

[XIXth Year.]

THURSDAY, January 26, 1764.

[N^o. 977.]

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at his STORE at Elk-Ridge Landing, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail. Any Gentleman purchasing by Wholesale shall have them at a very reasonable Advance, and Credit if required. PATRICK MACGILL.

RAN away from the Subscriber, the 28th of October last, a Convict Servant Woman, named Nancy Partizan, about 19 Years of Age, round Face, small black Eyes, light Eye-brows, sandy colour'd Hair, of a short Stature, very round Shoulders, talks very brisk, has a down Lock, keeps a Handkerchief tied under her Jaw, and wears a Bonnet set round with Sticks. Had on red and white check'd Holland Bed Gown, a large Woman's new Chintz Gown, with yellow and green Sprigs, a white Cotton Petticoat, black Serge Denim Shoes, old black Stockings, a long blue and white spotted Silk Handkerchief, a Cotton long Bed Gown, and a red Cloak with a Cut to it. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and delivers her to the Subscriber, living at Captain St. Mary's County, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward, paid by RICHARD COOTE.

'Tis supposed that she has a Pafy belonging to Jane McGee, which was granted to her by Capt. Richard Ward Key, by Order of Court, and runs under that Name.

Elk-Ridge, December 1, 1763. AS the Subscriber has declined Trade, he desires all Persons that have any Claims against him to bring them in, and they shall be paid: He also desires all Persons that are indebted to him, either by Mortgage, Bill of Sale, Bond, Promissory Bill, Note, or open Account, to come and discharge the same, or settle to his Satisfaction, by the First Day of February next; all such as neglect and do not comply with his Request, may depend on being sued, and warranted, immediately after that Day, without further Notice, or Distinction being made of any Person. WILLIAM HALL, of Elk-Ridge.

Upper Marlborough, Nov. 8, 1763. JUST IMPORTED In the Peggy, Capt. Craig, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS. Likewise, Madeira WINE, Barbadoes RUM, Loaf Sugar, Molasses, Spermaceti, Myrtle Wax, and Tallow Candles, Bobea and Hyson TEA, &c. ALEXANDER & ANDREW STURTEVANT.

TO BE SOLD, very Cheap, For Ready Money, or Best Credit, Quantity of Molasses, Barbadoes Rum and Sugar, by the Hoghead or Barrel, Madeira Wine, by the Pipe, Hoghead, or Quarter Cask; Claret Wine, by the Hoghead; and Mottled Pork, by THOMAS RICHARDSON and Company.

TO BE SOLD, A TRACT of LAND called The Plains of Parry, commonly called Hammond's Quarter, containing 1580 ACRES, lying on the main Road leading from Baltimore-Town to Frederick-Town, about 14 Miles from the former. The Soil well adapted to Farming, and convenient for a Merchant Mill. The whole will be sold together or in Lots of 300 ACRES, as may suit the Purchaser. For Terms apply to ALEXANDER LEITCH.

TO BE SOLD, For Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money, ABOUT Five Hundred ACRES of LAND, Part of a Tract of Land (where Neel O'Connell lives) called Herd to Get and Dear paid for, lying in Aust. Arundel County, near Elk-Ridge, and the main Road from Annapolis to Frederick-Town. For Title and Terms apply to THOMAS, SAMUEL, & JOHN STURTEVANT.

ind, in Charles-Street. All Persons ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate length: And Long Ones in Proportion.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 1.

THE late News from Smyrna has alarmed us very much. About ten Days ago the Ambassadors and Ministers here received from thence the Account of a very extensive and devouring Fire, which, by some fatal Accident, broke out on the 6th of last Month, at midnight, and in 26 Hours, involved in its Progress the whole Quarter of the City, called the Frank Quarter, inhabited entirely by the different factories of several foreign Nations trading there, particularly the English, French, Dutch, Venetian, Imperial, Swedish, Danish, and Ragusean. By the English Consul's Account, not a Merchant's, nor Consul's House is left standing, except his own, and that not entire, nor without suffering great damage. Even their Magazines, the Repositories of all their various Merchandize (which had hitherto been looked upon as Fire-proof) burst through the intense Violence of the Flames; the scene of Desolation is on all Sides terrible. The loss sustained is reckoned, by a Gross Computation, at a Million and Half of Turkish Dollars, or 200,000 l. Sterling.

As by the Accounts received from thence, the behaviour of the Turkish Officers, during the Fire, gave the greatest Cause of Complaint to the Powers by it, all the Christian Ministers residing here, have presented Memorials to the Porte on that Occasion.

Rome, Sept. 17. A Cause has lately been tried here, the Decision of which gives general Satisfaction. In the Month of December, 1760, one RAVIO FRISCIATTI, a very rich old Gentleman of Macerata, was murdered at his Country-House at Spiccia-Nova. One Cippolato, and another named Spiccia, two of the Murderers, were immediately taken, and confessed their Crime; but a third Person, named Marconi, who was suspected, made his Escape: He was afterwards apprehended by the Diligence of Mr. Frisciatti's Son, but instantly denied having any Part in the Murder. The Governor of Macerata, in order to get Possession of the Deceased's immense Wealth, insisted one of the two Assassins, who had confessed their Crime, to accuse the Son of suborning them to kill his Father. Young Frisciatti, perceiving the Governor's Villainy, fled from Macerata, came and surrendered himself a Prisoner here, and demanded Justice. The Governor was turned out of his Place, and imprisoned a great while ago. Frisciatti having just now proved his Innocence before the Tribunal of the Sacred Consult, to which he appealed from the Sentence of the Court at Macerata, the Judge who tried him is sentenced to pay him his Costs and Damages, the Criminal Joseph Carlini, is sent to the Gallies for life, Germanus Sanni, Lieutenant of the Jurisdiction, is ordered to be sent to the Gallies during the Pleasure of the Sacred Consult, and declared capable of ever acting in any Court of Judicature; and two Evidences are ordered, one to the Gallies for Life, and the other to perpetual Banishment. The two Assassins who confessed the Murder have been hanged; the third, who even under the Torture denied the Crime, is condemned to the Gallies for ten Years. When Frisciatti was brought out of Prison, after having had his Innocence fully justified, a great Number of Gentlemen carried him, in a Kind of Triumph, to the Pope, who honoured him with his Blessing, and as an Earnest of the good effects of it, immediately presented him with a Purse of 200 Roman crowns.

Ratisbon, Oct. 13. It is apprehended that the election of a new King of Poland will disturb the tranquillity so lately restored to Europe; several of the neighbouring Powers being too much interested in that Election, to look upon the Event of it with indifference. The Russian Troops remaining upon the Frontiers, the Differences respecting Courland, the intestine Divisions among the Grandees of Poland and Lithuania, and the Preparations already made by the neighbouring Powers, shew that this Election will not be very quietly carried on.

LONDON, November 2.

Abstract of the Convention made between the King of Sardinia, the most Christian King, and the Catholic King, concerning the Pretensions of his Sardinian Majesty to the Duchy of Placentia.

Article I. Their most Christian and Catholic Majesties acknowledge again, in Favour of the King of Sardinia, the Right of Reversion to the Sovereignty of the City of Placentia, and to the Part of the Placentine, as far as the River Nura, as mentioned in the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle, in Case of Failure of the Male Line of the Infante Don Philip, as also in Case this Prince or his Heirs should succeed to one of the Crowns of his Family.

II. Their most Christian and Catholic Majesties Guarantee the aforesaid Reversion against all Powers that might attempt to oppose it.

III. Till such Time as the said Reversion may happen, his Sardinian Majesty shall enjoy the same annual Revenue (deducting the Charges of Government) which the City and Territory mentioned in the first Article would yield him, were he in actual Possession thereof; to which End, his most Christian Majesty will remit to his Sardinian Majesty the Capital Sum of the Revenue of the said Territories.

IV. Whenever the Reversion happens, the King of Sardinia is to restore the capital Sum mentioned in the preceding Article.

V. The King of Sardinia shall enjoy the Equivalent for the Revenues of the Placentine, from the 10th of March of the present Year, being the Day of exchanging the Ratifications of the Treaty of Peace of France and Spain with England; agreeably to the most Christian King's Letter to his Sardinian Majesty, dated the 5th of February 1759.

VI. The present Convention shall be communicated to the other Powers concerned in the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle, and the Three contracting Monarchs will require their Guarantee thereof.

VII. The Ratifications of the present Convention shall be exchanged within a Month, or sooner, if possible.

Done at Paris the 10th of June 1763, signed by the Baili Solar de Breille on the Part of Sardinia, Choiseul Duke de Praslin for France, and the Marquis Grimaldi for Spain.

There are two separate Articles, the first of which is only Matter of Form, about Titles in the full Powers of the Ministers; and the other stipulates, that though the Convention is made in the French Tongue, this shall not be considered as of any Consequence, nor be drawn into a Precedent.

The erasing and demolishing the Fortifications of Wesel, Gueldres, Lipstadt and Hamm, are, by his Prussian Majesty's Orders, carried on with the greatest Expedition.

A certain noble Person of Distinction expended very lately the Sum of 4000 l. in about six Weeks, at Paris, to the great Credit of himself and the Nation.

It is hoped that an Embargo will be shortly laid on the Lords and Ladies of this Kingdom, or the Amusements of Paris will leave our Nation Peopled, Lord H—'s Son, now at Paris, we are assured, drew on his Father in one Bill for 30,000 l. which was immediately paid. [Thus goes the Treasure, which has been drawn from the Vitals of this Nation.]

The Hon. Lord Clive has purchased the large Estate and Manor of Wallcott, Esq; of Wallcott, in the County of Shropshire, for 90,000 l.

Yesterday about Noon a Publican in Shore-ditch, and one Mr. Phillips, who keeps an Intelligence Office in Finch-lane, were brought before Alderman Dickenson at Guildhall, by a large Body of Sailors, who charged Mr. P. with having taken divers Sums of Money from Sailors at the Publican's House, under Pretence of getting the Government to take their R's off, which the Sailors believed was only a Deceit: Upon hearing their Story, the Alderman told them, as the Case arose in Middlesex, he would recommend them to go to one of the Justices of that County; upon which they took the two Delinquents away; and as the Sailors went out of the Hall, some of them swore

that if they could not have the said Delinquents committed to Prison they would cut both their Ears off. The Sailors let the Publican go after they came out of Guildhall, and carried Mr. Phillips to Towerhill where they obliged him to go down on his knees and ask Pardon; and then they took him to the Flower-Pot in Boshopgate-Street, where after staying some Time, they left him: And, some Person having made them believe the above Publican had designed to defraud them, about five o'Clock in the Afternoon they went in a riotous Manner to the Publican's House, and, notwithstanding he had placed a Guard of Soldiers before his Door, they pulled down the Sign and broke it to Pieces; upon which the Soldiers fired several Times, and killed four People upon the Spot, besides wounding several others: A Lad in particular was shot through both Cheeks: An additional Party of Soldiers came soon after the Affair was over, and as the Sailors threaten to come with a great Number this Day, it is said the Guards will be kept for some Time. There did not appear to be either a Justice of Peace or a Constable present when the Soldiers fired, and the whole Mischief was done in a few Minutes after the Sailors came to the Publican's House. One of the Persons killed was a well dressed Man, who was passing by when the Affair happened.

It has been an old Observation, that the vox Populi is the vox Dei: In some Cases it may be true; but whoever considers the fatal Consequences of some late Riots, particularly that of the Sailors on Towerhill a few Weeks ago, and that in Shoreditch on Monday last, will be rather of Opinion that the vox populi is too often the vox diaboli.

On Monday Night, at the Disturbance in Shoreditch, the Rioters were so Outrageous as not only to pelt the Guards with Brickbats, Stones, &c. but even forced Bayonets from several of their Muskets, before they were ordered to fire.

At the late Riot in Shoreditch a Carman was shot across the Belly that some of his Bowels came out.

Oct. 28. We learn from France, that an Artist there has lately invented a new Kind of Spectacles, three Inches long, and eighteen Lines in Diameter, with four Glasses, which are far superior to any hitherto discovered.

We are informed, that notwithstanding the British Subjects are in Possession of all Canada, a great Quantity of Furs, &c. from those Parts, by Way of Mississippi, have lately arrived in France.

At the Window of an Office, not far from Crutched-friars, the following Notice we are told, is stuck up in the Window, in the true Hibernian Style, viz. No Certificates will be delivered but on the first Wednesday in every Week.

Wednesday a Butcher, near St. James's-market, driving some Sheep home for Slaughter, one running from the Rest, he sent (what they term a Keppack) his Dog after him, which seizing the Stray, held him till his Brother Brute came up, who very dexterously cutting his Legs off at the Knuckles, drove him home with much Pleasure and Satisfaction.

In Order to secure a perpetual Tranquillity with the Spaniards to the Southward, three Ships of War are constantly to cruise near the Island of Rattan, in the Bay of Honduras, about ten Leagues from the Mosquito Shore, whose Harbour of Port-Royal is capable of containing Five Hundred Sail in all Weathers.

Letters from Altena, of the 15th Instant, advise, that they had a certain Account from Lunenburg, that the Workmen were employed there, with the greatest Expedition, to get the Palace ready by the 29th of next Month, for the Reception of the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick, and his intended Consort Princess Augusta of England.

It is expected that the Number of Petitioners who will attend the next Sessions of Parliament to obtain the Repeal of the Cyder Act, will be no less than they were in 1733, against the General Excise, when the Common Council of London, declared, that "The Extension of such Laws must necessarily increase the Number and Power of Officers, which would be inconsistent with those Principles of Liberty on which their happy Constitution