

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 25, 1768.

RAN away last Night, from the Subscriber, a Co-... vict Servant Man, named MICHAEL CONA...

Whoever takes up and secures said Servant, shall receive a Reward of TWENTY SHILLINGS; and, if brought home, reasonable Charges, paid by WILLIAM BROWN.

He has with him an old rusty Bayonet, which he pulled out of his Bosom, when a Negro Fellow attempted to bring him home.

To be LET, on CHARTER, to any of the West-India Islands, or to be sold,

THE SCHOONER MARTHA, Burthen Eighty TONS.

For Terms, apply to Captain JAMES READE, at ROCK-HALL, Messrs. JAS. DICK and STEWART, in Annapolis, or to the Subscriber, in KENT County. ROBERT READE.

WILLIAM KNAPP, WATCH and CLOCK-MAKER.

IMPRESSED with a grateful Sense of the Favours he has received from the Gentlemen of this, and the neighbouring Provinces, takes this Method of returning his sincere Thanks for the Countenance and Encouragement he has hitherto been honoured with; and, as he is solicitous to merit a Continuance of their Approbation, he has lately procured, at a very considerable Expence, a complete Apparatus, for the more effectual Execution of the different Branches in his Business, without which it is impracticable to give that Satisfaction he is studious to render, and he is determined, by unremitting Assiduity, and the utmost Exertion of his Abilities, to justify and secure the Public Confidence.

It is with Concern he finds himself reduced to the disagreeable Necessity of cautioning the Public against the continued Batches of many P. watches to the Business, whose Inabilities are too frequently experienced by the Employer, as heavy Charges inevitably follow, to rectify the Errors of those Tickling Performers, and the Mechanism of the Piece is thus destroyed, beyond the Power of Art to repair.

He has, of his own Make, GOLD, SILVER, and PINCHBECK WATCHES, of the best and newest Construction, finished in the genteelst Taste. First with Seconds in the Center, commonly called Step-Watches, Eight-day and Alarm Clocks: The Qualities and Prices of all which are contrived to prevent Importation, as he flatters himself those Gentlemen, who have already dealt with him, can testify, and such as shall please to honour him with their Commands, will agreeably experience: The commendable Ardour which has been happily manifested for the Promotion of American Manufactures, induces him to hope for the Encouragement of all who are inclined to protect and countenance social Industry amongst us; and he doubts not but they will clearly perceive the Advantages of dealing with the Maker on the Spot, where they can previously examine what they purchase, and who will engage to keep his Work in Repair, at the trifling Charge of 3s. 6d. Annually (General Accidents excepted) He will receive and complete, with the greatest Expedition, Orders either for Watches or Clocks, made on any Principle, and agreeable to any Fashion, and will allow, in Exchange, the best Prices for old Watches and Clocks.

He will wait on any Gentleman in, or near this City, to repair their Clocks.

N. B. To be sold, just imported, Six PRINTS, elegantly framed and glazed, being Views of London, designed and engraved by the most eminent Masters in England.—They are very proper Furniture for a ParLOUR, or Study.

Queen-Anne's County, May 25, 1768.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 25th of December last, a Country-born Negro Man, named WILL, a well set black Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high. He crossed the Bay to Mr. Samuel Chew's Plantation, on Herring-Bay, where I do suppose he is harboured by a Negro Wench of Mr. Chew's, he calls his Wife. Whoever takes up said Negro, and secures him in Anne-Arundel County Jail, shall have a Reward of Four Pounds Ten Shillings, if brought home to his Master, living near Queen's-Town, in the above County, Five Pounds, paid by FRANCIS HALL.

WANTED, A PERSON well acquainted with the Business of a COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE. Such a one, on Application to the Printer, will be duly encouraged.

LIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING, at 12s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, several Sorts, with their proper BONDS, Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed

WARSAW, April 9. THE King has sent Circular Letters to the Officers of Justice, and of the Police, in the different Provinces, directing them not to regard the Manifesto published by the Confederates of Podolia, nor suffer themselves to be intimidated by it in the Exercise of their Functions.

April 26. The Confederates of Podolia have not yet laid Siege to Kaminiack, as was reported, and the Commandant of that Fort, so far from surrendering, has armed the Burgers, and taken every prudent Means to prevent being surpris'd. It is said that the Confederates have sent to Constantinople to solicit the Assistance of the Grand Signior.—Be that as it will, the Marshal of the Confederacy has invited the other Palatines to join him; and the Sieur Potowski, the General of the Confederate Army, has published a Declaration, which enjoins the whole Army of the Republic to acknowledge him for their Commander-General. These Proceedings greatly embarrass the Ministry, who are apprehensive of the Consequences; as neither the National Troops, nor the Inhabitants of the Country, seem disposed to fight against their Countrymen, who have raised the Standard of Religion and Liberty.

ANCONA, April 6. We have received Advice, that the St. Charles, a Venetian Man of War, of 80 Guns, and 700 Men, has been lost in a violent Storm off Sembraglia, and that all the Crew perished. She was homeward bound from the Levant, and her Cargo is valued at a Million of Ducats.

L O N D O N.

May 6. It is said a Camp will be formed at Brompton, near Chatham, this Summer, and covered by a Train, with a Detachment from the Royal Train of Artillery.

May 7. Several of the inferior Clergy, we hear, have lately privately met, and prepared a Petition to be laid before the Second Meeting of a certain Assembly, for Relief, and a more equal Distribution of Church Revenues. Copies thereof are to be printed and sent all over England to be signed.

May 12. Unless prevented, by the utmost Diligence, several Persons are now upon the Eve of going to America, and carrying over Numbers of Hofiers Frames, and able Workmen in that Branch of Trade, to establish a Manufactory in that Part of the World.

It was observable at a celebrated Assembly last Week, that Miss Wilkes not only danced in the same Row with one of the R—F—, but that the young Lady's Partner, for the whole Night, was a North-Briton.

Every Anecdote in Favour of Mr. Wilkes will be sure to please some Part of our Readers. Now, of all the fast Friends of that Gentleman among the softer Sex, no one, so far as we have learned, has figured higher than a certain Heroine, well known at the Court-End of the Town, under the Stile and Title of Black-Bess. Of this illustrious Female, it is recorded, that scraping together not less than 200l. and arriving at the King's-Bench with it, in her Lap, she demanded Entrance, threw the whole at his Feet, and vociferously cried out, "If Squire Wilkes wants Money, by G— he shall have my ALL!" On the other Hand, Miss Lucy Cowper (a Lady of Pleasure) unfortunately situated under the same disagreeable Roof with the Squire, more gently, tho' not less sincerely, made an Offering too of all she could be said to possess—Silver and Gold—we mean, in Superfluity—had she none, but her Apartment, such as it was, should that be found to be agreeable to our Hero, she assured him he should be at full Liberty to share with his Owner.

May 13. The Amsterdam Gazette says, "For many Years past, England has not been disturbed with so many Commotions at any one Time. The Affair of Mr. Wilkes has created a Spirit of Discord, which the Elections have nourished and increased. The Weavers have committed great excesses against their Masters and Journeymen. The Coalheavers have repeatedly attacked their Employers, in Order to obtain an Augmentation of Wages. A few Days ago there had like to have been Mischief done at Portsmouth, between the Marines and the Artificers in the King's Dock-Yard, about certain Emoluments, of which the former wanted to deprive the latter."

May 18. We are credibly informed, that the French purchase more English Horses, than all the other Nations of Europe put together; they generally give the highest Prices, but where they take a Liking to a Horse, no Price can keep him from them.

We are informed, that the Bill for the Augmentation of the Army in Ireland, after a very warm Contest, was rejected the First Day, by a Majority of One, the Second Day, by a Majority of Four Voices.

Every Lover of his Country must be filled with a deep Regret on Account of the many Tumults which are now distracting this great Metropolis. We hear loud Complaints of them from every Quarter, and the Partisans of the several political Factions endeavour to throw the Odium of them upon each other's Party. The Abettors of those in Power, tell us, that there is a Spirit of Anarchy and Confusion gone abroad amongst the Mob, which must be repressed by the severest Measures; whilst the Heroes of Opposition, boldly assert, that the Blunders of Administration, and the Want of good Policy, has given Occasion to all this Disturbance, with all its dreadful and melancholy Consequences.

May 19. The King of the Two Sicilies having represented to the Grand-Master of Malta, "That the Jesuits in that Island being always dependant on the Province of Sicily, and as such, making Part of the Jesuits expelled from his Kingdom, the Public-Good required, that the Members of that Society, who were at present in the Island of Malta, should be transported elsewhere;" upon this the Grand-Master immediately notified his Sicilian Majesty's Intentions to those Fathers, who found it necessary to conform thereto, and accordingly embarked on board a Ship for Ancona; their Effects being confiscated 'til further Orders.

May 20. There is a very strong Rumour that Lord Camden will soon resign the Chancellorship, and that Mr. Yorke will succeed him in that important Office.

The Whisperm is also equally current, that the Right Hon. the Earl of Shelburne, will, in a few Days, resign his Post of Secretary of State.

A Report is circulated, that Mr. Dunning, the Solicitor-General (who declined the other Day to plead against Mr. Wilkes) will shortly give Place, in his Office, to Mr. Wedderburn.

May 24. A Letter from Porto Ferraro, dated April 10, says, "They write from Bastia, that the Corsican Corsair belonging to Erbalonga, which hath cruised against the Genoese Ships ever since the 12th of last Month, put into Bastia the 20th, having taken Five Ships, the Cargoes of which are valued at upwards of 100,000l. These Ships, if Peace is not soon concluded, will be armed against the Genoese."

General Paoli gave, on the 1st Ult. a grand Dinner to the Count de Marbeuf, and other French Officers.

May 25. It is privately whispered at the West-End of the Town, that before the Expiration of the present Session, a Divorce will take place between a nobleman and his Consort; immediately after which his Lordship is to be married to another Lady.

It is said that the Duke of G—f— is on the Point of being reconciled to his Consort, from whom he has been for a long Time separated.

It is said, that the Prisoners in the King's-Bench Prison, do not even wish for an Act of Grace, or Insolvency, during Mr. Wilkes's Residence in that Place; as they are now daily visited from Patriotic Motives, by Numbers of their old Acquaintance, who never came to see them from Friendly ones.

They write from Hastings, in Suffex, that a very tumultuous Mob rose there by Beat of Drum, and initiated upon having Wheat at 5s. per Bushel. They then went in Triumph to the House of one Mr. White, a Farmer in that Neighbourhood, dragged him out to the Middle of one of his own Fields, forced him to stay there while they broke open his Granary, and destroyed all his Wheat; after this they returned and paraded it about the Town. The Mayor being afraid to oppose them, John Nicholl, Esq; a Justice of the Peace in the Place, caused the Ringleader to be brought before him, and charged an Officer with him, with a Mittimus to convey him to Horsham Jail; but the Mob soon rescued their Captain, and then proceeded in a most riotous Manner to Mr. Nicholl's House, whom they probably would have killed, if he had not fortunately made his Escape through the back Door.

May 26. We are told, that if the Sale of Mr. Wilkes's History of England answers the sanguine Expectations of his Friends, that Gentleman will oblige the World with the History of Scotland, from 1715, to the present Time.

May 27. It is strongly reported that a material Change in the Administration is not very distant; and what is more remarkable, it is owing to some Disputes about settling the Ceremonial of a late Funeral Procession.—The following List is come to our Hands: Earl of Gower, first Lord of the Treasury. Mr. Grenville, Secretary for the Southern Department. Earl of Temple, Privy Seal. Earl of Sandwich, First Lord of the Admiralty. Earl of Halifax, President of the Council. Mr. Yorke, Lord Chancellor. Earl of Suffolk, First Lord of Trade. Lord Hillsborough, and Lord de Despencer, Postmasters-General.

EDINBURGH, May 20. A few Days ago, an old Woman made Information to an Excise-Officer, in Glasgow, of a Chest of Run-Tea, and had 20s. for her Intelligence. The Officer went accordingly, and found the Box, as described, and had it conveyed immediately to the King's Warehouse: But, on opening it, to his great Surprise, a fine living Child made its Appearance. On this Discovery, he attempted to lay the Child upon the Parish, but the Parish Officers absolutely refused to take it, alledging, that as it had been seized according to Law, one Half became the Property of his Majesty, and the other, of Course, the Officer's own, as a Reward of his Diligence, so that at any Rate he must stand Foster-Father, as the King pays Costs.

BASSATERRE, (in St. Christopher's) July 23.

By accounts from St. Croix, we hear, that on Friday last, the 15th Instant, a most dreadful Fire happened there: It is said to have begun on Mr. Manning's Estate, and in a short Time to have communicated to Nine other Estates, destroying in its Course all their Works, and above One Thousand Acres of Canes. It lasted from Ten in the Forenoon to Four in the Afternoon, the Wind blowing excessive hard all the Time. The Damage done cannot be justly ascertained, but is supposed to exceed 250,000l. Sterling. One white Woman is missing, supposed to have perished in the Flames, but we do not hear of any Negroes being lost.

B O S T O N, August 8.

The following is a Copy of a Petition reported to the late House of Representatives, by a Committee, and under their Consideration, when the Assembly was dissolved.

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and faithful Subjects, the Representatives of your ancient and loyal Province of the Massachusetts-Bay, impressed with the deepest Sense of Gratitude to Heaven, for calling to the British Succession, your Majesty's illustrious Family, and so firmly establishing your Majesty on the Throne of your Royal Progenitors: And, being abundantly convinced of your Majesty's Grace and Clemency, most humbly implore the Royal Favour, while we briefly represent the Grievances we labour under, and which, under GOD, your MAJESTY alone can redress.—It is with inexpressible Concern, that we are constrained thus publicly to complain of the Administration of his Excellency Francis Bernard, Esq; your Majesty's Governor of this Province; who has betrayed an arbitrary Disposition.—He early attached himself to a Party, whose Principles and Views, we apprehend, have ever been repugnant to your Majesty's real Service.—He has, both in his Speeches, and other Public Acts, treated the Representative-Body with Contempt.—He has in an unwarrantable Manner, taken upon himself the Exercise of your Majesty's Royal Prerogative, in granting a Charter for a College, without even the Advice of your Majesty's Council.—He has openly attempted to make himself sole and absolute Judge, of the Qualification of Members returned to serve in the House of Representatives.—We have also Reason to apprehend, that he has endeavoured to persuade your Majesty's Ministers, to believe, that an Intention was formed, and a Plan settled, in this, and the rest of your Colonies, treasonably to withdraw themselves from all Connection with, and Dependence upon Great-Britain; and from their natural Allegiance to your Majesty's sacred Person and Government.—He has, in his public Speeches, charged both Houses of Assembly, with Oppugnancy against the Royal Authority; and with leaving Gentlemen out of the Council, only for their Fidelity to the Crown.—He has indiscreetly, not to say wantonly, exercised the Prerogative of the Crown, in the repeated Negative of Counsellors of an unblemished Reputation, and duly elected by a great Majority of both Houses of Assembly.—He has declared, that certain Seats at the Council Board, shall be kept vacant, 'til certain Gentlemen, his Favourites, shall be re-elected.—He has unconstitutionally interfered with, and unduly influenced Elections; particularly in the Choice of an Agent for the Province.—He has very abruptly displaced divers Gentlemen of Worth, for no apparent Reason, but their voting in the Assembly against his Measures.—He has practised the sending over Depositions to the Ministry, against Gentlemen of Character here, without giving the accused the least Notice of his Purposes and Proceedings.—He has created divers new and unconstitutional Offices.—He has drawn divers Warrants on the Treasury, for the Payment of Monies against the express Approbation of the Assembly.—He has at this Session, presumed to threaten the General Assembly, upon the Non-compliance of the House of Representatives, with a certain Requisition, not only to dissolve them, but to delay to call a new Assembly, which is beyond your Majesty's Orders.—By the Means aforesaid, and many others, that might be enumerated, he has not only rendered his Administration disagreeable to the whole Body of the People, but entirely alienated their Affections from him; and thereby wholly destroyed that Confidence in a Governor, which your Majesty's Service indispensably requires.—Wherefore, we most humbly intreat your Majesty, that his Excellency, Francis Bernard, Esq; may be removed from the Government of this Province; and that your Majesty would be graciously pleased to place one in his Stead, worthy to represent the greatest, and best Monarch on Earth.—And, as in Duty bound, we &c. shall ever pray.

We are informed that the Pension granted to his Honour, the L. G. to be paid out of the Revenue, now raising in America, by Virtue of the Acts of Parliament so much complained of in every Colony, is expressly declared to be, "in consideration of his faithful and firm Attachment to the Prerogative, and the Rights of the Crown, in the worst of Times."

The late Speaker of the Honourable House of Representatives of this Province, has received a Letter from the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Colony of Rhode-Island, in Answer to their circular Letter of the 11th of February last, informing, that he had laid said Letter before the House, and that they had appointed a Committee to prepare a humble, dutiful, and loyal Petition to his Majesty, and also a Letter to one of the Principal Secretaries of State, upon the Subject of the late Acts of Parliament, for raising a Revenue in America.—That the House highly approved of the Conduct of the House of Representatives of this Province, and think the Measures they have taken, worthy the Representatives of a free People, and perfectly consistent with that Loyalty to his Majesty, and that Regard for the British Constitution, which has always distinguished the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay.

One Day last Week a Report was current, that the Commissioners of the Customs were in Town, but, upon Enquiry, it proved a Mistake, and the Apprehensions of the Inhabitants subsided.