

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXth Year.]

THURSDAY, June 28, 1764.

[N^o. 999.]

LONDON, April 24.

IT is astonishing, that (notwithstanding the Crisis of the Poor, and repeated Complaints of the Distress of Provisions) these who have it in their Power do not exert that Power to put a Stop to the Exportation of Wheat, before it be too late. For these six Months past, the Exportation at the Ports, instead of diminishing, has increased daily. At Lynn, in Norfolk, it is very common to see thirty, forty, or fifty Waggon Loads of Wheat delivered in a Morning; and this is not a tenth Part of the Grain that is brought there by Water, which is exported with as much Expedition as the Wind, Tide, and Shipping will admit of; and this being no inconsiderable Part, they cannot be at a Stand for the latter. Now, if the many other Ports in the Kingdom export as much Wheat in Proportion, and with as much Expedition, as this does, it will, in a few Weeks, be impossible to rectify this Grievance, till the next Crop, and perhaps not then, if we should not have a very favourable Harvest; so that (according to the old Proverb) *when the Seed is sown, they'll see the Stable Door*.

The Integrity, Brown, from Casco Bay to London, founded at Sea the 17th of March, in Lat. 39: 6, Long. 54: 43. The Crew were taken up by the Calcedonia from Virginia to Glasgow.

Yesterday there was but a thin Market at Smithfield, and Cattle sold somewhat dearer than on Monday.—One Butcher purchased a small Hoof-Lamb, which weighed above 20lb. but remarkably fat, for which he gave 55s.

It is reported, that the Dutch Agents have given large Orders for Guns, Pistols, Swords, &c. for the Use of their Forces going to the East-Indies; all to be furnished with the utmost Expedition.

A considerable Quantity of Plate, Furniture, &c. the Property of a late Stickler for Liberty, has for these several preceding Days, been selling at the Royal Exchange.

Large Orders are gone to Cork and Dublin, for Beef, Pork, and Butter, which it is hoped will in some Measure reduce the exorbitant Price of Provisions in this City, &c.

March 24. It is with the greatest Satisfaction we can assure the Public, that from the great Attention our most gracious Sovereign has for the Good of his Subjects, the Use of Man is soon like to be purchased of its Proprietors, and annexed to the Crown of Great-Britain. We need not remind our Readers how often, and in what a Variety of Shapes is important a Measure, both in the Hon. House of Commons, and out of it; has been to no Manner of Purpose recommended for above thirty Years past, altho' the fatal Effects arising from this notorious Sort of Smuggling have so glaringly disgraced and impoverished the Nation.

The Russian Ministers at Ratisbon and Hamburg, are engaging a great Number of German Families, Manufacturers, &c. to go and settle in the North-East Part of Russia; as soon as they enter, a Man has 8, a Woman 5, a Child 3 Shillings heavy Money, allowed them daily for their Maintenance, and they are sent to Lubek at the Expence of Russia's Expence, where they embark for Petersburg.

Yesterday arrived here a Mail from Lisbon, in 16 Days, by which we have Advice of the Arrival there of 32 English Ships, all laden with Corn from London.

The new Treaty of Commerce between this Court and Russia is far advanced, and will be, it is said, very advantageous to the two Nations—though the English Colonies of America are now in a Condition so furnished with many Articles which we have a long Time imported from the Northern Countries.

About Three Weeks ago an Officer of the Regiment of Champagne being at Maf at Douay in French Flanders, a Burglar happened to tread upon his Dog, which so exasperated the Officer, that he beat the Man severely; and on his making Resistance, killed him on the Spot. This Outrage so incensed the Inhabitants, that they gathered about the House where the Officer lodged, demolished the Windows, seized his Baggage, and threw it out into the Street; broke his Post-chaise, and hamstring'd his Horses, and afterwards fell upon the Officer, and drag'd him through the Kennel, till he died. The Officers on Duty taking the Alarm, sent to Arms, secured all the Gates, and upon the Townsmen, and killed a Blind, wounded many more, and soon dispersed the mob. This affair being properly represented, is now under Consideration at Court, and it is thought the Regiment will be broke.

The Distemper among the horses Cattle has very much abated, which has been effected by hanging Four or Five Onions about the Neck directly after they are taken ill, and will not eat. Those Onions save the Infection out, and look the next Day as if they had been boiled. This Remedy is to be repeated several times, and the Onions which have been used, are to be buried in a deep Hole. In a few Days after, the Cattle are taken with a Running at the Nose, which carries off that Distemper. It is also proper at that Time to hang up some Onions in the distemper'd Cattle's Stables.

April 7. On Wednesday Evening the Thanks of the Society of Arts, &c. in the Strand, were given to Lord Southwell, for communicating a Piece of Hascherchief, made by some of our American Indians, of a Weed called Silk Grass. A Manufacture, the Ingenuity of which was very much admired.

April 10. Yesterday Morning several Thousand Journey-men Silk Weavers went in Procession from Spitalfields, and waited on his Majesty at the Queen's Palace in St. James's Park, with a Petition, representing the miserable Condition to which themselves and Families are reduced, by the clandestine Importation of French Silks. They waited before the Court-yard, and two Gentlemen, belonging to the said Manufactory, had the Honour to be introduced to his Ma-

esty's Presence, and present their Petition which his Majesty received in the most gracious Manner, and gave for Answer, That they might depend on his Care and Protection. As they went along they distributed a great Number of the following Hand-Bills:

To the PUBLIC.

The Policy of our natural Enemies the French is of late become so prevalent in this Kingdom, encouraged and supported by many base Artifices amongst his Majesty's Subjects dwelling in these Kingdoms, that the Silk Manufactory, of such Consequence to this Nation, in all Probability is at the Brink of Ruin, by the Encouragement given to our once perfidious Enemies, in buying and exposing to Sale, and consuming the Produce of their Manufactories, and by such illicit Practices Hundreds of us, who have served his Majesty in the late War by Sea and Land, together with helpless Families, are out of Employment, and reduced to the lowest Ebb, therefore are under the indispensable Obligation of taking this Step in presenting a most humble Petition to his Most Sacred Majesty, that he will be most graciously pleased to order a speedy Enquiry into the Decay of a Manufactory so valuable and extensive in its various Branches, and of such Consequence to his Majesty's Revenues, and the Nation in general: At the same Time we most humbly hope for the Approbation of every Well Wisher to his Most Sacred Majesty, our Country, and happy Constitution, and beg Leave to subscribe ourselves yours,

"The Journey-men Silk-Weavers."

A few Days since died at her Lodgings in Piccadilly, Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor, aged 131, being born in the Year 1633.

On the 22d ult. the Parliament of Rouen issued an Arret, enjoining all Jesuits within their Jurisdiction to depart the Kingdom of France within the Space of one Month, unless they could prove their having abandoned the Society before the 12th of February 1762, or their having taken the Oaths prescribed before the 22d of March 1764, even if they should offer to take them now. In Case of old Age or Infirmary, Application shall be made to the Clerk of the Parliament.

The distinguished Honours paid to Achmet Effendi at the Court of Berlin, and the frequent Couriers that pass and re-pass between that City and the Ottoman Porte, being to diffuse a certain Degree of Anxiety into the Mind of the Ministers at Vienna, and even to disturb the Tranquility of her Imperial Majesty. This Anxiety has been increased by News received from Holland of a Remittance of Four Millions of Florins, sent by his Prussian Majesty to Constantinople, by the Way of Amsterdam. This Remittance cannot be supposed to have any Relation to the Affairs of Poland, since it is said, that the Courts of Petersburg and Berlin have already taken sufficient Measures, in Conjunction, to fix that Crown upon the Head of the Count Poniatowski. It is therefore imagined that these Four Millions are not designed to buy Coffee and Sherbet, but have some Object more alarming to those that lie within the Reach of his Ottoman Highness. Achmet Effendi is charmed with the Manner, as well as dazzled with the Glory of his Prussian Majesty, and finds something truly oriental in them.

Edinburgh, April 2. Yesterday Morning the great solar Eclipse was observed here with great Distinctness. The Sky was remarkably clear and serene, and the Sun in full Brightness, when the Eclipse began, which was about Nine Minutes after Nine in the Morning. The middle or greatest Obscuration, was about 24 Minutes after Ten, and the Eclipse ended about 7 Minutes before 12. During the Eclipse, the Thermometer fell 27 Degrees and a Half. Being exposed to the Sun before the Eclipse began, it rose from 65 to 73. At the Time of the greatest Obscuration, it fell to 55 and a Half; and at the End of the Eclipse, it rose again to 61. The Churches did not meet till after Eleven.

Cork, April 23. Arrived the Burford, of 64 Guns, Capt. Loggie, from Plymouth; she is one

of the Ships destined to take on board the Troops for the West-Indies.

PROVIDENCE, June 11.

Tuesday last Capt. Larcher, in the Sloop Wind-for, arrived here from the Grenades; but having had a long Passage, brings nothing new from thence. He informs, that in his outward bound Passage, he took up a Man at Sea, who belonged to a Vessel commanded by one George Allen, bound from Capoto-sear to Barbados having by some Accident fallen overboard: He had been in the Water near an Hour and a Half, during which Time his Captain never put the Vessel about, or took any other Pains for his Preservation, than throwing an old Barrel after him, depending on Capt. Larcher's coming up, who, at that Time was at least two Leagues a-stern, by which inhuman Neglect, the poor Fellow was so far spent when he was taken up, that it was with the utmost Difficulty his Life was preserved.—[Masters of Vessels cannot take too much Pains in saving the Lives of their People, when under such unfortunate Circumstances; yet, there is much Reason to fear there are some, who through Negligence, or too great a Regard for their own Interest, omit discharging such Offices of Humanity in the Manner they ought, by which no doubt, some perish, who might be saved, if proper Measures were taken, as this recent Instance may serve to demonstrate.]

NEW-YORK, June 18.

On Monday Evening last, the NEW-YORK LIGHT-HOUSE, erected at Sandy-Hook; was lighted for the first Time. The House is of an Octagon Figure, having eight equal Sides; the Diameter at the Base, 29 Feet; and at the Top of the Wall, 15 Feet. The Lanthorn is 7 Feet high; the Circumference 33 Feet. The whole Construction of the Lanthorn is Iron; the Top covered with Copper. There are 48 Oil Blazes.

The Building from the Surface is Nine Stories; the whole from Bottom to Top 103 Feet. This Structure, was undertaken by Mr. Isaac Conroy, of this City, and was carried on with all the Expedition that the Difficulty attending to and fro on the Occasion could possibly admit of; and is judged to be masterly finished.

Wednesday the Halifax Packet, Capt. Boulder-son, sailed with the Mail for Falmouth.

Saturday last, the Coventry-Frigate, Archibald Kennedy, Esq; Commander, sailed for Halifax.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.

Our Advices from Carlisle of the 11th Instant are, That the Distress in the upper Parts of that County increased daily, the Indians being often heard yelling and hallooing, in their frightful Manner, among the Hills, and through the Settlements, dispersed in small Parties of two or three together; that they had fired at several of our People; and some of them were seen not far from Fort Loudon: That the Country was evacuated intirely (excepting two or three Families) from Shippensburg to Loudon: And that from the Frontiers of Virginia, all their Accounts were most melancholy, respecting the miserable Situation of the Inhabitants there, from the Barbarity of the Enemy.

And by a Gentleman from Cumberland County, since the above Date, we are informed, that Capt. Lewis, with a Party, pursued, and came up with the Enemy, who lately did so much Mischief in Augusta County, Virginia, when he engaged them, killed a Frenchman, and two Indians, and rescued some of our People they had Prisoners; who told him, that the Frenchman slain commanded the Party; that there was another Frenchman with them; and that from the Twenty-second of last Month there had been One Hundred People killed or carried off by the Indians, belonging to the Government of Virginia.—He also informed us, that Crow's Wife (mentioned in our last to be taken by the Enemy) had escaped from the Indians, and was returned; and said the Indians that took her and Children were only Three, tho' their Party did consist of Five, but they imagined the other two to be killed, as they had not seen them for some Time: That two of our Soldiers,

Winter, being in great Advertisment in the plorable Manner, and was whom he had credited, come and pay him; but regarded, he now desires to him, to make immediate, at a reasonable Rate, Beans, white Peas, Oats, Chickens, Turkeys, Shoats, Pork, or any Thing rather out of his Money; and those depend on being Sued after the First of July next to be purchased, must be dealer's new Mill, at the Head he carries on his Taylor's tlemen or Ladies may de- the best Manner, and their able Rate. The Subscriber ve no Credit, but will take a reasonable Price.

JOHN DUCKER,

REWARD.

On the 8th Day of May last, from on-Works, on Patapsco, an at Man, named John Child, r, speaks broad, about 30 red Beard, is much mark'd 5 Feet 8 Inches high, and air: Had on when he went ed Steel Collar, Felt Hat, Ofsnabrig Trowlers, Great ur, trimm'd with flat Metal n Serge Coat, black Cloth white Cotton Stockings, almost new.

id Servant so that he may be e the above Reward, and brought home.

JAMES FRANKLIN.

IMPORTED

HER's, in the Schooner VIA- ROLD Master, and to be sold terms by WILLIAM GRANT at George-Town, and at liam Digges, Esq; both near lack, in Maryland,—for Cash, ge, or Indian Corn,

Hoghead, or Barrel; and oghead, Barrel, or Hundred

Mr. William Morris, late of Montgomery in North Wales, hereby desired to apply by Let- William Barrell, of Cecil from whom he may hear of concerns his Interest. read, and any Person would sending a Certificate of his Barrell, they shall be thank-

the SUBSCRIBER;

of LAND, or thereabouts, Buß-River, in Baltimore, Friday in August next, at 7 o'clock, situated for a Warehouse.

RICHARD RICHARDSON.

February 1, 1764.

at published in the Maryland Date April 6th, 1763, in- of the Loan-Office. That and discharged their respec- thirtieth Day of July last, they to which little Regard has BEFORE the Commissioners, e, that they will immedi- out Executions upon: If m as Trustees of the Loan- that they will continue to be are paid off, the Time for- ing the whole Business being per Order,

COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

street. All Persons- NTS of a moderate Ones in Proportion.