TWO PISTOLES REWARD. RAN away from on board a Schoone le Cheptani, on the 13th of Olleber last, or Baptis, a thick well fet Fellow, about 50 Ven of Age, and about 5 Feet 4 Inches high. Hid when he went away a light colour d featnors Jacket, Ofnabrigs Shirt, wide Olnabrigs Transcript and appears like a Sailor. fers, and appears like a Sailor.

Toxey, about 50 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Incheshigh, he hath loft fome of the Toes of his Rive Foot and goes Lame, is in the fame Drefs as the above, and neither of them can speak good

Whoever will fecure them fo that the Order may have them again, shall be entitled to the bove Reward, or a Pistole for either, and reason.

ble Charges paid, if brought to the Ship Yarde West-River.

N. B. They appear like Sailors. All Man of Vessels are forbid taking them on board.

A BAR-KEEPER is WANTED. SINGLE MAN, that comes well Reconment, on Application to HENRY GASSAWAY of me mail

AKEN up between Greenberry's-Peint in

Kent-Island, a Moses Built BOAT about
8 or 9 Feet Keel. The Owner may have be
again, on proving his Property, and paying One
ges, by applying to Jacob Bromwell at Oxful.

A STOCKING MANUFACTORY.

ATELY fet up in Arrapelis, neat the Church where any Gentlemen or Ladies may furnished with STOCKINGS of any Kind, done the neatest Manner, and at the most reasonable Prices. Likewise with Patterns for Jacken Breeches, or any Thing in that Way of Buffach

The Subscribers will give Ready Money of the best Prices, for THREAD; as it comes of the Benjamin Brig

N. B. Any Persons may have their own Three or Worsted Wrought up, agreeable to Direction, at the lowest Rates.

Upper-Mariberough, Nev. 8, 176 JUST IMPORTED In the Peggy, Capt. Crang; from London, ails be SOLD by the Subscribers, for Cafe, Bills Exchange, or Tobacco;

LARGE ASSORTMENT of EUROPLA and EAST-INDIA GOODS. Likewill, Madeira WINE, Barbades RUM, Loui bon. Molasses, Spermaceti, Myrele Wax, and Tille Candles, Bohea and Hylon TEA, Gc.

ALEXANDER & ANDREW STREET

TOBE SOLD, very Chest For Ready Money, or Bort Credit, Quantity of Melaffes, Barbadu Rum ni

Sugar, by the Hoghlead or Barrel; is Madeira Wine, by the Pipe, Hoghlead, or Quarter Cafe. Cask; Claret Wine, by the Hogshead; and la rell'd Pork, by
Thomas Richardson and Com

TOBE SOLD.

TRACT of LAND called The Plans Perran, commonly called Hamman Sur-ter, containing 1580 ACRES; lying on the su-Road leading from Baltimere Town to Friend Town, about 14 Miles from the former. The Soil well adapted to Farming, and conveniental Merchant Mill. The whole will be fold together. or in Lots of 300 Acres, as may fult the Purchan For Terms apply, to ALEXANDER LAWISE

TO BESOLD, A BOUT Five Hundred ACRES of LAND,
Part of a Trad of Land (where Neal Cal lives) called Hard to Get and Dear paid for, is in Anne-Arandel County, near Elik-Ridge, and the main Road from Annapolis to Frederick-Irea. , For Title and Terms apply to THOMAS, SAMUEL, & JOHN SHOWNER,

DVERTISEMENTS of a moderal er : And Long Ones in Proportion.

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.51

[XIXth Year.]

THURSDAY, January 19, 1764.

By his EXCELLENCY HORATIO SHARPE, Esq; the Province of Maryland:

A PROCLAMATION.

HEREAS his Majesty was gra-ciously pleased, on the 7th Day of October last, to issue his Royal Proclamation, in the Words llowing, viz.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS we have taken into our Royal Confideration the extensive and valuable Acquisitions in writa, secured to our Crown by the late Definitive Treaty Peace, concluded at Paris the Tenth Day of February 2; and being desirous, that all our loving Subjects, as all of our Kingdoms as of our Colonies in America, may all themselves, with all convenient Speed, of the great instits and Advantages which must accrue therefrom to eir Commerce, Manufascures, and Navigation; we have bught fit, with the Advice of our Privy Council, to issue its cour Royal Proclamation, hereby to publish and declare all our loving Subjects, that we have, with the Advice of raid Privy Council, granted our Letters Patent under our reat Seal of Great Britain, to erect within the Countries at Islands ceded and confirmed to us by the said Treaty, ur distinct and separate Governments, stilled and called by a Names of Quebet, East Florida, West Florida, and Greda, and limited and bounded as follows; viz.

First. The Government of Quebet, bounded on the Labadir Coast, by the River St. John, and from thence by a ne drawn from the Head of that River, through the Lake Jest to the South End of the Lake Nepting; from bence the said Line cressing the River St. Lawrence and e Lake Champlain, in Forty-five Degrees of North Latide, prifts along the High Lands which divide the Rivers at empty themselves into the said River St. Lawrence, but these should be also the Coalt of the Gulph of Lawrence, to Cape Reserves, and from thence crossing the Mouth of the River St. Lawrence by the West End of the Island of Anticossi, terminates at the aforesaid River of John.

Secondly. The Government of East Florida, bounded to When the Adalathical

condly. The Government of East Florida, bounded to Secondly. The Government of East Florida, bounded to e Westward by the Gulph of Mexics, and the Apolasbicola ires; to the Northward, by a Line drawn from that Part the said River where the Chataboucher and Flint Rivers ett, to the Source of St. Mary's River, and by the Course the said River to the Atlantick Ocean; and to the East-ard and Southward, by the Atlantick Ocean, and the alph of Florida, including all Islands within Six Leagues the Sea Coast.

and southward, by the Atlantick Ocean, and the alph of Florida, including all Islands within Six Leagues it he Sea Coast.

Thirdly. The Government of West Florida, bounded to e Southward by the Gulph of Mexico, including all Islands thin Six Leagues of the Coast from the River Apolasticela, Lake Penchartrain; to the Westward by the said Lake, e Lake Mauripat, and the River Miffiffer; to the Northmard by a Line drawn due East from that Part of the River Islands in Thirty one Degrees North Latitude, the River Apolasticela or Chatabouches; and to the sistward by the said River.

Fourthly. The Government of Grenada, comprehending the Islands of that Name, together with the Grenadizer, and the Islands of Dominico, St. Vincents, and Tebago.

And, to the End that the open and free Fishery of Our abjects may be extended to and carried on upon the Coast of abradir and the adjacent Islands, we have thought sit, with a Advice of our said Privy Council, to put all that Coast, om the River St. John's to Hudlen's Streights, together in the Islands of Anticost and Madelaine, and all other naller Islands lying upon the said Coast, under the Care and slepethion of our Governor of Newspandland.

We have also, with the Advice of our Privy Council, sought fit to annex the islands of St Joba's and Cape Bretter to reference to the Research of the Royale, with the lesser four Privy Council afore-

is the Royale, with the letter thands adjacent thereto, to are Government of Nova Sectia.

We have also, with the Advice of our Privy Council aforeight, annexed to our Province of Georgia all the Lands lying tween the Rivers Alexands and St. Mary's.

And whereas it will greatly contribute to the speedy set-

ing our faid new Governments, that our loving subjects applied to informed of our Peternal Case for the Security of the Liberties and Properties of those who are and shall become Inhabitants thereof; We have thought six to publish and declare, by this our Proclamation, that we have, in the effect Petern, under our Great Seal of Great Britain, by under our Great Seal of Great Britain, which the faid Governments are conflicted, given express ower and Direction to our Governors of our faid Colonies effectively, that to soon as the State and Circumstances of the faid Colonies will admit thereof, they shall, with the Advice and Consent of the Members of our Council, sum-non and call General Assemblies within the said Governnents respectively, in such Manner and Form as is used and intered in those Colonies and Provinces in America, which re under our immediate Government; and we have also iven Power to the said Governors, with the Consent of our aid Councils, and the Representatives of the People, so to to fummoned as aforefaid, to make, constitute, and ordain Laws, Statutes, and Ordinances for the Public Peace, Wel-fare, and Good Government of our faid Colonies, and of he People and Inhabitants thereof, as hear as may be agree-

able to the Laws of England, and under such Regulations and Restrictions as are used in other Colonies: And in the mean Time, and until such Assemblies can be called as aforefaid, all Persons inhabiting in, or resorting to our said Colonies, may conside in our Royal Protection for the Enjoyment of the Benefit of the Laws of our Realm of England; for which Purpose, We have given Power under our Great Seal to the Governors of our said Colonies respectively, to erect and constitute, with the Advice of our said Councils respectively, Courts of Judicature and public Justice, within our said Colonies, for the hearing and determining all Causes, as well Criminal as Civil, according to Law tice, within our faid Colonies, for the hearing and determining all Caufes, as well Criminal as Civil, according to Law and Equity, and as near as may be agreeable to the Laws of England, with Liberty to all Persons who may think themselves aggreed by the Sentences of such Courts, in all Civil Cases, to appeal, under the usual Limitations and Restrictions, to Us in our Privy Council.

We have also thought fit, with the Advice of our Privy Council as aforesaid, to give unso the Governors and Councils of our faid three New Colonies upon the Continent, sull Papers and Authority to settle and agree with the Inbabi-

Council as aloretain, to give unto the Governors and councils of our faid three New Colonies upon the Continent, full Power and Authority to fettle and agree with the Inhabitants of our faid New Colonies, or with any other Perfons the Continent, for fuch Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, as are now, or hereafter fhall be in our Power to dispose of, and them to grant to any such Person or Perfons, upon such Terms, and under such moderate Quit-Rents, Services, and Acknowledgments as have been appointed and settled in our other Colonies, and under such other Conditions as shall appear to us to be necessary and expedient for the Advantage of the Grantees, and the Improvement and Settlement of our said Colonies.

And whereas we are defirous, upon all Occasions, to testify our Royal Sense and Approbation of the Conduct and Bravery of the Officers and Soldiers of our Armies, and to reward the same, we do hereby command and empower our Governors of our said three New Colonies, and all other our Governors of our several Provinces on the Continent of North-America, to grant, without Fee or Reward, to such

Governors of our feveral Provinces on the Continent or North-America, to grant, without Fee or Reward, to such Reduced Officers as have served in North-America during the late War, and to such Private Soldiers as have been or shall be disanded in America, and are actually residing there, and shall personally apply for the same, the following Quantities of Lands, subject at the Expiration of Ten Years to the same Quit-Rents as other Lands are subject to in the Province within which they are granted, as also subject to the same Conditions of Cultivation and Improvement, viz.

vince within which they are granted, as also subject to the same Conditions of Cultivation and Improvement, viz.

To every Person having the Rank of a Field Officer, Five Thousand Acres.—To every Captain, Three Thousand Acres.—To every Subaltem or Staff Officer, Two Thousand Acres.—To every Non-commission Officer, Two Hundred Acres.—To every private Man, Fifty Acres.

We do likewise authorize and require the Governors and Commanders in Chief of all our said Colonies upon the Continent of North-America, to grant the like Quantities of Land, and upon the same Conditions, to such Reduced Officers of our Navy, of like Rank, as served on Board our Ships of War in North-America at the Times of the Reduction of Leussburg and Quebec in the late War, and who shall personally apply to our respective Governors for such Grants.

And whereas it is just and reasonable, and essential to our Interest and the Security of our Colonies, that the several Nations or Tribes of Intians, with whom we are connected, Nations or Tribes of Infians, with whom we are connected, and who live under our protection, should not be molected or disturbed in the postession of such parts of our Dominions and Territories as, not having been ceded to, or putchased by us, are reserved to them, or any of them, as their Hunting Grounds; We do therefore, with the Advice of our Privy Council, declare it to be our Royal Will and Pleasure, that no Governor or Commander in Chief in any of our Colonies of Quoba, East Florida, or West Florida, do presume, upon any patence whatever, to grant Warrants of Survey, or pass any Patents for Lands beyond the Bounds of their respective Governments, as described in their Commissions; as also, that no Governor or Commander in Chief in any respective Governments, as described in their Commissions; as also, that no Governor or Commander in Chief in any of our other Colonies or Plantations in America, do prassume, for the present, and until our surther pleasure be known, to grant Warrants of Survey, or pass patents for any Lands beyond the Heads or Sources of any of the Rivers which fall into the Atlantist Ocean from the West and North West, or upon any Lands whatever, which not having been ceded to or purchased by us as aforesaid, are referred to the said Is

And we do further declare it to be our Royal Will and Pleafure, for the prefent as aforefaid, to referve onder our Sovereignty, Protection, and Dominion, for the Use of the faid Indians, all the Lands and Territories not included within the Limits of our faid Three New Governments, or within the Limits of the Territory granted to the Hudfon's Bey Company, as also all the Lands and Territories lying to the Westward of the Sources of the Rivers which fall into the Sea from the West and North West, as aforesaid; and we'do hereby frieftly forbid, on pain of our Displeasure, all our loving Subjects from making any Purchases or Settle-ments whatever, or taking Possession of any of the Lands above reserved, without our especial Leave and Lisence for

above releaved, without our especial Leave and Livence for that purpose first obtained.

And we do further strictly enjoin and require all persons whatever, who have either wilfully or inadpertently scated themselves upon any Lands within the Countries above described, or upon any other Lands, which, not having been ceded to, or purchased by Us, are still reserved to the said Indians as a sortially forthwith to remove themselves from such Settlements.

fuch Settlements. And whereas great Frauds and Abuses have been commit-ted in the purchasing Lands of the Indians, to the great pre-judice of our Interests, and to the great Diffatisfaction of the faid Indians; in order therefore to prevent fuch Irregula-

rities for the future, and to the End that the Indians may be rities for the future, and to the End that the Indians may be convinced of our Juffice, and determined Refolution to remove all reafonable Caufe of Discontent, we do, with the Advice of our Privy Council, strictly enjoin and require, that no private perfon do prefume to make any purchase from the said Indians of any Lands reserved to the said Indians, within those parts of cor Colonies where we have thought proper to allow Settlement; but that if, at any Time, any of the said Indians should be inclined to dispose of the said Lands, the same shall be purchased only for us, in our Lands, the same shall be purchased only for us, in our Name, at some public Meeting or Assembly of the said Indians to be held for that purpose by the Governor or Communder in Chief of our colonies respectively, within which they der in Chief of our colonies respectively, within which they shall lie; and in case they shall lie within the Limits of any Proprietary Government, they shall be purchased only for the Use and in the Name of such Proprietaries, conformable to such Directions and Institutions as we or they shall think proper to give for that purpise: And we do, by the Advice of our Privy Council, declare and erjoin, that the Trade with the said Indians shall be free and open to all our Subjects whatever; provided that every person, who may incline to trade with the said Indians do take out a Licence for carrying on such Trade from the Givernor or Commarder in chief of any of our Colonies respectively, where such Regulations as we shall at any Time think sit, by Ourselves, or by our commisseries, to be appointed for this purpose, to direct and appoint for the Benesit of the said Trade; and we do hereby authorize, enjoin, and require the Governors and Commanders in chief of all our Colonies respectively, as well Those under our immediate Government as Those under the Commanders in chief of all our Colonies respectively, as well Those under our immediate Government as Those under the Government and Direction of Proprietailes, to grant such Licences without Fee or Reward, taking especial care to insert therein a condition, that such Licence shall be void, and the Security societed, in case the person, to whom the same is granted, shall resule or neglect to observe such Regulations as we shall think proper to prescribe as aforesaid.

And we do further expressly enjoin and require all Officers whatever, as well Misseave as Those employed in the Machinery as well as the same of the same of

whatever, as well Military as Those employed in the Management and Direction of Indian Affairs within the Territories reserved as aforesaid for the Use of the said Indians, to feize and apprehend all persons whatever, who, standing charged with Treasons, Misprisions of Treason, Murders, or other Felonies or Misdemeanors, shall sty from Justice, and take Refuge in the faid Territory, and to fend them un-der a proper Guard to the Colony where the crime was committed of which they ftand accused, in order to take their

Trial for the same.

GIVE N at Our Court at Saint James's, the Sewenth

Day of October, One thousand seven hundred and saty
three, in the Third Year of Our Reign.

And whereas a Copy of the faid Proclamation hath been transmitted to me by the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Trade and Plantations, who have also fignified to me his Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, that the same should be published in the several Parts of my Government, to the End that all his Majesty's Subjects there may pay due Obedience thereto: I have therefore, in Obedience to the faid Royal Order, fignified to me as aforesaid, with the Advice of his Lordship's Council of State, caused the faid Proclamation to be this Day published at the City of Annapolis; and I do hereby strictly Charge and Command the several Sheriffs of this Province to make this his Majesty's Proclamation Public in their respective Counties, in the usual Manner, that all his Majesty's Subjects within the same, may take Notice thereof, and conform themselves there-

to accordingly.

GIVEN at the City of Annapolis, this
Twelfth Day of January, in the Thirteenth
Year of his Lordship's Dominion, Annoque Domini 1764.

J. Ross, Cl. Con.

HOR°. SHARPE. GOD Save the KING.

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LUNDUN, Odober 20.

HE late King of Poland was born October 7, 1696, and elected King, October 5, 1733, so that he reigned exactly Thirty Years. It is supposed there will be, as usual, a Number of Competitors for the Throne. Tho' the Poles, in general, are willing to have a Native, the powerful Princes, by whom they are surrounded, al-ways interest themselves much in the Election, and a War has generally ensued. It is faid, that be-fides the eldest Son of the late King, now Elector of Saxony, one of the Sons of the Empress Queen will be proposed; and others talk, that the King