

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1768.

N T E D,
MASTER, capable of teaching
READING, and WRITING.—
meet with Encouragement, on ap-
(if) JOHN GANTT.

Annapolis, July 19, 1768
H U M E, MILLINER,
L O N D O N,
Town, at Mrs. HOWARD'S, near
PRINTING-OFFICE,
makes all Sorts of MILLINERY
—Ladies Head Dresses in the newest
nets, Cloaks, &c. Slips and Frocks,
made in the newest Manner.—She
Blond Lace and Gauzes, to look
like Silk Stockings, &c.

Annapolis, August 26, 1768.
The Subscriber, on Wednesday, the
24th Instant, a white Servant Lad, na-
W E L C H, imported in the Brig
Capt. CIRCAUD, last Fall was
about Fifteen Years of Age, full
Complexion; had on, when he went
Shirt and Trowsers, and a Pair of
a Felt Hat; as also, a Negro Man,
at Twenty Years of Age, of a small
of his Hands, and the Bottom of
rough, and had on a Crocus Shirt
a Felt Hat. Whoever will take up
me, shall have THREE PISTOLES
her of them, One Pistole and a Half,
WILLIAM CRANDELL.

Annapolis, July 28, 1768.
my late Master, Mr. ANDREW BU-
has generously declined his Business,
PERUKE-MAKER, in Favour of
no has removed next Door to Mr.
here he has supplied himself with a
of Hair, and other Materials, for
business, and hopes for the Encourage-
ment, Ladies, and others, as they
being served honestly, with every Ar-
and after the newest Fashions.
JAMES REID.

I M P O R T E D,
B E T S E Y, Capt. CREAMER, from
to be sold by the Subscriber, in An-
TY of fine Jesuits BARK-POWDER,
containing Two and Three Pounds
(if) **THOMAS HALL.**

August 18, 1768.
P U B L I C S A L E, on the First Day of
November next,
of LAND, called DUNKFIELD, in Bal-
ty, lying about Ten Miles from Bal-
it contains Five Hundred Acres, and
and of a good Soil. For Information
Title, any Person inclining to bid for
referred to *John Pace*, of said County,
the Premises. (117)

Rock-Town, Cecil County, June 7, 1768.
use of a Power of Attorney, from George
uck, Esqrs. of Biddeford, in Great-

AND in Frederick-Town, Cecil County,
It adjoins the River *Sassafras*, and
Acre of Ground, on which is a good
k Houfe, 53 by 23 Feet. On the
e Two Cellars; on the Second, are a
Room, well fitted, and a Counting-
re-Place. There are also on the Lot, a
with a Brick Chimney, and Plank
fine Water, a large Log Ware-Houfe
a Stone Wharf, at the End of which
ons, and upwards, may load; this
venient for a Merchant, but it may
erson.—Also a valuable Tract of
County, called **PAY-MY-DEBTS.** It
Miles of *Baltimore-Town*, and on the
ing from thence to the *Back County*,
Acres. The whole is finely timbered,
400 Acres appear to be an extreme
adapted for Farming. Any Person in-
the Land, may apply to *William Price*,
will show it. The Title is indisputable.
le, apply to **JOSEPH EARLE.**

Queen-Anne's County, May 25, 1768.
om the Subscriber, on the 2th of De-
a Country-born Negro Man, named
et black Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 Inches
nd the Bay to Mr. *Samuel Chew's* Plan-
ing-Bay, where I do suppose he is har-
ro Wench of Mr. *Chew's*, he calls his
r takes up said Negro, and secures him
County Jail, shall have a Reward of
en Shillings, if brought home to his
near *Queen's-Town*, in the above Coun-
y, paid by (11) **FRANCIS HALL.**

A N T E D,
well acquainted with the Business of a
CLERK'S OFFICE. Such a one, on Ap-
Printer, will be duly encouraged.

EN, at the PRINTING-
Year; ADVERTISEMENTS,
Continuance. Long Ones
d, most kinds of BLANKS,
with their proper BONDS
PRINTING-WORK performed

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 16.

THE Day before Yesterday the
Grand Signior's favourite Sul-
tana, named Hadige, was
brought to bed of a Daughter.
Some fine Fire-Works were
exhibited upon this Occasion,
Part of which, by some Acci-
dent, blew up, and with it up-
wards of Forty Workmen, who
all lost their Lives.

The Plague, which has made great Havock in this
City, happily ceased within these few Days.

LEPORSO, June 25. They write from Corfica, that
General Paoli takes all possible Measures for defending
himself; his ordinary Guard consists of 1000 Volun-
teers. The Students of the University of Corte have
armed and formed themselves into a Body, to march
whenever there may be the most Danger. Desertion
is frequent among the French Troops; and the
Italian Officers in the Service of that Crown, are re-
solved to retire, if required to act against their Fellow-
Countrymen.

Paris, July 22. The Day for the Marquis de Chau-
velin's Departure for Corfica is not yet fixed; his Lady
will accompany him. The Marquis, in Quality of
Governor-General of the Island, will fix his Seat of
Government at Bastia. M. de Chardon will also reside
in the same Place, with the Title of Intendant of Cor-
fica, and First President of the Council.

L O N D O N.

July 19. They write from Corfica, that General Paoli
has secured the Approaches to many of his strong
Holds, by sinking of Mines, filled with Gunpowder,
and ready to be sprung at a Minute's Warning.
It is said that several foreign Vessels are now loading
below Bridge, with Ammunition and Stores for the
Island of Corfica.

July 25. Letters from Rome mention, that the Pope
has desired the Mediation of the Empress Queen in the
present Situation of his Affairs.

It is rumoured that certain French Memorials have
been couched in such Terms, as plainly denote the
Opinion that Court entertains of our present distracted
Situation.

There is a Report, that Instructions of a particular
Nature were last Week dispatched to the commanding
Officer at Minorca.

By some private Accounts, lately received from
France, we learn that the Squadron of Men of War,
said to be fitting out under the Command of Mons.
Bomparr, will consist of 6 Sail of the Line, 4 Frigates,
and a Bombketch, manned up to their full Comple-
ment, victualled for 4 Months, with 4 Battalions of
Marines on board, in order to inure them to the Sea-
Service.

Ten Sail of the Line, from those in Ordinary, at our
different Ports, are ordered to undergo a thorough
Repair, and be got ready for Sea-Service, as soon as
these now fitting out are completed, and put to Sea;
the Ministry being determined to keep a watchful Eye
on the Proceedings and Preparations now making in
the different Sea-Ports of France, especially in the Me-
diterranean.

*The Oath, sworn to by Paoli and his Adherents, on the
French assisting the Genoese, against the Corsicans, in 1764.*

"We have sworn, and we call upon God to wit-
ness, that we will all of us sooner die, than enter into
any Negotiation with the Republic of Genoa, or return
under its Yoke. If the Powers of Europe, and the
French in particular, withhold their Compassion from
an unhappy People, and should arm themselves against
us, and contrive our total Destruction, we will repel
Force by Force; we will fight like desperate Men, de-
termined either to conquer or die, 'till, our Strength,
being quite exhausted, our Arms fall out of our Hands,
and when we have no Strength to take them up again;
when all the Resources of our Country shall be exhaust-
ed, our Despair shall furnish us with the last, which
shall be, to imitate the famous Example of the Sagun-
tines, by rushing voluntarily into the Fire, rather
than submit ourselves and our Posterity to the insup-
portable Yoke of Genoese Tyranny and Slavery."

In a few Days will transpire a Piece of Ministerial
News, relative to Corfica, which will give great Satis-
faction to the Public.

It is rumoured that an Ambassador at a foreign
Court has been ordered to take his Leave within a
Month, except some Concessions are made respecting
certain Proceedings in the Mediterranean.

It is certain that Lord Rochford is coming over from
Paris, but it is the Opinion of those who know some-
thing of our present Situation with France, that not to
his Lordship's private Business, but to the ticklish Pos-
ture of Affairs between us, and that eternal reflex-
Court, is to be attributed his intended Return home:
It now being known, beyond a Doubt, that the most
arrogant Answer, as mentioned in the Papers, has been
given to the Representations of the Earl, our Minister,
in respect to the demolishing of a very principal Part
of the Fortifications of Dunkirk.

By this Day's Mail, we are informed from Rome, of
the 22^d Ult. that a Body of 180 Neapolitan Troops
have forcibly taken Possession of Ponte-Corvo; and
that the Troops of the French King have also done the
same by the Town of Avignon, and the whole County
of Venaisin.

July 26. The Harvest in Spain has failed this Year;
and the Merchants of that Country have written to their
Correspondents here, to enquire what Appearance the
Wheat makes in England, and in Case of a good one,
whether it is probable the Prohibition of the Exporta-
tion will be taken off, and they may expect a Supply
from hence. In Spain the Harvest is much earlier than
in England, and at Cadiz, they had new Wheat at
Market the Middle of last Month. According to Ac-
counts from many Parts of England, the Wheat makes
a most promising Appearance; but as to the Prohibi-
tion being taken off, the Merchants have been told there
is little or no Reason to expect it, as one good Harvest
will not now furnish us with the Stock which ought to
be kept up.

July 30. There is now living in Lady Dacre's Alms-
Houses, Westminster, one Mrs. Windmore, whose
Maiden Name was Hyde; she was Grand-Daughter
to Dr. Hyde, Bishop of Salisbury, Brother to the Great
Lord Chancellor Hyde, Earl of Clarendon, and lost
her Fortune in the South-Sea Year, 1720: She is up-
wards of 100 Years of Age. She was a distant Cousin
of their late Majesties Queen Mary and Queen Anne,
whose Mother was Lady Ann Hyde, Dutchess of York,
whose Royal Consort was afterwards King James II. A
lively Instance of the Mutability of all worldly Things,
that a Person related to Two crowned Heads, should,
by the strange Caprice of Fortune, be reduced to live
in an Alms-House.

The Betts done at the Coffee-Houses, about the
Change, are, 20 Guineas to have an Hundred, if a War
breaks out in Two Years; and Seven Guineas for an
Hundred, if it happens in One Year.

It has been judiciously observed, that it is very un-
fortunate for this Country that all are Politicians but
our Statesmen; the enriching themselves, and their
Friends, strengthening their Party, together with their
private Amusements, engross the whole of their At-
tention, whilst the Dignity, Happiness, Interest and
Welfare of the State, are totally neglected; as if their
Appointment to such high Offices meant nothing more,
than that every Statesman should feather his Nest hand-
somely, and then resign, that others may succeed, to
accomplish, by the same laudable Means, the same de-
sirable Purposes.

The Marquis of Kildare, with the patriotic Dr. Lu-
cas, have been re-elected, without Opposition, for the
City of Dublin.

August 2. A Letter from the Frontiers of Poland,
says, "We see the Tempest formed: GOD only knows
when, and in what Manner, it will end. All the No-
blesse are in Arms, all the Palatinates confederated,
but the Grandes of the Kingdom as yet remain quiet.
A Nation which has been 60 Years in Peace, without
regular Troops, without experienced Chiefs, cannot
have any great Prospect of Success against foreign
Troops. The News of an Insurrection of the Peasants
of the Ukraine, is confirmed from all Parts; and the
Excesses they are committing, surpass all Imagination."

They write from Dresden, that the Military Forces
of that Electorate, amount at present to 45,000 Men;
a Circumstance perhaps not unworthy Attention, es-
pecially if considered with the Military Preparations
making in other Parts of Europe.

They write from Bastia, that a great Part of the
French Troops there, have been under their Tents
near a Fortnight, and that they suffer greatly from the
excessive and unwholesome Heats.

It is said that the Hon. Mr. George Grenville is shortly
to take the Lead in the Administration.

We are told, that a grand Committee of Merchants,
trading to the Mediterranean and Levant, are appoint-
ed to attend the Levees of his Majesty's principal Se-
cretaries of State, on Affairs of the utmost Importance
to the British Commerce.

The Declaration presented by the Prussian Minister
to the King of Poland, imports, "That the King of
Prussia, his Matter, seeing the little Effect of his Ex-
hortations, and being moreover informed, that the
Malecontents gave out that his Prussian Majesty secretly
supported them, he had ordered him expressly to de-
clare, that he persisted in the Declaration so often, and
publicly, given on the Subject of the Measures taken
in concert with the Empress of Russia, concerning the
Affairs of Poland, that his Majesty was firmly persua-
ded that the Catholic Religion, and Popish Liberty,
were never better confirmed, than by the last Dyet;
and therefore that he looks upon, as Disturbers of the
public Tranquility, all those, who under Pretence of
Religion and Liberty, are exposing their Country to
the most dreadful Misfortunes."

Yesterday Afternoon, about 5 o'Clock, died at his
Palace at Lambeth, aged 75, the Most Reverend Thomas
Secker, L. L. D. Lord Arch-Bishop of Canterbury,
Primate and Metropolitan of all England, President of the So-
ciety for Propagation of the Gospel in foreign Parts, a
Governor of the Charter-House, a Trustee of the Bri-
tish Museum, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Privy-
Council, &c.—His Grace was many Years a Prebend
of Durham, and was Seventeen Years Rector of St.
James's, Westminster, during which Time, he was
consecrated Bishop of Bristol, on the Translation of
Bishop Cecil, in 1734, and in 1737 was translated to
the See of Oxford, on Bishop Potter's Advancement to
the Archiepiscopal Chair. In 1750 he resigned the
Rectorship of St. James's, on his succeeding Bishop Butler
in the Deanry of St. Paul's; and on the Death of

Archbishop Hutton, in 1758, was immediately nomi-
nated to the Metropolitan See, and confirmed at Bow-
Church, on the 20th of April, in that Year, Arch-
bishop of Canterbury.—His Grace was a learned and
pious Prelate, and in his Sermons, gave a noble Specimen
of practical Preaching, adapted to the Circum-
stances of the Congregation, delivered with a becoming
Freedom, which he pressed home on the Hearts of his
Auditors. His Charity was unbounded, inasmuch that
not only the Poor, in and near Lambeth, have lost a
Benefactor, but many other indigent Persons, to
whom he was an annual Contributor, will lament his
Death.

This Morning a Number of the Nobility, and Fo-
reigners of Distinction, set out for Dover, to wait the
Landing of his Danish Majesty.

Yesterday several of the Nobility arrived in Town
from their respective Country Seats, to wait the Arri-
val of, and pay their Compliments to, his Danish Ma-
jesty.

A Correspondent says, that it is generally thought a
noble Lord at present labours under a political, as well
corporal indigestion, which is the Cause of his going
abroad.

They write from Hamburgh, that the present Dis-
putes between England and her Colonies, have effectually
put a Stop to the farther Migration of Foreigners
to settle in North-America.

According to Letters from Corfica, Desertion pre-
vails more and more among the Troops lately landed
from France, Numbers of them having lately gone over
to Paoli.

August 5. We hear the Governor of Dover Castle has
received Orders to dignify the Landing of the King of
Denmark, in England, with a Royal Salute and Dis-
charge of all the Cannon upon the Rampart.

We are informed, that such is the flourishing and
prosperous State of our East-India Company, that all
their Ships that are coming home this Year, are fully
loaded; and Five Hundred Thousand Pounds in Spe-
cie is coming from Bengal, which is expected to arrive
in about Two Months.

The Corsicans have surrounded the little Town of
Barbagio, situate at a small Distance from Bastia, with
Walls, and it is supposed are preparing to build a Fort
there. They have likewise reinforced their Garrisons
at Foriani and Patrimonio, in the latter of which the
Tribunal of the Province is held; and it is said, flatter
themselves with the Hopes of great Support from the
English, who, according to these Advices, have already
remitted them large Sums in Money, together with
Arms and warlike Stores, to the Amount of 200,000 l.
Sterling.

It is now said for a Truth, that his Danish Majesty
is not expected at Dover, 'till the 12th Instant.

A Lady on her Death-bed left her Son an old Bible,
with strict Charge to study it at all Times, but parti-
cularly, when uneasy in Mind: The Bible was laid by,
and forgot, 'till a few Days ago, when, being greatly
distressed in his Circumstances, he had Recourse to the
Bible for Comfort, in which, to his great Satisfaction,
he found Two Bank Notes for 500 l. each.

Extract of a Letter from Potsdam, dated July 1.

"The long and earnest Conferences which our So-
vereign has lately had with Sir Andrew Mitchell, the
British Ambassador, are said to have been relative to
the Affairs of Corfica; some very interesting Proposals
having been made to the Courts of London and Berlin
by General Paoli."

B O S T O N, September 15.

*At a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the
Town of BOSTON, legally qualified and warned, in
Public Town-Meeting assembled, at Faneuil-Hall, on
Monday, the 12th of September, A. D. 1768.*

The Meeting was opened with Prayer by the Reverend
Dr. COOPER.

The Honourable JAMES OTIS, Esq; was unani-
mously chosen Moderator.

THE Petition of a considerable Number of the re-
spectable Inhabitants to the Select-Men, dated
the 8th Instant, praying that the Town might be forth-
with legally convened, to enquire of his Excellency
the Governor, the Grounds and Reasons of sundry De-
clarations made by him, that Three Regiments may be
daily expected here, Two of them to be quartered in
this Town, and One at Castle-William; as also to con-
sider of the most wise, constitutional, loyal and salutary
Measures, to be adopted on such an Occasion, was
read—whereupon the following Vote was passed:

Whereas it has been reported in this Town-Meeting,
that his Excellency the Governor has intimated his Ap-
prehensions that One or more Regiments of his Ma-
jesty's Troops are daily to be expected here.

Voted, That the Honourable Thomas Cushing, Esq;
Mr. Samuel Adams, Richard Dana, Esq; John Rowe,
Esq; John Hancock, Esq; Benjamin Kent, Esq; and
Dr. Joseph Warren, be a Committee to wait upon his
Excellency, if in Town, humbly requesting that he
would be pleased to communicate to the Town the
Grounds and Assurance he may have thereof.

Upon a Motion made, and seconded,
Voted, That the following Petition be presented to
his Excellency the Governor,—and a Committee was
appointed for the Purpose, who were directed humbly
to request his Excellency to favour the Town with an
immediate Answer.