

TWO PISTOLES REWARD. RAN away from on board a Schooner...

Whoever will secure them so that the Owner may have them again...

A BAR-KEEPER is WANTED. SINGLE MAN, that comes well Recommended...

TAKEN up between Greenberry's Point and Kent-Island, a Moses Built BOAT...

A STOCKING MANUFACTORY. LATELY set up in Annapolis, near the Church...

Upper-Marlborough, Nov. 8, 1763. JUST IMPORTED. In the Peggy, Capt. Craig, from London...

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF EUROPEAN AND EAST-INDIA GOODS. Likewise Madeira WINE, Barbados RUM, &c.

TO BE SOLD, very Cheap. For Ready Money, or Short Credit. Quantity of Melasses, Barbados Rum...

TO BE SOLD. A TRACT of LAND called The Plain of Parris, commonly called Hammond's Quarter...

TO BE SOLD. For Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money. ABOUT Five Hundred ACRES of LAND...

TO BE SOLD. A Part of a Tract of Land (where Neal Clark lives) called Hard to Get and Dear paid for...

TO BE SOLD. For Title and Terms apply to THOMAS, SAMUEL, & JOHN SNOWDEN...

TO BE SOLD. in Charles-Street. All Persons ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate...

By his EXCELLENCY HORATIO SHARPE, Esq; Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of Maryland: A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS his Majesty was graciously pleased, on the 7th Day of October last, to issue his Royal Proclamation, in the Words following, viz.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS we have taken into our Royal Consideration the extensive and valuable Acquisitions in America, secured to our Crown by the late Definitive Treaty...

First. The Government of Quebec, bounded on the East by the River St. John, and from thence by a Line drawn from the Head of that River...

Secondly. The Government of East Florida, bounded to the Westward by the Gulf of Mexico, and the Apalachicola River; to the Northward, by a Line drawn from that Part of the said River where the Chatahoochee and Flint Rivers meet...

Thirdly. The Government of West Florida, bounded to the Southward by the Gulf of Mexico, including all Islands within Six Leagues of the Coast from the River Apalachicola, to Lake Penchartrain; to the Westward by the said Lake, the Lake Manapatis, and the River Mississippi...

Fourthly. The Government of Grenada, comprehending the Island of that Name, together with the Grenadines, and the Islands of Dominica, St. Vincent, and Tobago. And, to the End that the open and free Fishery of our Subjects may be extended to and carried on upon the Coast of Labrador and the adjacent Islands, we have thought fit, with the Advice of our said Privy Council...

We have also, with the Advice of our Privy Council, annexed to our Province of Georgia all the Lands lying between the Rivers Altamaha and St. Mary's. And whereas it will greatly contribute to the speedy settling our said new Governments, that our loving Subjects should be informed of our paternal Care for the Security of the Liberties and Properties of those who are and shall become Inhabitants thereof...

able to the Laws of England, and under such Regulations and Restrictions as are used in other Colonies: And in the mean Time, and until such Assemblies can be called as aforesaid, all Persons inhabiting in, or resorting to our said Colonies, may confide in our Royal Protection for the Enjoyment of the Benefit of the Laws of our Realm of England; for which Purpose, We have given Power under our Great Seal to the Governors of our said Colonies respectively, to erect and constitute, with the Advice of our said Councils respectively, Courts of Judicature and public Justice, within our said Colonies, for the hearing and determining all Causes, as well Criminal as Civil, according to Law and Equity, and as near as may be agreeable to the Laws of England, with Liberty to all Persons who may think themselves aggrieved by the Sentences of such Courts, in all Civil Cases, to appeal, under the usual Limitations and Restrictions, to Us in our Privy Council.

We have also thought fit, with the Advice of our Privy Council as aforesaid, to give unto the Governors and Councils of our said three New Colonies upon the Continent, full Power and Authority to settle and agree with the Inhabitants of our said New Colonies, or with any other Persons who shall resort thereto, for such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, as are now, or hereafter shall be in our Power to dispose of, and them to grant to any such Person or Persons, upon such Terms, and under such moderate Quit-Rents, Services, and Acknowledgments as have been appointed and settled in our other Colonies, and under such other Conditions as shall appear to us to be necessary and expedient for the Advantage of the Grantees, and the Improvement and Settlement of our said Colonies.

And whereas we are desirous, upon all Occasions, to testify our Royal Sense and Approbation of the Conduct and Bravery of the Officers and Soldiers of our Armies, and to reward the same, we do hereby command and empower our Governors of our said three New Colonies, and all other our Governors of our several Provinces on the Continent of North-America, to grant, without Fee or Reward, to such Reduced Officers as have served in North-America during the late War, and to such Private Soldiers as have been or shall be discharged in America, and are actually residing there, and shall personally apply for the same, the following Quantities of Lands, subject at the Expiration of Ten Years to the same Quit-Rents as other Lands are subject to in the Province within which they are granted, as also subject to the same Conditions of Cultivation and Improvement, viz.

To every Person having the Rank of a Field Officer, Five Thousand Acres.—To every Captain, Three Thousand Acres.—To every Subaltern or Staff Officer, Two Thousand Acres.—To every Non-commissioned Officer, Two Hundred Acres.—To every private Man, Fifty Acres.

We do likewise authorize and require the Governors and Commanders in Chief of all our said Colonies upon the Continent of North-America, to grant the like Quantities of Land, and upon the same Conditions, to such Reduced Officers of our Navy, of like Rank, as served on Board our Ships of War in North-America at the Times of the Reduction of Louisbourg and Quebec in the late War, and who shall personally apply to our respective Governors for such Grants.

And whereas it is just and reasonable, and essential to our Interest and the Security of our Colonies, that the several Nations or Tribes of Indians, with whom we are connected, and who live under our protection, should not be molested or disturbed in the possession of such parts of our Dominions and Territories as, not having been ceded to, or purchased by us, are reserved to them, or any of them, as their Hunting Grounds; We do therefore, with the Advice of our Privy Council, declare it to be our Royal Will and Pleasure, that no Governor or Commander in Chief in any of our Colonies of Quebec, East Florida, or West Florida, do presume, upon any pretence whatever, to grant Warrants of Survey, or pass any Patents for Lands beyond the Bounds of their respective Governments, as described in their Commissions; as also, that no Governor or Commander in Chief in any of our other Colonies or Plantations in America, do presume, for the present, and until our further pleasure be known, to grant Warrants of Survey, or pass patents for any Lands beyond the Heads or Sources of any of the Rivers which fall into the Atlantick Ocean from the West and North West, or upon any Lands whatever, which not having been ceded to, or purchased by us as aforesaid, are reserved to the said Indians, or any of them.

And we do further declare it to be our Royal Will and Pleasure, for the present as aforesaid, to reserve under our Sovereignty, Protection, and Dominion, for the Use of the said Indians, all the Lands and Territories not included within the Limits of our said Three New Governments, or within the Limits of the Territory granted to the Hudson's Bay Company, as also all the Lands and Territories lying to the Westward of the Sources of the Rivers which fall into the Sea from the West and North West, as aforesaid; and we do hereby strictly forbid, on pain of our Displeasure, all our loving Subjects from making any Purchases or Settlements whatever, or taking Possession of any of the Lands above reserved, without our especial Leave and Licence for that purpose first obtained.

And we do further strictly enjoin and require all persons whatever, who have either wilfully or inadvertently seated themselves upon any Lands within the Countries above described, or upon any other Lands, which, not having been ceded to, or purchased by Us, are still reserved to the said Indians as aforesaid, forthwith to remove themselves from such Settlements.

And whereas great Frauds and Abuses have been committed in the purchasing Lands of the Indians, to the great prejudice of our Interests, and to the great Dissatisfaction of the said Indians; in order therefore to prevent such Irregularities for the future, and to the End that the Indians may be convinced of our Justice, and determined Resolution to remove all reasonable Cause of Discontent, we do, with the Advice of our Privy Council, strictly enjoin and require, that no private person do presume to make any purchase from the said Indians of any Lands reserved to the said Indians, within those parts of our Colonies where we have thought proper to allow Settlement; but that if, at any Time, any of the said Indians should be inclined to dispose of the said Lands, the same shall be purchased only for us, in our Name, at some public Meeting or Assembly of the said Indians to be held for that purpose by the Governor or Commander in Chief of our Colonies respectively, within which they shall lie; and in case they shall lie within the Limits of any Proprietary Government, they shall be purchased only for the Use and in the Name of such Proprietaries, conformable to such Directions and Instructions as we or they shall think proper to give for that purpose: And we do, by the Advice of our Privy Council, declare and enjoin, that the Trade with the said Indians shall be free and open to all our Subjects whatever; provided that every person, who may incline to trade with the said Indians do take out a Licence for carrying on such Trade from the Governor or Commander in Chief of any of our Colonies respectively, where such person shall reside; and also give Security to observe such Regulations as we shall at any Time think fit, by Ourselves, or by our commissaries, to be appointed for this purpose, to direct and appoint for the Benefit of the said Trade; and we do hereby authorize, enjoin, and require the Governors and Commanders in Chief of all our Colonies respectively, as well Those under our immediate Government as Those under the Government and Direction of Proprietaries, to grant such Licences without Fee or Reward, taking especial care to insert therein a condition, that such Licence shall be void, and the Security forfeited, in case the person, to whom the same is granted, shall refuse or neglect to observe such Regulations as we shall think proper to prescribe as aforesaid.

And we do further expressly enjoin and require all Officers whatever, as well Military as Those employed in the Management and Direction of Indian Affairs within the Territories reserved as aforesaid for the Use of the said Indians, to seize and apprehend all persons whatever, who, standing charged with Treasons, Misdemeanors, Treason, Murders, or other Felonies or Misdemeanors, shall fly from Justice, and take Refuge in the said Territory, and to send them under a proper Guard to the Colony where the crime was committed of which they stand accused, in order to take their Trial for the same.

GIVEN at our Court at Saint James's, the Seventh Day of October, One thousand seven hundred and sixty three, in the Third Year of Our Reign.

And whereas a Copy of the said Proclamation hath been transmitted to me by the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Trade and Plantations, who have also signified to me his Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, that the same should be published in the several Parts of my Government, to the End that all his Majesty's Subjects there may pay due Obedience thereto: I have therefore, in Obedience to the said Royal Order, signified to me as aforesaid, with the Advice of his Lordship's Council of State, caused the said Proclamation to be this Day published at the City of Annapolis; and I do hereby strictly Charge and Command the several Sheriffs of this Province to make this his Majesty's Proclamation Public in their respective Counties, in the usual Manner, that all his Majesty's Subjects within the same, may take Notice thereof, and conform themselves thereto accordingly.

GIVEN at the City of Annapolis, this Twelfth Day of January, in the Thirteenth Year of his Lordship's Dominion, Annoque Domini 1764.

J. ROSS, Cl. Con. HOR^o. SHARPE. GOD Save the KING.

LONDON, October 20. THE late King of Poland was born October 7, 1696, and elected King, October 5, 1733, so that he reigned exactly Thirty Years. It is supposed there will be, as usual, a Number of Competitors for the Throne. Tho' the Poles, in general, are willing to have a Native, the powerful Princes, by whom they are surrounded, always interest themselves much in the Election, and a War has generally ensued. It is said, that besides the eldest Son of the late King, now Elector of Saxony, one of the Sons of the Empress Queen will be proposed; and others talk, that the King