

December 9, 1762.  
FOUND last Friday in Annapolis, a small Sum of Money. The Owner may have it, on paying the Charge of this Advertisement, and applying to Robert Johnson at Mr. Ward's Store.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, by Bond, Note of Hand, or Open Account, are desired to make immediate Payment of their respective Debts. And as by my Lenity, many have been due, and others, not fully settled, many Years, I must insist that they now comply with this Demand: But such as cannot at this Time make Payment for their open Accounts, may at least give their Notes or Bonds; that I may leave my Attorney in Fact, as little Trouble as possible, as I intend for Great-Britain early in the Spring. Those who omit to comply with this Request, may expect immediately to be sued without Exception. And all those who have Accounts against me, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and paid.  
ROBERT SWAN.

Having lately Removed my Store from Church-Street, to the South-west Side of the Dock, commonly called CARROLL'S WHARF, I have for Sale,

SUNDRY Sorts of DRY GOODS, consisting chiefly of Broad Cloths, Half-thicks, Negro Cottons, China, Cutlery, Linen Handkerchiefs, spotted Gauze, Mullins, &c. Also Three or Four likely Negro Girls, from 12 to 16 Years of Age. Rum, Sugar, and choice old Lisbon Wine, &c. &c. For Terms and Price, apply to  
ROBERT SWAN.

Annapolis, November 10, 1762.  
WHEREAS several of the Officers and Men who composed the Maryland Troops, did not in July last (when Lieutenant Colonel Dagworthy, and Dr David Rees attended at Annapolis and Queen's-Town, to pay away the Money, which in Pursuance of a Warrant from his Excellency Sir Jeffery Amherst, had been advanced to Lieut. Colonel Dagworthy for that Purpose) either personally appear, or by others apply for the Arrears of Pay due to them respectively; Notice is hereby given, that Lieutenant Colonel Dagworthy and David Rees will attend again at Annapolis, the Third Monday in February next, in order to settle Accounts with, and pay the Arrears due to such Persons as shall then apply to them, or send proper Powers to settle and receive what may be due to them respectively: And those who cannot attend themselves, are desired to have the Powers they give to others, to receive what may be due to them, regularly attested, and it is expected that those who shall apply for what is due to the Effects of such as are dead, will previously take out Letters of Administration in the Counties where it is most convenient for them to give Security.

Just Imported from London, and to be Sold by its Subscriber, at the Store of Charles Wallace and Company, in Church-Street, Annapolis,  
ONE Pair of very fine Garnet Earrings, curiously set in Gold, neat Tortoise Shell and Pearl Toothpick Cases with Gold Bezels, Variety of Seals set in Gold, Gold Thimbles, Tortoise Shell Snuff Boxes with Gold Rims, neat Paper ditto lined with Tortoise Shell, Stone Sleeve Buttons set in Silver, Variety of Stone Brooches neatly set in Silver for Free-Masons and others, Stone Stock Buckles, Silver Soup Spoons, Ivory handled carving Knives and Forks with Silver Ferrits, neat Cork Screws, &c. &c.  
GEORGE CLARKE.

TO BE SOLD,  
A TRACT of LAND containing 1580 Acres, about 14 Miles from Baltimore-Town, on the main Road leading from thence to Frederick County, and convenient to a Merchant Mill. For Title and Terms apply to ALEXANDER LAWSON, in Baltimore-Town.

WANTED,  
A CURATE for Dorchester Parish, in Dorchester County. Any Clergyman of the Church of England, that can be well recommended, will be employed by the Vestry, who has an Assignment of Fourteen Thousand Pounds of Tobacco yearly, to be paid as collected by the Sheriff, for his Support. Signed per Order,  
ROGER JONES, Register.

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# The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XVIIIth Year.]

THURSDAY, December 23, 1762.

[N<sup>o</sup>. 920.]

From the LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.  
Whitehall, September 30, 1762.

LAST Night Captain Nugent, and the Honourable Augustus Hervey, arrived from the Havannah, with the following Accounts from the Earl of Albemarle, and Sir George Pocock.

Copy of a Letter from the Earl of Albemarle to the Earl of Egmont, dated Head-Quarters, near the Havannah, August 21, 1762.

My Lord,  
I HAVE the Honour of informing your Lordship, that the Town of the Havannah, with all its Dependencies, and the Men of War in the Harbour, surrendered to his Majesty's Arms, by Capitulation, on the 13th Instant.

Inclosed is a Copy of the Capitulation, various Returns, and the Chief Engineer's Continuation of the Journal of the Siege of the Moro Fort, which was taken by Storm the 30th of last Month, so much to the Honour and Credit of his Majesty's Troops, and to Major General Keppel, who commanded the Attack, that I should do them Injustice, if I did not mention them in a particular Manner to your Lordship. Our Mines were sprung about One o'Clock, and a Breach made just practicable for a File of Men in Front. The Enemy was drawn up on the Top of it, in Force, with a seeming Determination to defend it: The Attack was so vigorous and impetuous, that the Enemy was instantaneously drove from the Breach, and his Majesty's Standard planted upon the Bastion.

I did not send a particular Express with this good News to your Lordship, because I flattered myself, that what has happened would soon be the Consequence of our Success at Fort Moro.

On the 11th in the Morning, by a Signal from the Fort, we opened our Batteries against the Town, and Punta Fort: The Guns and Mortars were so well served by the Artillery and Sailors, and their Effect so great, that in less than six Hours all the Guns in the Fort and North Bastion were silenced. The Governor hung out the White Flag, and beat a Parley; and at the same Time sent out an Officer to propose a Cease of Arms for 24 Hours, in order to prepare the Articles of Capitulation.

I sent on board the Namur to the Admiral, to inform him of the Governor's Proposals.

Sir George Pocock immediately came to my Quarters, and we agreed to a Suspension of Hostilities to the 13th at 12 o'Clock.

I summoned the Governor on the 10th. His Answer was very civil and proper; at the same Time said he would defend his Town to the last Extremity.

The Difficulties the Officers and Soldiers have met with, and the Fatigues they have so cheerfully and resolutely gone through, since the Army first landed on this Island, are not to be described. They deserve from me the greatest Commendations; and I must entreat your Lordship to take the first Opportunity of informing his Majesty how much I think myself obliged to Lieutenant General Elliot, and the Rest of the General Officers under my Command; to every Officer and Soldier in the Army; and to the Officers and Sailors of his Majesty's Fleet, for the zealous Manner with which they have carried on the Service, and for the great Assistance I have received from them. Happy we shall all think ourselves, if our Conduct meets with his Majesty's Approbation.

Sir George Pocock and Commodore Keppel have exerted themselves in a most particular Manner; and I may venture to say, that there never was a joint Undertaking carried on with more Harmony and Zeal on both Sides, which greatly contributed to the Success of it.

Captain Nugent, one of my Aid-de-Camps, who has the Honour of delivering you my Dispatches, can inform your Lordship of any Particulars you are pleased to learn from him. He has been very active, and present at every material Affair that has happened since the Landing of the Troops. I must beg through your Lordship to recommend him to his Majesty as a very deserving young Man. He carries with him the Spanish Ensign taken at the Moro.

Colonel Carleton, who has acted as Brigadier since Lord Rollo left the Army, had the Misfortune of being wounded on the 22d of July, when the Enemy made a Sortie: He is at present in a fair Way of doing well.

I think it but Justice to Major Fuller, who is my eldest Aid-de-Camp, to say, that I should have sent him to England, if I had not thought it would be more agreeable to his Majesty, to receive the News by one of his own Servants. I am, &c.  
ALBEMARLE.

Copy of a Letter from Sir George Pocock to Mr. Cleveland dated off Cobreira River, near the Havannah, August 19, 1762.

SIR,  
I Desire you will acquaint their Lordships, that it is with the greatest Pleasure I now congratulate them on the great Success of his Majesty's Arms, in the Reduction of the Havannah, with all its Dependencies.

The Moro Fort was taken by Storm the 30th of last Month, after a Siege of 29 Days; during which Time the Enemy lost above 1000 Men; and a brave Officer in Don Lewis de Valasco, Captain of one of their Men of War, and Governor in the Moro, mortally wounded in defending the Colours Sword in Hand in the Storm: And on the 11th Inst. the Governor of the Havannah desired to capitulate for the Town, which was granted, the Articles agreed to, and signed (a Copy of which I inclose) and we were put in Possession of the Punta and Land Gate the 12th. With this great and important Acquisition to his Majesty, has also fallen 22 large Men of War of the Line, as per List, 3 of

which were sunk, with a Company's Ship, in the Entrance of the Harbour; 9 are fit for Sea, and 2 upon the Stocks; a Blow that I hope will prove the more Capital to the Enemy, as they receive it so early in the War; and I may venture to say, will leave all their Settlements, in this Part of the World, exposed to any Attempts that may be thought proper to be made on them. But however trivial, with the Possession of the Havannah, it may appear, yet I cannot help mentioning the Discovery, and possessing the Harbour of Mariel, about 7 Leagues to the Leeward of this, and which we had made ourselves Masters of, though the Enemy had endeavoured to ruin it by sinking Ships in the Entrance; and we had lately sent near 100 Transports, with some Men of War there, for Security against the Season, in which we are already advanced.

It will be as needless, as almost impossible, for me to express or describe that perfect Harmony that has uninterruptedly subsisted between the Fleet and Army, from our first setting out. Indeed it is doing Injustice to both to mention them as two Corps, since each has endeavoured, with the most constant and cheerful Emulation, to render it but One; uniting in the same Principles of Honour and Glory for their King and Country's Service. I am glad, on this Occasion, to do Justice to the distinguished Merit of Commodore Keppel, who executed the Service, under his Direction, on the Coxemar Side, with the greatest Spirit, Activity, and Diligence; and I must repeat, that the Zeal his Majesty's Sea Officers and Seamen exerted, in carrying on the Services allotted to them, is highly to be commended.

I shall now beg Leave to refer their Lordships to Captain Hervey for all further Particulars, who I find with this Letter, and who has approved himself a brave and deserving Officer in this Expedition; therefore think myself obliged to desire their Lordships will recommend him to his Majesty. I am, Sir, Your most Obedient Humble Servant,  
G. POCOCK.

L O N D O N ,

Sept. 28. A Merchant in Town has received a Letter from Quida on the Malacca Coast, by the India Ships lately arrived, importing, that the Dutch having behaved with great Insolence to Siek Raja Mahomet, King of the Country that Borders on the River Siek, and having used many of his Subjects very ill by seizing their Goods and imprisoning their Persons, &c. the King exasperated thereat, raised a powerful Army with the greatest Expedition, and marched out in Quest of the Dutch Forces, but unfortunately coming to an Engagement with them, his Troops were routed with a very great Slaughter, and himself with much Difficulty escaped to the King of Siam, who is a distant Relation, of whom, and some other Princes, he is imploring Assistance to drive the Dutch farther from his Territories. This Letter adds, that one Henry Stoutman, who had been previously sent from Batavia with a large Armament to the Malacca, conducted the whole Affair, and got an immense Booty by it; that the Indian King had a great Number of Cannon with him, but that being wretchedly served, it proved an Incumbrance, it was a principal Cause of the Greatness of his Overthrow. The Natives are preparing to avenge themselves if they can, and to extirpate the Dutch utterly from among them; but the latter again are preparing, on their Part, to maintain the Advantages they have already gained, and in Consequence of a Resolution for that Purpose, a large Re-inforcement of Troops and Warlike Stores is to be sent them from Batavia, so that the whole Malacca Coast is in one dire Alarm.

To the GENIUS OF BRITAIN.

G O'er thy lov'd Isle, and round thy favourite King.  
O' pour in BRITAIN'S Wounds the healing Balm,  
Smooth her (nor, Oh! the pious Wish disclaim!)  
Or War with Triumph, or a Peace with Fame.  
Her sacred Rights fill teach her to defend,  
And scorn that Foe she cannot make a Friend.  
Where'er her Cannons roar, or Ensigns fly,  
Plant Dread, and Flight, and each pale Terror nigh.  
Let Gallia tremble, and let Bourbon fear,  
When glorious GEORGE'S conquering Troops appear.  
Touch every Heart with Thirst of honest Praise,  
And Love of Honour more than Length of Days.  
With Courage let her awe, with Virtue charm,  
Each Realm that courts her Smile, or flights her Arm.  
Not fond of Peace, if Peace would but inflame;  
Nor dreading War, if War alone can save.

B O S T O N , November 25, 1762.

On the 21st of this Instant, Gerthom Spear, a Boy of about 8 Years of Age, Son of Joseph Spear, fell from a Wharf in this Town, near the South-Battery.—His Father having occasion to remove a Lighter or Boat at High-Water, discovered the Boy under Water, he immediately got up the Body, and carried it into the House a lifeless Corpse; but having heard the Method of recovering drowned Persons with Salt, he directly stripp'd the Cloaths off the Boy, and applied a Quantity of fine Salt, which he kept constantly rubbing the Body with, and applying warm Blankets. Help also being obtained a Glifter was infused into the Body, when in about 25 Minutes there were faint Signs of Life discovered by a Moving of the Belly and a small Noise in the Bowels, which soon after was followed by a Froth issuing from his Mouth: The Method was continued till the Water discharged itself freely, and in about two Hours the Boy recovered his Senses so as to speak; and in an Hour or two after was able to give an Account of the Manner of his falling in, which, to the Time of his Father's taking him up according to the best Computation, was above a Quarter of an Hour: However that be, the Boy when carried into the House had no Pulse; his Neck stiff, and to all Appearance was dead:—He is now recovered excepting his Feet, which by the Blood setting there has caused a Soreness that prevents his walking.

We find such an Instance of recovering from Drowning, no longer ago than the Month of July, viz.

London, August 14, 1762.  
We have advice from Oporto, that a Man lately fell overboard there, and was taken up from the Bottom about Three Quarters of an Hour afterwards, he was carried on board the Ship he belong'd to, and Orders were actually given for sewing him up in his Hamock, in order to bury him; but the British Vice Consul, Mr. Hervey, a very humane Man, hearing of the Affair, took a Boat, went on board, laid the Fellow by the Fire Side, and kept rubbing him with common Salt till Life returned, and the Man is now hearty and well. Mr. Hervey says he had known a Dog kept under Water two Hours, and recovered by being covered with Salt: The same Experiment has also succeeded in recovering a Cat.

(There have been Instances published in some former Magazines of Persons being recovered after laying in the Water a much longer Time than the above, by the same Method:—Some have asserted that it may be practised with Success on any drowned Bodies, provided no Putrefaction appears.)

N E W P O R T , November 29.

We have undoubted Intelligence of a dangerous and horrid Conspiracy, which was forming at the Havannah, under the Influence and Direction of the Bishop, and was to be put in Execution immediately upon the Admiral's Sailing. The Bishop had collected a great Number of Men (said by some to be several Thousands) in a remote Place, a considerable Distance from the City, which coming to the Knowledge of the Earl of Albemarle, his Lordship, in a very polite Manner, ordered an Aid-de-Camp, with a Chariot, to wait upon the Bishop, desiring to speak with him; but he, in a very insolent Manner, disregarded the Summons; on which his Lordship ordered the Chariot back, with a Number of Soldiers, who brought the Bishop to the City, and his Intentions not being doubted (which was said to be no less than a general Massacre of all the English, the Spaniards having been busy in buying a great Number of Knives) he was conducted on board the Namur, and sailed with the Admiral for England.

W I L L I A M S B U R G , November 26.

Last Sunday Evening the following barbarous and unheard of Piece of Cruelty, was perpetrated at Portsmouth, by a Number of Sailors, most of them belonging to his Majesty's Ship Arundel, now lying there: A Transport Ship from the Havannah, having on board a considerable Number of Spanish Soldiers and Sailors, among whom was the Second in Command of the Sea Service, with his Family, and several other Officers of Distinction, put into Hampton Road to refit, having sprung a Leak at Sea. Accordingly the Spaniards were allowed to go on Shore, until such Time as the Vessel got ready to proceed on her Voyage, and they have behaved extremely well since their Arrival; but a Quarrel happening between some of the Men of War's Men, and some of the Spanish Soldiers or Sailors, the former called in others to their Assistance, and they at last got together in a large Body, drove the Spaniards to the House where they lodged, and not satisfied with this, fired in upon the poor People, killed One, and wounded several others, One of whom is since dead. They also burst into the Commandant's House, beat himself, and one of the Captains severely, and all his Domestic, excepting Two, who hid themselves, are much wounded; they also plundered and robbed the House of Money, and several other Things of considerable Value. They likewise set Fire to the House in which the People had locked themselves, and some of them actually went for Powder to blow them up, but happily the Extent of their Fury was not accomplished; their Rage, however, would have been attended with still more horrid and fatal Consequences, if Captain Manwaring, hearing of it, had not come and dispersed his People, on which many others that were concerned went off also. The Gentlemen in Portsmouth did every Thing in their Power to quiet the Riot, but in vain; and one Gentleman in Particular, at the Hazard of his own Life, rescued a Lady and two Gentlemen from the Hands of the Barbarians. As soon as the Alarm was given at Norfolk, the Militia was immediately ordered over to Portsmouth, who discovered the greatest Alacrity in assisting these unhappy People. Some of the Rioters have been taken up and committed to Gaol, and the utmost Diligence is used in apprehending all concerned in this scandalous Affair. The Commandant Don Pedro has been very bad of his Wounds, but it is thought will recover; however, this Affair has put him and his Family into such a Consternation, that they have removed to Norfolk, where every Body seems pleased with their agreeable and polite Behaviour, and do every Thing in their Power to make their Residence there agreeable. The principal View of the Seamen, in this villainous Transaction, seems to have been nothing more than Plundering the Spaniards, who they understood had a good Deal of Money with them; however, it is to be hoped the Ringleaders will be found out, and made Examples of.

C H A R L E S - T O W N (South-Carolina) O B : 30.

On Thursday last arrived here from England, his Majesty's Ship Epreuve, commanded by Peter Blake, Esq; sent hither with Outafite or Judd's Friend, and the two other Cherokee Indians, that went from Virginia in the said Vessel. Great Attention was paid to those Indians in England by his Majesty's Ministers, of which they are very sensible, as well as of the Care Captain Blake has taken of them. Yesterday Outafite had an Audience of his Excellency the Governor in Council, when he expressed his Attachment to the British Nation.