HERE is at the Plantation of Captain Jole Stincbicomb, in the Forest of Rahimer y, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay or Brown ng, rather under the middle Size, has a small I sil, branded on the near Shoulder R, and h Buttocks with a Patin Iron, and C in the

Owner may have him again, on proving operty, and paying Charges.

SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, at inefday the 16th of March next, at the House fr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, is derick County,

HE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of Mr. James Wardrep, Deceased, ong in Frederick Country.

Tract called Partnership, lying on left Side of Manockass, below the

Ford, Ditto called Dear Bought, lying on ight of Anti-Eatam, near the Head pring at Thomas Ander for's old Place,

e's Delight, lying on a small Run-Curry's Branch, at the Foot of ndore Mountain, near Curry's Gap, Hill, lying about 8 Miles above outh of Conococheague, on the East f Lick Run, near Patowmack River,

offord, lying near John George Arnold's West Side of the Road leading from beague to Frederick-Town, Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to JAMES DICE.

N away from the Subscriber, living in darapelis, on the 28th of Decemb. left, a Con-rvant Man, named Richard Stevens, a Pref. rn, and Taylor by Trade, Speaks broken, and very quick. He is about 5 Feet 8 high, naturally of a pale Complexion, but the ran away, his Face was much bruied, d black Eyes, occasioned by Pighting. He with him fundry very good Clothes, viz. a cod brown Broadcloth Coat and Waiffcost, d with the same Colour, a violet blue Sut th, with divers other Things too tedious n

that his Master may have him again, said secure that his Master may have him again, said EN POUNDS Reward, paid by

JOHN DUCKER.

SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, TRACT of Land, called Jarboe's Remble, containing 400 Acres, lying near the Head Mary's River, in St. Mary's County: Any or Persons inclining to purchase the Whole, Part thereof, may be informed of the Term, RICHARD WINSATT, B. The Payment, if agreeable to the Peror Purchasers, may be made in Cora or for one Third of their Purchase, the Re-

G-IRON, to be SOLD by Brc-ANAN & HUGHES in Baltimere-Town.

r in Cash or Tobacco.

Azzapelis, Nevember 10, 1762. HEREAS several of the Officers and Men who composed the Maryland Troops did July last (when Lieutenant Colonel Dayand Dr. David Ross attended at Analy ern's-Town, to pay away the Money, when ary Ambers, had been advanced to Lien. Degreerthy for that Purpose) either pri-Pay due to them respectively; Notice given, that Lieutenant Colonel Degrants Monday in February next, in order to lenk
its with, and pay the Arrears of see to fine
as shall then apply to them, or fead proper to fettle and receive what may be dee spectively: And those who cannot amen ves, are defired to have the Powers they others, to receive what may be doe # regularly atteffed, and it is expedied that ho shall apply for what is due to the Estate as are dead, will previously take out Lo Administration in the Counties where is is invenient for them to give Security.

Charles-Street. All Persons RTISEMENTS of a moderate nd Long Ones in Proportion.

The MARYLAND GAZETTE

[XVIIIth Year.]

THURSDAY, February 24, 1763.

Preliminary Articles of REACE, between His Britannick Majesty, the Most Christian King, and the Catholick King. Signed at Fontainebleau, the 3d Day of November, 1762.

IN THE NAME OF THE MOST HOLY TRINITY.



HE King of Great Britain, and the Most Christian King, animated with the reciprocal Desire to re-establish Union and good Understanding between Them, as well for the Good of Mankind in general, as for that of Their respective Kingdoms, States, and Subjects, having respected, soon after the Rupture between Great Britain and Spain; of the State of the Negotiation of last Year, (which unhappily had not the desired Effect,) as well as on the Points in Dispute between the Crowns of Great Britain and Spain; Their Britannick and Most Christian Majesties began a Conference to endeavour to find Means to adjust the Differences substituting between Their said Majesties. At the same Time, the Most Christian King having communicated to the King of Spain these happy Dispositions, His Catherick Majesty was animated with the same Zeal for the Good of Mankind, and That of His Subjects, and resolved to extend and multiply the Fruits of Peace by His Concurrence in such laudable Intentions. Their Britannick Mage

lick Majesty was animated with the same Zeal for the Good of Mankind, and That of His Subjects, and resolved to extend and multiply the Fruits of Peace by His Concurrence in such laudable Intentions. Their Britannick, Most Christian, and Catholick Majesties, having, in consequence, maturely considered all the above Points, as well as the different Events which have happened during the Course of the present Negotiation, have, by mutual Consent, agreed on the following Articles; which shall serve as a Basis to the future Treaty of Peace. For which Purpose, His Britannick Majesty has named and authorised, John Duke and Early of Bidford, Marquess of Tavistock, &c. Minister of State of the King of Great Britain, Lieutenant General of his Forces, Keeper of His Privy Seal, Knight of the most Noble Order of the Garter, and His Britannick Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to His Most Christian Majesty, Gasar Gabriel de Choiseul, Duke of Prassin, Peer of France, Knight of the Most Christian King's Orders, Lieutenant General of His Forces, Councillor in all His Councils, and Minister and Secretary of State, of His Commands; and Finances; And His Catholick Majesty has likewise named and authorized, Dom Jerome Grimaldi, Marquis de Grimaldi, Knight of the Most Christian King's Orders, Gentleman of the Bed-Chamber to His Catholick Majesty in Employment, and His Ambassador Extraordinary to His Most Christian Majesty; who, after having duely communicated to each other Their Full Powers in good Form, have agreed in the following Articles.

ARTICLE I. As foon as the Preliminaries shall be figned and ratified, sincere Friendship shall be re-established between His Britannick Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty, and between His said Britannick Majesty and His Catholick Majesty, Their Kingdoms, States, and Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty, and between His said Britannick Majesty and His Catholick Majesty, Their Kingdoms, States, and Squadrons, as well as to the Subjects, by Sea, and by Land, in all Parts of the World. Orders shall be sent to the Armies and Squadrons, as well as to the Subjects. of the Three Powers, to stop all Hostilities, and to live in the most perfect Union, forgetting what has passed, of which their Sovereigns give them the Order and Example: And, for the Execution of this Article, Sea Passes shall be given, on each Side, for the Ships; which shall be dispatched to carry the News of it to the respective Possessions of the Three Powers.

give them the Order and Example: And, for the Execution of this Article, Sea Passes shall be given, on each Side, for the Ships; which shall be dispatched to carry the News of it to the respective Possession, and the Three Powers.

Article II. His Most Christian Majesty renounces all Pretensions, which He has heretofore formed, or might have formed; to Nova Article III. His Most Christian Majesty enders, and guaranties the Whole of it, with all its Dependencies, to the King of Grant Britain: Moreover, His Sotia, or Acadia, in all its Parts, and guaranties to His said Britannich Majesty, in full Right, Canada, with all its Dependencies, as well as Most Christian Majesty, and all the other Islands, in the Gulph, and River of St. Laurence, without Restriction, and without any Liberry the standard of Cap Breton, and all the other Islands, in the Gulph, and River of St. Laurence, without Restriction, and without any Liberry the depart from this Cession and Guaranty, under any Pretence, or to trouble Great Britain in the Possession: His Britain in the Osteristic Religion: He will, in consequence, without Restriction, and without any Liberry the Carbotic Standard the most effectual Orders, that His new Roman Carbotick Subjects may profess the Worship of their Religion; accepted to the Rose of the Roman Church, as far as the Laws of Great Britain permit. His Britannical Majesty further agrees, that the cording to the Rites of the Roman Church, as far as the Laws of Great Britain permit. His Britannich Majesty further agrees, that the cording to the Rites of the Roman Church, as far as the Laws of Great Britain permit. His Britannich Majesty further is the Capta standard, may retire, in all Safety and French Inhabitants, or others who would have been Subjects of the Most Christian King in Canada, may retire, in all Safety and French Inhabitants, or others who would have been Subjects of the Most Christian King in Canada, may retire, in all Safety and French Inhabitants, and the Estate Subjects of France to the Estate Ri

ARTICLE VI. In order to re-establish Peace on the most solid and lasting Foundations, and to temove for ever every Subject of Disputation of the British and French Territories on the Continent of America; It is agreed, that, for the future, the Consine with regard to the Limits of the British and French Territories on the Continent of America; It is agreed, that, for the future, the Consine with regard to the Limits of this Britannick Majesty, and shose of His Most Christian Majesty, in that Part of the World, still be irrevocably between the Dominions of His Britannick Majesty, and shose of the River Missippi, from its Source, as far as the River British, and from thence; by a Line drawn along the Middle of this River, and of the Lakes Maurepas and Pontchartrain, to the Sea; and to this Purpose, the Most Christian drawn along the Middle of this River, and of the Lakes Maurepas and Pontchartrain, to the Sea; and to this Purpose, the Middle of the Britannick Majesty, the River and Port of Mobile, and every Thing that He possessed which shall remain to France; provided that the Navigation of the River Missippi, shall be equally free; as well to the Subjects of Grants, which shall remain to France; provided that the Navigation of the River Missippi, source to the Sea, and that Part expressly, which is between the Britain, as to those of France, in its whole Breadth and Length, from its Source to the Sea, and that Part expressly, which is between the Britain, and the Right Blank of that River, as well as the Passage both in and out of its Mount. It is further still listed, that the Vessels belonging to the Subjects of ceither Nation, shall not be stopped, visited, of subjects of the Passage in the River and the River River and the River and ARTICLE VI. In order to re-establish Peace on the most solid and lasting Foundations, and to temove for ever every Subject of Dispute of the Inhabitants.