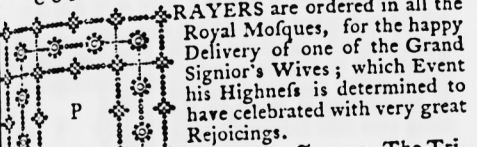


MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1768.

Letters of Adm... Husband, the... requests the... which the beg... to Mr. Thom... Claims, par... Notes, or... may be given... determined to... Time limited... Administrat... CON... ks belonging... to Mr. Jacq... to Elizabeth B... July 21, 1761... ANDREW Bru... his Busines... R, in Favour... Door to Mr... himself with... Material, for... the Encourag... others, as they... with every Ar... FASHIONS... JAMES REID... July 22, 1761... scribe, a Con... HAEEL CONA... in that Dialect... high, has black... away, a white... Metal Buttons, a... Breeches, much... several Places, 2... and a Pair of... servant, shall re... LINGS; and, if... aid by... JAM BROWN... Bayonet, which... Negro Fellow st... TED, CREAMER, from... subscriber, in A... BARK-POWDEL... and Three Poun... THOMAS HALL... August 18, 1761... on the First Day... UNKIELD, in Ea... Miles from Esp... hundred Acres, and... For Informatic... declining to bid for... of said County... (117) ty, June 9, 1761... rney, from George... deford, in Great... wns, Cecil County... er Saffron, and... in which is a good... 3 Feet. On the... the Second, are... also a Counting... also on the Lot... money, and Flank... Log Ware-Hous... the End of which... may load; this... want, but it may... valuable Treat... of MY-DEBTS. It... town, and on the... the Back Country... finely timbered... to be an extreme... Any Person in... to William Prie... tie is indispensab... JOSEPH EARLE... ty, May 25, 1761... on the 25th of De... gro Man, named... ut 5 Feet 9 Inch... Samuel Chew's Plaz... suppose he is har... w's, he calls his... o, and secures him... have a Reward of... ight home to his... in the above Com... FRANCIS HALL... E D, h the Busines... uch a one, on Ap... encouraged... PRINTING-... TISEMENTS, Long Ones... of BLANKS, Paper BONDS, K performed

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 1.



RAYERS are ordered in all the Royal Mosques, for the happy Delivery of one of the Grand Signior's Wives; which Event his Highness is determined to have celebrated with very great Rejoicings.

LISBON, June 10. The Tribunal of Royal Censors have forbid the Bookfellers of this City to publish a Work, entitled, A Letter upon the Ex-

WARSAW, June 18. On the 10th of this Month, the Treasury gave public Notice, that a Pardon will be granted to the Marshal of the Confederacy of Great Poland, and all his Partisans, provided they surrender in Three Weeks, and make Submission for their Fault.

ROME, June 19. The Account of the total Defeat of the Russians in Podolia, is not confirmed; on the contrary, Prince Repnin has received an Express, since which it is reported, that General Apraxin has taken the Town of Bar, and made 1000 of the Confederates Pri-

BOLOGNA, June 20. We have received Advice, that since the Neapolitan Troops took Possession of Benevento, an Edict had been published, ordering all Strangers, without Distinction, to quit the Town in 24 Hours. At the same Time, Guards were posted at all the Doors of the Church and College, belonging to the

Notwithstanding the Acts of Violence committed in the Towns under the Dominion of the Pope, the Three allied Courts have declared, that they intend to keep up a good Understanding with the Holy See. Accordingly that of Naples proposed, at the Feast of St. Peter, to make the usual Present to the Pope, of a Spanish Genet, and a Purse of 7000 Ducats.

Borders of ITALY, June 20. The Corfican Force is very strong in the Neighbourhood of San Fiorenzo, Calvi, Ajaccio, Bonifaccio, and Angiola. The Province of Elpomonte has offered General Paoli a Thousand Volunteers, completely armed, who are to be commanded by an Officer of their own, to provide their own Necessaries, and to serve as a Flying Camp during the War. They are mostly robust young Men, between 18 and 30. They have each a large Dog, a Musket, Pistols, and a Stiletto.

DRESDEN, June 22. Greater Levies of Men have been made within some Months past, than for several Years before. These Recruits are not only destined to complete the Troops already on Foot, but likewise to form new Corps. It is computed, that the whole of the Forces, now on Foot, amount to 40,000 Men.

BERLIN, July 9. The Count de Finckenstein, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, has been at Potsdam upwards of Ten Days past, and holds frequent Conferences with the King: And the Baron de Diekau, Major-General of the Artillery, is just returned from thence, where he has assisted in several Plans of Operations, which have been concerted under his Majesty's Direction. Before he left Potsdam, the King was pleased to honour him with the Order of the Black Eagle, and created him a Lieutenant-General. From the above-mentioned Circumstances, it is inferred, that some interesting Affairs are upon the Carpet, especially as the Troubles in Poland seem more likely to increase than diminish. As Part of his Majesty's Dominions border upon that Kingdom, our Court is extremely attentive to what passes there, on which Account several Detachments of Hussars, and other Light Troops, are sent to the Frontiers of Polish Prussia. Mr. Fleisch, Privy-Counsellor of the Grand Directory, is also gone to the Frontiers, in order to provide Magazines, and have every Thing ready against a Sur-

L O N D O N .

July 7. Orders are given for Three Men of War of the Line to be built at Milford-Haven, in Pembroke-shire.

It is said an additional Body of 15,000 Seamen will soon be taken into the Government's Service.

It is said, a numerous Body of British Merchants intend to petition his Majesty against the arbitrary Designs of France upon the Liberties of Corfica.

We hear from Corfica, that Mr. Murati, who lately commanded at Capraia, is to have the Command in the Gulf of San Fiorenzo, and the Direction of the Towers and Batteries there, which are all to be furnished with large Artillery. Considerable Magazines are forming, and the Garrisons have been augmented.

July 9. Many People are so sanguine that Mr. W. will be called up by an august Assembly, the next Winter, to take his Seat, that they have backed their Opinion with exceeding high Wagers.

If it be true that the Genoese have engaged to build Thirty Ships for the Service of France, is it not high Time that the English begin to build for the Service of Liberty?

We are told that large Bodies of French Troops are ordered down to the Sea Coasts; which gives Ground for political Speculation.

July 12. It is reported that a Treaty is negotiating between his Prussian Majesty, and Paoli, General of the Corficans.

It is reported that a Number of English Ship-Carpenters are now employed at Genoa, in the Construction of some Men of War of the Line, which are building in Consequence of a late Contract with France.

We are assured, that a Vessel is fitted out in the River, with a proper Machine on board, to dive for the Wreck of the Victory Man of War, the Rudder of which was lately found on the Coast of Guernsey.

July 13. It is rumoured the Marquis de Bussy is soon expected here from Paris, to succeed his Excellency Count de Chatelet Lamont, as Ambassador from France.

All the Regiments of Foot, Horse, and Dragoons, are now arrived at their destined Quarters for the Year, and those Regiments that have not their full Complement of Men, are ordered to be completed forthwith.

We are informed that a Scheme is on Foot to apply Part of the Crown Revenues in America, towards the Construction of a certain Number of Ships of War, and the establishing regular Arsenals and Dock-Yards, in the principal maritime Provinces on the Continent.

By a Person arrived in Town from Bombay, who came home in the Earl of Middlesex East-Indiaman, we are informed, that a considerable Quantity of Treasure, in Gold and Silver, with very antique Inscriptions thereon, had, a few Days before the said Ship failed from that Place, been dug up in a Cave within a few Miles of Bombay, supposed to have been deposited there, long before any European Settlements had been made on that Part of the Coast.

His Excellency Governor Bernard, of New-England, is shortly expected to arrive from America, where the unhappy Differences still subsist between him and the House of Assembly of that Province.

July 14. They write from Genoa, that a large Dutch Transport, laden with Gun-Powder and Ordnance Stores, for the Service of the Corficans, had been taken by a French Man of War in the Gulf of St. Fiorenzo.

A French Mantua-Maker has lately retired from London to Paris, with a Fortune of 15,000 l. where she lives in great Splendor, on what she emphatically calls, "La Fellic des Dames Angloises."

Yesterday there was a Levee at St. James's, and also a Privy-Council, at which most of the great Officers of State assisted, which did not break up 'til near Four o'Clock, when his Majesty returned to Richmond.

A Letter from Leghorn, dated June 18, says "Advices received here from Corfica, inform, that the Corficans have received great Quantities of Arms and Military Stores from England, and that some English Ships are cruising round that Island. These Letters add, that a Body of those Islanders being posted under Furiani, near Bastia, with Orders to attack the French, if they went out of their Lines, a smart Encounter happened between them, in which the French had 150 Men killed. The Corficans keep a very watchful Eye over the Places which the French are in Possession of."

A Gentleman of Fortune in Berkshire, who kept Three Maid-Servants, was married to One of them on Friday last, and on Sunday, his Two Sons followed his Example, by marrying the other Two.

By Accounts from Corfica, we are informed, that in a General Assembly which had been held at Corte, it was resolved to assemble all the Militia of the Island, to augment the Pay of the regular Troops, and to lay a Tax of 4 per 1000 on all Real and Personal Estates and Merchandize. The Clergy are to pay a Tenth of all their Benefices; the Convents are rated at a fixed Sum; and the Produce of the whole is to be solely employed in Support of the War.

General Paoli, it seems, has declared, "That if all the Maritime Powers subscribe to the Treaty between the French and Genoese, he must subscribe thereto likewise; if not, that the Corficans will defend their Liberty to the last Drop of their Blood."

Letters directly from Corfica say, that the Treaty in question, is not of the Nature of a Mortgage, as has been insinuated by some Accounts, but a free and entire Cession, in virtue of which the Genoese have obtained great commercial Advantages both in France and Spain.

From Naples we have the following little Anecdote. The King being at Table with his new-married Queen, and the Grand Duke and Dutchess of Tuscany, her Majesty presented to the King a Plate, which she said had been prepared by her own Hands, and which, on being uncovered, was found to contain several written Memorials. His Majesty, at the pressing Instances of the Queen, read them before he rose from Table; and it is added, that this Lecture would probably produce a Change in some of the first Posts of the Government.

Letters from Poland intimate, that from some secret Dispositions, it was presumed the King and the Russian Ambassador would soon find their Presence more necessary elsewhere, than at Warsaw.

It is said, that the great Addition of so many respectable Persons to the Board of Trade, mentioned in the last Gazette, is intended as a Council upon the Affairs of America, which are every Day becoming more serious.

July 16. Yesterday Summonses were sent to the Right Hon. the Privy Council, to meet this Day at St. James's, on Business of Importance.

We hear that the King of Denmark proposes to arrive here on the Third of next Month.

Orders are given to several of the Inhabitants of Somerset-House to quit their Apartments as soon as possible, in order to make room for some Families from St. James's, who now occupy the Apartments there that are intended for the Reception of his Danish Majesty.

We are told that several costly Trinkets, in Gold and Jewels, are preparing here for a great Personage, to be occasionally presented by him in the Course of his Travels.

The Two Princes of Saxe-Gotha went Yesterday to view the Curiosities in the British Museum.

A Letter received Yesterday, dated Gibraltar, June 14, says, "The Communion with Barbary is entirely stopt at present."

Yesterday there was a grand Council held at St. James's, at which his Majesty was present.

There have been this Week Two Conferences at a great Man's House a few Miles from London, between the D. of G. the E. of B. the E. of C. the D. of B. and a great Personage (not the L. C.) of the Law.

On Thursday the Earl of Hillsborough, Secretary of State for the Colonies, took his Seat at the Board, as first Lord of Trade and Plantations.

Yesterday a Number of Men were employed in fitting up the Apartments at St. James's, lately occupied by the Prince and Princess of Brunswick, for the Reception of his Danish Majesty.

By a Gentleman lately arrived from France, we are informed, that there had been, about Three Weeks ago, an Insurrection at Rouen in Normandy, on Account of the Dearth of Provisions, when the Mob attacked the Parliament-House at that Place, on which the Military had Orders to fire, and it was conjectured, that about Six Hundred Persons were killed or wounded. Another Insurrection happened likewise at Abbeville, where a great Number were also shot by the Soldiers. Bread is sold at Five Sous per Pound, which is Three-Pence English Money. No Corn is allowed to be exported; and armed Troops guard all the Corn that is sold at the different Markets.

Besides the Bombardment threatened to a certain City in the Mediterranean, as mentioned in the Papers, some other Places belonging to the Barbary State, are likely to feel the Effects of provoking a maritime Power.

People have got such a Notion of an approaching War with France, that Wagers are daily laid on that Subject, in almost all the Coffee-Houses.

July 18. Saturday Morning some Dispatches of great Importance, were sent off from the Secretary of State's Office, for his Excellency the Earl of Rochford, at Paris.

They write from Marseilles, that the Naval Commanders, both there, and at Toulon, have Orders to give every possible Encouragement to Corfican Seamen to enter into the French Service.

We are assured, that the Squadron fitting out at Plymouth, designed to reinforce Commodore Spry in the Mediterranean, is ordered to be got ready for sailing with the utmost Expedition. It is likewise said, that upon it's joining the Commodore, he will hoist his Flag as a Rear-Admiral of the Red.

We are told that a new Fashion in the Drefs of the Gentlemen at the West-End of the Town, is going to be introduced, in Compliment to his Danish Majesty.

It is said that a Number of Silk Weavers are now engaging, by Prussian Agents, to go to Berlin, where they are promised the utmost Encouragement.

July 19. They write from Chatham, that the Man of War just finished there, which is the finest ever built, is to be launched the Beginning of next Month, and that his Danish Majesty is expected to be present. She is to be called the Barreter, and to carry 90 Guns.

There is now living in a Village in Kent, a Woman, aged 92, who has a Daughter aged 73, a Grand-Daughter 54, a Great Grand-Daughter 36, which last has a Daughter aged 17, and on the Point of Marriage.

The Retinue that will attend his Danish Majesty to England, will be much more numerous than at first expected, in Consequence of which, Orders are given to get in Readiness 60 Beds, for their Reception.

We are informed that his Majesty the King of Denmark, in consequence of an Invitation from their Graces the Duke and Dutchess of Northumberland, will honour them with his Company at Alnwick, in Northumberland, where a grand Entertainment will be provided, and a select Band of Music is already engaged to go down on the first Notice.

It is said that the Title of Earl of Yarmouth will speedily be conferred on the younger Branch of a certain noble Family.

It is said, that for the future, no Salt will be exported from Ireland, but to Great-Britain and her Colonies.

We are told by Letters from Warsaw, that such Malice is entertained by certain Gentlemen, against the City of Thorn, that they even openly vow Vengeance, and threaten to lay it in Ashes, because, as they pretend, the Plan of all the Advantages granted to the Protestants in the late Diet, was formed in that City. They are taking there all the Precautions against a Surprise, and some Companies of Burghers actually mount Guard on the Ramparts.

There has certainly been an Engagement between the Corficans and the French, wherein the latter are said to have had at least 500 Men killed and wounded.

They write from Modena, that Recruits are raising, by Order of the Pope, in the Ecclesiastical-State, and particularly in the Marche of Ancona, to be sent into the Ferrareze and the Dutchy of Castro.