

# The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XIXth Year.]

THURSDAY, February 23, 1764.

[No. 981.]

FRANCIS SANDERSON, *Copper-Smith*,  
from LANCASTER.

HAS Settled his Business in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County, MARYLAND; where he intends to supply the Public with all Sorts of COPPER-WORK, such as STILLs, BREWING-KETTLES, FISH and WASH-KETTLES, TEA-KETTLES, SAUCE-PANS, and other Things too tedious to mention.

N. B. He will give a good Price for all Sorts of Old BRASS, COPPER, PEWTER, and LEAD.

MARYLAND, *Patowmack River*,  
George-Town, Dec. 10, 1763.

AS I am fully determined on going Home in the Spring 1765, if then alive, in order to make a Settlement with my Employers, Messrs JOHN GLASSFORD and Company, Merchants in GLASGOW, which I cannot accomplish without making Settlements with my Customers; I take this Method of informing them, That from this Date I have given up the Management of the Store to Mr. Robert Ferguson, (who is well known to most of them) that I may have it in my Power to attend properly on settling all my former Transactions, and which I hope I shall not be difficult to get done against the Spring 1765, having now all my Accounts ready for that Purpose, and I flatter myself that none concerned will delay it on their Part, for however much I am inclined to be indulgent to those who really have it not in their Power to make Payment soon, yet I am under a Necessity of requiring that every Person who has open Accounts with me, shall make a Settlement of such Account, and their doing it soon will prevent them from being put to Expences, as well as Trouble to me. The Store at George-Town, on Patowmack River, now under the Management of Mr. Robert Ferguson, will be supplied with Goods &c. as usual, and I have not the least doubt of giving Satisfaction to all who are Kind enough to favour him with their Custom, as well to my good old Customers, as to others who may incline to open a Correspondence with him. My Intention is to return to George-Town as early in the Spring 1766, as I can finish the Business on which I am going Home. All just Claims against me, whether on Account of the Store, or properly on my own Account, shall be settled before I depart for Province.

ROBERT PETER, Attorney  
for John Glassford and Company.

To be SOLD by Virtue of an Act of Assembly, at PUBLIC VENDUE, at Mrs. Oriole in Baltimore-Town, on Thursday the Twenty-second of March next, for Bills of Exchange or Current Money, the following Lots and Lands, being the Estate of the late Col. William Bismark, as follows, viz.

TWO LOTS in Baltimore-Town, with Improvements thereon, known by the Names of Number I, and Number V. A Tract of Land near the Town, called Cole's Addition, containing Sixty-seven Acres. And one Moiety of a Tract of Land, called Cromwell's Chance.

JOHN PAGE,  
ROBERT ADAMS,  
MARGARET PATTEN.

Upper-Mariborough, Nov. 3, 1763.

JUST IMPORTED

In the Peggy, Capt. Craig, from London, and to be SOLD by the Subscribers, for Cabs, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of European and EAST-INDIA GOODS. Likewise Madeira WINE, Barbados RUM, Loaf Sugar, Molasses, Spermaceti, Myrtle Wax, and Tallow Candles, Bohea and Hyson TEA, &c.

ALEXANDER & ANDREW STUART.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND called The Plain of Parran, commonly called Hammond's Key, containing 1580 ACRES, lying on the main Road leading from Baltimore-Town to Frederick-Town, about 14 Miles from the former. The Soil well adapted to Farming, and convenient to a Merchant Mill. The whole will be sold together in Lots of 300 Acres, as may suit the Purchaser. For Terms apply to ALEXANDER LAWSON.

in Charles-Street. All Persons  
ADVERTISEMENTs of a moderate  
And Long Ones in Proportion.

FROM THE WHIM, N<sup>o</sup>. 8.

MR. DRYDEN happening to pass an Evening in Company with the Duke of Buckingham, the Earl of Rochester, Lord Dorset, and some others of the first Distinction and Reputation for Genius, the Conversation turned upon literary Subjects; such as the Fineness of Composition, the Harmony of Numbers, the Beauties of Invention, the Smoothness and Elegance of Style, &c. &c. After some Debate, it was finally agreed, that each Person present should write Something upon whatever Subject chanced to strike the Imagination, and place it under the Candlestick. Mr. Dryden was excepted against in every respect, but as a Judge of the Whole. Of Course that Office was assigned him. Some of the Company were at more than ordinary Pains to out rival the others; the Man most tranquil and unconcerned was Lord Dorset; who, with much Ease and Composure very coolly wrote two or three Lines, and carelessly threw them into the Place agreed upon; and when the Rest had done so by their, the Arbitrer opened the Leaves of their Destiny. In going through the Whole, he discovered strong Marks of Pleasure and Satisfaction; but at one in particular he displayed the most boundless Rapture. I must acknowledge, says Dryden, that there are Abundances of fine Things in my Hands, and such as do Honour to the Personages who wrote them; but I am under an indispensable Necessity of giving the highest Preference to Lord Dorset. I must request you will hear it yourselves Gentlemen, and I believe each, and every one of you, will approve my Judgment.

I Promise to Pay to JOHN DRYDEN, Esq; or Order, on Demand, the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

DORSET.

I must confess (continued Dryden) that I am equally charmed with the Style and the Subject; and I flatter myself, Gentlemen, that I stand in need of no Arguments to induce you to join with me in Opinion, even against yourselves. This Kind of Writing exceeds any I have seen, either Ancient or Modern, it is not only the Essence but the Quintessence of Language; and is, in Fact, Reason and Argument surpassing every Thing. The Company all readily concurred with the Bard, and each Person present was forward to express a due Admiration of his Lordship's Penetration, solid Judgment, and superior Abilities, with which, it is probable, Mr. Dryden, that great Judge upon such Occasions, was still more thoroughly satisfied than any of the Company.

The following Method of destroying Caterpillars on Trees, taken from the Gentleman's Magazine for June, as it has been tried with Success, is inserted for the Benefit of the Public.

TAKE lighted Charcoal in a Chafin Dish, and throw thereon some Finches of Brimstone in Powder, place the same under the Branches that are loaded with Caterpillars. The Vapour of the Sulphur, which is mortal to those Insects, will not only destroy all that are on the Tree, but prevent it being infested by them afterwards. A Pound of Sulphur will clear as many Trees as grow on several Acres.

DOMINICA, November 2.

To all Merchants or Masters of Vessels navigating to or from any of the British Colonies in the Caribbee Islands.

THE critical Situation of Dominica between the two French Colonies of Guadaloupe and Martinico, exposing that Island to all the Rigours of the French King's Letters Patent of October 1727. By which all foreign Ships and Vessels were made liable to be seized and confiscated for navigating within a League of their Coast. Whereby the Trade of his Majesty's Subjects in general, might be greatly obstructed, and that Colony particularly distressed; Brigadier General Dalrymple

thought it indispensably his Duty to represent to the French Governors of the said Colonies the Inconvenience of putting the said Letters Patent rigorously in Force; and to propose a Suspension of that Part of them which exposed all British Vessels to be seized and confiscated; by approaching within the prescribed Distance (which must be often necessary to enable them to make out their Voyages to the several Islands, now intermixed with the French Colonies) till fresh Orders and Instructions relative to that Head might be received from our respective Courts; to which the General and Intendant of Martinico have assented by their public Letter of the 1st of September, and those of Guadaloupe by Monsieur de Bourlemaque's Letter of the 17th of October.

Provided always, That none of our Vessels should Anchor, or attempt to Anchor, in any of their Out-Bays; in which case the said Vessels would be still liable to all the Rigours of the Letters Patent. But in case of Distress at Sea, they might put into the Ports of St. Pierre, Fort Royal, and Trinity, of Martinico, and those of Basseterre and Point Peter of Guadaloupe.

Head Quarters, Royleau, Q. B. 24, 1763.

By the Brigadier's Command,

JOHN CHARLTON, Secretary.

CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA) Jan. 4.

This Day the General Assembly of this Province met here, in Obedience to the Governor's Proclamation, when his Excellency delivered the following SPEECH, to both Houses.

Honourable Gentlemen,

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Commons House of Assembly,

WITHOUT observing To-day upon the Business of various Sorts, which well deserves your serious Attention, the melancholy Incident which I shall immediately make you acquainted with, will sufficiently justify my calling you so suddenly together. On the 21th of last Month, a Party of Creek Indians murdered fourteen Persons in the Long-Canes Settlement, an Outrage of this Sort, so soon after the King's Forgiveness of all former Offences was solemnly declared to them, and every Means used to remove their Jealousies, and to conciliate their Good Will, is too plain a Proof, I am afraid, that they are not to be reclaimed by good Offices, that they disdain your proffered Friendship, and are really dangerous and inveterate Enemies, as such they must be treated, and as such guarded against. The Consternation and real Distress which the poor unhappy Back Settlers are thrown into, reduced to abandon their All, or lose their Lives, will, I am persuaded, excite your Compassion, and procure them Relief. It would be an Insult to your Humanity to doubt it, and additional Mischief, if possible, to them to be disappointed. I will lay Copies of the Information brought me before you, and then rely on your taking such Measures as a Love of your Country, and a Tenderness for your Fellow Creatures, must dictate. Such Assistance as I could furnish independent of you is already ordered. When you, Gentlemen of the Commons House of Assembly, are deliberating upon this unhappy Affair, it will be by no Means foreign from the Subject to consider how the Posts on the Frontiers are circumstanced. Augusta, which is garrisoned by Troops from this Province, is in Ruins: Fort Moore is repaired indeed; but has not a Gun mounted, or a Gun Carriage belonging to it; nor am I able to convey to either a Barrel of Powder, unless I apply the poor Remains of contingent Money to this Service. There is not a Month's Provision in the one nor the other, not is Fort Prince George much better supplied, and what is still worse, the Crown no longer allows Provisions to the Troops.

Thus, Gentlemen, I have related plainly how Matters are, and have carefully avoided heightening the Distress of the Frontiers by laboured Descriptions.

Before I conclude, I must acquaint you, that in Consequence of Representation made to the King; his Majesty has thought proper to order me to appoint Commissioners to run a temporary Line of Jurisdiction, in Concert with North-Carolina Commissioners. Governor Dobbs and I have agreed, that they shall begin the First of March, and I now apply to you, Gentlemen of the Commons House of Assembly, to enable me to carry the King's Commands into Execution.

THOMAS BOONE.

A great Number of Settlers from the Northward, have come by Land into the Western Parts of this Province during several Months past. On the 26th ult. a Number of those Settlers, with four Waggon, arrived at Hard-Labour, where they resolved to remain till they heard what was to be done concerning the Murders committed by the Creek Indians.

PROVIDENCE, January 14.

The many Difficulties and Hardships which the Trade of the Northern Colonies is at present burthened with, by the several severe Restrictions, Prohibitions, &c. it is thought will excite the Attention of the Legislature of the different Governments respectively, and that proper Representations will soon be transmitted Home to the Lords of Trade and Plantations, for the Removal or Mitigation of the Grievances imposed on so loyal a Part of His Majesty's Dominions.

We hear that the Hon. STEPHEN HOPKINS, Esq; our Governor, has issued out Warrants for calling the General Assembly, to meet at South-kingstown on Tuesday the 24th Instant, in Consequence of a Petition from a considerable Number of Merchants of this Colony, who have a Remonstrance, with sundry important Matters, to lay before the House, respecting the Restrictions on the Plantation Trade.

BOSTON, January 19.

Extract of a Letter from Barbados.

There never was greater Plenty of Silver here than at present; all our Payments for the Produce of the Northern Colonies are made in Specie; and our Currency, as you will imagine, has been considerably reduced; notwithstanding which, scarce a Vessel departs either for England or the Continent, without having great Quantities of Dollars shipped on board, which plainly demonstrates how vastly beneficial, with regard to Trade, our late Connections with the Havannah have been, and at the same Time our Loss, or rather Infatuation to give it up. It was, while in our Hands, like Solomon's Land of Ophir, to these Islands.

NEW-YORK, January 30.

The State of the Commerce of this Continent, is of universal Concern to its Inhabitants; at present it is in a languishing Condition; our Debt in Europe increases; our Power to pay it off decreases. To find out the Causes; and point out a Remedy for this growing Evil, is an Object of the most serious Consideration to every Friend to Great-Britain and North-America; for which End, the Merchants of this City had public Notice to assemble on Friday last, at Mr. Barns's Long Room, where a very considerable Body of them met, and appointed a Committee to prepare a Memorial to the Legislature of this Province, representing the Decline of Trade, and the Distresses of the Merchants and Traders of this City, praying its Interposition with the Parliament of Great-Britain: And as every Gentleman who is a Friend to the Trade of our Mother Country, or has Property in this Province, must conceive himself interested in the Success of this Undertaking, it is hoped that they will contribute thereto, by furnishing such Materials as they may think proper to introduce on this Occasion, by a Direction to the Province Arms, where they will be gratefully received by the Committee, who will this Evening fix stated Times to meet; of which the Public will have Notice.

Head Quarters, New-York, January 5, 1764.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to signify to the Commander in Chief, his Royal Approbation.