

Kent-Ipswich, March 25, 1770. Subscriber begs leave to inform the Public that he has a complete new Boat deck'd, & fitted to ferry from Broad-Creek to Annapolis...

Baltimore-Town, March 5, 1770. Partnership between Archibald Buchanan & William M'Gachen was dissolved the 1st of 59, it is now expected, all Persons in Partnership, will immediately pay off...

WILLIAM M'GACHEN, JEWELLER in West-Street, Annapolis.

I AM W H E T C R O F T, and JEWELLER in West-Street, Annapolis. Purchased the Servants lately belonging to Mr. Knapp with all the Materials for the Watch and Clock-making Business...

A great Variety of ready made Work he will Sell at the most reasonable the best Prices for old Gold, Silver

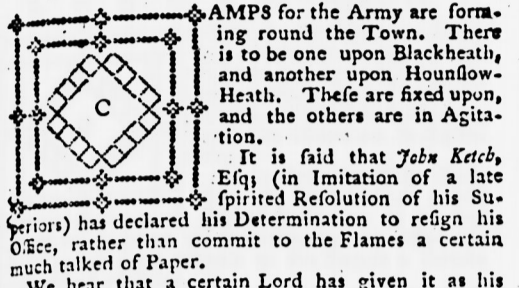
DOLLARS REWARD. Dorchester County, January 1770. The following Persons, viz: THOMAS KING, alias EDWARD MURRAY, he was committed for Felony: He is tall, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches thin Countenance: Hair on when he had a Fustian Coat, Shirt and Trowsers, or Stockings, and says he was born in Dorchester County. EDWARD HARMON, a Fellow, and wears his own Hair: Gray Cloth Coat and Breeches, old shoes, and had a Sore on his left Arm. RICHARD NISH, a Free Malatto, (tho' at an Indenture to a certain William but well made Fellow, is much addicted drunk or sober is very impudent secures and brings back the Reward, or shall have the above Reward, or each, besides reasonable Charges.

ROBERT HARRISON, Sheriff. NE and W. GREEN.

Printed, most kinds of BLANKS with their proper BOND PRINTING-WORK performed

AM. GREEN.

L O N D O N, March 22.



AMPS for the Army are forming round the Town. There is to be one upon Blackheath, and another upon Hounslow-Heath. These are fixed upon, and the others are in Agitation.

It is said that John Ketch, Esq; (in Imitation of a late spirited Resolution of his Superior) has declared his Determination to resign his Office, rather than commit to the Flames a certain much talked of Paper.

We hear that a certain Lord has given it as his Opinion, that should the Sheriffs refuse to attend the burning the Remonstrance of the City of London, by the Hand of the common Hangman, they ought to be immediately sent to the Tower.

Some People report, that a Proposal will be made in a certain Place, that Three great City Officers should ask Pardon of a great Personage for their Conduct respecting a certain Remonstrance.

Extract of a Letter from Warsaw, dated Feb. 24, 1770.

As soon as General Stoifeln had beaten, on the 29th ult. the Body of Turks commanded by Auli Pacha, he caused the Fortrefs of Ibraiow directly to be invested, and made the necessary Dispositions for besieging it in Form. The Turks made all possible Resistance on their Part, 'til the 3d of the present Month, when they endeavoured to make their Escape, and quit the Place without Noise. For this Purpose all the Garrison embarked the following Night in Three Vessels, with the View of crossing the Danube by Favour of the Dark, and under a terrible Fire from all the Artillery; but in spite of these Measures the Turks were not able to conceal their Design from the Russian General, who ordered some Cannon to be pointed towards the Shore, which had all the desired Success. For the Vessels in which the Turks had embarked were sunk to the Bottom, and the greatest Part of those on board drowned. The Remainder of the Garrison continued still to defend themselves 'til the next Day (the 4th) when the Russians gave the Assault at Midnight, carried the Breach, and put all they met to the Sword. They found in the Place more than a Hundred Pieces of Cannon, a considerable Sum of Money, and a very large Quantity of warlike Stores and Provisions. The Turks, when they saw the Fortrefs lost, set Fire to the great Magazine, with the Intention of blowing up both themselves and the Russians; but the latter being timely informed of it, ran up, and happily succeeded in extinguishing the Flames before it had reached the Powder Rooms. Among the Prisoners is Auli Pacha himself.

A Gentleman observed that the Ministry would not be able to put their Design of burning the Remonstrance in Execution, unless they made use of Vestal Fire; but it is well known that there is not chastity enough in a whole Levee to kindle such a Fire.

They write from Vienna, that Camp Equipage for Ninety Thousand Imperial Troops is getting ready with all Expedition, and it was given out, that Two numerous Armies would take the Field by the First of May next.

March 24. A Correspondent says, that the Doings and Undoings of a certain Assembly with Regard to the Affairs, will (it is generally apprehended) terminate in the total Ruin of the Trade between the Colonists and their Mother Country.

It is whispered, that though the City Remonstrance has proved so greatly inadequate to the End for which it was calculated, the present Ministry will not long be able to retain their Power.

By a private Letter from Portsmouth, we are informed, that there is a very great Diffention still amongst the Russian Officers, inasmuch that 'tis thought, if conciliating Measures are not adopted by the spirited Commander in Chief, it will greatly retard the Expedition to the Mediterranean, several Expresses having been sent to London on that Account to the Ambassador, who is indefatigable in removing every Obstacle that tends to difunite the Gentlemen on board that Fleet.

A Correspondent informs us, that a Remonstrance from the City of York will be delivered to his Majesty in the Course of next Week.

It was this Morning current, that a Protest of the Minority in both Houses, against certain late Proceedings, will soon take Place.

Die Jovis, 22 Martii, 1770.

Most Gracious Sovereign, WE your Majesty's most dutiful and faithful Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons of Great-Britain, in Parliament assembled, having taken into Consideration the Address lately presented to your Majesty, under the Title of "The humble Address, Remonstrance, and Petition, of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery, of the City of London, in Common-Hall assembled," together with the Answer which your Majesty was pleased to make to the same, think ourselves indispensibly obliged, upon this Occasion, to express to your Majesty the extreme Concern and Indignation which we feel at finding that an Application has been made to your Majesty, in Terms so little corresponding with that grateful and affectionate Respect which your Majesty is so justly entitled to from all your Subjects; at the same Time aspersing and calumniating one of the Branches of the Legislature, and expressly denying the Legality of the present Parliament, and the Validity of its Proceedings.

To present Petitions to the Throne, has at all Times been the undoubted Right of the Subjects of this Realm. The free Enjoyment of that Right was one of the many Blessings restored by the Revolution, and continued to us, in its fullest Extent, under the Princes of your Majesty's illustrious House: And as we are duly sensible of its Value and Importance, it is with the deepest Concern that we now see the Exercise of it so grossly perverted, by being applied to the Purpose, not of preferring, but of overturning the Constitution, and of propagating Doctrines, which, if generally adopted, must be fatal to the Peace of the Kingdom, and which tend to the Subversion of all lawful Authority.

Your Majesty, we acknowledge with Gratitude, has ever shewn the most tender Regard to the Rights of your People, not only in the Exercise of your own Power, but in your Care to preserve, from every Degree of Infringement or Violation, the Powers intrusted to others. And we beg Leave to return your Majesty our unfeigned Thanks for the fresh Proof you have now given us of your Determination to persevere in your Adherence to the Principles of the Constitution.

Permit us also to assure your Majesty, that it is with the highest Satisfaction we see your Majesty expressing so just a Confidence in your People: In whatever unjustifiable Excesses some few misguided Persons may, in this Instance, have been seduced to join, your Majesty's Subjects in general are too sensible of what they owe both to your Majesty and your illustrious Family, ever to be capable of approaching your Majesty with any other Sentiments than those of the most entire Respect and Affection; and they understand too well their own true Interests, to wish to loosen the Bands of Obedience to the Laws, and of due Subordination to lawful Authority. We are therefore fully persuaded, that your Majesty's People, as well as your Parliament, will reject, with Disdain, every insidious Suggestion of those ill-designing Men, who are in Reality undermining the public Liberty, under the specious Pretence of Zeal for its Preservation; and that your

present of the Delivery of the City Remonstrance, was asking another Nobleman what they were sent for there, to which he replied, "Why to be sure; my Lord, to have a Sight of this damned Cattle." "Nay, my Lord, (returned the other) if I may judge of some of our Fraternity whom I see amongst us (looking earnestly at a noble Duke) I should rather imagine the Citizens came here for that Purpose.

March 23. We are informed, that if any more Notice should be taken of Lord Chatham's Words in the House of Peers, respecting the Dismission of the late Lord Chancellor (Camden) that those Two Noblemen have so concerted Matters as to produce Proofs of the Truth of his Assertion.

It is reported, that in a Conference his Majesty had lately with Lord Chatham, that Nobleman told him, that he should think himself obliged at all Times to stand up in Defence of his Majesty's just Rights; but

a very high Assembly. The following is an Extract of a Letter from a Passenger on board the Sally Brig, who, with the Captain, Mate, and two Boys, are now confined at the Groynne, under Pretence that they had been taking a Plan of the Harbour and Fortification of Vigo in Spain.

CORONA, Dec. 18, 1769. This comes to acquaint you, that after a long and troublesome Journey of eight Days (from Vigo) we got here, and are imprisoned in an Island separate from the Town, and have not spoke to the Consul General, nor the Vice Consul, nor any other Person; neither are they suffered to come and see us. We came here very wet, and were put in Prison in that Condition; we had nothing to lie on but a hard Floor for three or four Days; and now have a Hamful of Straw, which is as dear as Feathers in England. These are the Hardships which we now undergo, and what we shall suffer more God only knows. I know not. My Service to the Consul at Vigo. When you write to me desire the

be in Demand at present; as in those Days neither my Lord G..., nor my Lord S..., nor my Lord W..., nor even Lord R..., would have had much Chance for Employment.

Advices from Paris, dated March 25, import, "That some Persons belonging to Rochelle and St. Malo, have requested of the King Two Ships, in order to trade to India; and his Majesty, willing to encourage Commerce and Navigation, had granted them Two Vessels, the Brillon and Penthièvre, which were among the Number of those that the India Company had ceded to him.

It is said that the Middlesex Remonstrance, is intended to be presented on Friday next. The Military Gentlemen at Chatham, are indefatigable in their Endeavours to prevent a Remonstrance from the County of Kent.

Yesterday a grand Entertainment was given by the Lord Mayor, at the Mansion-House, at which were present, a great Number of the Nobility and Gentry of

[N<sup>o</sup>. 1791.] THE

Letter to Mr. Banks, our Com...

an, recently married, has, within ten Months, reduced an Estate of 100,000l. by gaming with his wife...

At a certain noted Gaming and of the Town, has lately retired Fortune of 100,000l. by gaming with his wife...

the Lord Mayor having issued Proclamation of the Livery of this City to meet at 5 o'clock on the 6th Instant, to consider of a Petition for Redress of Grievances...

Company has resolved the same, and the following Advices have been received respecting the Motions of the Spaniards...

of Insurance is open at Jonathan's that celebrated Patriot Mr. William the Whispherer, but at a very high...

Lord Mayor, whose Penetration is his shining Quality, has discovered a hired Lord North to abuse his influence...

being made in a certain Club for to prosecute the Author of some Libels, a Law Officer said, there was no Motion, as Prosecutions were continued, it was the Duty of the Attorney General, whether of Mr. Wilkes or Lord North (the Premier) said, "They were who libelled the King but as we do not know they abused him."

the last Board of Admiralty some in regard to sending a Number of the Indics, were a considerable Time in Germany being Advice, that the Heir of Brunswick will shortly pay a Visit to France, on Matters of Importance.

at says, it is certain some Proprietary Nature have been made ways to John Wilkes, Esq; which he is at present as to require Time to...

at the next Meeting of the Subd of Rights, the Sum of 10,000l. was all Mr. Wilkes's Debt will be paid, and an Order given to the Secretary of State to pay the same.

all our Disquiet (say the old Politicians) a general Contempt for the Character of Power. This, more than their Shameful and notorious, their Contempted and absurd, and their "like dangerous and unconstitutional; and of these Measures are not immediate, who never reason, would give them had they any Opinion either of their...

Forty or Fifty Years ago we resolved to make Stationer of, than seems to be in Demand at present; as in those Days neither my Lord G..., nor my Lord S..., nor my Lord W..., nor even Lord R..., would have had much Chance for Employment.

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