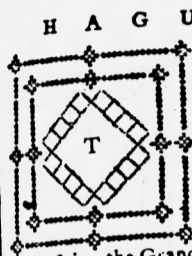


MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1769.



H A G U E, September 19.

HE frequent Journeys which the Emperor has taken for some Time past, are thought by many People to be in Consequence of his being much displeas'd at the Behaviour of her august M— the E—, who has already not only alienated from the Hereditary Dominions of the House of Austria, the Grand Duchy of Tuscany, and the Principality of Teschen, besides spending several Millions, in order to make Positions for the Queen of the Sicilies and the Dutchess of Parma; but has Two Sicilies and the Dutchess of Parma; now in View to surrender Part of the Low Countries to France, as a Marriage Portion for the Archduchess, who is going to be married to the Emperor, that he may give so much Uneasiness to the Emperor, that he endeavours to divert his Cares by Travelling.

WARSAW, Sept. 27. We received the following important News, by a Courier dispatched from Kamienieck the 26th of this Month. On the 17th Instant, at break of Day, a Body of 12,000 Turks, consisting of 8000 Janissaries, and 4000 Cavalry, passed the Niester upon a Bridge that was covered by a Battery. About Noon the River swelled to such a Degree, that it carried the Bridge away. Prince Gallitzin gaining Intelligence of this Event, attacked the Enemy to successfully, that some Hundreds of the Turks escaped by swimming, and the Remainder were either killed, or taken Prisoners. The Russians have in this Battle taken 151 Standards, or Horfes Tails, and Two Generals Truncheons. They made themselves Masters of the Enemy's Battery, consisting of 64 Pieces of Cannon, and 12 Mortars. The Russians have lost no more than 133 killed, and 600 wounded. As soon as the Ottoman Army on the other Side of the Niester were informed of the total Defeat of the Corps of 12,000 Men, their Shouts demonstrated how greatly they were displeas'd with the Grand Visir, and their Indignation towards the Confederates. They immediately abandoned the Fortrefs of Choczim, and precipitately took the Route towards Bender. In the mean While the Russian Army passed the River in pursuit of the Enemy, and Prince Gallitzin directly took Possession of Choczim, where he found 143 Pieces of heavy Cannon, and a considerable Quantity of Ball, Bombs, and other warlike Ammunition, with some Hundreds of Turkish Women. The Number of Prisoners taken by the Russians beyond the Niester, at the Departure of the Courier, already amounted to 6000, among whom were several Pachas. It was also rumoured in Kamienieck, that Count Potochi, Podzafy of Lithuania, and some other Confederates, had been put to the Sword by the Turks.

These Advices are authentic, and the Ambassador Prince Wolkonski has already received Letters dated from the Fortrefs of Choczim. This has been a most glorious Day for the Russians. Sunday next is appointed for a solemn Fast and Thanksgiving, for so many Victories gained over the Enemy.

L O N D O N, September 23.

We hear that Mr. B—ke, the supposed Writer of the Letters under the Signature of Junius, was desired, the other Day, by a certain unpopular D—ke, into whose Company he accidentally fell, to declare whether he was the Author of those Letters, to whom that Gentleman returned this very spirited Reply; that "if he had been capable of writing such Letters, he should have had the Spirit to have acknowledged it; but was sorry to assure his Grace he could not claim the Merit of being the Author of them."

From the above, and an Expression made Use of in Junius's last Letter, respecting Rockingham Administration, many People are inclined to believe that Gentleman is not the Author of those spirited Essays, as famous for their Diction, as Subject.

Sept. 26. We are assured, that a Petition for Redress of Grievances may shortly be expected from the free Burgeses of Newcastle upon Tyne.

It is assured that the Petitions from the Counties of Gloucester, Worcester and Wiltshire, will shortly be presented, notwithstanding all Attempts to prevent the same.

Upwards of 5000 Electors, it is said, have already signed the Westminster Petition.

Sept. 30. It is whispered, that a certain Foreign Court has demanded one of their Subjects now in England, to be delivered up, charged with male Practices against the State.

Extra of a Letter from York, dated September 23.

"I have the Pleasure to acquaint you, that Yesterday the Meeting of Freeholders at this Place determined unanimously to petition the King to dissolve the P—t.

"Sir George Saville gave a very good Account of the Transaction of the House in relation to Wilkes and Luttrell, explained the Nature of the R— in the Constitution, the Necessity of procuring Redress, and the Legality of petitioning. Sir George Armitage then spoke on the Duty we owed Posterity and ourselves, in taking the most effectual Methods to support the Constitution. He then concluded with a Motion to petition. It was then asked, if he had any

Petition ready; on which he produced one, which was immediately read. Sir Cecil Wray seconded the Motion, and complained of the Injury done to the Public by the — of —, who had dared to disfranchise an Englishman without the Concurrence of the Legislature—had dared to annihilate our Right of Election: He said that any other Methods would be ineffectual; that he approved entirely of the Petition produced, as worthy to be sent from the Descendants of those who had so often supported the Cause of Liberty. The Question was then proposed, and received with the greatest Applause. One single Gentleman alone dissenting, who gave his Reason for it on the Precedent of Sir Robert Walpole, and the Impropriety of petitioning unless the Case should be so clear that every one could join in it, which was not the present Case. Mr. Wedderburn answered him in a masterly Manner, and entered fully into the Insufficiency of the Precedents, explained the Nature of the Constitution, the Propriety and Legality of petitioning, and the Futility of every other Mode. Afterwards, on putting the Question again, there was not one dissenting Voice.

"The following is the Conclusion of our Petition: 'The Power of assembling and dissolving Parliaments is undoubtedly one of the Rights vested in your Majesty for the Welfare of the People, and by their Consent. The Voice of a Loyal People now calls for the Exercise of this Power, and their most essential Rights are to be preserved by it. Permit us, therefore, Royal Sir, to implore your Majesty to restore the Confidence of your People in the Justice of Parliament, by sending them to a new Choice of Representatives, which will give your Loyal Subjects an Opportunity of demonstrating their Zeal for the Constitution by a Choice of Men, who will guard the Honour of the Crown, and support the Rights of the People.'

"The Petition was signed by near 600 Freeholders immediately, and, in all Probability, will soon be signed by 12,000."

By a Person just arrived from Petersburg, we hear, there are great Apprehensions of a Revolution there, from a Jealousy that the present War is a War of the Emperess, unconnected with the State; and the People in general seem to be of Opinion there, that the Event of it will, in a short Time, determine a Revolt.

According to a Copy of the last Return of the French Troops employed upon the Corsican Expedition, delivered August 23, 1769, by Mons. de C—, it appears, that the French had 647 Officers wounded, and 539 killed. Rank and File wounded 5723, killed 3785. Total wounded 6397. Total killed 4324. Since the Capitulation of the Island, by the Returns of the Hospitals, have died 5949. Total loss of the French Troops, dead, 10,273. Still Sick in the Hospitals, 795. This Loss of the best Troops of the French Army, with the Expence of 18 Millions of Livres, has been the Charges of obtaining to France the Dominion of Corsica.

Oct. 5. The Emperor of Germany, it is said, will visit England very soon.

The Reports that Governor Bernard is not to return to America, is entirely without Foundation; it being determined to send that Gentleman back to his Government, with an Enlargement of his Commission.

It is confidently said, and by those who are no Enemies to the Ministry, that as soon as the Supplies are raised, and the most important Business of the ensuing Session is nearly completed, the present Parliament will be dissolved.

The Liverymen of London should make Choice of Alderman Trecothick, for their Mayor, the Americans may form sanguine, and very probable Hopes of having their Grievances speedily redressed, by the then more exalted Influence of that Gentleman.

It is confidently said, that General Paoli will take up his Residence here 'til a War shall break out between this Kingdom and France; in which Case, it is thought, he will be sent, with a powerful Army, to Corsica, to dispossess the French of that Island, which they so unjustly seized, and now usurp.

Heyder Alley has, we are now informed, sent over Proposals to this Country, by which he signifies his Desire of an Alliance with the Crown. Were all the Princes in India brought to such a Disposition, and with the Assent of the lineal Emperor now in our Hands, our Possessions in the East might be made extremely profitable and permanent to the State.

The Court of Russia has solicited leave of the French, it is said, to permit their Fleet, while in the Mediterranean Sea, to enter the French Ports for the Purpose of Refreshment, &c. But no Answer has yet been given to this Request. All that the French Minister said, upon receiving this extraordinary Application, was, that he would lay it before the King. It is thought this will continue the Coolness between those Two Powers.

A Petition, full of heavy Complaints against a certain Person, was delivered last Thursday to his Majesty, by Dennis de Berdt, Esq; Agent for the House of Representatives of the Massachusetts-Bay.

It is now confidently asserted, that the celebrated Junius is a young Gentleman of the Temple, patronized by a certain patriotic Northern Baronet.

Last Friday a Messenger, charged with Dispatches of Importance, rode from the Admiralty, Whitehall, to Plymouth in 85 Hours, which is 226 Miles; a Thing

never known to be performed before in so short a Time by at least one Hour.

An ingenious Writer observes, that though there never was a Period in which Calamity was so much talked of, he does not believe that there ever was a Period in which it was so little experienced by the People of this Kingdom. If we are undone, says he, we are the most splendidly ruined of any Nation in the Universe, and if our Merchants are all Beggars, there are not such Beggars in any Part of the Globe.—Though we are pressed to the Earth by the Weight of Taxation, we nevertheless find a Sufficiency to defray the Charges of a Ridotto al Fresco, a Ball Fare, or a Stratford Jubilee; the more extravagant the Entertainment, the more crowded we always find the Company; an Amusement is reckoned vulgar in Proportion to its Cheapness; and these only are followed with any Kind of Avidity, at which the Charges of a single Evening would afford a Week's decent Provision for a middling Family.

It is reported that a grand Entertainment will be given to General Paoli by the City of London at Guildhall, as a Testimony of their Approbation of that General's long and noble Struggles in defence of Liberty.

John Wilkes, Esq; has received a large Packet of Letters from the West-Indies, containing Fifty Sheets, on very important Affairs, which, we are assured, will be laid before a certain great Assembly at their next Meeting.

We are well informed that there are Actions out to the Amount of 18,000 l. against an Officer who lately escaped from the Law.

We are credibly informed, that the Right Honourable Lord Holland has taken his passage to go to Leghorn on board the King of Sardinia, Capt. St. Barb, who is to wait for his Lordship in the Downs.

Yesterday General Paoli was introduced to his Majesty at St. James's, by the Lord in waiting; he was accompanied by a Clergyman and another Gentleman, supposed to be a Corsican Officer; he was dressed in Scarlet and Gold, and made an elegant Appearance.

It is said that a great Personage was much pleased with the Conversation of the Corsican Chief Yesterday, which was in French, and lasted a considerable Time, and appeared to entertain a Regard for him.

We hear the Corsican Chief will set out in a few Days on a Visit to the Two Universities.

General Paoli has made a Present of his fine Dog to his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, who has sent him down to Windsor. His Highness saw him when he was in Holland, when the General made a Promise of presenting him to the Duke.

One of the Russian Men of War is lost on the Saw, and another is on Shore near the same Place.

For political Reasons, no further Remonstrances will be made to our Neighbours the Dutch, relating to the Affair of Surinam.

On Tuesday Eleven Horses, &c. started at New-Market for the great Subscription Purse of 2200 Guineas, and a Gold Cup, one Four Mile Heat, which was won by Sir Laurence Dundas's cheifnut Mare A-la Greque.

We hear that the Right Honourable Lord Edgcombe will be appointed to the Command of his Majesty's Squadron, in the Mediterranean, with plenipotentiary Powers, to the several States of Barbary.

Oct. 7. At the Final closing of the Poll Yesterday Afternoon, at Guildhall, the Numbers stood as follows:

Table listing names and numbers: Mr. Alderman Beckford, 1967; Mr. Alderman Trecothick, 1911; Sir Henry Banks, 676; Mr. Crane and Mr. Young, Two of Mr. Quirk's examining Surgeons, have, amongst others, polled for Sir Henry Banks, as have also Mr. Alderman Harley, Mr. Alderman Shakespeare, Sir James Eisdale, Alderman Alfop, Sir Robert Ladbroke, Mr. Alderman Kite, Mr. Alderman Kirkman, Sir Richard Glynn, Mr. Alderman Plumbe, Mr. Alderman Nash, Mr. Alderman Kennet, and Sir Henry Banks himself.

The Mayor, Town Clerk, and Two Aldermen of Bedford, who are Liverymen of London, came to Town last Thursday, and polled for Mr. Beckford and Mr. Trecothick.

It is possible that there are frequent Accounts of Wagers that were never laid, but we can, upon positive Authority, assure our Readers, that a Clerk of great Consequence in one of the First Departments of State, betted, on Wednesday Evening 1000 Guineas, that neither Mr. Beckford nor Mr. Trecothick, served the Office of Lord Mayor for the Year ensuing, though he would not bind himself in the Wager to name who would serve it. The Bet was taken up by Three Gentlemen conjointly.

It is shrewdly suspected, that by some Ministerial Hocus Pocus, a Method will be found out in the City too, to adopt a late Court Maxim, by proving, in the present Instance of Election, that a lesser Number is more than a greater.

The Steps to be taken by the Livery of London against the Public Defaulter are deferred 'til Tuesday next, when a Common-Hall will be held for that Purpose.

We hear that the Viceroy of a neighbouring Kingdom has sent over to inform this Country, that unless his Power is enlarged he shall not be able to carry a single Point the ensuing Winter, in consequence of

Blackbury, November 19, 1769, from the... named WILLIAM WILKES... AINRIGHT... with him... a Drilling... a pair of... a white... a white... good... Half... Who... and brings him home... Twenty Shillings... 10 Miles... Party... and in... a... Five... if brought home... STILL SINGLTON CHURCH

... Night, from the... the Two following Convict Servants... AN HILL... dark... and short black hair... Had on... when he was... a... and old Shoes... about Twenty... Years of... at Nine or Ten... of a very... and is cloth'd in the same Manner... shall... shall... Fifty... Fifty... (including... allowed) paid by... THO. SAML. & JOHN SNOWDEN.

... from the Subscriber, living in... an indentured Servant named JOHN... E, by Trade a Clock and Watch... in the West of England, about... seven Inches high, of a dark... much with the Small-Pox, and his... Hair: Had on, and took with him, a... Coat, cut short, Check... Trowsers, Castor Hat, and Country... Whoever secures the said Servant... to the Subscriber, shall have Five... and reasonable Charges, paid by... FRANKS-KN-APP

I AM WHEELWRIGHT... and Jewellers in West-Street, Annapolis... purchased the Servants lately belong... Mr. Knapp with all the Materials for... the Watch and Clock-making... inform the Public, that he repairs all... and Watches, in the best and most... inner; and as he has a complete appa... Wheels with more Expedition and... an usual, they may depend on having... done in the most careful Manner, and... than heretofore.

... carries on the Goldsmiths and Jewellers... the most extensive Manner, as he has... great Variety of Materials, and has ex... Workmen for the executing the above... Those Ladies and Gentlemen who please... with their Custom, may depend that... Exertion of his Abilities to merit their... be his whole Study and greatest Am... has a great Variety of ready made Work... which he will sell at the most reasonable... gives the best Prices for old Gold, Silver... &c. (tr)

POUNDS REWARD... Baltimore Town, September 10, 1769... 3 Jail last Night about Eleven o'Clock... following Prisoners, viz... a Negro, a short thick Fellow, about 5... Inches high; he was formerly the Pr... Benjamin Webb, of Anne Arundel County... to a certain High Seas, of Fort County... is remarkable for having both... and is supposed to be harboured some... Mr. Webb's Plantations.

WOODMAN, about 5 Feet 10 or 11... he is a down looking Fellow, and has... a... and Trowsers... secures and brings back said Prisoner... ten Pounds for both, or five Pounds for... DANIEL CHAMBER... Sheriff of Baltimore County.

... at the PRINTING... Year, ADVERTISEMENTS... Continuance. Long Ones... with their proper BOND... PRINTING-Work performed