AN away from the Subscriber, living near Mr. Jonathan Rawlings's, about the Middle ft Month, a Negro Man named Bacon, he is t 6 Feet high; had on and carried away him, a Fearnought and two Cotton Jackets, al Shirts, and other Cloaths; and is a bold

thoever will bring the faid Negro to the Seb-er, or fecure him in any Jail fo as he may be again, shall receive a Reward of Twenty ings Current Money.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

TO BE SOLD ATTHE

MARLBOROUGH BREWERY.

RONG BEER and PORTER, at Eighteen Pence, and ALE at a Shilling a Gallon, nia Currency, in Cask, equal in Goodness to hat can be imported from any Part of the d: As nothing but the genuine best Mat.

Hops will be used, without any Mixture or itute whatsoever; which if the many Treat. Brewing published in Great-Britain, did not ion to be frequently used there, the Experiof those who have Drank those Liquors ind from thence, would point out to be the from their pernicious Effects.

ne severe Treatment we have lately received our Mother Country, would, I should thick, fficient to recommend my Undertaking (tho' ould not be able to come up to the English lard, which I don't que fion constantly to do) as I am satisfied, that the Goodness of grey nodity is it's best Recommendation, I priay rely upon that for my Success; and my own ft, having expended near Eight Thousard ds, to bring my Brewery to it's present State, best Security I can give the Public to offer of the best Usage, without which, sect andertaking cannot be supported with Credit. ngs for Barrels, Five Shillings for those be-Forty and Fifty Gallons, and a Penny Gallon for all above Fifty Gallons; but if are returned in good Order and Sweet, by g been well Scalded as foon as emptied, the

of them shall be returned or discounted. y Person who sends Bottles and Corks, may them carefully filled and corked with Beer rter, at Six Shillings, or with Ale at For ngs the Dozen. I expect in a little Time to a constant Supply of Bottles and Corks, and neet the Encouragement I hope for, propose grup a Glass House for making Bottles, and ovide proper Veffels to deliver to fuch Cufs as favour me with their Orders, such Li-as they direct, at the several Landings they , being determined to give them all the Sa-

ion in the Power of (3^m) Ti Their most Humble Serwant, J. MERCER.

ME few Casks of Muscovado SUGARS, be SOLD in Annapolis, by

JOHN PITT.

The well known HORSE RANTER,

ILL Cover MARES this SEASON, at Marlborough, in Stafford County, Virginia, by Shillings the Leap, Four Pounds for the and Eight Pounds to Insure a Colt, Virgi-rrency. The Mares will have good Parfor Three Months, if left fo long, but much for at the Expiration of that Time. There no Occasion to give his Pedigree, which was n the Virginia Gazette, in 1763 and 1764. Colts in Virginia and Maryland are a much Recommendation. It will be to no Purpose any Mare to him without the Money, # ill be received on any other Terms by

ANDREW MONKUS. Meck keeps a FERRY at Maryland Point, les County, from whence, those who have ter Opportunity, may have their Mares at Marlborough. Dollars will be received billings and Threspence.

n Charles-Street: Where all Advertisements of a moderate long Ones in Proportion.

The MARYLAN GAZETTE.

[XXIft Year.]

THURSDAY, May 22, 1766.

[N°. 1080.]

On/the Death of EDMUND KEY, Efq; late Attorney-General of the Province of MARYLAND, &c.

Quis desiderio sit pudor, aut modus Tam chart capitis? pracipe lugubres Hor. Cantus Melpomene-

THEN Death, relentless, by Tyrannic Sway, Snatches a Youth, his Country's Hope, away: he chastest Muse, need never blush to raise ler sweetest Voice, the virtuous Youth to praise. EDMUND's Bloom, to mourn the early Fall Who can refuse? Admir'd, belov'd by all!
and is he gone! by Death's deep Sleep opprest? Gone, ever gone to his eternal Rest?
The Loss, my Muse, in plaintive Strains deplore,
and speak his Praises, who can speak no more!
Not EDMUND speak? that ost? in Virtue's Cause [plause? las spoke—and forc'd from Envy's Self Ap-Who not in Life alone, but even in Death, ried out for Virtue with his latest Breath? she retir'd into a silent Tomb? hen speak my Muse, or ever be struck Dumb!

With Temper fweet, obliging, and polite, He foil'd the Rage of Malice and of Spite. Whilst Candour, Truth, and Plainness, void of

Gain'd him the Love of every generous Heart.

Of native Worth and Modesty posses'd;

The Love of Justice nobly warm'd his Breast; and plac'd him far above that venal Tribe, Whose Hands are ever open for a Bribe, To torture Truth, and find some legal Flaw To prove Injustice Just, in Form of Law. He held that wretched petty-fogging Race, The Bane of human Nature and Difgrace. Nor cou'd the Rich, all-grasping ruthless Knave, With Gold e'er tempt him Orphans to bereave;

e Sons of Rapine, who e'er long must burn, Well may you triumph o'er his facred Urn: But with the afflicted Muse, let all the Good and Virtuous mourn.

er injur'd Innocence he ever took Delight to

* The last articulate Words that struggled from his faul-ting Tongue, a very few Minutes before he expir'd, while he Author of these Lines held his cold Hand, were these 'O Virtue! Virtue alone should be the sole Purpose of Life."

From the PUBLIC LEDGER, Feb. 21, 1766.

To the Printer of the Public LEDGER. THE Approbation your Paper delerves, and his of us, renders us defireus of communicating car Sentiments therein. We are your Brethren,
Fib. 20. THE PEOPLE.

N addressing ourselves to. You it is needless to mention your Name, because it is impossible that any Man in the King's Dominions should create such an Idea as you do, or misapply ours We do not here mean to accuse or discuss. Things only in their last Issue become Objects worthy of Us. Though our Reasoning may be dissusted, our Judgment is decisive. Thence it is, Constitution, we now to declare " your Principles diametrically opposite to those which support our Government; e Reverse of his, who is here proper to enjoy the Ear of Majesty, or have any Influence in the

This Declaration, thus made, is an Instance of our Moderation and of your Guilt. Use it and deceive yourself not in the undervaluing Opinion, which the superior Part of us is wont to annex to Vulgarity. The FEW overlook the Generality only from the Custom of leading it. But when any important Event calls upon the whole Nation,

grasping us all in its Consequences, Every Man in it is One of US.

In such Circumstances we may be unfortunate, but we cannot be wrong. We judge of Measures by their Consequences; and of Men by their Ac tions; hear, fee and speak, with the Ears, Eyes and Voice of Reason and Nature. The King is our Governor, the Law of the Land our common Road, and Heaven is our Guide. Filled as we are then with the Purpose before us (without a Comment on the Means, Manner, or Excess of that Iniquity, which would damp the Glory of Britain, break her Power and destroy her Peace!) know that we will proceed to execute it. We will collect Ourselves, approach our Sovereign, and implore Him to blot out your Name from the Lift of P-y C-s, and forbid you his Presence. For he, who, in the high Office of counselling a King and directing an Empire, acts upon Principles destructive of the Happiness of the one, of the Welfare of the other, and of the Good of both; HE is a wicked Man, a Traitor, and must be treated as Such.

Shun then, while you may, not only the Appearance of Business, but even the Suspicion of Intrigue. Heaven may forgive you, but you can never attone to Use If a Virtue. or the Appearance of one, dwells within your Bosom, retire with it, and pulling its Chain, catch at the next Link. There endeavour to hold, fatisfied with the Evil you have done. By reading, and the contemplating of the dreary Side of human Life, cheat yourself back to your real Existence; retire, and live, die, and go to Heaven, if you will.

L O N D O N, Feb. 12.

O'N Saurday last a Nobleman, at the Head of one of the public D one of the public Departments, and who for his feasonable Incorposition on this Occasion, deserves to have a Statue & Gold erected to his Memory, forced himself into a great Lady's Closet, and there told her, in the roundest Terms, that if a certain Person was permitted to drive on Matters much longer to greater Extremity, that the Confequences would, probably, be fatal to the faid Person, as he could not answer for it, but he might be muffacred, &c. and in all Appearance highly dangerous to the Peace and Tranquility of the Kingdoms: That his Attachment to his Sovereign, and the Royal Family upon the Throne, would not permit him to be filent, and he begged, for God's bake, that his Information might be properly attended to. On this, the Person in Queition, and another much greater, were fent for, who sat up all Night with the Lady in Confultation; after which it was Refolved, That Mr. Pitt and the prefent Ministry should have a Charte Blanche to do as they pleased; that a certain Of-fensive Act should be Repealed; that the Great Commoner, and C. Townsend, Esq; should be appointed joint, Secretaries; that the Duke of Grafton should be made Master of the Horse, General Conway, and his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, have honourable Appointments; the Marquis of Rockingham be continued in his Post, and the rest of the Ministry be properly provided for. A certain Noble Family, not far from Hyde-Park Corner, are to be lest entirely out.

To the Great PATRIOT.

W eeping AMERICA, reliev'd by you, I nclines her Head, and gives thee Honour due. Lo! there she stands erect, with this Address; L ong live the great Reliever of Diffres!

I thank thee, PITT, for all thy glorious Strife
A gainst the Foes of LIBERTY and Life. M uch dreaded Slavery unsheath'd her Knife, J

P repar'd to strike the Sons of Freedom dead; I t was in vain—You still remain their Head. T hus, at the Helm, let sober Reason stand T o guide the Bark with Heav'n-directed Hand.

Your Life and Love and Loyalty remain, To last the Foes of GEORGE's righteons Reign. A. S.O.L.

BOSTON, May 1.

Letter from a Gentheman of Character, dated
London, March 1, 1766.

"After various Difficulties, violent Struggles

and wonderful Changes it is at present highly pro-bable that a total Repeal of the Stamp A& will take Place, for which a Majority of 108 hath appeared in the Commons, after the utmost Efforts made by the contending Parties, the greatest Part, it not the Whole influenced by European rather than American Reasons. The present Ministry is for the Repeal; but upwards of Thirty Placemen, and all the Scots fave Two, have voted against them. In the House of I ords the Tide of Power ebbs and flows flrongly-In a Committee of the whole House the Opponents of the Ministers have carried Two Questions of no great Consequence against them by a very small Majority. Here the absent Lords cannot vote by Proxy; but upon the Report, and all other Occasions, when they sit as a House, you are sensible they may, and then it is said there is a certain Majority with the Ministry. Lord Chesterfield, who by Reason of his Deasness, and other Infirmities, has not come to the House for some Years, lately came and took the Oaths, to qualify himself to depute another Peer to vote by Proxy for him, in order that the Repeal of the Stamp-Act may not fail thro' want or his Vote, and I am told to-day that, if able, he purposes to come in Person at the great Delaie, and make his Speech upon the Occasion, wherein, tho it will be impossible for him to reply to those whom he cannot hear, I expect we shall have something very notable said by a Man so remarkable not only for his Wit, but those great Abilities, and that noble public Spirit which he has shewn on some Occasions. I am also just now fold that the Chancellor, who tetis writers opposed the Repeal has changed his Mind."

Within a few Months past have died in Wenham, (which is one of the smallest Towns in the

Province) Four Perions, if one who lived there above 70 Years as an Inhabitant, but removed out of Town some Months before she died, may come into the Account, whose Ages collected, makes 352 Years; and there are now living Nine Persons, whose Ages amount to 740 Years, at a moderate Computation; and what is worthy Remark, there has been near the fime Number of aged Persons living in the Town for about 45 Years past, several of whom were above 90 Years

old, and, I think, 3 or 4 above 95.

HART FORD, april 28.

We are credibly informed, that there has been made in the Town of Goshen, (in this Colony) fince the 20th of February last, from the Sap of Maple Trees, Thirty I housard Wt of Sugar, which is fold currently at the Rate of 8 Dollars per 100 Wt. Three Perfons, in Six Weeks, made 1600 Wt. of the like Kind of Sugar in Norfolk.

N E W - Y O R K, May 8.

The Play advertised to be acted on last Monday.

Evening, having given Offence to many of the Inhabitants of this City, who thought it highly improper that such Entertainments should be exhibited at this Time of public Dittress, when great Numbers of Poor People c n scarce find Means of Subsistance, whereby many Perious might be tempted to neglect their Business, and squander that Money, which is necessary to the Payment of their Debts, and Support of their ramilies, a Rumour was spread about Town, on Monday, that if the Play went on, the Audience would meet with some Disturbance from the Multitude. This prevented the greatest Part of those who intended to have been these from the Multitude. have been People came, and the Play was begun; but soon interrupted by the Multitude who burst open the Doors, and estered with Noise and Tumult. The Audience escaped in the best Manner they could; going many lost their Hats and other Parts of Drefs. A Boy had his Skull fractured, and was Yesterday trepanned; his Recovery is doubtful; feveral others were dangerously hurt; but we have heard of no Lives loft. The Multitude immediately demolished the House, and carried the Pieces to the Common, where they confumed them in a Bonfire.