

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXII^d Year.]

THURSDAY, April 23, 1767.

[N^o. 1128.]

Piscataway, Dec. 6, 1766.
WHEREAS William, Mary, and Francis Herringham, the Children of William Herringham, late of Greenwich, in the County of Kent, did, about 25 Years ago, leave England, and go to some Part of the West-Indies, and, as it is believed, afterwards go to some of the Northern Colonies in America: This is therefore to give Notice to them, if the said William, Mary, and Francis Herringham, or the Survivor or Survivors of them, be living, or to their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, if dead, that by applying by Letter, or otherwise, to the Subscriber at Piscataway, in Prince George's County, Maryland, they will bear of something greatly to their Advantage: Or, if any Person can give Information where any of the said Persons, if living, now reside, or if dead, when and where they died, and where buried; such Person shall be genteely rewarded for their Trouble, by applying as above, to

W. M. RUSSELL.

February 12, 1767.

To be SOLD, pursuant to the Directions of the Last Will and Testament of John Rofs, Esq; Deceased, the following Tracts of LAND, in Frederick County, Maryland, viz.

NEW-LONDON, containing 1360 Acres: The Main Road that leads from Frederick-Town, to Philadelphia, runs through this Tract, about 20 Miles from Frederick-Town, and 2 from Tanney-Town; it is well Wooded, and extremely Level, every Acre of it being fit for Cultivation: The Soil is well adapted for Farming, being capable of producing almost every Kind of Grain. There are three or four Springs of Water, if not more, on this Tract.

THE CORNER, containing 112 Acres.—**ROSS'S RANGE**, containing 3400 Acres.— These two Tracts join to one another, and lie 5 or 6 Miles to the Northward of New-London.— **Great-Pipe-Creek, Bear-Branch, and The Meadow-Branch**, run through them, and afford several convenient Sites for Mills; and, on the Banks of these Streams, there is a large Quantity of excellent Bottom Land, capable of either bearing Hemp, or being made into Meadow Ground. The Upland is much the same Quality with that of New-London, but more broken.

THE PLAINS, containing 50 Acres, lies on Piney-Creek, a Draught of Menocky River.

Mr. Normand Bruce, who lives in the Neighbourhood, if called upon, will shew any of the above Tracts, to such as incline to purchase.

WALNUT LEVEL, containing 390 Acres, lies about 10 Miles West from Fort-Cumberland, upon a Branch of Will's-Creek.

ROSS'S-TOWN-CREEK-LOT, containing 530 Acres, lies on Town-Creek, about 12 Miles from the Mouth of it, near a Place called, The Devil's Hole.

WINGFIELD'S DELIGHT, containing 1300 Acres, and lies on a Branch of Lingnore: The Soil is, in general, good, it has plenty of both Timber and Water on it, and there is, from Appearances, great Reason to believe that it contains within it a very valuable Copper-Mine.

The Purchasers may, either, pay ready Money, or will be indulged in Time for the Payment, upon giving good Security.

The Terms may be known by applying to Dr. Upton Scott in Annapolis, who is empowered to dispose of the above Lands.

FRANCIS KEY, } Executors.
 U. SCOTT, }

October 16, 1766.

THE JUSTICES of Queen-Anne's and Talbot Counties, being empowered by Act of Assembly, to levy on the taxable Inhabitants of St. Paul's Parish, in the said Counties, certain Sums of Tobacco, to be applied by the Vestry and Church Wardens of the said Parish, towards Building and Compleating a new Parish Church; and building an Addition, and Galleries to the Chapel: The said Vestry and Church Wardens, will be ready to contract for the said Buildings, the First Tuesday in every Month.

Signed per Order,
 N. S. T. WRIGHT, Register.

the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all
 and Advertisements of a moderate
 after; And long Ones in Proportion.

L I S B O N, December 16.

THE mercantile Fleet from the Bay of All-Saints, long since expected, is at length arrived in the Tagus. On leaving the Bay it consisted of 45 Ships; but two of them were forced to separate from the Rest after a few Days sailing; so that it is not known whether they continued their Voyage, or returned.

This Fleet was escorted by two Men of War, one of which had on board the Count d'Ega, who was Vice-Roy of Goa, and returned home by Way of the Brazils. As soon as the Ship had cast Anchor before the Castle of Belem, this Nobleman was arrested by a Corregidor, in Consequence of the King's Order. All his Effects, which are considerable, and some of them very valuable, have been sequestered. Even the Ring from his Finger has been taken from him, as well as other Jewels from his Apparel. The next Morning he was conducted to Prison, where he is carefully guarded. It is said he is accused of great Extortions.

COBLENTZ, (a large City in Germany, in the Arch. of Triers, and Cir. of the L. Rhine,) Jan. 13. The Cold has been so excessive as to freeze the Rhine, which on Account of the Rapidity of the Current, is a Circumstance that seldom happens. Not only Thousands of People are walking upon it, but Carriages, Coaches, and Sledges cross it without Danger; and a Sort of Fair is held upon it.

GENEVA, Feb. 3. The Frontiers of this Republic continue to be blockaded, on the Side of France, with such Strictness, that the Troops forming the Line of Observation, will suffer no Stranger to pass and repass; not even the Switzers, though supplied with Passports from their respective Towns. This Calamity is owing to the sinister Notions which the Courts of France has imbibed against the Representing Citizens, whose Steps, however dictated by the purest Patriotism, are ever misrepresented by opposite Party, which has now gained much Credit.

L O N D O N, January 14. Several important Matters, with Respect to the West-India Colonies and Trade, we hear, will be fully settled before the Dissolution of the present Parliament.

Sunday and Monday Two Ships from Hamburg, one from Holland, and one from Leghorn, laden with Corn, arrived at their Moorings in the River.

Last Wednesday Two Ships laden with Corn from Holland, arrived at Liverpool, which was the next Day sold to the Poor at Prime Cost.

Jan. 15. It is said a Fleet of 19 Men of War will rendezvous early in the Spring at Portsmouth.

Jan. 16. They write from Marseilles, that Count de Marbeuf, Commander of the French Auxiliary Troops in Corsica, landed there from on board a French Tartan the 11th of December last, and immediately set out post for Paris.

It is said a Scheme is under Consideration, for introducing the Currency of English Bank-notes, not to exceed Five Pounds each, in the American Colonies.

Jan. 17. Yesterday both Houses of Parliament met, and were more numerous than could be expected.

The Earl of Chatham patronizes our Cause with the Portuguese, and has this Week declared, that "The Wrongs of our Merchants trading to Portugal, must be redressed."

Jan. 19. They write from Leghorn, that Paschal Paoli, with the Consent of the States, had come to the Resolution of purchasing a Number of British built Ships, capable of being converted into Men of War, Commissions being sent over for that Purpose.

It is said the Island of St. John, at Newfoundland, will be made a Free Port, and enjoy the same Privileges as that of Dominico in the West-Indies.

Jan. 23. We are informed, that an Ambassador Extraordinary will set out in a few Days for the Court of Portugal, in consequence of some particular Advices which were brought by the Lisbon Mail that arrived last Monday.

By Advice from Leghorn we learn, that the

Grand Signior's Demand of Tribute had been as little regarded at Tunis, Tripoli and Morocco, as at Algier; each of these Princes appearing to have thrown off all Subjection to the Porte, and insisting on their Independency.

This Week the Purfers of several capital Ships of War, lying at Portsmouth and Plymouth, have received Orders to Indent at the Victualling-Office for the necessary Stores, with all Expedition.

Jan. 24. There is Advice from Lisbon, that Don Emanuel da Cunha, nearly related to the Conde d'Oeiras, Prime Minister of Portugal, was soon to set out for England, to negotiate some Affairs of great Importance with the Court of London.

Jan. 26. Letters from Madrid import, that the Ministry are labouring with Ardor to put the Forces, both by Sea and Land, on a respectable Footing.

By Letters received in Holland from Batavia, there is Advice, that the French have fitted out some Ships of Force at Pondicherry, with Troops on board, in order to take Possession of a new Spice Island, in the Streights of Sunda.

Jan. 29. They advise from Berlin, that Sir Andrew Mitchell, the British Ambassador, had lately had several Conferences with his Prussian Majesty; and from some Circumstances, and the frequent arrival of Expresses from London, it was apprehended somewhat of Importance was in Agitation.

Jan. 31. A new Plan for taxing America is said to be adopted by the Ministry.

It is reported that Eight Regiments are nominated to go from Ireland to North-America, in consequence of some Letters lately received from thence.

It is said the Fleet now fitting out will go to America, in order to strengthen the Troops to be sent thither.

They write from Cadiz, that extraordinary Dispatches had lately been sent off to the principal Spanish Governors in the West Indies and South-America.

Feb. 2. Last Week Two extraordinary Messengers were dispatched to Sir Andrew Mitchell, our Ambassador at the Court of Berlin.

We hear Admiral Palliser's Fleet, now fitting, is to occupy the following Stations; one Division between Point Riche and Cape Bonaville, a second on the Labrador Coast, and the third to cruise at Cape Breton, Bay of Fundy, and Streights of Belleisle.

We hear all the Men of War, now fitting out for different Stations in America and the West-Indies, are to carry out their full Complement of Marines.

Feb. 3. It is said a great Man, who has been employed in the greatest Negotiations and Matters of State, has had the Misfortune to be deprived of one of the greatest Blessings in Life, his Eye-sight, and that he will for the future live retired in the Country.

The Hawk Man of War, Capt. Brown, from New-York, is arrived in the River.

We are told, that several more Sloops of War are ordered to be fitted out at Chatham and Sheerness, supposed for American Service.

Orders are given for some Thousand Stands of small Arms to be got ready at the Tower, to be shipped for North-America.

Feb. 7. The Squadron now fitting out is to consist of Twenty Ships of the Line, Four Frigates, and Two Bomb-ketches, besides Tenders and Hospital Ships. They are to be furnished with all the Implements of War necessary for Sieges, and large Quantities of Chain-shot are already shipped on board.

Feb. 9. New Instructions are said now to be preparing to be sent to our Governors in the West-Indies, and North-America.

It is strongly reported, that the naval Expedition now fitting out is intended for the Mediterranean.

Feb. 11. Monday some Dispatches, said to be of great Importance, were sent off from the Secretary of State's Office to his Excellency Sir Henry Moore, Governor of New-York.

Feb. 12. The present military Preparations attract the Attention of many People; and the Knowing-

Ones in St. James's-Street, who pretend to be in the Secret, have laid Betts of 300 Guineas to One, that they are designed for North-America; and not to Portugal.

Feb. 13. Monday Evening a special Messenger was sent off with some extraordinary Dispatches for Sir Andrew Mitchell, at the Court of Berlin.

Feb. 14. A great Personage, we are well assured, intends as strenuously to support the Interest of America this Winter, as he maintained it the last Session of Parliament.

Disagreeable Advices are said to be arriving daily from America.

Great Wagers are held, that the Government will comply with some Articles in a certain Petition, said to be lately received from New-York.

The Ministry, we are told, intend shortly to make a free Port of Pensacola; a Measure of that Nature being judged extremely salutary, by those who are best acquainted with the Commerce of America.

Feb. 16. An Evening Paper of Saturday last, says, that Orders are dispatched to Gibraltar, for the Governor to fix a Boom-chain across that Harbour; as Information has been received that the Spaniards intended to attack that Place.—Whether there is any Truth in this alarming Report, a short Time will probably discover.

It is now given out, but for what Purpose we know not, that the Articles in the Paper relative to the Fleets fitting out to visit America and Portugal, are entirely without Foundation; as no other than the usual necessary Repairs, &c. are making in the Dock-Yards; and the Ships fitting out, are only intended to be in readiness to relieve those on different foreign Stations.

Friday several Agents for the American Colonies had a Conference with the Right Hon. Mr. Secretary Conway, on Affairs of Importance.

It is thought that an Act will be passed this Session to allow Paper-Currency to the English Colonies in North-America, and the West Indies.

It is asserted, that no Apprehensions were entertained of any hostile Designs of the Spaniards, when the last Dispatches were received from General Irwin, Governor of Gibraltar.

But, by a Letter from thence there is Advice, that a large Body of Spanish Troops had lately arrived in the Neighbourhood of Malaga, where they had formed an Encampment.

Feb. 19. The King George, Mackey, from Philadelphia to Londonderry, is sunk in the River of Derry, with 300 Hogheads of Flax-Seed, Flour, &c.

Feb. 21. It is now said that General Monckton goes to North-America, as Governor of the Provinces of New-York and Quebec, and Commander in Chief of the Troops in North-America.

The Contradiction of the Ships now fitting, being destined on some Expedition is, we are told, a mere Contradiction; for that a Fleet is to be commanded by three Admirals (Pocock, Geary and Palliser, are said to be the Gentlemen) and will attend Mr. Lytleton to the Tagus, whatever may be its after Destination.

It is said that the Troops in North-America will be drawn from the different Parts of the Country, and quartered in the Neighbourhood of Boston and New-York.

Feb. 23. Friday last several of the Colony Agents attended the Board of Trade and Plantations.

Feb. 24. The Pearl, Banning, from Maryland for London, put into Cowes the 20th Inst. in great Distress, having carried away all his Masts on the 19th ult. in Lat. 44, Long. 40, and reduced to short Allowance.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated Jan. 16.

"Perhaps the Misfortunes of the Calas's and Sirvens may prove the most happy Events to the Protestants of this Kingdom; the unparalleled Calamities of those Families have at length opened the Eyes of the Ministers, and even attracted the Attention of the Throne. It is publicly reported, and generally believed here, that it has been resolved in the King's Council, to allow of a general Toleration in religious Matters throughout the Kingdom, and the Resolution has been notified to the Governors and Intendants of all the Provinces. By this Regulation, the Protestants in