

The recited Clauses respecting cuttable or prohibited Goods on board Vessels of 50 Tons or under, found hovering on the Coast of Great-Britain, extend to all such like Vessels found hovering on any of the Coasts of Ireland;

and the said Offences to be tried, and Pen-

thereof being left to the Judgment of the Commissioners of the Customs) should be vacated and discharged: And whereas the extending of the said Clauses to the rest of his Majesty's Dominions, may be a Means of preventing illicit Trade; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and sixty-three, the said Clauses, and every Part of them, shall be extended to all Ships and Vessels of the Burthen of Fifty Tons, or under, which shall be found hovering on the Coasts of Ireland, or any other of his Majesty's Dominions or Territories belonging to the Crown of Great-Britain; and shall be of equal Force in every Respect, in regard to all such Ships and Vessels found hovering on any of the Coasts aforesaid, as such Clauses now are, or shall be construed to be, in regard to any Ships or Vessels hovering on the Coasts of this Kingdom; and all Offences which shall be committed against the said Clauses, or any Part of them, on the Coasts of Ireland, shall be tried, and the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby incurred shall be prosecuted for and recovered, in any

of his Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin in the said Kingdom; and all Offences which shall be committed against the said Clauses, or any Part of them, on the Coasts of any other of his Majesty's Dominions or Territories (except this Kingdom) shall be tried, and the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby incurred shall be prosecuted for and recovered, in any Court of Admiralty, in the Dominion or Territory on the Coast whereof such Offence shall be committed (which Court of Admiralty is hereby authorized, impowered and required to proceed to, hear, and determine, the same) or in any Court of Record in such Dominion or Territory, at the Election of the Informer or Prosecutor, according to the Course and Method used and practised there in Prosecutions for Offences against penal Laws relating to the Customs or Excise; and such Penalties and Forfeitures so recovered there, shall be divided and applied in such and the same Manner as Penalties and Forfeitures recovered in Great-Britain for the like Offences are, or in pursuance of this Act may be, directed to be divided and applied.

notice received, in any of the Four Courts in Dublin.

Offences in other Parts, to be prosecuted in the Court of Admiralty, or other Court of Record of the Place;

and the Forfeitures to be divided and applied as those in Great-Britain.

Part of a private Letter from N. E. W. - Y. O. R. Since the bankruptcy of N. Grilles would be forced to stop...

From private Letters, by the National Discontent seemed rather it was thought the Ministry at the Armaments preparing particulars of their Conduct,...

That therefore the Taxes paid unwillingly: That the...

On Monday last arrived the Ship, in 9 Weeks and three Days to be stationed here for three Weeks. The Hornet Sloop of War, Captain Plymouth, likewise bound to...

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P A R I S, August 5.

OUR Ministry have constantly in View the Re-establishment of the Marine. There is a prodigious Number of Workmen employed in all the Dock-Yards of the Kingdom. We reckon 3000 in the single Port of Marseilles, 4000 at Brest and Toulon, and as many in proportion in the other Ports of the Kingdom. The Court of Madrid labour with the same View, being determined at all Events to render her Marine formidable, though at the same Time without any Prejudice to the last Treaty of Peace, which is observed by Spain as well as France with all the Good Faith possible.

L O N D O N, July 19. Some letters from France say, that we shall soon see the Marine of that Kingdom upon a more respectable Footing than ever; and that for this End the King will discharge all Persons belonging to it, and dissolve it for 24 Hours, that he may give it an entire new Form, and nominate Officers purely on Account of their Merit, without regard to Birth.

July 21. Letters from Berlin still say, that a treaty of alliance, and of commerce, between that Court and the Court of Petersburg, is on the carpet; and that it was reported, that the King of Prussia had resolved to trace out a camp for 70 or 80,000 Men in Silesia, and to make a considerable augmentation in his Troops; for which end he was enlisting men even in Westphalia, and on the Lower Rhine.

Letters from Hamburg pretend to say, that his Prussian Majesty is displeas'd that England should put off the payment of the arrears of the subsidy she engaged to pay him during the war; and that he had lately expressed his dissatisfaction on this head.

These letters from Hamburg add as follow: "All our Accounts from Berlin announce, that the King of Prussia is going to augment his Troops, and that it is supposed there are great Projects in Agitation. Our Letters from Vienna hold the same Language; they positively assert that a resolution has been taken in Council not to disband any Part of their Forces; but that, on the contrary, Orders are given for raising four or five new Regiments."

They write from the Hague, that a Camp is to be traced in the Plain of Maestricht for 20,000 Dutch Troops; and that they are preparing the Field Equipages of the Prince Stadtholder, who will set up his Tent in this Camp.

Letters from Paris, by the way of Holland, advise, that a Camp is actually marking out in the Plain of Lance, between Orras and Lisse, for 60,000 French Troops.

The same Advices add, that since the Conclusion of the Peace, Thirty new Ships and Frigates have been launched in France; six of which are to carry 130 Guns, and some others from 70 to 100 Guns.

Letters from Hamburg advise, that it was the general Opinion there, that the Court of Vienna would soon be involved in new Breils: That the principal Foundation, however, for this Opinion, was, that the Empress-Queen was levying Men with as much Diligence, as if she were actually at War; and that it was reported, that Officers would soon arrive both at Hamburg and at Altena, to raise Men for the Austrian Service.

A treaty between the Kings of France, Spain and Sardinia, has lately been signed at Paris; by which the King of Sardinia relinquishes, in Favour of Don Philip, the claim he has by Art. VII. of the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle in 1748, to the Dutchy of Placentia, in Consideration of an Annuity from France of 328,000 Livres (14,350 l. Sterl.) for securing the Payment of which, the Capital of that sum is to be lodged at Turin.

Brigadier Murray is appointed Governor of Canada. Col. James Grant, of East Florida. George Johnson, Esq; of West Florida. And Colonel Melville, of Grenada, and the Neutral Islands.

August 4. Lord Baltimore, Proprietary of Maryland, and Messieurs Penn, Proprietaries of Pennsylvania, have appointed Mr. Mason, and Mr. Dickson, two eminent Mathematicians, to settle the Bounds of their respective Settlements in those colonies, and put a final issue to a dispute, which has subsisted on that head ever since 1693.

August 6. The Bank of England resolv'd Yesterday to lend Money at 4 per Cent. on the Receipts of the last Loan to the Government.

It is certain there will be a Fleet of Observation fitted out in a short Time, and that Admiral Tyrrel and Sir William Burnaby will set out in Ten Days at farthest.

They write from the Hague, that Copies of a remarkable Letter from the King of Prussia to the Empress-Queen are handed about there. The Monarch (say they) begins his Letter with avowing, that he accounts his Reconciliation with her Imperial Majesty as the happiest Hour of his Life. He declares that he desires nothing more ardently than to make the Peace durable; and that if contrary to all Expectations, any thing disagreeable to her Imperial Majesty should

happen, he entreats her not to listen or rely immediately on the Opinion of her Confidants, but to write to him about it directly; and that upon the Receipt of the Letter, he will give the most precise Orders for Settling every thing to the Satisfaction of her Imperial Majesty. Then the King makes the Empress-Queen observe, that during the last War there was a reciprocal Trial of Skill and Strength for all the Mischief that could possibly be done: That it is now Time it should be succeeded by an Eagerness to do each other as much good as possible: That he expected this from her Imperial Majesty, and assures her that he is now intent upon giving her the most striking Proof of his regard for her Interest.

August 9. The following is a List of the Sea Officers appointed to command his Majesty's Squadrons in the different Parts of the World, viz. Jamaica, and the Windward Islands, Sir William Burnaby, Knt. Rear Admiral of the Red. Barbados, and the Leeward Islands, Richard Tyrrell, Esq; Rear Admiral of the White. North-America, Right Honourable Lord Colville, Rear Admiral of the White. Mediterranean, Honourable Commodore Hervey. Coast of Africa, Commodore Cleveland.

The Plantations in the Grenades already sold on the Spot amount to 9,610,000 Livres, or 280,290 l. Sterling; exclusive of what has been sold in France, which may be of nearly equal Value.

The French Governor has declared St. Lucia a Free Port. It is reported, that one Cause of our present Armament by Sea, is on Account that the French have already begun to infringe the articles of Peace, by some Proceedings at Newfoundland.

We hear that Sir George Colebrook, Bart. Banker in Threadneedle-Street, has laid out upwards of 100,000 l. in purchasing Lands in the Conquered Islands in the West-Indies.

Extract of a Letter from Frankfurt, dated July 20. "In my last I mentioned the King of Prussia's Officers seizing the English Magazines at Minden, &c. This was not done with any great Degree of politeness. When the Officers first took Possession of the Magazines, they promised they would not touch any Article contained in them, but only secure them under seal, till his Prussian Majesty's Subjects were paid the just Demands they had on the English Government. Counsellor Rosa, who furnished some of the Troops with Necessaries, has a Claim amounting to 24,000 Ducats, which was not liquidated when Comptroller P---- was in these Parts, because the Debt was contracted before his arrival. It was chiefly at Rosa's Requisition that the Magazines were seized. Though the Officers promised only to secure the Effects, they proceeded, however, when they were in their Power, to sell them to the best bidder; in one of them they found 12,000 Ducats in Specie, but being base Coin, such as was current during the War, it was of little Value."

Extract of a Letter from the Havannah, June 26. "The Fleet from Vera Cruz to Old Spain, passed by, without calling, the 16th Instant. It had on board about Fourteen Millions of Dollars in Gold and Silver, and four Millions of Merchandise."

We hear that Twelve Merchants, Eight of whom are Jews, at Amsterdam, have lately failed. One Dutch House is said to have failed for no less than 800,000 l.

It is said that the Bankruptcies at Amsterdam were occasioned by Gaming in the English Funds.

There are 25 eminent Merchants who have broke at Amsterdam; but we have not yet heard of any Merchants in London being greatly affected thereby.

The Accounts received To-day from Holland are more favourable in Relation to the Failures that have happened there. Some of the Houses are going on again; and the others, it is thought, will soon be supported so as to be able to do the same. No English House is now talked of. Some great Houses at Hamburg are said to be affected for the present by these Failures.

We hear that the French are actually fitting out at Brest and Toulon, Thirty Ships of the Line of Battle, and are manning them with the greatest Expedition possible.

By letters from Hanover, by Yesterday's Mail, we learn, that a Resolution has been taken to keep on foot in that Electorate 12,000 Regular Troops, and 20000 Militia, and that 6000 Men of the Train of Artillery, who had been discharged, are to be enlisted again.

They write from Paris, that Three new 60 Gun Ships are ready to be launched at Brest, and that they continue building Men of War in all the Ports of France.

Yesterday an Express arrived from General Yorke at the Hague, and we are informed that the Dutch Armaments will occasion some Questions to be asked, to which a categorical Answer will be insisted on.

It is said some disputes have arisen about the Balance due

to this Nation for the Maintenance of the French Prisoners. Fourteen Men of War of the Line will be speedily, per Commission, and, it is said, will be stationed as Gun Ships.

Yesterday the Commissioners of the Navy contracted for a Ship to carry Stores, &c. to Halifax.

It is said Orders are sent to Portsmouth for equipping a strong Squadron with the utmost Expedition, which is thought is intended for the East-Indies, to watch the Movements of the Dutch, who are going to send a large Reinforcement to that Part of the Globe. It is said that Admiral George Pococke will soon have the Command of this Squadron.

They are very busy at the Admiralty and War Office, getting ready a Number of new Commissions for signing. It is confidently reported, that some Advices of great importance were received on Saturday Night at St. James by way of Paris, which occasioned the summoning the Cabinet Council on Sunday, which sat so long as to detain his Majesty near an Hour and Half from going to Chapel.

We are assured that there are two Houses in London who remit Monthly, for the use of our English Nobility Gentry at Paris, 80,000 l.

We hear, that the French Fishermen and Ours, on Banks of Newfoundland, are already beginning to quarrel about the Limits, in which they should follow their respective Occupations. Which we suppose is owing to the possibility of setting up Land-Marks in the Sea.

We are credibly informed that the French have new Ships of the Line building in different Ports in the Bay from 60 to 90 Guns each, which are by Contract to be completed before next May.

There are Letters in Town which mention, that a Conspiracy against the Empress of Russia had been discovered at Petersburg. They give no Particulars, only that the conspiring Persons in it are seized.

Private Letter from the Hague, August 9. "They write from Amsterdam, that the Bankruptcy of Messrs. Neuville continued to make the more Noise, at Apprehensions of its being followed by some others that had not, to no less than Eighteen Houses having already failed since. It is whispered here, that the great Dutch Factory at Amsterdam, belonging to M. d'G. is on the Point of giving way, and is privately making Books; if this should happen it will occasion above 200 more Bankruptcies, that being one of the most considerable Houses in Holland."

"Our Letters by the last Post from Brandenburg advise, that the King of Prussia has resolv'd to assemble an Army in the Neighbourhood of Berlin, Rupin, Potsdam, and Spandow, which he will review in Person in the beginning of October."

By an Express arrived from Holland on Saturday Evening we are informed, that Thirty-one Houses in Amsterdam and Fourteen at Hamburg, have failed; and it was expected many more would follow in Stockholm and other Cities on the Continent.

We are informed that several Men of War which were stationed in the Mediterranean are ordered round to the Mouth by the latter End of this Week.

We hear that 40 Ships of the Line will shortly be per Commission.

A Person lately arrived from France, and who was at Dunkirk when the Works were begun to be demolished, reports that they removed the Stones with the greatest Care and Caution; and that they marked and numbered them, as if it were intended sooner or later to replace them.

Letters from Newfoundland, by the William and Capt. Churchill, which arrived at Pool the 8th Instant, make no mention of any Difference there with the French; but on the contrary they assert, that since the Peace the English were carrying on the Fishery with good Success.

On account of the late Failures in Holland, and Apprehensions of the Merchants here, the Letters by the Dutch which arrived Yesterday about One, were delivered on Night about Five o'Clock.

We are informed, that the most considerable Merchants and Bankers at Hamburg have entered into a voluntary Association, whereby they engage, by subscription, to assist each other under any Misfortune which the late Bankruptcies at Amsterdam may occasion, and to share the Loss common amongst them. Large sums have been subscribed for that Purpose, and 'tis hoped this Example will be followed by the Cities of Amsterdam and Berlin. In consequence of these Measures the Bank of Hamburg (which had shut up for some Time) was opened again.

This Morning, at Half an Hour after Ten, her Majesty was (as usual) delivered of a PRINCE at her Palace in St. James's Park. Her Majesty and the young Prince are both well, as can be expected.

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