

# The MARYLAND GAZETTE

[XXth Year.]

THURSDAY, May 3, 1764.

[N<sup>o</sup>. 991.]

STOCKHOLM, January 20.

**O**UR Court has received the following Intelligence. The Dronningholm, one of our Merchantmen, sailing from Cadiz to Marfeilles, met with a Tunisian Xebeque, which made the usual Signal for exhibiting Passports; accordingly the Captain sent his Vals with 6 Men in the Boat; but by his Spy-Gafs he perceived that his Men were taken on board the Xebeque, and that his Boat was filled with Turks. Upon which the Merchantman crowded Sail, and got into Leghorn. At the same Time our Court received Advice, that the Regency of Tunis had declared War against us, and ordered their Corsairs to take all Swedish Ships they might meet in the Mediterranean. This Proceeding is grounded upon nothing but the Delay of some Presents, which had been promised by Sweden, and which our Court did really send, but the Ship that carried them was wrecked near Elfinour.

LONDON, February 18.

The Aigrette Frigate is arrived at Rochfort, with the Governor of Louisiana and his Family on board, after a very bad Passage. Letters by Yesterday's Mail from France, advise, that they had it strongly reported at Paris, that there had happened a Misunderstanding between our Court and that of France, on account of the great Number of People and Forces which have embarked, and are daily embarking for Cayenne, in the West-Indies.

A curious Marble Pedestrian Statue of his Majesty, King George III. is finished by Mr. Wilton, the Statuary, and will shortly be placed, by Order of the City of London, amongst the other Statues of the English Kings, on the Royal Exchange.

We hear that two young Gentlemen, Natives of Guiney, who have received a liberal Education, under a worthy and learned Clergyman of this City, will shortly receive Holy Orders in the Church of England, and be sent over, agreeable to their Characters, in order to propagate the Gospel among the Negroes, their Countrymen.

It is said a Petition from certain Jews, for Leave to settle in the new Colonies conditionally, has, for some Time past, been under Consideration. These People propose advancing a large Sum upon the Credit of the Province, to be employed for the Service of Agriculture and Commerce, provided certain Privileges and Immunities may be granted them for a Term of Years, from the Date of their first Arrival in America.

The Ambuscade Privateer, Captain Roberts, which went in Consort with the Lord Clive, Captain M'Namara, to the South-Seas, where the latter was unfortunately blown up, is arrived at Lisbon.

Feb. 20. There were 455 Members in the Hon. House of Commons on Saturday Morning at Five o'Clock, when they broke up.

The Dutch East-India Company have actually at this Time no less than 30,000 European Soldiers in their several Factories and Garrisons in the East-Indies, and it is said eleven Ships of the Line, besides Frigates.

We hear that the Island of St. John's, of which Lord Egmont has obtained a Grant, is to be divided into fifty Baronies, subdivided into so many Freeholds each; the whole to be held by military Tenures, Lord Egmont being Lord Paramount.

Feb. 21. On Saturday Night last Mr. Alexander Dun, who since his late Attempt on Friday to escape over the Wall of the King's Bench Prison, had been confined to a Room, tore up the Flooring, and putting the Boards, Chairs, and his Bed together, set them on Fire, and had it not been happily discovered in Time, the whole Building might have been consumed, and probably several Lives lost.

They write from Leghorn, that the Algerines had taken a Dutch Dogger laden with Corn, and carried her into Genoa.

On Wednesday last the Prince of Wales East Indiaman was taken up, and will sail with all possible Expedition, with a Train of Artillery, and 3 or 400 Soldiers, for Bengal.

It is reported, that His Majesty will visit his German Dominions this Year.

It is suspected that a Scheme was laid some Days ago by a Gang of Villains to rob a Ship in the River, lately arrived from North America, of a large Chest of Dollars, amounting to 20,000; for on Sunday Morning the Ship Dog was found dead upon Deck, and it is thought the Attempt was laid aside, on the Rogues having discovered that the Silver was put ashore the preceding Day.

Feb. 22. Yesterday Morning, a little after Nine o'Clock, came on before the Right Hon. Lord Chief Justice Mansfield, in the Court of King's Bench, Westminster, the Trial of John Wilkes, Esq; as the supposed Republiher of No. 45 of the North Briton, with Notes; the Court was opened, in a very learned Manner, by the Attorney General, who observed, that he had received certain Information, that inflammatory Papers had been sent to the Gentlemen of the Jury, in Favour of the Defendant, tending to bias and prejudice their Minds; his Lordship then made some Remarks on the heinous Nature of such a Proceeding, if true, and declared, if the offending Party could be discovered, he should be punished in the most exemplary Manner: A Question was then put to the Jury relative to the above, when the Foreman acknowledged the Fact; and, at the same Time, putting his Hand into his Pocket, produced a Paper on the other Side, which he observed was equally inflammatory; and which put the whole Court in a Smile.

After the Examination of Witnesses, and summing up the Evidence, the Jury retired for an Hour and Three Quarters, and then brought in the Defendant Guilty.

The Council for the Crown were Mr. Attorney General, Mr. Martin, Mr. Clayton, and Mr. Wallace. For Mr. Wilkes, Mr. Serjeant Glynn, Mr. Recorder of London, Mr. Stow, and Mr. Dunning.

After the above Cause was ended, the Court proceeded on the Trial of Mr. Wilkes for printing a Book intitled, "An Essay on Women;" when the Jury, after about an Hour's Deliberation, brought him in Guilty on that Indictment also.

Sentence on both Verdicts is to be given the first Day of next Term.

One of the Copies of the Essay on Woman was handed to the Jury, who tried the second Cause. The Persons who were taking down Minutes of the Trial, were ordered by the Court to desist, they deeming the Expressions in the Essay on Woman improper to be made public.

We are told that Mr. Penn's Estate in Pennsylvania, has been made to appear, from Accounts long carefully kept up, but lately discovered by Accident, notwithstanding the slow Improvement of that Colony, till within the last 30 Years, to be worth at present, at a low Valuation, above Ten Millions Sterling, and will soon amount to much more. The procuring such Grants as these, was surely *surprendre le Roi* (as the French say) to a great Degree.

PROVIDENCE, April 14.

Extra of a Letter from a Gentleman at Montreal; to another in this Town, dated March 14, 1764.

"The Indian War has occasioned almost a total Stagnation of Business in this Quarter, and Cash is much scarcer here than in the Maritime Province.

We are going to raise a Regiment of Canadians, to be commanded by their own Officers, to be sent against the Indians, which must take off all Hope of Assistance or Dependence on the French.

BOSTON, April 12.

Numbers of Persons are daily coming in to Town, as also to the Hospitals at Pent Shirley and Castle William, to receive the Small-Pox by Inoculation: Besides those who come from the neighbouring Towns, there are several from the Province of New-Hampshire, the Colonies of Connecticut, and Rhode Island. It is judged that between 3 and 4000 Persons have gone safely through that Distemper, in the Time since Liberty was granted for Inoculation, which is five Weeks; and it is observable that there has been little or no Infection from those who have had this Disease; we cannot learn that there has been twenty Persons taken down in the natural Way in the above

Time, notwithstanding that there are several Hundred Children in this Town who are exposed thereto, by the Scruples the Parents or Guardians of them have as to the Lawfulness of the Practice: It has been generally allowed, that only one in a thousand have died in the present Method in Hospitals, but in Town, it is said one in about 200 have failed, the most of them Infants: This Difference is easily accounted for; in Hospitals only those who are prepared, and are fit Subjects, will be accepted; whereas in a large Town, the Families are inoculated indiscriminately, many of whom are unfit Subjects; this is done partly through the Impatience of People who would not wait the necessary Preparation, lest they should take it the common Way; and partly from the Importunity of Parents prevailing with the Physicians against their Judgment and Advice to inoculate weak Children, labouring under other Disorders, because the Parents could not immediately remove them out of the Way of the Distemper, and thought they would at least stand a better Chance by being inoculated, than in taking the Infection, as they would probably do, in the common Way. The Physicians were also suddenly oppressed with the great Hurry of Business, which so hastily and general inoculation occasioned, and probably many of them could not so particularly attend to the circumstances of the Patients offered for Inoculation.

Tuesday the 3d Instant in the Morning was remarkably cloudy dark Weather, with Rain, Thunder and Lightning, not only here, but as far as New-York. At Walpole a Flash of Lightning came down the Chimney of the House of Mr. Joseph Gay, and tore the Summer under the Hearth to Splinters, and a Dog that lay in the Corner was killed: Five Persons who were sitting in the Room were struck speechless, but are since recovered, the Chair whereon one of them sat was shivered to Pieces: The Explosion was so violent that it shook every Window in the House to Pieces.

We hear from New-Haven, that some Days ago, immediately after Breakfast, between 60 and 70 of the Students of Yale College were suddenly taken ill of some unknown Disorder, supposed to be from Poison in their Food; whether from Accident or Design of some villainous Person, Time perhaps will discover. By the Care of Physicians most of them are almost recovered, but some are still in a precarious State.

NEW-YORK, April 23.

By an Express which arrived here on Friday last from Albany, we have the following authenticated Accounts respecting the farther Success of our Indian Detachments against the Enemy Indians, viz. "That in the Evening of the 15th of April Instant, an Indian Express came with a Letter to Sir WILLIAM JOHNSON, at Johnson-Hall, acquainting him, That Capt. Montour, after passing several Creeks and Rivers, which were very high and difficult at this Season, arrived with his Party, consisting of 140 Indians, with some Rangers, the Beginning of this Month, at the Cayuga Branch of the Susquehanna River, which the Enemy had abandoned with the utmost Precipitation; that they had destroyed two large Towns, of well-built square Log-Houses with Chimnies, and a large Quantity of Indian Corn, and other Provisions; several new Saddles, Kettles, some Arms, Axes, &c. which they had probably taken from the Inhabitants. After this, Montour proceeded to the large Town of Kineston, containing 60 good Houses; which he likewise burnt; and there, as well as at the other Towns, killed a Number of Cattle, which could not be brought off; and sent Parties in Pursuit of the Enemy, who have fled to the Southward, whilst with the few remaining, he destroyed four other Villages of the Enemy, on the Branches of the Susquehanna. And as the Senecas will now join with the Five Nations (since they have entered into a Peace with Sir William, and made large Concessions, for the Performance of which they have left several Hostages) there is great Reason to think, our Enemies will be overtaken, and justly chastised for their Desertion."

It was never before known, that the UNITED NATIONS were so unanimous, and hearty, in our Cause.—They have All, to a Man, taken up the Hatchet

**T**HE Subscriber, living at the old Office, within 1/2 Miles from Lower-Cedar-Point, and 1/4 of a Mile below Mr. Benjamin Fendall's Landing, Keeps a good BOAT and Four experienced Hands, and Ferries to Capt. Hoo's Landing, and Taylor's Landing; also a good New YAUL, to carry over Gentlemen and Ladies, that can go from his Landing to Capt. Hoo's Landing in 15 Minutes; where all Gentlemen Travelers may depend on a ready Passage.

Also, Private ENTERTAINMENT for Men and Horses, kept by *Their humble Servant*;

**JOHN LAIDLIE.**  
N. B. The Rates of his Ferry are as follow; for a Man and Horse to Capt. Hoo's Landing 4/6, two Men and Horses 6/6, and so in Proportion: To Taylor's Landing, for a Man and Horse 6/6, two Men and Horses 9/6, and so in Proportion.

St. Mary's County, March 12, 1764.  
To be LET,

**A** STORE HOUSE, 24 Feet long, and 18 Feet wide, with a Shed at the End, at Pile's Warehouse in Charles County, where Mr. Andrew Buchanan lately kept Store, together with a Lumber Houfe, at one End of which there is a Comping Room, and Bed Room. Any Person that inclines to Rent the same, may have any Repairs made that shall be judged necessary, and may know the Terms by applying to

EDWARD DICKE.

**B**Y Advertisements published in the *Maryland Gazette* in January and February last, those who are Indebted to Mr. THOMAS DICK, were requested to Call and Settle, or Discharge their respective Balances by the 20th of February past, to which little Regard has been paid: The Subscriber therefore gives this further Notice, that if not complied with before the last Day of May next, Actions will be commenced against every Debtor to the said Thomas Dick, without Distinction.

Attendance will be given, at Baltimore-Town, by Mr. Upton Sherredine, who is authorized by the Subscriber, to adjust and settle all Accounts, and to grant Receipts for all Payments made to him.

JAMES DICK, Attorney in Fact for Thomas Dick.

**W**HEREAS Richard Richardson, Son and Heir of Richard Richardson, of Frederick County, in the Province of Maryland, Deceased, is empowered by an Act of Assembly of the said Province, passed the 22d of November last, to sell and dispose of his Father's Lands, to the highest Bidder, agreeable to the Intention of his said Father's Will: These are therefore to give Notice to all Persons inclinable to Purchase the same, That the Lands aforesaid, containing about 1370 Acres, will be set up by the Subscriber, at public Vendue, at Frederick-Town, in the Province aforesaid, on the 21st Day of June next. The Lands are very valuable, they are but three Miles from Frederick-Town, on the main Road, upon which there are several Houses, Orchard, Meadow, and a Mill with a constant Stream, and very convenient for a Merchant Mill, &c.

The Title is indisputable.

RICHARD RICHARDSON.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

**F**IFTEEN Acres of LAND, situate about 1/2 Mile at the Head of Back-River, in Belknap County, the First Tuesday in August next, at 7 o'Clock, conveniently situated for a Warehouse.

RICHARD RICHARDSON.

February 1, 1764.

**I**N an Advertisement published in the *Maryland Gazette*, bearing Date April 6th, 1763, informing the Debtors of the Loan-Office, that unless they paid off and discharged their respective Bonds by the Thirtieth Day of July last, they would be put in Suit; to which little Regard has been paid: THEREFORE the Commissioners once more give Notice, That they will immediately proceed in suing out Executions upon all the Bonds due to them as Trustees of the Loan-Office aforesaid, and that they will continue to do until all the Bonds are paid off, the Time for finishing and completing the whole Business being Short.

Signed per Order,

R. COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

and, in Charles-Street. All Persons

ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate

after: And Long Ones in Proportion.