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L O N D O N, February 11.

W E hear that the whole Crew of a Ship, lately arrived from Jamaica, have been poisoned by a black Woman-Cook they had on board, who after she had committed it, threw herself into the Sea, and was drowned. They are all dead, except the Captain and two Men, who are very bad.

Feb. 14. We hear that the Pumps of the Yacht, in which Her Royal Highness the Princess of Brunswick sailed, were obliged to be kept going to the Time of her landing at Helvoetslooy.

Four new Ships, of 74 Guns each, are ordered to be laid on the Stocks at Breit; and that they may be got ready for Sea, with the greater Expedition, an additional Number of Hands is ordered to be employed on them.

Two Millions of Livres, in Money and Bills of Exchange, are arrived at Genoa from Vienna, destined to discharge the Loan which was procured there for the Empress Queen, during the last War.

Feb. 16. The House of Commons sat till Seven o'Clock Yesterday Morning. The Speaker was 20 Hours in the Chair, which was the longest Sitting, by three Hours, that is remembered to have happened. No Strangers were suffered to remain in the House.

We can assure the Public, that Mr. Beardmore has given Notice of Trial, in the Action which he has brought against the King's Messengers, for breaking into his House, and inspecting his, and his Clients Books, Papers and Writings, and that the Trial will come on before the Right Hon. Lord Chief Justice PRAET, at the Adjournment of the Sittings, some Day next Week.

It is now said that Nine Thousand Seamen, and Mariners, will be taken into the Service of the current Year.

It is said an entire Step is going to be put to the Exportation of Corn from these Kingdoms for Twelve Months; it having been computed, that the Loss in this Article alone, through the excessive Moistness of the Season, already exceeds 200,000 l.

The Utrecht Gazette, in an Article from Paris, says, We learn from Dublin, that Ireland is become, in regard to our Kingdom, and those of Spain and Portugal, what Egypt formerly was to the Number of States situate along the Coasts of the Mediterranean, and what Sicily is at present to Italy; for it exported Corn into those three Kingdoms, in the Year 1763, to the Amount of 2,700,000 Livres, 120,000 l. Sterling.

Public Prayers are ordered throughout the Austrian Netherlands, to be offered up in all their Churches, to deprecate Heaven for a Cessation of the heavy Rains which they have had of late.

Feb. 18. The House of Commons did not break up till between five and six o'Clock this Morning.

We hear that a Proclamation for a General Fast will soon be issued out to implore the Almighty for a Cessation of the heavy Rains and Inundations.

It is impossible to describe the deplorable Situation of the Towns in Lincolnshire; and this one Instance, among many that may be given, will give but a faint Idea of their wretched Condition: At Bourne, last Week, a Farmer who had a Farm in Deeping Fen, sold for Five Shillings only, a Stack of Hay of 140 Loads, and a Stack of Oats which grew upon twelve Acres of Land; so great is the Loss in Cattle.

Feb. 21. The Royal Charlotte and Mary Yachts are fitting up at Deptford, in order to carry over his Majesty to his German Dominions, which, it is said; he will visit some time in May next.

Two Spanish Men of War, arrived at Carthagea from Minorca, bring an Account, that while they were at Majorca here happened such a violent Hurricane, that near all the Merchant Ships that were in the Port perished, many of them were laden.

The Damage done at Oporto by Inundations and the excessive Rains, is computed to amount to 20,000 Moidores. Some Letters from Paris say, that the King has declared he cannot now, nor hereafter, support the East-India Company.

They write from Silesia, that they are diligently recruiting the Troops in that Country; that they are repairing the fortifications of Schweidnitz, and other Towns, buying Horses for the Military Service, and filling the Magazines.

Feb. 23. At a Court of Common-Council at Guildhall, London, the 21st of February, 1764.

Resolved, That the Thanks of this Court be presented to Robert Ludbrooke, Kn. Sir Richard Glynn, Bart. William Beckford, Esq; and the Hon. Thomas Harley, Esq; the Representatives of this City, for their zealous and ardent Endeavours to assert the Rights and Liberties of the subject, by their laudable Attempt to obtain a reasonable and parliamentary Declaration, "That a general Warrant of apprehending and seizing the Authors, Printers, and Publishers of a seditious Libel, together with their Papers, is not warranted by Law." And to express to them our warmest Exhortations, that they steadily persevere in their Duty to the Crown, and use their utmost Endeavours to secure the Hoops, Papers, and Persons of the Subject from arbitrary and illegal Violations.

An infamous and seditious Libel having lately appeared in Print, intitled, "A Digest of the Rights and Privileges of the Imperial Crown of Great-Britain," the same is ordered to be burnt by the Common-Hangman on Saturday next before Westminster-Hall Gate; and on Monday at the Royal Exchange; and the Sheriffs of London are to attend at the latter Place, to see the said Orders put into Execution.

It is rumoured about Town, that a Scheme is on Foot for

leaving out all the waste Lands of this Kingdom, belonging to the Crown; and that the same will soon be laid before an august Assembly.

It is said there is an Intention to propose a Bill for laying a general Stamp Duty throughout all our American Colonies; but it cannot be thought consistent with the Genius and Spirit of our happy Constitution, that any Set of Men whatever, either at Home or Abroad, should be subject to be taxed, without Representatives to assent or dissent to such a Tax.

We hear that an Affair will come upon the Carpet in a few Days, that will make a great Noise in the World.

It is now computed that the Demands of Woolen Drapery, and other coarse English Manufactures in the Clothing Way, from Newfoundland and the Northern Provinces, exceed that of any preceding Year, on Account of the enlarged Number of the Inhabitants since the Peace, by Two Hundred Thousand Persons.

As an Instance of the Great Industry of the French in their Newfoundland Fisheries, we are informed, by Letters from thence, that 25,000 Quintals of Fish, caught in the American, or more properly the English Seas of Newfoundland, have been exported from France to the several Markets, in Spain only, since the first of July last.

We hear that to promote the Growth of Hemp in America, it is proposed to solicit a Bounty of 8l. per Ton for the first three Years, 6l. the next three Years, 4l. the next three, and 2l. for three Years more, by which Time it is thought the Manufacture will be able to support itself.

We hear that several Ships of War will shortly be put into Commission for a Cruise.

Soon after the Decision of Mr. Wilkes's Affairs on Tuesday last at Westminster, an Express was dispatched to that Gentleman at Paris.

Since the Verdicts of Yesterday against Mr. Wilkes, the Wagers now run Twelve to One, that that Gentleman does not return to England within this Year.

Feb. 13. By a Gentleman from Thorney we are informed, that notwithstanding the greatest Assiduity used in strengthening and supporting the Bank from Guyborn to Clow Cross, it is greatly feared that it cannot be made to resist the Impetuosity of the Waters in Willich and Thorney Fens much longer, in the lowest Parts of which the Water is now at least six Feet deep, and continues to rise; should the Wind blow strong at N. W. it will raise the Water at least two Feet higher against the said Bank, which must inevitably beat it down. If this Bank should blow up, it will lay more than 35000 Acres of Land six Feet under Water. The Repairs of the above Bank have already cost upwards of 1000 l.

The Inundation caused by the Breach in the Bank between Cowbett and Handkerchief-hall, has laid all South Holland in the County of Lincoln, and Parts contiguous, containing at least 200,000 Acres of Land, more than four Feet under Water; the Loss sustained thereby cannot be less than 150,000 l. should the same become dry by Michaelmas next, which there is very little Probability of.

Feb. 20. They write from Paris, that the Seine has risen by the late Rains, one and twenty Feet above its usual height, and has overflowed its Banks in several Parts. The River Tiber has lately overflowed its Banks, and done incredible Damage to the adjacent Countries, by laying them under Water.

Extract of a Letter from Ilfracombe, Jan. 27. "The Weather has been for these two Months more tempestuous than the eldest Man here can remember. I have been an Inhabitant in and near this Place almost sixty Years, but cannot recollect any Gale of Wind to have been so great and variable as lately. Not less than thirty Sails have been lost, and every Man perished, on this Coast, and far more have shared the same Fate on the Welsh Shore. Our Boats are daily tearing in something or other in Distress; and Yesterday when the Weather cleared up, one of them fortunately fell in with his Majesty's Sloop of War the Ranger, who four Days before had left off Cape Cornwall, her Foremast, Bow-sprit, Main Top-mast, and one Man, and was otherwise in such Distress, as nothing but the wonderful Interposition of Providence could have saved either Ship or Lives; for according to their Accounts, they had been four Days and four Nights close on certain Death, by being driven so near an unbounded Lee Shore, as to have nothing left for their Preservation but the uncertain Dependence of Anchors and Cables, two of which they lost; and had they not providentially met with one of our Boats, which towed her in, she, in all human Probability, would, in the violent Storm that blew last Night, have parted from her only one, and before Morning been no more; but Thanks be to God, we have the great Pleasure of seeing her safe in this Port, and an Instance of the Merces of the Almighty, without whose Permission not a Hair of Man shall perish."

On Saturday's Night was found dead in her Bed (as supposed) thro' want of common Necessaries, Mrs. Isma Russell, Relict of — Russell, Esq; of Lincoln's Inn. She was Daughter of — Crawley, Esq; of the Kingdom of Ireland, and Grand-daughter to Lord Viscount Fitzwilliams of Merion, being a Cousin-german half removed to the late Lord of that Name, and very closely allied in Blood to many illustrious Personages of this Kingdom, but not half so ennobled by Birth as by conspicuous and heroic Virtue; she patiently receiving from the greater part of her Relations, a Denial of the very common Scraps a Beggar claims, and is usually thrown to the Dogs. She died neglected, without a second Sheet, a second Shift, a second Gown or Handkerchief, having pledged a Handkerchief a few Days before for one Shilling, of which Sum Five Half-pence remained. As she had lived many Years in extreme Poverty, preserving still the Gentlewoman, so she died in the 77th Year of her Age, respected by God's special Friends, the Poor, and was buried by them at St. Pancras, in a decent Manner.

The West Country Barges have begun to work, the Floods having subsided in the Thames up the Country.

B O S T O N, April 21.

Last Thursday Night we had here a severe Storm of Wind and Rain, at which Time the Tide rose higher than has been known for several Years, and has done much Damage, by washing away large Quantities of Wood and Lumber from off the Wharfs, and entering the lower Part of divers Stores, and destroying Sugar, Salt, and Flour, and other Things, to a considerable Value.

We hear that great Damage has also been done by the above Storm in several of the neighbouring Sea Port Towns, particularly at Plymouth, where it is said the Loss sustained thereby amounts to between 3 and 4000 l. Sterling.

Extract of a Letter from Charlestown, in S. Carolina, March 20.

"The Creek Indians having suspended Hostilities, many People flatter themselves, that the Measures taken in that Affair have had the desired Effect, and that those Indians begin to be sensible of their Folly in quarrelling with their best Friends."

N E W - Y O R K, April 30.

On Tuesday Night last arrived an Express to his Excellency General Gage, with Advices from Detroit, the Particulars of which have not yet been communicated. — We learn from private Hands, that on the 25th of last Month, the Indians, posted near Detroit, had suddenly destroyed their Huts, removed their Women, Children and Effects, called their Warriors together, some say to the Number of 2000, and were marched off; that their Rout and Designs were unknown, some supposed they were gone to the carrying-Place at Niagara, to cut off our Communication, others that they intended to besiege Detroit, which is well provided with all Necessaries for its Defence, and therefore is in no immediate Danger.

We hear from Elizabeth Town, that Alderman Stites was still alive Wednesday Morning last, many Shot had been extracted, and there were some Hopes of his Recovery.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, May 3.

Extract of a Letter from Stanton, in Augusta County, Virginia, March 30, 1764.

"The People of these Parts are very much alarmed at some late Incursions of the Indians in the Western Part of this County. On the 20th Instant a Number of them came to the House of one David Cloyd (a wealthy Planter, living on some of the Waters of James River, not far from Looney's Ferry) and killed one of his Sons, tomahawked his Wife, plundered his House, and took away above Seven Hundred Pounds in Cash, besides sundry valuable Effects. Mrs. Cloyd, notwithstanding she is an ancient Woman, and was very much hacked and mangled, is recovered, and says, the Number of Indians was ten. Mr. Cloyd, and one of his Sons, were then in this Town, it being Court Time, and most of the Family from home. It is remarkable, that this House is a good Way within the Settlements, and yet the Enemy found Means to convey themselves undiscovered. But it is said that some other Families are missing, which it is supposed they carried off in their Return."

P. S. Just as I had finished writing this Account, there came Advice, that a Party of Whites-men pursued and came up with some of the Indians, killed one of them, and recovered One Hundred and Fifty Pounds of the Cash, all the heavy Baggage, and four Negroes, whom they had Prisoners."

In another Letter from the same Place, dated the 18th of April, it is said, that on the Saturday before, a Woman, and three Children, were carried off by the Enemy from the Calf Pasture, about 20 Miles from Stanton, which is the nearest to that Town of any Damage done this or the last War.

By Letters from Carlisle, received since our last, we learn, that the Troops which went to escort a Quantity of Provisions to Fort Pitt, were returned, having accomplished that Service, without seeing an Indian, either going or coming back: That the Garrison of that Place were all in good Health, and high Spirits, being well provided with all Necessaries, and not under any Apprehensions from the Savages: But that on the 21st ult. in the Afternoon, one John McLelland, who had formerly lived at Juniata, and being then there, discovered a Party of Indians, which he reckoned to be not less than Thirty, and saw two or three of them lay down their Budgets, desisting, as he apprehended, to pursue him, upon which he made the best of his Way off, and escaped: And that

Anne Arundel County, April 3, 1764. To be LET by the SUBSCRIBER, at the Land of Edw. on South River,

A STORE HOUSE, with a Counting-Room, Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Stable, and other convenient Out-Houses; and a Garden paled in. Also, some good Warehouses, with a convenient Wharf, so that a Vessel that draws about 9 or 10 Feet Water, may take in or deliver a Load on the Wharf, all in good Repair. It is convenient for purchasing Grain or Tobacco, the Inspecting House being at the same Place, and several Ships load there for London.

The Subscriber has also a Merchant Mill, on a constant Stream, within a Mile of the Store House. Any Person that wants, by applying to me, may be furnished with Flour in Barrels, or a Quantity of Indian Corn, or have Grain ground that carries it by Water to the Land of Edw. aforesaid; upon giving my Overseer Notice at said Mill, he will receive and deliver it again with Dispatch, being provided with a Team for that Purpose, and I hope will give Satisfaction to all that incline to make Trial. NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN.

W HEREAS the Officers for the Parish of St. Margaret's Westminster, in the County of Anne Arundel, find it expedient to Erect a Church or Chapel of Ease in the upper Part of the said Parish, where the present old Chapel of Ease is now situate, on the Head of Curtis's Creek, the old One being gone to Decay, and otherwise found much too small for the Congregation, constantly attending there on Divine Worship: Having a Sum of Money in Hand (saved from the Vacancy of a Minister, for some Time after the Death of the late Incumbent, the Rev. Mr. Walter Chelmsford) but much too small to answer the Purpose. And regarding tenderly the Interest of the Inhabitants, most of which are in necessitous Circumstances, and further encouraged by the Regard paid to Lotteries in general, less laudable in their Intention than the following: They have thought proper to propose the Method (to avoid if possible an Affidavit) by Way of Lottery, for Raising a Sum of Two Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds Current Money for the Purpose aforesaid.

THE SCHEME:

Number of Prizes.	Pounds.	Amount.
1	of 75	is 75
2	of 40	are 80
5	of 25	are 125
10	of 10	are 100
25	of 5	are 125
35	of 5	are 175
400	of 4	are 1600

- 1 First drawn Blank,
- 1 Last Ditto,
- 1 Last drawn Blank before the 75 l.
- 1 Next drawn Blank after the 75 l.

482 Prizes.

1518 Blanks.

2000 Tickets at 15 s. each, is £.1500

A S there are little more than three Blanks in a Prize, many of which are large and subject to no Deduction, it's hoped will be a Motive to encourage the Sale of the Tickets.

The Managers appointed are, Messieurs John Cromwell, Jesse Jacob, Elijah Robinson, John Walters, William Lux, Patrick Macgill, Henry Griffith, Henry Ridgely, John Burgess, and John Deffy; who are to give Bond and be on Oath for the faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in them.

The Drawing to begin as soon as the Tickets can be disposed of, in the Presence of a Majority of the Managers, and such of the Adventurers as think fit to attend.

The Time and Place of Drawing will be advertised in the Maryland Gazette some Time before the Drawing commences, as will also a List of the Prizes immediately after.

All Prizes not demanded within Six Months after such Publication, will be deemed as generously given for the Use aforesaid, and applied accordingly.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, at their respective Places of Abode, as of the Rev. Mr. West, and Lawrence Hammond's, Messrs. William Lux, Thomas Jentle, John Moore, Robert Adair, and Joseph Watkins, of Baltimore-Town; and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

Printed in Charles-Street. All Persons ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate after: And Long Ones in Proportion.