…f away from the Subſcriber, living at the …ingyard near *Annapolis*, on the 23d of …laſt, a Convict Servant Man named *Thomas …th*, he is a *Welchman*, and ſpeaks but very …gliſh. His Apparel was a brown Surtout … Kerſey Veſt, and Cotton ditto, Cotton …own Cloth Breeches, and a Pair of Boots. …ever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings …e, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS Reward, …hat the Law allows, paid by

NATHAN LANE.

…*anch, Prince-George's* County, *January* 20. … Perſons Indebted to the Subſcriber, by …ond, Note, or Book Account, are deſired … and diſcharge the ſame immediately, or …y depend on being dealt with as the Law … without further Notice.

WILLIAM SCOTT.

TO BE SOLD,

…HOICE Parcel of Land, being Part of … Tract of Land, called *Hunting Quarter*, …ng 348 Acres, lying in *Anne-Arundel* … Two Miles from *Snowden's* new Forge, …es from *Elk Ridge* Landing, and 22 Miles …*rnapolis*; on which is a good Dwelling- … and other Out-Houſes, all in good Re… …or Title and Terms apply to

CHARLES GREENBURY RIDGELY.

…*OLD at PUBLIC VENDUE*, … …*ſday the 16th of* March *Inſt. at the Houſe* … Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, *in* …rick *County*,

…E following Tracts of LAND, late the …ſtate of Mr. *James Wardrop*, Deceaſed, … in *Frederick* County.

…Tract called *Partnerſhip*, lying on …ſt Side of *Manockaſy*, below the …Ford, — — —	280
…Ditto called *Dear Bought*, lying on …ht of *Anti-Eatam*, near the Head …ing at *Thomas Anderſon's* old Place,	500
… *Delight*, lying on a ſmall Run …*Curry's Branch*, at the Foot of …*ore Mountain*, near *Curry's Gap*,	104
… *Hill*, lying about 8 Miles above …uth of *Conococheague*, on the Eaſt …*Lick Run*, near *Patowmack* River,	86
…*ford*, lying near *John George Arnold's* …Veſt Side of the Road leading from …*ague* to *Frederick-Town*,	35

…Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK.

…away from the Subſcriber, living in *An…polis*, on the 28th of *Decemb.* laſt, a Con…ant Man, named *Richard Stevens*, a *Praſ…*, and Taylor by Trade, Speaks broken …and very quick. He is about 5 Feet 8 …gh, naturally of a pale Complexion, but …ran away, his Face was much bruiſed, …black Eyes, occaſioned by Fighting. He …ith him ſundry very good Clothes, *viz.* a … brown Broadcloth Coat and Waiſtcoat, …with the ſame Colour, a violet blue Suit …, with divers other Things too tedious to …

…er takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures …at his Maſter may have him again, ſhall …N POUNDS Reward, paid by

JOHN DUCKER.

…*SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER*, …RACT of Land, called *Jarboe's Ramble*, …taining 400 Acres, lying near the Head …*ary's* River, in *St. Mary's* County: Any … Perſons inclining to purchaſe the Whole, …rt thereof, may be informed of the Term, …ng to RICHARD WIMSATT.

…The Payment, if agreeable to the Pur… Purchaſers, may be made in Corn or …or one Third of their Purchaſe, the Re… …n Caſh or Tobacco.

…D RUM to be SOLD at the New …TILL-HOUSE in *Charles-Town*, and by …ITH in *Annapolis*, at reaſonable Rates.

…G-IRON, to be SOLD by Buc…AN & HUGHES in *Baltimore-Town*.

…Charles-Street. All Perſons … …TISEMENTS of a moderate … Long Ones in Proportion.

The *MARYLAND* GAZETTE.

[XVIII*th* Year.] THURSDAY, *March* 17, 1763. [N°. 932.]

COLOGNE, November 26.

TWENTY Battalions, and 30 Squadrons, of the Prince of Conde's Diviſion, commanded by the Marquis de Monteynard, ſeparated the 17th, from the Army in Heſſe, and marched to the Lower Rhine. The Avant Guard arrived here laſt Wedneſday. Yeſterday the Head-Quarters were in this Town, where they will continue till the 28th, when they will be transferred to Duſſeldorff.

The Regiment of Champagne is here; Anhalt, Baviere and Vierzet, at Weſel; two Battalions of Piedmont at Cleves; one at Calcar, and the other at Rees; Bouillon, Lockman, and a Battalion of Militia at Duſſeldorff; Reding at Gueldres; Arbonner at Undingen; the Royal Artillery at Neus; the Dragoons of Chapt at Cleves, and in the Neighbourhood; Flamarans at Orſoy; Schomberg at Altkirk, and the Light Troops at Rees, Zanten and Weſel. If the Regiments were compleat, they would amount to 20,000 Men.

Paris, Nov. 22. The Proceedings in the Parliament of Provence, relative to the Jeſuits, having been far from unanimous, but on the contrary attended with warm Debates; and ſome of the Members having complained to the King, his Majeſty hath ſent a Meſſage, commanding the Parliament to ſend the ſix Arrets they have paſſed on this Matter, with the Grounds thereof, to be laid before him; and in the mean Time to ſuſpend the Execution of thoſe Arrets.

Verſailles, Nov. 27. Since the Preliminaries were ſigned, it is aſſured, France cedes to Spain that Part of Louiſiana which is left her, in Exchange for that Part of St. Domingo which is poſſeſſed by Spain.

Cologne, Dec. 1. On the 18th of laſt Month the flying Hoſpital on the Upper Rhine was broke up, as was that here the 27th. Two-thirds of the Perſons employed in the Proviſions, Forage, &c. have been diſcharged. Of 4000 Horſes that tranſported Proviſions to the Army, 2750 are dead this Campaign. The Artillery, belonging to the Diviſion commanded by the Prince of Conde, is at Coblentz, and will be tranſported from thence by Water to Mentz; but a Brigade of Horſes belonging to it, have been ſent to Neus, to draw ſome Cannon that were left there.

The 28th paſt Boiſgelin marched hence, and the 30th Conde Cavalry and Dauphin Infantry. They were followed this Day by Limoſin, Brigneville, and Part of the Head-Quarters. Champagne, Tourraine, d'Ally Royal Grenadiers Cambis, and two Battalions of Militia remain here yet.

Bruſſels, Dec. 2. Marſhal d'Etrees, having been preceded by the Prince of Conde, went through this City on Tueſday laſt, at Nine of the Clock in the Morning, coming from the Army in their Way to Paris. About Noon Part of their Baggage arrived here, and moved on the next Day for Paris.

Liege, Dec. 3. This Day Boiſgelin of four Battalions entered the Fauxbourgs of this City. They had demanded Quarters for 670 Men, per Battalion, though the whole Regiment did not amount to 1400 effective Men. They are to be in Garriſon at Valenciennes.

LONDON.

Nov. 30. Orders are given for Ten of the oldeſt Men out of each Company of the Foot-Guards to be draughted; thoſe that ſhall be found fit for Service are to be ſent to Garriſon, and the Reſt will be properly provided for.

Extract of a Letter from his Majeſty's Ship Fame, in Baſque Road, November 5, 1762.

"A Lieutenant of the Fame, and ſome others, under Command of Lieutenant Thompſon, of the Pellona, have attacked two Veſſels in the Shin's Boats under the Caſtle of Chatailon, and notwithſtanding both grounded, brought them off in the Face of the Enemy, not Muſket-ſhot from the Shore. Greater Bravery could not be ſhewn on our Part, nor more Puſillanimity on their's. Was it not for a Skirmiſh of this kind ſometimes, in this Exile, we ſhould almoſt forget we bore Arms; Subalterns are rarely attended to, but you may believe me, Sir, when I aſſure you this Squadron might be employed with more Honour, and Service to England, than confining nine French unſerviceable Wrecks."

Dec. 4. An Action is brought againſt a Rev. Divine, and the two Church Wardens of a Pariſh, for ſpending the greateſt Part of the Money they had collected for a Brief.

We are informed the King of Portugal has wrote a Letter to his Majeſty, couched in the moſt polite and moſt thankful Terms, for the Security derived to his Kingdom, from the Generoſity and Magnanimity of the Britiſh Nation.

The whole Stores taken in Caſſel, may be reckoned worth upwards of a Million of German Crowns.

By the ſudden Diſcharge of great Numbers of Ship-wrights, and other Handicrafts, at the End of the laſt War, who were thus, many of them, greatly diſtreſſed, the French and Spaniſh Agents engaged many of them, and theſe the beſt they could pick out, to go over to thoſe Countries, by which Means they were enabled to build the Fleets with which they threatened us at the Beginning of the War.—If the ſame Method ſhould be purſued now, there is no Doubt they will play over the ſame Trick again; but if a Few Thouſand Pounds were given in ſmall Penſions to ſuch as are diſcharged, till they could fix properly in Buſineſs in private Yards, &c. it would probably keep them at Home, and the Money would not be thrown away.

Dec. 5. Sixty of the Officers who were at Pondicherry have tranſmitted to M. Bertin, Comptroller General of the Finances, a Memorial, containing Nine Articles of Impeachment againſt General Lally, late Governor of that Place: The firſt turns upon his bad Adminiſtration, and is cognizable by the King's Council; the ſecond regards military Matters, and will be referred to the Judgment of the Marſhals of France; and all the reſt are to be enquired into by Commiſſaries, whom the King will appoint for the Purpoſe.

Yeſterday, at a Meeting of Merchants trading to Africa, it was reſolved, that the following Gentlemen be appointed a Committee, for drawing up a Memorial to the Lords of Trade, againſt Mr. Touchet's Petition to his Majeſty, for an excluſive Trade to the River Senegal, viz. Mr. Alderman Turner, John Largent, Anthony Bacon, John Ewer, James Johnſon, William Tennant, John Mill, Gilbert Franklyn, Samuel Vaughan, William Bowden, George Farquhar Kirkoch, and Beeſton Long, Eſquires.

We are informed, that the Saxon Troops, which made a Part of the French Army, are to be put into the Pay of the Empreſs Queen.

The Soldiers who were made Priſoners in going from North-America, to the Havannah, and carried to France, are arrived at Portſmouth in Tranſports.

Yeſterday Morning arrived a Mail from Liſbon, and with it a Packet from Count La Lippe, and the other General Officers, and we are aſſured, that the Spaniards are intirely withdrawn out of Portugal; and that there was nothing but Joy in the Faces of all the Portugueſe, and a general Senſe of Gratitude, expreſſed by the Thinking Part of the Nation, for his Britannic Majeſty's kind Interpoſition in their Favour. It is from this Conſideration we hope the Trade with that Kingdom will be much more in our Favour than it has been for ſeveral Years paſt.

A Liſt of all the Ships ordered to be laid up in ordinary at Portſmouth.

100 Guns, Royal Sovereign.

90 Guns, Neptune, Namur, Sandwich, St. George.

80 Guns, Princeſs Amelia, Newark.

74 Guns, Royal William, Arrogant, Bellona, Centaur, Lenox, Mars, Norfolk, Shrewſbury, Terrible, Valiant.

70 Guns, Dorſetſhire, Grafton, Northumberland, Swiftſure.

66 Guns, Marlborough, Lancaſter, Alcide, Bellipher, Kiley, Modeſte, Anſon, building.

64 Guns, new and new Hull.

60 and 50 Guns, Achilles, Anſon, Dreadnought, Dunkirk, Firm, Montagne, Repriſe, Ambuſcade, Chatham, Preſton, Warwick, building.

Frigates. Rainbow, Pallas, Boſton, Diana, Lark, Leoſtoffe, Quebec, Niger, Veſtal, Richmond.

32 Guns, a new Hull, Active, Lizard, Merinaid.

28 Guns, New New-Caſtle, Ludlow-Caſtle, Alborough, Gibraltar, Glaſgow, Kennington.

Sloops. Alderney, Beaver, Ferret, Trial, Vulture, Northam.

With 17 now in ordinary already.

Dec. 7. They write from Madrid of the 9th of laſt Month, that ſome Perſons pretend to know, that his Catholic Majeſty ſtrongly inſiſts on being indemnified for Part of the Charges he has been put to by the Portugal War, and that the Produce of ſuch Indemnification will be employed in redeeming the Men of War taken at the Havannah.

Dec. 8. On Monday the Royal Union, Smith, cleared out for Dieppe, in France, being the firſt Ship for that Port ſince the ſigning of the Preliminaries.

Private Letters from Paris adviſe, that a moſt ſincere and general Joy has been ſpread through the Nation, not by the Peace only, which renders new Taxes unneceſſary, but by a Report that the King has taken a Reſolution to aboliſh the Farms of the Revenue; and to have all Taxes collected by his own Officers, as in England; which, beſides other great Advantages, will reduce the Price of Salt, Tobacco, the Duties of Exports and Imports, and, in general, all Kinds of Liquors, Goods and Proviſions, one fourth Part.

The Spaniſh Ambaſſador, we are informed, moſt ſtrenuouſly endeavoured, in the Negotiations, to obtain the Ships taken at the Havannah, at any Price, or by ceding to us any Advantages in their Colonies or Settlements, which we could reaſonably aſk, but all was rejected.

They write from Paris, that beſides the twelve Officers who were lately executed, there are three more who will ſoon undergo the ſame Fate, for delivering up Canada to the Engliſh.

Dec. 9. Yeſterday the Merchants trading to the conquered Iſlands, carried up their Petition to the Secretary of State's Office, in Order to be laid before his Majeſty's Council; praying that they may have a farther Time to get in their Effects, and ſettle their Affairs, than what is allowed them by the Preliminary Articles, before thoſe Iſlands are reſtored.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. Charles Townſhend, Eſq; reſigned his Place as Secretary at War, as did alſo John Offley, Eſq; that of one of the Grooms of his Majeſty's Bedchamber.

We hear that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of York and Sir Charles Hardy are gone to cruize off the Canary Iſlands, and will ſtay there to the utmoſt Time the Preliminary Articles will allow; as there are ſome rich Ships ſtill expected home belonging to the French and Spaniards.

On Tueſday they began to deliver out at the Secretary of State's Office, Paſſports, ſigned by the French King, for our Ships to go life to any Port in France. The Paſſports from Spain are not yet arrived.

By a Gentleman arrived from Paris on Thurſday Evening we are informed, that when the Preliminaries were brought to his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty to be ratified, he was juſt returned from Hunting, but that he ſigned them immediately, before he ſat down to Dinner, or even as much as pulled off his Boots. Couriers were then inſtantly diſpatched to all Parts, and it is impoſſible, ſays the Gentleman, to expreſs the Joy that appears there, amongſt all Ranks and Degrees of People.

There are ſeveral Letters in Town, from Perſons of Credit, which give moſt dreadful Accounts of the Situation of the Dutch Affairs in the Iſland of Ceylon; where they are likely to be driven from. It ſeems they had uſed the Son of the King very ill, who thereupon aſſembled his People in the Centre of the Iſland, and drove them all in the moſt ſolemn Manner, to take Revenge of the Dutch, or die; and accordingly they attacked the capital Fortreſs, took it by Storm, and put all to the Sword; and to their great Surprize, it did not capitulate; but as ſoon as they laid down their Arms, they ſeized the Garriſon, and took Back to Back, and cut off their Heads in that Manner. In ſhort, they are determined to extirpate the Dutch,