

We hear the Governor, with the Advice of the Council, has given Orders for discontinuing the Levies for reinforcing the Garrison of the Castle, and for discharging the Men already enlisted for that Purpose.

In Capt. Daverson, from London, came Passengers, Dr. Lincoln, and George Messervey, Esq.—The last mentioned Gentleman was appointed Distributor of the Stamps for the Province of New-Hampshire; but, previous to his coming on Shore, he sent a Letter to a Friend to be communicated to the Public, signifying, that as such an Office would be disagreeable to the People in general, he should resign it; the Intelligence of this induced a great Number of his Friends and other Gentlemen to repair to the Long-Wharf, and wait his Landing; as soon as Mr. Messervey came on Shore he confirmed what he had wrote, and declared, as he was the unhappy Man who had personally accepted of an Office odious to his Countrymen, he freely resigned it, and determined never to act in that Capacity: Upon this three Cheers were given by a vast Concourse of People, which were repeated at the Head of the Wharf, and again on the Exchange.

We hear that none of the Stamp-Papers, except one Box for New-Hampshire, came in Capt. Daverson.

We hear that it was the Opinion of many of the principal People at Home that the Stamp-Act would be suspended; and that under the present Administration the Colonies would be eased of many of the Burdens that have been laid upon them.

A Letter from Lisbon says, that a most traitorous Plot, formed for destroying his most Faithful Majesty, growing in Embryo, and nearly ripe for Execution, was just discovered. The diabolical Scheme was to have been effected by poisoning the King, and a pious Nun was to have administered the Dose. Two Priests were convicted, and executed.

We can assure the Public, That a Number of Merchants in this Town have wrote to England for Goods, to be sent upon Condition ONLY, that the Stamp-Act is repealed.

N E W P O R T, September 16.

The General Assembly of this Colony, at their last Session, appointed Henry Ward, and Metcalfe Bowler, Esquires, Commissioners for the intended Congress, to be holden at New-York in October next, in order to agree on the most probable Methods to obtain Redress for the injured and oppressed British Colonies on this Continent.

The following is a true Copy of the Resolutions of the General Assembly of this Colony, passed unanimously at their last Session:

THIS Assembly taking into their most serious Consideration an Act passed by the Parliament of Great-Britain, at their last Sessions, for levying Stamp Duties, and other internal Duties, in North-America, do **RESOLVE**,

1. That the first Adventurers, Settlers of this Majesty's Colony and Dominion of Rhode-Island, and Providence Plantations, brought with them, and transmitted to their Posterity, and all other his Majesty's Subjects since inhabiting in this his Majesty's Colony, all the Privileges and Immunities that have at any Time been held, enjoyed and possessed by the People of Great-Britain.

2. That by a Charter, granted by King Charles the Second, in the 15th Year of his Reign, the Colony aforesaid is declared intitled to all Privileges and Immunities of natural born Subjects, to all Intents and Purposes, as if they had been abiding and born within the Realm of England.

3. That his Majesty's liege People of this Colony have enjoyed the Right of being governed by their own Assembly in the Article of Taxes and internal Police; and that the same have never been forfeited, or any other Way yielded up, but have been constantly recognized by the King and People of Britain.

4. That, therefore, the General Assembly of this Colony have, in their Representative Capacity, the only exclusive Right to lay Taxes and Impositions upon the Inhabitants of this Colony: And that every Attempt to vest such Power in any Person or Persons whatever, other than the General Assembly aforesaid, is unconstitutional, and hath a manifest Tendency to destroy the Liberties of the People of this Colony.

5. That his Majesty's liege People, the Inhabitants of this Colony, are not bound to yield Obedience to any Law or Ordinance, designed to impose any internal Taxation whatsoever upon them, other than the Laws or Ordinances of the General Assembly aforesaid.

6. That all the Officers in this Colony, appointed by the Authority thereof, be, and they are hereby directed to proceed in the Execution of their respective Offices, in the same Manner as usual: And that this Assembly will indemnify and save harmless all the said Officers, on Account of their Conduct agreeable to this Resolution.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, Sept. 26.

IN ASSEMBLY, Saturday, Sept. 21, 1765, A. M.

THE House taking into Consideration, that an Act of Parliament has lately passed in England for imposing certain Stamp Duties, and other Duties, on His Majesty's Subjects in America, whereby they conceive some of their most essential and valuable Rights, as British Subjects, to be deeply affected, think it a Duty they owe to themselves, and their Posterity, to come to the following Resolutions, viz.

Resolved, N. C. D.

That the Assemblies of this Province have, from Time to Time, whenever Requisitions have been made by His Majesty, for carrying on military Operations for the Defence of America, most cheerfully and liberally contributed their full Proportion of Men and Money for those Services.

Resolved, N. C. D.

That whenever His Majesty's Service shall, for the future, require the Aids of the Inhabitants of this Province, and they shall be called upon for that Purpose, in a CONSTITUTIONAL WAY, it will be their indispensable Duty most cheerfully and liberally to grant to His Majesty their Proportion of Men and Money, for the Defence, Security, and other public Services of the British American Colonies.

Resolved, N. C. D.

That the Inhabitants of this Province are intitled to all the Liberties, Rights and Privileges of His Majesty's Subjects in Great Britain, or elsewhere; and that the Constitution of Government in this Province is founded on the natural Rights of Mankind, and the noble Principles of English Liberty, and therefore is, or ought to be, perfectly free.

Resolved, N. C. D.

That it is the inherent Birth-right, and indubitable Privilege, of every British Subject, to be taxed only by his own Consent, or that of his legal Representatives, in Conjunction with His Majesty, or his Substitutes.

Resolved, N. C. D.

That the only legal Representatives of the Inhabitants of this Province, are the Persons they annually elect to serve as Members of Assembly.

Resolved, therefore, N. C. D.

That the Taxation of the People of this Province by any other Persons whatsoever, than such their Representatives in Assembly, is UNCONSTITUTIONAL, and subversive of their most valuable Rights.

Resolved, N. C. D.

That the laying Taxes upon the Inhabitants of this Province IN ANY OTHER MANNER, being manifestly subversive of public Liberty, must, of necessary Consequence, be utterly destructive of public Happiness.

Resolved, N. C. D.

That the vesting an Authority in the Courts of Admiralty to decide in Suits relating to the Stamp Duties, and other Matters, foreign to their proper Jurisdiction, is highly dangerous to the Liberties of His Majesty's American Subjects, contrary to Magna Charta, the great Charter and Fountain of English Liberty, and destructive of one of their most DARLING and ACKNOWLEDGED RIGHTS, that of TRIALS BY JURIES.

Resolved, N. C. D.

That it is the Opinion of this House, that the Restraints imposed by several late Acts of Parliament on the Trade of this Province, at a Time when the People labour under an enormous Load of Debt, must of Necessity be attended with the most fatal Consequences, not only to this Province, but to the Trade of our Mother Country.

Resolved, N. C. D.

That this House think it their Duty thus firmly to assert, with Modesty and Decency, their inherent Rights, that their Posterity may learn and know, that it was not with their Consent and Acquiescence, that any Taxes should be levied on them by any Persons but their own Representatives; and are desirous that these their Resolves should remain on their Minutes, as a Testimony of the Zeal and ardent Desire of the present House of Assembly to preserve their INESTIMABLE RIGHTS, which, as Englishmen, they have possessed ever since this Province was settled, and to transmit them to their latest Posterity.

We hear that Z. H. St. Stamp-Master for Maryland, after having, unperceived, left Annapolis, his Place of Residence, hurried on by his Fear, rode his Horse to Death, and hardly gave himself Time to breathe till he got under the Protection of the Cannon of Fort George, where he remained from the Resentment of his Countrymen, but not from the Terrors of his Conscience.

A N N A P O L I S, Otober 3.

Saturday Evening last his Excellency our Governor put an End to the Session, and Prorogued the General Assembly of this Province to Thursday the 31st of this Instant: After Passing one short ACT only, viz. "For continuing all Laws which would have expired with the Session, until the End of the next Session, and no longer."

To-morrow is appointed for the Execution of John Hubbert, lately condemned for the Murder of his Master, Mr. James Hood, some Time ago; and of Edward Radgings, for the Murder of one of his Fellow-Servants.

M R. GREEN,

IHAVE observed in the VIRGINIA GAZETTE of the 30th of August past, that your Brother Type complains, that several of the Northern News-Papers are Stuffed with Paragraphs of Intelligence, &c. respecting Virginia, as destitute of Truth as they are repugnant to Right Reason: They allude chiefly, as I suppose, to the Resolves of the Virginia Assembly, Published by you and others.

If Mr. Royle had been pleased to publish these Resolves, the Authenticity of his Intelligence, would have been undisputed, and he would not have had any Reason of Complaint on that Score: But if Mr. Royle is under such Influence as to be obliged to Print what he is directed, and nothing else, he may very truly be said not to be the most INDEPENDENT and SELF-SUFFICIENT Man in the World. Yours, &c. A. B.

The Article above refer'd to is as follows:

"It is with no small Degree of Surprize that we have of late observed several Northern News-Papers stuffed with Paragraphs of Intelligence, Extracts of Letters, &c. respecting Virginia, which are as destitute of Truth, as they are of right Reason. However it may behove Publishers of News to be as well satisfied as they can of the Authenticity of their Intelligence, it is very certain they are often liable to be imposed upon, by designing or credulous Correspondents: In the present Instance, this is obvious to every One in the least acquainted with the late Occurrences in Virginia; for which Reason, out of Tenderness to our Northern Brethren, we take this Method to undeceive them, not doubting but they will instantly break off so wretched a Correspondence, as well as acquaint their Readers of their late Imposition." — [Something in this Article is a little queerish.]

THERE are several Accounts against Sheriffs and Others still open on the Books of the late STEPHEN BORDLEY, Esq; which I shall put in Suit, unless they be settled before the first Day of November next. Those whose Bonds, &c. are of long standing, or are without Security, are desired to discharge their Bonds, &c. I shall attend at Annapolis the last Week in October.

J. BEALE BORDLEY.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, Frederick County, on the 25th of this Instant October,

AN exceeding valuable Tract of LAND, called Addison's Choice, containing by Estimation 764 Acres, lying about Three Miles from Frederick-Town. The Soil is remarkably rich, and produces fine Hemp. There are on the Premises several Improvements, such as Dwelling-Houses, Barns, Stables, &c. likewise a Quantity of Meadow Ground, and much more may be made without Difficulty. This early Appointment of the Sale is intended for the Security of the Purchaser, by enabling the Proprietors to make a proper Conveyance before the Commencement of the STAMP ACT. Those who are inclined to view the Land, are desired to apply to Mr. John Kimball, in Frederick-Town.

THOMAS ADDISON, junior.

WILLIAM MURDOCK.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Beale Dorsey, on Severn River, a Black Heifer, she will be about 4 Years old next Spring, mark'd with a Crop in the left Ear, and an under Cut in the Right.

1765 O X

THE Subscriber, Benjamin Beale, do hereby give notice that he has a Stock of STOCKINGS of various Colours, please to favour him with their Prices. He will give Rates, for Cash, Plank, Shingles, &c. As there are long standing orders for particular Favours, accounts to be settled, Bond, Note, or other at least settle, ing.

DELIVERED Carr, a Gun. Whoever has sent Word to M.borough, or to M.borough.

WHEREAS Mrs. Ja Randall, of London, of the said Randall fore desires all P either by Bond, make immediate expect to be dea

TAKEN at Saddle, NEW BROWN, ced with the fat tons to it; the C of the same Col Any Person Printing-Office, LINGS Reward To be SOLD on Thursday slant, at the station, on the a certain W

A TRACT of Land in Ga tion to Ga died and Eighty improved Plant Houses and other fertile, and calcu Kinds of Grain ation of the La extensive Range for the Sale of ed in Abundant luxent Iron-wo Likewise the MILLS, on Cy of Severn River Landing, on ne constructed in the Double Geared Stream of Wa condemned Lar Mills, on which and Part whereo The Title to Conditions of S before the Day ton Hammond o Subscriber.

To be SOLD Bidder, on October, on change, Ste

A VALUABLE Anne-Ar from Annapolis set and dear whereon is a now lives. Wooded and V Also one o ther, called whereon is a Stone Chimn ple Orchard; Meadow Grou The above the Country fo THOMA