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It is reported, that amongst the Persons lately executed in the Place de Greve at Paris, by Torch Light, was the celebrated Marquis de Vaudreuil, late Governor of Canada, not merely for his surrendering up that important Country, but for the many Tyrannies and Cruelties exercised by him, on his Dependants in that Quarter of the World, to gratify his own avaricious Temper. Many of his Accusers were Officers who had been taken Prisoners; but were released on their Parole, in order to appear against him at his Trial.
On the 11th Instant the Humber Man of War, Capt. Onflow, of 40 Guns, Convoy to the East Country Fleet, ran on the South of Harborough Sand, and is entirely lost.
Some Letters from Breslau say, that several Waggon, loaded with Presents from the Empress of Russia for the King of Prussia, are arrived there, escorted by a Detachment of Cossacks.
A Letter from the Hague of the 10th says, that the Engagement of the Dutch Ship of War with the English Frigate would, at some Seasons, have occasioned a Rupture between the Powers; but that this Affair was considered as having already blown over.
His Royal Highness the D. of York sets out in a few Days to join Sir Charles Hardy in the Bay.
Sept. 21. This Morning, at Eleven o'Clock, their Majesties set out from St. James's, in a new Post Chaise and four, and escorted by a Party of Light Horse, for Windsor. They were accompanied by her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales, Prince William, Lord Bute, &c. and a great Number of Nobility and Gentry.
The several Prefs-gangs have received Orders to be very vigilant, to get as many Seamen as possible; and it is reported to be from an Obstinacy in the Court of Madrid.
The following Articles are now handed about as the Terms agreed upon between Great-Britain and France, for the Foundation of a separate Peace, and meet with great Credit.
All North-America to be ceded to Great-Britain: The River Mississippi, as far as the River Vasson, to be the Boundary between Canada and Louisiana, which last to be left entirely to the French.
Great-Britain to keep Tobago, Dominica, St. Vincent, the Granades, and the Grandillos.
The French to fish on the Banks of Newfoundland, as before the War, and to have the two little Islands of St. Peter's and Miquelon to dry their Fish on, and to have two Forts, and fifty Men in each, but subject to the Inspection of British Commissaries, and Great-Britain to be sole Governors and Commanders both by Land and Sea.
Minorca and Belleisle to be restored to their former Owners; Great-Britain to keep Senegal, and to restore Goree.
The French to be allowed to settle in the East-Indies; to have three Settlements wherever our East-India Company shall think proper, those Settlements to be Places of Trade only, and no Fortification but what may be requisite for protecting them from the Inroads of the Natives.
The British and French Forces are to be called from Germany, except some Troops of both Countries to remain in Garrison in Wesel, Guelders, &c. till a Peace between the Empress Queen and the King of Prussia is concluded.
The French to evacuate Ostend and Nieuport; the Harbour and Forts of Dunkirk to be destroyed, according to the Treaty of Utrecht and Aix la Chappelle.
As to Spain, the French agree, that if the Spaniards do not come into the Peace, the French are not to assist the Spaniards against Great-Britain or Portugal in any Respect, but Great-Britain is at Liberty to assist Portugal.
It is confidently said, that Spain has absolutely refused to treat.
It is also confidently said, that tho' the Duke de Nivernois has his Orders to agree to the Preliminaries, yet his Grace the Duke of Bedford is ordered not to sign, unless Spain likewise accedes to the Peace, which it is expected will be known for certain in a few Days.
The Duke of Cumberland Packet-Boat, Capt. Goodridge, is arrived at Falmouth, in 32 Days, Express from New-York.
At a Time when we were in Hopes that a general Peace and Tranquillity were in a fair Way of being re-established throughout Europe, a Cloud seems to have arisen in the North. The Duke de Biron claims, as his Right, the Dutches of Courland and Semigallia, which the new-made Empress seems determined to put him in actual Possession

of: The King of Poland, on the other Hand, espouses the Cause of his Son, who has Pretensions to that Dignity; and, if the Polish Noblesse should be inclined to assist their Sovereign in the Establishment of his Family, it may occasion a Rupture with Russia, if the Motions lately made on the Frontiers by the Tartars does not prevent it.
The Installation at Windsor To-morrow will be remarkably splendid, and much more so than usual, as the Occasion is extremely singular, viz. That of enthroning his Majesty as Sovereign of the Order. His Majesty's Cap is set with Jewels to a prodigious Value, and his Robes will be looped up with Diamonds. The Queen's Stomacher, made for this Occasion, is said to be worth 50,000 l. a single Jewel in it being valued at 10,000 l. It is supposed the Expence of the Installation will amount to 20,000 l. but it is customary for the Crown to defray the whole of it, when any of the Royal Family are Installed.
Orders are given for the Essex Man of War to sail directly from Spithead upon some extraordinary Occasion.
Extract of a Letter from Windsor, dated Sept. 21, at 11 o'Clock at Night.
"This Evening their Majesties arrived here from London, attended by a great Number of Persons of Distinction; they passed through the Streets very slowly amidst the loud Acclamations of a vast Concourse of People, who came here from all Parts of the Country."
Sept. 25. Schweidnitz has twice demanded to capitulate, but has been refused, the Prussians being determined to have it at Discretion. On the 25th past some of the Forts which defend the Town were taken, and the Sappe was carried within fifty Paces of another.
Sept. 28. An Express which arrived on Saturday from the Allied Army brings Advice, that the Siege of Cassel was begun, Prince Ferdinand being determined to have it, and the French resolved to keep it; which it is supposed will bring on a general Engagement.
There are advices, that a Body of 18000 Turks have entered Hungary, and an Imperial Army is formed in that Kingdom.
They write from the Prussian Camp before Schweidnitz, of the 16th ult. that the Governor of that Fortress finding Provisions and Fire-wood decrease more and more, had sent a Courier (by the Permission of the Prussians) to Count Daun, and had agreed to surrender that Garrison to the Prussians on the Return of that Messenger.
They write from Paris, that Peace is looked on there as good as concluded, and that a Stop had been put to Equipments at Breff and Toulon.
Yesterday the Reports were, the Duke de Nivernois had Orders to return Home; others said, that he had a fresh Set of Preliminaries from his Court: Whether either of these Reports were true, we know not; however, Scrip fell to 94½.
The Directors of the Bank continue selling, in large Quantities, the Silver which they purchased of the Agents of the Hermione, at 5 s. 3 d. ½ per Ounce.
All our Accounts from the Sea Ports are full of the Damage the Shipping have suffered by the great Storm on Thursday Se'night.
Letters from Gottenen of the 19th Instant advise, that that City will not be formally besieged. That the heavy Artillery ordered from Munden, hath been countermanded, and it was assured, that it was expected that a Suspension of Arms would be published at the Head of both Armies.
They write from Constantinople of the 17th of August, that 40,000 Tartars had taken the Field; but whether they were going into Russia or Poland not known.
By a Dutch Vessel arrived in 15 Days from Bourdeaux at Cork, we have Advice, that on the 14th past, eight Frigates, from 26 to 36 Guns, full of Troops, had sailed from thence; but meeting with bad Weather, they put back the 27th, and failed again the 28th, supposed to be destined to strengthen and secure their valuable Conquest of Newfoundland.
Alberquerque, which Count de Lippe is besieging, is a City of some Consequence by its Situation, commanding one of the great Roads from Madrid to Lisbon, lying between Valencia, which is already taken, and the very important City of Major. As it is very probable Count de Lippe will soon take the Place, his Success, together with that of General Burgoyne, at Valencia, will revive the Spirits of the Troops, and convince the Spaniards that their own Frontiers are only vulnerable, but that Spain itself will be the Seat of War.

BOSTON, November 11.
By Capt. Smith we learn, That they had received Advice in England, that Col. Amherst had failed from New-York, to join Lord Colvill, for the retaking of St. John's:—That the Day he left Greenock an Account came that Advice was received in England of the Surrender of the Havannah to the English: On which Occasion there were the greatest Rejoicings ever known. The Mails for New-York, were dispatched from the Post-Office the 11th of September, by the Earl of Halifax Packet-Boat.—Commodore Spry had hoisted his broad Pendant on board the Mars, of 74 Guns, and failed for Halifax.
We hear he is since arrived, and is to command the Ships there this Winter.
By a Vessel arrived at Salem in 36 Days from Gibraltar, we learn, That Admiral Saunders with his Squadron was still cruising and waiting for either the Toulon or Spanish Squadron to come down: That two rich Spanish South Sea Ships had escaped our Cruizers, and got into Teneriffe; from whence they were afraid of venturing out, but were unloading the Treasure and shipping it in small Vessels for Cadiz; one of which, with 20,000 Dollars on board, was taken by his Majesty's Ship Sheerness.
On Saturday, the 5th of September, was married at St. George's Church, Hanover-Square, WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Esq; the new-appointed Governor of New-Jersey, to Miss DOWNES, of St. James's Street.
A small Shock of an Earthquake was felt at Portsmouth in New-Hampshire last Thursday Morning.
Extract of a Letter from London, Aug. 21.
"The great Changes which lately happened in our Ministry, were occasioned by Lord B-e and the D. of N-----e having disagreed, in consequence of which the Duke resigned: They divided on the Question, whether we should support the Portuguese or the Germans in the present War: Lord B-e was for withdrawing all our Troops from Germany, and employing them in Portugal or America; the Duke was for assisting Portugal and supporting the German War too.—Lord B-e has the Majority of the Council, and in the Lords, but the Duke has it in the Commons; Lord B-e finding himself weak there, offered the Seals again to Mr. Pitt, but he refused; as did another great Officer, and now the Hon. George Grenville has them. These Changes has occasioned much staining of Paper, and some great Characters have been attacked with an uncommon Degree of Virulence.—The now first Lord of Trade is said to be invested with all the Powers Lord H-----e exercised there.—Yesterday the Odds at Betting was much in Favour of those who looked for Peace; To-day the Cafe is altered, and the War is likely to be carried on in all Quarters, with as great Obstinacy as ever: This is owing to the inflexible Disposition of the Empress-Queen; and to a new Discovery, that France and Spain have entered into a Solemn League not to lay down their Arms until we are divested of Gibraltar, for accomplishing which, it is said, they are to use their utmost Efforts: The French hope by this to engross the whole Mediterranean Trade, as a Compensation for that of America, which they look upon as irrecoverably lost."
NEW-YORK, November 22.
Thursday and Friday last two Transports arrived here from the Havannah, in 30 Days: They failed with a large Fleet for this Port, having a Number of sick Regulars and Provincials on board, under Convoy of his Majesty's Ship the Intrepid, Captain Hale, from whom they parted in a Gale of Wind some Time after they came out.
By several Letters from the Havannah we learn, that a great Sickness still prevails there, as well among the Spaniards as the English; that most of the Treasure found there had been shared; the General's Share was about £. 80,000 Sterling; a Captain in the Army £. 160; a Lieutenant about £. 80, and a private Soldier £. 2: 17: 0.
PHILADELPHIA, November 25.
Since our last arrived here Captain Taylor (late of the Privateer Brig New Grace, of this Port) with the rich French Ship, lately mentioned in this Paper to be taken by him and Captain Kemp of New-Providence.—Captain Taylor has made a very successful Cruise, notwithstanding the Loss of his Vessel, with some Coffee, Hides, &c. on board, coming out of Providence; having taken, and been concerned in the taking of seven Vessels, since he went out.
A valuable French Sugar Ship has been lately sent into Providence, taken by two Privateers of that Port.

THE Disposal of the Lands in Anns-Arundel County, as Advertised on the last Page of this Paper by THOMAS and CHARLES MOORE, is deferred till next Spring.
To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, for Sterling Cash, or Bills of Exchange, on Saturday the 18th Day of December next, or LEASED for a Term of Years,
A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing about Three Hundred Acres, lying on South-River, generally known by the Name of Lambeth Neck, well situated on the Water, whereon is three good Tobacco-Houses, a Corn House, Meat and Milk House, and good Dwelling House and Orchard. Likewise a choice Parcel of Country-born SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women, and Children, with the Crop and Plantation Utensils on the Premises.
The Sale to begin at Twelve o'Clock.
JOHN DUCKER.
N. B. If Saturday should be foul Weather, the Sale to be on the Monday after, or first fair Day.
November 24, 1762.
RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Frederick County, a Mulatto Slave, named Daniel: Had on when he went away, an old dark Cloth Coat, it has been much mended, a blue Cloth Jacket, old lightish coloured Cloth Breeches, old Felt Hat, old Holland Shirt, Negro Shoes, and coarse black and white Stockings; wears his own Hair, which is black and curls, and is a very neat Head of Hair, which he takes much Delight in; he loves Drink so well, if he can get it he will be drunk; he carried with him a Half-worn Saddle, very high mounted, and may have a Horse with him.
Whoever secures the said Slave, so as he may be had again, shall have, if taken in this Province, Two Pistoles, if out of the Province, Four Pistoles, and reasonable Charges, if brought Home, paid by THOMAS DAVISS.
N. B. He has a small Scar on one Side of his Nose.
TO BE SOLD,
ONE Negro Man, One Negro Woman, and Two Children, for Current Money. Enquire of Joseph Ewitts, over against the Ship-Yard at the Dock.
December 1, 1762.
STOLEN or Strayed out of Mr. Thomas Sligh's Stable, in Baltimore County, on the 20th of November last, a likely young Black Horse, near 15 Hands high, 4 Years old last Spring, Paces and Gallops, has a small Star on his Forehead, and one white Spot on each Side of his Neck, nearly opposite to each other, has some White on one hind Foot, but forgot which, and is branded on the near Buttock, but not so plain as to know what it is, a Bob Tail, and his Mane trimmed neatly where the Bridle goes over his Ears. As I, the Subscriber, lately bought him, this is the best Description I at present can give of him.
Whoever will bring the said Horse to Mr. Thomas Sligh, of the County aforesaid, or to me, the Subscriber, at Annapolis, shall have a Pistole Reward.
WILLIAM REYNOLDS.
THERE is at the Plantation of Gideon Gary, living near the Head of South-River, in Anns-Arundel County, (and has been about 18 Months) a Stray Black Steer, with a large Star in his Forehead, and some White under his Belly, and Half his Tail is White, and marked with Two Corps and an Hole in the Left Ear, and is about 4 Years old.
The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.
THERE is at the Plantation of John Rogers, living near Snowden's Manor in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Horse, about 12½ Hands high, branded on the near Thigh with a single R, and on the off Thigh thus NRM.
The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.
THERE is in the Possession of Edward Hansen, living near the Head of Bay-River, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse, without any Brand, about 8 Years old, 14½ Hands high, with a Bob Tail, hanging Mane, and has Signs of the Poll-Evil.
The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.