

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XVIIIth Year.]

THURSDAY, February 17, 1763.

[No. 928.]

LONDON, October 14.

WE hear that the whole Ground of the Contentions which are rumoured to have happened among the Great, is only how much higher the Terms of Peace, since our late Successes, shall be raised above those which all acquiesced in before as advantageous and honourable.

October 19. It is said that Don Lewis de Velasco, who so bravely defended the Morro Castle, fell with the Spanish Colours wrapt about his Body, having publicly vowed, that he never would surrender them alive.

Letters by the Convoy from the West-Indies say, that the French Traders at Hispaniola are greatly affronted at the English not paying them a Visit at that Island, as they wish to be upon a footing with their Countrymen at Guadaloupe and Martinico.

Oct. 23. The King of Prussia hath demanded of the Jews, throughout his Dominions, a free Gift of Six Millions of Florins (about 500,000 l. Sterling.) His other Subjects are also to pay a considerable Sum. This is the first Tribute that has been exacted from them since the War began.

The Attention of the Public is at present wholly engrossed by the Negotiation for Peace now depending. While the Generality of the People, from Motives of Humanity and true Policy, wish for a speedy and honourable Conclusion to the War, there are not wanting some, who pretend to dislike a Peace on any Terms whatever. These, it would seem, are actuated either by Views of private Interest, misguided Politics, or other Causes, which, perhaps, they will not chuse to avow.

But the true Sense of the Nation will soon be best learnt from the Voice of their Representatives in Parliament.—Mean while, the Confidence of the People in the Parity of his Majesty's Intentions, his Zeal for the Glory and Prosperity of his Kingdom, and in his Steadiness in pursuing the Measures that are most likely to procure to all his Subjects solid and permanent Happiness, is apparently universal and unbounded. How little Reason is there, then, to apprehend, that the Ministry, whatever may have been suggested to the contrary, will ever think of sacrificing, upon this Occasion, any of the true Interests of their Country. At last, we do not find they have hitherto given us any Cause to suspect their Integrity. We may therefore venture to assure our Readers, and we think we do it upon solid Grounds, that the general tranquillity of Europe, so long, and so cruelly disturbed, will be quickly restored; that in this glorious and much-desired Work we shall bear a noble and distinguished Part; and that this bloody and expensive War will be succeeded by a Period of Felicity, Repose, and Prosperity, hitherto unequalled, which, if we are not wanting to ourselves, will make this happy Island the Envy and Desire of the whole Earth.

Oct. 26. By the Flanders Mail, which is arrived in our last, we have received the following account from Paris.

“It was on the 20th of last Month, that the Ceremony of Degrading Mr. Nadau, late Governor of Guadaloupe, and M. de la Botterie, Major of the Forces in that Island, was performed at Rochefort, in Presence of all the Marines, drawn up on the Parade before the Barracks. When the Sentence was Read, in which the Articles of the Charge were rehearsed, at each Article he cried out, THAT IS FALSE; and protesting his Innocence, deprecated God's Vengeance on his Accusers. He was informed that the King had ordered him to be Degraded from the Rank of a Gentleman, and to lose all his Titles and Honours, Him and his posterity; his Coat-armour to be erased; and that he should never more wear a Sword. At this last Article of the Sentence, Mr. Nadau, enraged to the highest Degree, called out, *What ignominious treatment for a Man of Honour! How many boys served it more than I! It is made a Crime in me to surrender Guadaloupe: I had only 1100 Men; and Martinico was given up with 5000.—A Serjeant proceeded to the Degradation, and the raising of his Arms; broke his Sword, and threw the Pieces at his Feet, and took off his Ribbon*

with the Cross of St. Lewis. M. de la Botterie, who was treated in the same Manner, behaved with more Resignation.”

Oct. 28. A French Frigate of 16 Guns, is taken by one of our Men of War, and carried into Galway.

The Liverpool Man of War has also taken a Spanish Privateer, and carried her into Milford.

M. Nadau du Treil, late Governor of Guadaloupe, and M. de la Botterie, the French King's late Lieutenant in Basseterre, were both ordered, after their Degradation, to be confined for Life in the Island of St. Margaret.

Oct. 30. Our Accounts from the Havannah remark, that there are 45 Commanders of Ships concerned in the Claims of Prize-Money, and that they carried out with them new Instructions for the Division, of what Treasure should be taken there, which was as follows:

One-third to the Flag and General Officers, of which Sir George Pocock, and Lord Albemarle, were to have each One-fifth, the other Three fifths to the Commodore and the rest of the General Officers.

One-third to the Captains, Officers and Men belonging to the Fleet, to be shared in Classes in the usual Manner by Eights.

One-third to the Colonels, Officers and Men belonging to the Army.

Nov. 6. Wednesday WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Esq; with his Lady, set out for Portsmouth, to embark for his Government of New-Jersey.

Our Advices from India inform us, that the English have made themselves Masters of two Ports belonging to the Rajas of the Country, in which Enterprise we have lost a Number of Men.

It is said, that on Account of some Circumstances attending a late Resignation, the King hath ordered the Name of a noble Duke to be struck off the List of Privy Counsellors.

By a Letter from Madras, dated April 7, 1762, the British Squadron was then there, but Admiral Cornish was to sail the next Day to Trincomali, on the Island of Ceylon, with the Norfolk, Lenox, Grafton, Elizabeth and Weymouth, in order to give them a good Heel.—Captain Tinker was on a separate Cruise with four Sail.

Nov. 9. We are informed, that all the Fortifications of the French Settlements in the East-Indies are entirely demolished; even the French Governor's Palace at Pondicherry, a most superb Building, the finest ever erected in that Quarter of the World.

The King of Prussia hath demanded of the City of Leipzick 15,000 Recruits, or an Equivalent in Money.

As the Searching British Ships by the Spaniards in the West-Indies, was the sole Occasion of the last War, which after spending above 30 Millions to no Purpose, we concluded upon most dishonourable Terms, it is hoped, and expected, that in the Treaty now depending with Spain, it shall be stipulated, that NO SEARCH shall ever be attempted, on any Pretence whatever.

By a Letter lately received from Germany, we learn, that the Marquis of Granby had already expended no less than 60,000 l. of his private Fortune, in the Relief of the Soldiers under his Command.—A very uncommon Instance of Generosity, but which will be easily credited by those who are acquainted with his Lordship's humane and benevolent Disposition.

Nov. 11. It is said that a great Number of Orders for Flour, and other Goods, are already come to several Merchants, immediately to be complied with, as soon as the Ports are opened between England and France; which it is expected will be in a few Days.

It is said, that the French have sent Orders to all their Sea Ports to stop the Privateers sailing, and to prevent any new Commissions being given.

An Order was sent down Yesterday to the regulating Captains to break up their several Rendezvous.

We hear that Orders are sent to stop the Embarking any more Forces from Ireland for Portugal.

At the Conclusion of the last War, in 1748, the News of the Preliminaries being signed arrived at

the Duke of Newcastle's Office the 24th of April. On the 9th of May a Cessation of Arms was proclaimed at the Royal Exchange. The definitive Treaty was signed on the 18th of October. On the 2d of February, 1749, Peace was proclaimed at London. April 25th was the Day observed as a General Thanksgiving. And on the 27th of April the Grand Fireworks were played off in the Green Park.

Tuesday as the several Persons of Distinction were going to Guild-hall, the Mob behaved exactly consistent with themselves, by hissing and abusing some, and applauding others, without knowing any true Reason for their Favour or Dislike.

We hear that the Rage of Resigning, which was said to have got abroad, has suddenly stopt. Intimation, it is whispered, was given to the Foremost of the Number who intended a Secession, that Conscience, or Honour, could not have dictated a Resignation of one Place, that had no Connection with Public Business, without dictating a Resignation of all; and the more lucrative they were, the more meritorious would be the Relinquishing of them; and that therefore the Resignation of one Place would be considered as a Resignation of all. Upon which the proffered Resignation was prudently retracted with as good a Grace as it could be done.

Nov. 13. The King of Spain having lost his large Stock of Tobacco by the surrender of the Havannah, 172,850 lb. of Tobacco was Shipped off Yesterday and the Day before, from hence for Cadiz, to supply the Farmers who have contracted with the Spanish Government for furnishing them with that Commodity till they can get it from America.

Nov. 16. We hear that Application is made to the States of Holland, for Leave for our Troops to pass through their Territory in their Way Home. It is thought great Part of them will be here before Christmas. The Marquis of Granby, and several other General Officers, are expected in about a fortnight.

Fifty Thousand Pounds worth of Canada Furs have lately arrived, which is a strong Proof how much the pretended Account of the Produce of that Country is to be depended upon.

Nov. 18. It is reported that the Right Hon. the Marquis of Granby will, on his Arrival in England, be nominated and appointed a Field Marshal, and Captain-General of the King's Forces in South Britain, in the Room of Field Marshal Ligonier, who resigns.

Nov. 20. It is said Passes, signed by the Duke de Nivernois, are making out for our Ships to pass and repass the Seas un molested by the French till the Peace is settled.

Extract of a Letter from our Army in Germany: “Some Time after the Surrender of Cassel, the Allied Army attacked and took a Party of the French near Ziegenhaysn, and our Cannon are now playing against that Place; such a Chain of Successes has made a glorious Campaign; we are soon to besiege Marburgh.”

We hear that Yesterday an Order was sent down to the proper Officer in the Dock-Yard at Chatham, to prepare Ground Tackle, &c. for Ninety Men of War, that are soon expected up the River Medway, to be laid up in Ordinary.

The Earl of Egmont (in 1741 Lord Percival) has kissed the King's Hand on being appointed joint Postmaster-General with Mr. Hambden, in the Room of the Earl of Beborough.

Nov. 23. Orders were last Friday sent to the Dock-Yards at Deptford and Chatham, &c. that the Men should work only common Hours, and that all Persons who have a Mind to have their Discharges, might have them by applying for them, and be paid their full Wages to the Time.

All the large Men of War at Portsmouth are ordered into the Harbour; and the small coast Sloops, &c. are to be got ready as fast as possible for cruising.

They write from Cadiz, and other Ports in Spain, that all the warlike Preparations are of a sudden countermanded; that the Forces which were assembling on the Coast of Galicia, have Orders to return into Quarters; and that several Regiments of Militia are dismissed.

HN YEUDY, BREWER,
living at the Tan-Yard, which formerly belonged to Mr. Robert Swan, in Annapolis, gives Notice, That he will purchase any Quantity of GOOD BARLEY, delivered at his Houfe, between this Time and the end of March, and give Four Shillings a Bushel, Money, or more, if more is given by any else: After that Time he will give the best Price. Next Fall he will purchase a large Quantity of RYE, and give the best Market-Price, ready Money.

likewise carries on the COOPER's Business, and makes all Kinds of CASKS, at the most reasonable Price.

B. He wants a couple of Apprentices.

Baltimore County, Dec. 31, 1762.
N away from the Subscriber, on the 29th of this Instant, a Servant Man named David Eden, an Englishman, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 Inches high, dark Skin, thin visage, Hair tied behind, and a small Blemish in his Eyes: Had on when he went away, a felt Hat, and old Country-Cloth Coat falling Cape lined with Plaid, and a Lead-coloured Jacket with large white Buttons, a old light-colour'd Coat, old coarse Shirt, old Breeches, mix'd blue and white Yarns, old Shoes, and round yellow Buckles. Whoever secures the said Servant so that he may have him again, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward if taken in the County; Five if out of the County; and Seven Pounds billings if out of the Province, and reasonable expences paid if brought home, by

ALEXANDER WELLS,
He formerly served Seven Years to Mr. Dorsey on Elk-Ridge.

TO BE SOLD,
For Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash, A VERY good Brick DWELLING-HOUSE, situate on the main Road, about a Mile from this, where the Subscriber now lives, with 100 Acres of Land. There is a very good house to the House, good Stable, Corn-House, Milk-House, Hen-House, Two good Orchards, and an Orchard with very good Fencing. Title good. Any Person wanting to purchase, apply to
THOMAS PICKER.
SO, A good Tract of LAND containing 100 Acres, situate on a Branch of Seneca, in Frederick County, about 30 Acres of it good Meadow; and for Dollars or Pistoles.

SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,
A TRACT of Land, called Jarboe's Run, containing 400 Acres, lying near the Head of Mary's River, in St. Mary's County: Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase the Whole, or Part thereof, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to
RICHARD WIMMART.
B. The Payment, if agreeable to the Purchaser, may be made in Corn or Tobacco, for one Third of their Purchase, the Remainder in Cash or Tobacco.

Annapolis, November 10, 1762.
HEREAS several of the Officers and Men who composed the Maryland Troops, did on the 7th last (when Lieutenant Colonel Dargwerty, and Dr. David Ross attended at Annapolis to pay away the Money, which was the consequence of a Warrant from his Excellency Sir Amberst, had been advanced to Lieutenant Dargwerty for that Purpose) either personally appear, or by others apply for the Amount of Pay due to them respectively; Notice is given, that Lieutenant Colonel Dargwerty and Dr. David Ross will attend again at Annapolis, on Monday in February next, in order to settle the Accounts with, and pay the Arrears due to such as shall then apply to them, or send proper Persons to settle and receive what may be due to them respectively: And those who cannot attend themselves, are desired to have the Powers they regularly attested, and it is expected that those who shall apply for what is due to them, as are dead, will previously take out Letters of Administration in the Counties where it is convenient for them to give Security.

Charles-Street. All Persons desiring to purchase any of the above-mentioned Long Ones in Proportion.