

announce for our County—"That such a Man will be received, followed, and almost adored by us, as the Guardian-Genius of our PROVINCE." To Such-a-one, the People will dily consign their most sacred Powers, and sting him, in the Plenitude of their Authority, bid him boldly maintain their inherent CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS and PRIVILEGES, their RELIGION, their LIBERTIES and PROPERTIES—stand firm against the Claims of the other Branch of Legislature, with respect to the Clerk the Council's Allowance, and the Right to the Annage, &c.—Abstruse and Knotty Matters! not yet adjusted between the Two Houses of Assembly.—"But, if the Modesty of our CANDIDATE shou'd hinder him from acting the above engaging Part before the PEOPLE; and, what Public Necessity, almost makes his Duty; let him endeavour to inspire a few more with the same generous Sentiments, and let them divide both the Service and the Glory.—Glory, which, however decry'd and discountenanc'd of late (is, as a noble Lord observes *, and out of whose Works I have borrowed my Conclusion,) the only Thing worth the Ambition of the Great, and what the Voice of the People only can bestow."

I am, GENTLEMEN,

with much Respect,

Your most humble Servant,

An ELECTOR in Anne-Arundel County.

* See BOLLINGBROKE'S Remarks.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 1.

ON the 23d past, about Midnight, a Fire broke out at the Grand Vizier's Hotel, which consumed Two large Palaces, the one belonging to the Tefterdar, the other to Tairaga.

PARIS, Sept. 5. M. Churbert, a celebrated Harpichord-Maker, a Physician, and Six other Persons, died a few Days ago, by eating Mushrooms, which they gathered in the Bois de Bologne.

LONDON, September 18.

They write from Madrid, that his Catholic Majesty was about to abolish the great Trade hitherto carried on between Manilla and Acapulco; which would have taken Place many Years ago, had it not been for the superior Influence of the Jesuits.

It is asserted, those Gentlemen who have already consented to serve in a new Ministry, have absolutely declared they will have no Connection with the Favourite, or his Adherents.

On Friday there was a great Board of Admiralty, when, it is said, several small Ships were put into Commission, the Command of which, we hear, was given to Lieutenants on Half-pay.

Sept. 21. Among the different Persons talked of to succeed the late Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Right Hon. Colonel Barre, Member of Wycomb, is mentioned as one qualified in all Respects to fill that important Office; his Abilities not being inferior even to those of a T----- or a G-----.

The following Toasts have been drank at several Meetings, on occasion of the approaching General Election:

- An Addition of honest Men, Subtraction of Grievances, Multiplication of Elections, Division among Knaves. And, Reduction of our Debts.

Sept. 22. We are informed that the Contests at the next ensuing General Election, are expected to be the greatest since the late glorious Revolution in 1689.

We are authorized to assure the Public, that the Account of a late Negotiation, printed in a monthly Magazine, and in several News-Papers, is, in many Respects, utterly false; and in most, a Perversion and Misrepresentation of Facts, equally indecent to the -----, and injurious to the Parties concerned in that Transaction.

Our Patriot Ancestors were afraid that England would, in Time of War, be lost in a misty Morning. They saw and dreaded the Consequences that would unavoidably be attended on the Enemy's Fleet passing ours. They knew the Inequality of our Land Armies, to that of our Foes; reasoned justly upon that Knowledge. But far different Principles prevail in this doating Age. We see France and Spain exerting every Nerve, in order to augment their Navies, and enable themselves to look us in the Face at Sea. We know that Victory depends on the Number of Ships, Weight of Metal, and Size of the combating Vessels. Last War may convince us, that our superior Courage is not to be depended on, where the Stake is so important. We have witnessed the French fighting us at Sea with equal Numbers, and, if not conquering under those Circumstances, yet behaving in such a Manner as to give us to understand, that a small Number of Ships, Men, and Guns, in their favour, is sufficient to insure Victory on their Side. The Art of War is now arrived at such Perfection, that Discipline supplies the Place of Courage, and keeps the Poltroon to that Duty, which is willingly performed by the Man of Valour. What signifies then, in such a Situation of Affairs, the superior Patriot Disposition of our Naval Officers and Sailors? They may lead them to Death, but cannot conduct them to Victory, when engaged with superior Numbers, observing like Rules of Discipline, and equally well attending the several Duties of their respective Stations. One Defeat at Sea would ruin our Dependence, but Twenty would not risk that of our Enemies. All the Shipwrights we have in the Kingdom ought to be provided in Employment, as far as possible, in order to

prevent their entering into the Service of our Foes. All of them that are necessary in order to build Three Ships, for One, constructed in France and Spain, ought, for ever, to be busted in our Docks. A less Proportion of Men of War, cannot give us absolute Safety, especially now we have such extensive Dominions to protect, which certainly ought to be aimed at, when we must pay the Forfeit of a single Misfortune for our total Existence.

Letters from Jamaica inform, that the Spanish Government have actually expended Three Millions of Dollars in augmenting the Fortifications at the Havannah, which were extended inland several Miles.

Sept. 23. They write from Madeira, that a Gold Mine has lately been discovered in the Island of Teneriffe, which was said to be very rich, and Samples of the same had been sent to Lisbon, for the King's Leave to work it to Advantage.

Extract of a Letter from Dublin, Sept. 10.

"A short Time since, a Sailor, a Native of this City, who had been abroad Three Years, came home, and finding his Wife sitting with another Man by the Fire, he asked her where she had the Child then on her Knee? She replied, Dear Jack, I thought you had been dead, and I am married again. Very well says Jack, but I married you first, and by G-d, I'll have you while on Shore, and he may be your Husband when I am at Sea; and, as to the Children, I will pay Half the Charges of maintaining them. They soon agreed; and the Second Husband, who kept a Public-House, became Drawer to his Wife, in Hopes that Jack will soon fail, when he is to commence Landlord again."

BOSTON, November 16.

The Public may be assured that the Inhabitants of this Town in general, are going into more frugal Measures than have been come into at their late Meeting; particularly, by laying aside Tea, and not purchasing Woollens of any Kind for 12 or 18 Months, after the 1st of January next.

We are told that the L----- G-----, in the Time of the Stamp-Act, publicly declared that there was no Manner of Distinction between an internal and external Tax.—Our Patriots were with him in this Sentiment, upon the Supposition that external Taxes were to be levied here, for the Purposes of a Revenue; and in this Opinion they entirely agree with the great Commoner, Mr. Pitt.

We have it from good Authority, that the Assembly of New-York are determined to make a constitutional Stand in Support of their Rights; and that the Inhabitants are resolved to encourage Frugality and Manufactures.

Many Persons in the Country have wondered what should occasion the present Scarcity of Money. Their Wonder must cease, by being told, that lately only Two Vessels carried off about 160,000 l. of our Silver and Gold, paid for Duties and Taxes on Sugar, Melasses, Rum, Cocoa, &c. &c. consumed in the Province; and that it is computed by some, that near a Million of our Money in O. T. has already gone from us in this Way.

Judicious Persons among us are apprehensive that the new Duties laid the last P----- without our Consent, upon Tea, Paper, and Glass of every Kind, Painters Colours, &c. &c. must, if paid, soon drain all our Money, which will be quickly felt by the Rise of Interests, Fall of Landed Estates, Bankruptcies, Imprisonments, and the entire Ruin of Trade.

We have the Pleasure to learn, that the great Ones here, who have been expecting their Salaries would be increased by Thousands out of the new Duties, now begin to think that they will all be set afloat by the new Measures now pursuing in this and the other Provinces.

We can confidently assure the whole World, that the People of this Province are as well disposed to assist the Civil Magistrate in the lawful Exercise of Authority, without the Aid of Military Troops, as any of His Majesty's Subjects in England, and that this County, and the Town of Boston in particular, have always shewn as great a Readiness to support Government, as any County in this Province, notwithstanding the late impudent Assertion of a certain furred Patagonian, who is NO JUDGE, to the contrary. S. X.

From the BOSTON GAZETTE.

Old-Colony, November 10, 1767.

GENTLEMEN,

YOU would be astonished at the Concern expressed by the People in general at this Distance from the Metropolis, at the Conduct of the G-----, in answering the Application made to him by the very worthy Boston Representatives, for calling the Assembly together; in answering, I say, by a further Prorogation.

We cannot but look upon it as a Foretaste of the numberless Evils, naturally arising out of the new Regulations, to render, G-----s, &c. independent upon the People.

There seems to be an absolute Necessity for the G----- to be convened at all Events. I would therefore, in the Behalf of an injured People, pray you, as you are Members of the Assembly, and near the Metropolis, to join with the other Members, in requesting their Speaker to convene the House forthwith, in order to make their united Application to his E-----, to give them Leave to sit, in their Legislative Capacity, that humble Petitions may be made to our most Gracious Sovereign, for Relief from Measures which, if insisted on, and persisted in, must destroy our Being as a free People, and inevitably break off all commercial Communications with the Mother-Country.—If we think ourselves aggrieved, this Application home, will be expected from us, as it was in the Time of the late Stamp-Act, and perhaps prevent what might otherwise be the too natural Consequence of such intolerable Burthens.—His E----- will not refuse such a joint Request.—But if he should, I would humbly propose, that the Members, thus convened, in their private Capacity, would address the Throne.

The KING, from his native Goodness, and paternal Affection for his Subjects, will undoubtedly be moved with their Distresses, and grant their Prayer; especially when he sees, that the expected Independence of our G----- upon us for his Support, has broken off his Connection with us, and weakened his Affections from us.

I am, Sirs, your most obedient humble Servant, To the Members of the Assembly, near Boston, H----- F-----.

NEW-YORK, November 19. Extract of a Letter from a Spanish Gentleman in Authority at Jucatan, to an Englishman at the Bay, dated Merida, August 21, 1767.

"By yours of the 2d Instant, I see with what Earnestness you solicit to cut Logwood in the Bay of Spirito Santo, and as it does not appear to me to be lawful, nor comprehended, as you suppose, in the Treaty of Peace, you will abstain from settling in that Place, having no Pretence to do it, nor is it in my Power to permit it; although some from your Settlement took the Liberty to endeavour to execute it.—What you will acquaint them, is, that if they persist in it, I will take the necessary Steps."

Extract of a Letter from London, dated Sept. 15.

"The King, in Council, has adopted the Scheme of settling a Colony on the Ohio; and the Lords of Trade are forming the Plan.—The French have established Two free Ports in the West-Indies, St. Lucia, and St. Nicholas, which occasions much Speculation here in England, as it is thought it will be the Means of introducing many French Manufactures into the English Colonies; for the Arrêt that establishes those free Ports, allows a free Exportation of all European Manufactures, as well as of Rum and Melasses."

ANNAPOLIS, December 3.

This Day comes on here the Election of Four MEMBERS to represent Anne-Arundel County.

On Monday Evening last, Mr. THOMAS ADDISON, Junr. of Patowmack, was married to Miss REBECCA DULANY, eldest Daughter of the Honble WALTER DULANY, Esq; of this Place. An agreeable young Lady, possessed of many amiable Qualifications.

Annapolis, Nov. 30, 1767.

THE COMMISSIONERS appointed by LORD BALTIMORE, for the SALE of his LORDSHIP'S MANORS and RESERVD LANDS, give Notice, that they will attend in the Month of January next, at the Places hereafter mentioned, and will expose to SALE, to the highest Bidder, the following MANORS and RESERVES, lying in Charles and St. Mary's Counties, viz.

- ZACHAIA, Thursday the 7th at Port-Tobacco. PANGAIA, Friday the 8th at Mr. Zachariah Beaf's. CHAPTICO, Monday the 11th at Mr. Zachariah Beaf's. MILL, WOOLEY, WEST, St. Mary's, Thursday 14th at Leonard-Town. SNOW-HILL, ST. JOHN'S, and ST. BARBARA'S, BEAVERDAM, Monday the 18th at ditto. CALVERTON, Thursday the 21st at Benedict.

The above Lands contain upwards of 40,000 Acres, and are to be put up in LOTS, as shall be most agreeable to the Purchasers. The Authority of the Commissioners, and the Terms of SALE, may be known, by applying to the Subscriber.

Signed per Order, JOHN CLAPHAM.

Annapolis, Nov. 27, 1767.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,

GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER, and LAPIDARY, Has opened Shop, opposite Dr. HENRY STEVENSON'S, in Gay-Street, BALTIMORE-TOWN.

WHERE Ladies and Gentlemen may depend that constant Attendance will be given, and the greatest Expedition observed in any Orders they shall be pleased to favour him with. As he has provided proper Persons, which in the several Branches are calculated to give Content, so he will engage they cannot procure, on the Continent, any Articles in that Way, on better Terms than those which are manufactured by him. He keeps the Work he sells in Repair, gratis; and gives the best Prices for Old GOLD, SILVER, SILVER-LACE, and BALTIMORE-STONE.

He continues to attend the Business in ANNAPOLIS, as usual, and returns his sincere Thanks to his FRIENDS and the PUBLIC, for the Encouragement he has met with there, and hopes a Continuance of the same.

WILLIAM KNAPP,

WATCHMAKER, in ANNAPOLIS.

BEGS Leave to acquaint the Gentlemen of Baltimore, that any Com-mands in the WATCH-WAY, delivered at the above Shop, shall be carefully executed, and speedily returned to said Shop; as he has now for that Purpose, established such an Intercourse between Baltimore and this Place, that will admit of no Disappointment.

To be Sold by the SUBSCRIBERS; at the Store Mr. Roberts formerly kept,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, at the very lowest Rates, for ready Cash, or Indian Corn. Also Rum, Loaf Sugar, Muscovado ditto, Raisins, Currants, Soap, Candles, Coffee, Chocolate; Ginger, Pepper, Mustard, Bobsa and Hyson Tea, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, &c.

- N. B. Rum, at 5 s. per Gallon. Loaf Sugar, at 15 d. Raisins, at 10 d. Currants, at 16 d. Bohea Tea, at 6 s. 6 d. and 7 s. 6 d. Hyson, ditto, at 26 s. Chocolate, at 2 s. Coffee, at 13 d. } per Pound.

JON. PINKNEY, & ISAAC M'HARD.

To be SOLD, by THOMAS WILLIAMS, and Co. at their STORE, in ANNAPOLIS.

A FEW fine young NEGRO BOYS, that have been off the Coast Two and Three Years.

They have likewise a Quantity of the best Muscovado Sugar for Sale, by the C. W. THOMAS C. WILLIAMS (37)

Ante-Arundel WHEREAS RUTH, the hath eloped, without do hereby give this public any Debts of her contracting

THERE is at the Plant a Sorrel HORSE, about the near Shoulder W, and hind Feet white, a Snip in and gallops, and appears to The Owner may have the party and paying Charges

Elk-Ridge L THE Subscriber, pursuant Proposal, at opening those who were pleased to propose: And that none Excuse, because of the scarcity of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, merchantable Commodity, every Delinquent, who Terms, or come and settle Bond or Note, may expect the Law directs.

To be Sold by PUBLIC Mr. THOMAS ELLIOT, day the 17th of December good London Bills of Exchange

PARCEL of Healthy consisting of Men, mongst which are some capable of any Kind of The Sale to begin at

Elk-Ridge L ALL Persons indebted and pay of their Accounts December next, for which I will take any Kind allow the highest Market comply, I flatter myself, I sued and warranted, without Distinction, as I any further Indulgence.

I have a Tract of LAND Baltimore County, containing Five Hundred Acres, on w Meadow, the Soil is parti colour'd Tobacco. I will e or Parcel it to suit the Pur (37)

THE Subscriber having GOODS remaining them on very easy Terms, Short Credit will be given Bond with Security. He have open Accounts with Balances, as Sheriff of Anne will come and settle the would be disagreeable to the

To be SOLD on the Present Tuesday the 15th Day of Exchange, or ready Cash

PART of a TRACT OF TO HAPPY CHOICE near the Sugar-Loaf Mountain, dred Acres.

Any Person inclinable Terms, by applying to the County, near Queen-Anne. (37)

FREDER ALL Persons who have against the late Mr. County, deceased, or again Son and Heir at Law, all the said William Norris, in communicate the same to of the aforesaid William Truck's, on Little Pipe-C Mr. Thomas Norris died po Estate, Part of which, w Son and Heir at Law, and his Debts; and the said W Infant, about 18 Months to signify their Consent, neral Assembly of this Pr some Person to sell the L Norris, for the Payment of there will be sufficiency an all Debts, and leave some (36)

RAN away from the S berland County, about a Negro Fellow named S and well made, about 5 a smooth Face, and good Complexion, he is much t and the first Joint of the left Hand, and has a Cut on, when he went away with Pocket-Flaps before Collar, a Pair of Count black Plush ditto, a light white Metal Buttons, and Middle; he understands a pensters Trade.

Whoever takes up said Subscriber, living on the River, shall have FIVE P (34)

If said Fellow is in requested to signify it to