

The MARYLAND GAZETTE

[XXth Year.]

THURSDAY, March 21, 1765.

[N^o. 1037.]

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store at the Head of the Dock in Annapolis, by Capt. Ward formerly kept Store.

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season, on very reasonable Terms, by Wholesale or Retail, for ready Money, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit.

COLIN CAMPBELL.

A LIST of the Numbers which came up PRIZES, in the Upper Cross-Road LOTTERY, in Baltimore County.

PRIZES of THIRTY SHILLINGS each.

4	75	170	256	344	420	527	593	686	817	872
10	86	171	257	352	423	530	609	697	822	875
19	93	173	258	355	429	532	618	702	823	877
22	97	177	264	359	443	534	620	704	825	901
24	98	184	265	360	451	535	623	710	827	907
25	101	185	266	365	452	542	626	724	832	914
26	105	187	269	373	453	545	632	737	833	915
27	107	188	275	377	473	547	634	742	837	915
30	112	197	279	378	478	549	640	744	841	922
34	113	198	284	381	479	560	651	747	846	921
39	115	200	293	387	480	562	652	764	847	925
41	124	212	298	388	481	563	653	766	852	933
43	130	220	306	390	484	564	662	777	856	943
44	134	225	310	398	494	567	666	779	858	947
54	137	226	314	406	495	574	667	785	859	950
63	140	229	315	408	496	578	670	792	860	963
65	142	232	320	412	501	582	675	802	864	977
66	149	239	331	417	512	587	679	807	867	982
69	158	240	332	418	518	589	681	810	869	995
73	166	246	333	419	522	591	685	814	870	996

PRIZES of FORTY SHILLINGS and UPWARDS.

N ^o .	£.	s.	N ^o .	£.	s.	N ^o .	£.	s.
16	2	10	349	10	0	717	2	0
29	2	0	354	2	10	732	2	10
46	2	10	361	2	0	739	10	0
48	2	0	363	10	0	741	2	0
58	2	0	384	2	10	746	10	0
70	2	0	386	2	0	758	2	10
77	2	0	394	10	0	770	2	10
94	5	0	402	5	0	783	5	0
95	2	10	405	5	0	784	2	0
106	2	0	410	2	10	787	2	10
119	2	0	444	5	0	788	2	0
125	2	10	450	2	0	794	2	0
127	100	0	457	2	0	795	2	10
138	20	0	466	5	0	798	2	0
153	2	0	472	2	10	804	2	10
155	2	0	503	5	0	815	2	10
157	50	0	505	20	0	816	2	10
161	2	10	521	30	0	818	5	0
162	2	0	566	2	0	843	2	0
204	2	0	571	2	0	854	2	0
203	2	0	579	50	0	863	40	0
213	2	10	583	2	10	868	2	10
219	5	0	602	2	10	876	2	0
222	2	0	604	5	0	879	2	0
223	2	0	615	2	0	895	2	0
231	2	10	619	2	10	896	2	0
280	2	0	636	2	10	904	2	10
289	2	0	639	2	10	923	2	10
292	20	0	643	2	0	929	2	10
305	2	10	648	2	0	930	2	0
311	2	0	657	2	10	933	2	10
312	2	0	668	2	10	935	2	0
313	2	0	671	2	10	958	2	0
318	2	0	684	20	0	964	2	0
321	2	10	688	2	10	967	2	0
330	10	0	692	2	0	969	2	0
336	2	10	693	2	10	971	2	0
338	2	10	705	2	10	989	2	0
340	2	0	715	2	0			

N^o. 150, First drawn Blank, £. 5 : 0 : 0
N^o. 504, Last drawn Blank, 5 : 0 : 0

in Charles-Street. All Persons
ADVERTISEMENTs of a moderate
: And Long Ones in Proportion.

BOSTON, February 7.

WE hear from Duxbury in the County of Plymouth, That on Monday Night the 4th of this Instant February, the Dwelling-House of Dr. Eleazer Harlow, was entirely consumed by Fire, together with all the Furniture, Goods, &c. that was in the House, to a very great Value.—The Fire was not discovered until the Family were surrounded with Flames, which was about Midnight; the Doctor with great Difficulty escaped, with only his Shirt on him, one of his Arms was much burnt, and Mrs. Harlow had but just Time to save herself by jumping out of the Chamber Window, with only her Shift on.—But what is most melancholy, an only Daughter of the Doctor's about 13 Years of Age, and an only Daughter of Mrs. Harlow's, named Dabney, about 11 Years of Age, both perished in the Flames. It is not known how the Fire happened, but it is supposed by the Mantle-piece, or a Beam under one of the Hearths.

A few Days ago, at a House at the North End; the Nurse having left a Child in a Room below, while she went above-stairs, it fell into the Fire, and scorched its Face and Hands to a great Degree: But what rendered it still more an Object of Commiseration was, a live Coal got down its Back, which was not discovered till a considerable Time afterwards when it was undressed, the Fire having penetrated almost to the Bone.—It is hoped Accidents of this Kind will be a sufficient Inducement to Nurses to be very careful how to leave Children exposed to such Casualties.

PROVIDENCE, (N. E.) February 9.

Captain Angell, who lately arrived here from Montego-Bay, in Jamaica, informs us, That a few Days before he sailed from thence, which was on the 17th of December last, Advice was received from Spanish-Town, that the Negroes in and about that Place, who are very numerous, had formed a horrid Conspiracy for maffacring all the white Inhabitants, and taking Possession of their Estates; for which Purpose they had actually provided a large Magazine of Arms and Ammunition of almost every Kind, at a little Distance from the Town, which being happily discovered, their whole Plot was laid open, before it was quite ripe for Execution: That many of the Ringleaders were apprehended and secured, and would soon meet with their Deserts; and that every necessary Precaution was pursuing, to preserve the Tranquillity of the Island.—These rebellious Negroes, it appears, intended to have begun their Operations on Christmas Day, by murdering all the white People in Spanish-Town, and after that to march to Kingston, and every other Place, and repeat the same cruel Scene, till they had gained the Mastery of the whole Island, in which they expected the cheerful Assistance of numerous Bodies of their Fellow-Slaves. Notwithstanding this seasonable Discovery, it was expected at Montego-Bay, that Martial Law would be declared in a few Days.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated Nov. 30.

“The Minority, by Death and other Accidents, are mouldered away almost to nothing. The Ministry are now employed in preparing some Bills against next Sessions, which will render them very popular; and they have, in particular, under their serious Consideration, the Purchase of the Superiority of the Isle of Man, which hath been, for many Years, the Grand Theatre of Smuggling. This will increase the Revenue to a prodigious Degree. I have also the Pleasure to acquaint you, that, by the unusual Care of the Officers of the Revenue, and by some excellent Regulations lately made in it, as well as by the great Increase of our Commerce in general, the Sinking Fund hath this Year much exceeded Two Millions; a Sum which a Man, in high Office, told me the other Day, neither their Hopes nor Wishes ever presumed to reach before.”

N. E. W. - Y O R K, February 25.

ON Monday the 4th of February, was held a Meeting of the Society, when several Sums of Money were agreed to be lent to encourage industrious Persons in the Linnen Branch.

Resolved, That a honorary Gold Medal be given for each of the Three first Flax Mills that shall be erected in this Province.

Resolved, That Mr. Lamb, Mr. Armstrong, and Mr. Wells, be a Committee to get made 50 Flax Spinning-Wheels, Ten Reels, and Two Looms and Reeds, to be paid for out of the Society's Funds, and lent out, or sold on easy Terms, by said Committee.

The Committee for Agriculture made their Report respecting the Mode of Proof, on the Articles formerly proposed by them; which Articles and Proofs requisite, are as follows.

Report of the Committee for Agriculture, concerning a Mode of Proof for Premiums on Agriculture, February 14, 1765.

AS it would be of great Importance, that the most considerable Persons in this Colony should have Opportunities of assisting their Neighbours, and of discovering to this Society, and Others, the best Manner of Culture by Experiments: The Committee would recommend the following Requisites, as well as the ascertaining the Quantity and Quality of the Articles that may be entitled to the Premiums on Agriculture, viz.

For the greatest Quantities of Flax. The Farmer is to make it appear to the Satisfaction of one of the Members of the Society, or of a Minister of the Gospel, or of a Justice of the Peace for the County, and of two reputable neighbouring Farmers, that he has raised such a Quantity of good merchantable swinged Flax in 1765. And also it is desired of the Claimants, that they give a particular Account of the Place, Soil, Condition, and Extent of the Ground; the Season, Steps of the Culture; and, as near as may be, an Estimate of the Value of the Labour. All, or any three of which Persons, are to give a Certificate that they are well convinced of the above Particulars, which being sent to the Secretary of the Society, on or before the first Monday of January, 1766, shall entitle the Claimants to stand regularly for the respective Premiums.

For the greatest Quantities of Flax off one Acre. Claims for the Premiums to be exactly in the same Way as for the former.

Hemp. The same Mode of Proof as above.

Hemp-Seed off one Acre. The same Manner of Proof as above.

Swamp, or Bog Meadow. Mode of Proof the same with the above, and also the Certificates are to mention the Quantities of the several Seeds sown in the specified Spots, and to be sent, on or before the first Monday of August, 1766.

Ground for Grass-Seeds. Mode of Proof the same as for Swamp. Certificates to be sent, on or before the first Monday of November, 1766.

Thorn-Hedge. Mode of Proof the same as for Swamp.

Hops. Mode of Proof the same as for Flax. Certificates to be sent, on or before the first Monday of November, 1766.

Barley. Mode of Proof the same as for Hops.

Cheeses. Certificates from any three of the above named Persons, that they were made on the Claimant's Farms, to be sent along with the Cheeses, on or before the first Monday of November, 1765.

Mules. Any three of the above named Persons to certify the Truth of their being soaled the Property of the Claimant, and Certificates to be sent, on or before the first Monday of August, 1767.

Nursery of Apple-Trees. Certificates of the Number, properly setting them out and enclosing them, from any three of the above named Persons, to be sent, on or before the first Monday of December, 1767.

Monday the 18th Instant, was held a Meeting of the Society, when Mr. Lamb, presented three several Designs for Medals, which are to be further considered. Some Proposals were offered for Premiums on different Articles, which agreeable to the Society's Rules, will be determined upon at a future Meeting.

The following Questions were proposed, and agreed to be debated at their next Meeting, on Monday the 4th of March, after the ordinary Business of the Evening is finished.

1st. Whether a Paper Currency is of Advantage to this Colony?

2d. Whether settling the remote Parts of the Province will be of Advantage to Great-Britain, and the lower Parts of the Colony; and if so, what will be the best Method of effecting such Settlements.

It is hoped the Members of the Society will be prepared to give their Sentiments on these interesting Topics either verbally or in Writing; and such as are at a Distance, and have any Thing to offer, are desired to communicate the same by Letter, directed to the Secretary.

Any of the Members of the Society, or Others, that have Questions to propose for the Consideration of the Society, are desired to notify them to the Secretary, who will enter them; and for the future some will be agreed on, at each Meeting, to be debated at the following.

Speedily will be published by Order of the Society, The Plan of their Institution, standing Rules, and List of the Members, with an Account of their Proceedings: To which will be added, some of the most approved Methods in sundry Articles of Husbandry, &c. Which Publications will be occasionally continued.

Published by Order of the Society,

BENJAMIN KISSAM, Secretary.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.

Extract of a Letter from Fort-Pitt, dated Jan 31.

“A Party of Mohawks, sent from this Post with a Message to the Shawanese Chiefs, are returned, without going to the Shawanese Towns, having met, about 30 Miles from hence, Beneficcia, a Shawanese Chief, coming here with the Virginia Volunteers, who went from Mufkingham to the Lower Shawanese Town, to fetch their Relations, who were Prisoners there. The Mohawks therefore returned back with them, and delivered the Message here.

“Beneficcia informs, that when he left home, the Chiefs of his Nation, who went last Summer to visit the French, were within a Day's Journey of their Town, with about 50 Frenchmen, who all returned home, on hearing that the Shawanese had entered into Terms of Peace with the English.

“Beneficcia says, his Reasons for coming here now, were to fulfil his Promise made at Mufkingham, viz. to take Care of the Virginians, assist them in getting their Relations, and see them safe to this Place; and likewise to hear from ourselves, whether we are still firm for Peace; as their Nation gave no Credit to the Reports of the Red Hawk and his Party.

“The Virginians have brought in 9 Captives; they were all Frost-bit before they reached Beaver Creek, where a Sergeant and 12 Men, with Horses and Provisions, were sent to their Assistance. The extreme Cold has been severely felt by the Prisoners, consisting chiefly of old Women and young Children. Beneficcia was of great Service to our People in his Country, and on their March thro' the Woods. He says that the rest of the Prisoners were obliged to stop till the Spring at Wakatamiiki, on Account of the deep Snow; but that a Number of Hostages will immediately arrive here, to replace those who foolishly ran away.

“The Weather has been so uncommonly severe at this Post, that both Rivers have been passable on the Ice these six Weeks.”

LIST of CAPTIVES delivered up by the Shawanese at Mackwasjack, and arrived at Fort Pitt, Jan. 5, 1765, all taken in Virginia:

“Mary and Miriam Hamilton, Jane Gilmore, Mary Bird, Elizabeth Yokam, Elizabeth Filkison, Elizabeth Counsman, Mary and David Williams.”

At a Meeting of the Hibernia Fire-Company of this City, on the 4th Inst. from Motives of Frugality, and in order to reduce the present high Price of Mutton, and encourage the Brewers of Pennsylvania, it was agreed not to purchase any Lamb this Season, or drink any foreign Beer.

In order to encourage and increase the Growth of Sheep in this Province, it was agreed, at a Meeting of the Fellowship Fire-Company, on the 4th Instant, that none of their Members do buy or expend any Lamb Meat in their Families the ensuing Season.