

REAT-BRITAIN, a fine young Dray Horse from England, upwards of 16 Hands and remarkably strong, will Cover Mares season at Two Pistoles. Good Pasturage for JOSEPH SIM.

RAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber's Plantation, near the Eastern-Branch Ferry in George's County, the 27th Instant, Two Dark Bay Horses: One of them is a large set Horse, with large Legs, and one of his feet and part of his Leg white, is shod all is a natural Pacer, and branded on the outtock I U, or something like it, he has a Tail, and a large bushy Mane, which is trimmed. The other Horse about 17 high, trots, gallops and paces, and has a Cable Cast with his fore Legs when he gallops a bob Tail, and his Mane has been laced; his Brand, if any, forgot. Whoever will bring the said Horses to the Subscriber's House, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward each. JONATHAN SLATER.

NOTICE is hereby given, That any Person or Persons, inclinable to undertake the building of a Wharf, with Stone, on the North-side of the Dock of Annapolis, from Mr. Ten's Wharf to the Inspecting House on the East, may be informed of the Terms, on Application to NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN, WILLIAM ROBERTS, SAMUEL MIDDLETON, LANCELOT JACQUES.

SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the Sixteenth of June next, at the House of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, Frederick County.

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of Mr. James Wardrop, deceased, lying in Frederick County, Acres. Tract called Hazard, lying on Conococheague, containing 799 Ditto called PartnerShip, lying on East Side of Manockasy, below the Ford, 280 Bought, lying on a Draught of Patam, near the Head of a Spring, near Anderson's old Place, 500 Spring, lying on the East Side of Spring, about 50 Perches below the Spring, 210 Spring, lying about a Mile from Burgess's, and near the main Road, near Frederick-Town, 75 Spring, lying about 8 Miles from Frederick-Town, on a Run call'd Mill, that runs into Kittington Creek, 114 Delight, lying on a small Run, near Curry's Branch, at the Foot of Mounton Mountain, near Curry's Gap, 104 Spring, lying Half a Mile from Burgess's House, 104 Hill, lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of Conococheague, on the East Side of the main Road leading to Frederick-Town, by Robert Evans's, 54 Oak Level, joining to a Tract of land called Needwood, formerly laid out to Thomas Cresap, 100 Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to JAMES DICK.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for making current Ninety Thousand Pounds, Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan therefore think it their Duty, to inform all who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and charge the same; otherwise they will be void against as the Law directs. Signed per Order, ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

PRINTING, at the PRINTING-Shop, may be supplied with this Paper, of any Length are taken in and inserted in the Proportion for long Ones.

[Numb. 890.] THE MARYLAND GAZETTE, Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 27, 1762.

The following LAW was passed last Session of ASSEMBLY.

In Act to prevent any future Loan of the Bills of Credit now in the Paper Currency Office, and to ease the Inhabitants of this Province in the Payment of certain Taxes.

WHEREAS any further Loan of any Paper Money belonging to the Province, in the Office for Emitting the Bills of Credit, may greatly tend to lessen the Value of the said Fund:

BE it therefore Enacted, by the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary, by and with the Advice and Consent of his Lordship's Governor, and the Upper and Lower Houses of Assembly, and the Authority of the same, That it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners or Trustees for Emitting the Bills of Credit, established by Act of Assembly, at any Time after the End of this present Session of Assembly, to lend out to any Person or Persons, on any Pretence or Security whatever, any of the said Bills of Credit now in their Office, properly belonging to the Country, or any Bills of Credit that shall or may hereafter be paid into the said Office, on any Debt or Debts now due on Loan; any Thing in the Act for emitting and making Current Ninety Thousand Pounds Current Money of Maryland, in Bills of Credit, to the contrary, notwithstanding.

AND for the more easy Payment of the Duties, Taxes, Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties, imposed by the Act for granting a Supply of Forty Thousand Pounds for his Majesty's Service, and striking Thirty-four Thousand and Fifteen Pounds Six Shillings thereof in Bills of Credit, and raising a Fund for sinking the same; Be it further Enacted, That all Duties, Taxes, Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties whatsoever, now due and payable from the People of this Province, or that hereafter shall become due and payable, under the said last recited Act, shall and may be paid either in Current Gold or Silver of America, or in Bills of Credit made Current by either of the above recited Acts; and that all and every Collector and other Officer, when he accounts for, and pays into the Office aforesaid, the Money by him received in Virtue of the above recited Acts, shall, at the Foot, or on the Back of his Account, produce over and above the usual Probate, a Probate under the Hand of some Provincial or County Justice to this Effect, viz. That the Paper Money for which he has debited himself in his said Account, is the Amount of all the Paper Money which he received from the People by Virtue of the said Acts, during the Time for which he accounts. And the Commissioners or Trustees shall receive the Money on the said Accounts agreeable to the Species therein distinguished, and not otherwise; and shall keep separate and distinct Accounts thereof: And for so much Gold or Silver as shall be paid into the said Office, by the Means aforesaid, there shall be burnt and destroyed the like Sum of the Bills of Credit belonging to the Province in the said Office. And the said Gold and Silver so paid in, shall be a Treasure to the Country, subject to Loan by the Commissioners or Trustees, in the same Manner as other Gold and Silver paid in for Debts due on Loan to the said Office; any Thing in the said recited Acts, to the contrary, notwithstanding.

MADRID, January 25. THE King being determined to carry on the War with Vigour against the English, the Court is extremely busy in concerting proper Measures for that Purpose. His Majesty has appointed the Marquis de Sarra-Comander in Chief of the Army which is to be formed in Castile, which will consist of 25,000 Men, and has also conferred on him the Command of all the other separate Corps, one of which will assemble in Estramadura, another in Galicia, a third in

Andalusia, and the fourth in the Neighbourhood of Gibraltar, which is to consist of 7000 Men. There are 12 Lieutenant Generals, and 18 Major Generals, appointed to make the Campaign, and to be ready before the first of March.

Our Naval Preparations are carried on with no less Vigour. We have 14 Ships of the Line at Cadiz, 11 at Carthage, and 3 at Ferrol, all ready to put to Sea. Several private People have associated themselves, in order to fit out a great Number of Privateers; and it is assured that the King, by Way of Encouragement to them, will give up the Share of the Prizes to which he is entitled, being one Fifth. It is said that the Principality of Biscay will send to Sea 40 Privateers in a very short Time.

Leghorn, Jan. 29. Our Government has given Leave to supply the English with 3000 Oxen salted down, and as many Tons of Biscuit, for the Use of the Garrison of Gibraltar, which is said to be in great Want of Provisions.

Petersbourg, Jan. 24. Count Hordt, a Swedish Nobleman, in the Service of Prussia, who was made Prisoner about three Years since by the Russian Troops, and closely confined ever since, is not only set at Liberty, but had the Honour to dine, on New Year's Day, at the Table of the Emperor, who, on that Occasion, presented him with a rich Sword.

Hague, February 17. We have Variety of Reports here. Some Letters tell us, that Prussian Contractors, have bought up, for ready Money, the Russian Magazines in Poland, which has greatly sunk the Price of Grain at Breslau: That 40,000 Russian: are to be taken into the Pay of Great-Britain: That the Recruits raised in the Principality of Anhalt-Zerbst, have been sent back: That a large Train of Artillery has been sent from Berlin to Silesia: And that Prince Henry has reinforced General Platen, who was advancing upon the Austrians and the Troops of the Empire.

Letters from the North make mention of an Alliance between Great-Britain, Denmark and Prussia; pursuant to which the King of Denmark is to send 12,000 Men to the Army of Prince Henry in Saxony, and to fit out a numerous Squadron to cruise in the Baltick.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE. Magdebourg, Feb. 12. The Russian Prisoners, to the Number of 300 Men, and 2 Officers, set out from hence, 3 Days ago, for Stettin; and Orders are given to provide them with all Necessaries on the Road.

Hamburg, Feb. 12. The Prince Royal of Prussia is expected the 14th Inst. at Berlin from Magdebourg, in his Way to join the King of Prussia at Breslau, as his Royal Highness is to make this next Campaign.

Count de Hordt, and General Werner, two Prussian Generals, Prisoners at Petersbourg, released by the Emperor, are upon the Road on their Return to Berlin from Petersbourg.

All the young Prussian Cadets, which the Russians carried off from Berlin, when they made themselves Masters of that Capital, are expected back from Konigsberg.

We have received Intelligence that all Hostilities have ceased since the 1st Instant, between the Russians and Prussians. [Thus far Gazette.]

Berlin, Feb. 12. It is said that a Convention is already agreed on, pursuant to which his Imperial Majesty of Russia will deliver up to the King all the Countries which the Russians have conquered, in Consideration of a large Sum of Money, and on Condition that his Prussian Majesty will grant the Russians a free Passage thro' his Dominions, either to the Duchy of Holstein (in Case the Negotiation respecting that Duchy should not be brought to the happy Issue which the Courts of Petersbourg and Copenhagen hope for) or whatever else the Circumstances of Affairs may require.

Magdebourg, Feb. 13. A Treaty is said to be on the Carpet between the Courts of London, Petersbourg, and Berlin, and that the Ministers at those Places have each wrote to their respective Courts for full Powers and Instructions on that Head.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE. Hamburg, Feb. 16. We are pretty certainly informed here, that notwithstanding there is as yet no Agreement signed for a Cessation of Arms between the Prussians and Russians, that Orders have, however, been sent, on the Part of both Courts, to cease committing of Hostilities in Pomerania; and that all the Russian Prisoners of War, which were in the Hands of the Prussians, are actually on their March towards Stargard: Nor is there any Exchange to be made, the Russians having promised to set likewise at Liberty all the Prussian Prisoners, which greatly exceed those of the Russians; the latter amounting in Number but to between 3 and 4000 Men, and those of the Prussians to near 8000.

Hague, Feb. 26. We hear from Paris, that Marshal Broglio, and his Brother the Count, have been banished to their Estates in the Country; and that the former is deprived, at the same Time, of his Command in Alsace; and the latter of the Government of Cassel. It was not yet certain, to whom the Command of the French Forces in Germany would be given. [Thus far Gazette.]

Naples, Jan. 26. Without a Breach of Neutrality we may possibly be obliged to furnish Spain with some Troops. Some Circumstances make us judge so, and the Swiss Regiment of Tichoudi is ordered to be ready to embark at Augusta in Sicily. It is also said, that the 12,000 Swiss, which Spain has taken into Pay, will march immediately through France.

Petersbourg, Jan. 30. Last Wednesday the Czar went to Mr. Keith's House, the English Minister, and said with

him Half an Hour. Last Night Mr. Keith supped at the Emperor's Table. This Night his Imperial Majesty supped with Mr. Keith.

Berlin, Feb. 12. Lieut. Gen. Czernichef hath passed the Oder under Krappitz with the 20,000 Russians under his Command, directing his march towards Posen. The Prussian Troops have Orders not to give them the least Molestation. Five Russian Regiments, one of which is the Cuirassier Guards, are marching back to Russia.

Amsterdam, Feb. 16. The Answer of his Britannic Majesty to the Remonstrances made by our East-India Company, in Relation to the Affairs of Bengal, has been universally received here with the utmost Satisfaction; as it discovers those Sentiments of Equity and Goodness, that so eminently adorn that excellent Prince. We say, universally; for we can scarcely admit as Exceptions to the general Suffrage, the Clamours of one or two hot headed Men, whom an unhappy Spirit of Faction renders blind to the true Interests of this Republic.

Hague, Feb. 22. Letters from Berlin of the 9th advise, that the Detachments posted in the Neighbourhood of that City, to cover it from any sudden Attack of the Russian light Troops, had received Orders to march to Saxony, to join Prince Henry's Army. This Circumstance, added to the News received here, that five Russian Regiments, part of General Romanzoff's Army, were marching to Petersbourg, leaves no Room to doubt that a provisional Accommodation is concluded between the new Czar and the King of Prussia.

LONDON, February 23. Letters from Madrid advise, that the Catholic King was augmenting his Cavalry with 5000 Men; that the Troops in Catalonia were marching to the Westward; and that two large Trains of Artillery were preparing at Barcelona and Seville.

It is said that his Catholic Majesty is going to take 30 or 40000 Germans into his Pay, which are to replace an equal Number of French that are to be called home from Germany, in order to form a Camp near Dunkirk.

Letters from Dantzick of the 24th inst, which was the King of Prussia's Birth Day, say, that the chief Officers of the Russians in Pomerania gave Orders to the Inhabitants to solemnize that Day, and ordered Oil and Candles to be given them gratis for Illuminations.

From Parma we have Advice, that they have begun to raise Men in that Duchy for the King of Spain's Service, and that 400 Dragoons were gone to the Confines of the State of Genoa, from whence they were to escort several Millions of Piasters sent thither by the Court of Madrid, Part of which is destined for the Infant Don Philip.

The new Emperor of Russia has ordered all the Frenchmen, that were Domestics to the late Empress, to be discharged, and has given them Leave to return home to their native Country.

They write from Hamburg of the 9th Instant, that Orders had been published in the Farther Pomerania, in the German and Russian Tongues, by the Russian General Berg, that the Inhabitants of that Country should not any more be molested, and all the Forge and Provisions that should be brought to the Army, should be paid for in ready Money.

It is pretty observable, that the Court of Vienna goes into Mourning only for three Weeks for the Death of their valuable Friend the Empress of Russia; and that of Sweden, who had not by many Degrees the same Obligation to her, puts on the sable Pomp for as many Months.

The Corsican Malecontents have been so diligent in augmenting their naval Forces, that the Number of their Vessels amounts already to Seventeen.

Four Hundred Men are ordered to be sent to reinforce the Garrison of Senegal, and 200 to Goree. Lord George Lenox is made Aid de Camp to the King, and raised to the Rank of Colonel.

We are assured, that a Treaty is nearly concluded between the King of Prussia and the Emperor of Russia. Prince George of Holstein-Gottorp, formerly Lieutenant-General of the Armies of the King of Prussia, has been declared Governor of the States which the Emperor of Russia possesses in Germany.

All the Letters from Petersbourg are full of Commendations of the new Czar, who, like another Titus, they say, lets not a Day pass without some distinguished Mark of his Benevolence.

There is an Account from Hanover of the Enemies having attacked and pillaged one of the Posts of the Allies at Saltzderhelden.

They write from Paris, of the 8th Instant, that they have completed the Batteries at the Isle of Aix, for keeping off the English Ships from that Island.

Feb. 25. Letters from Konigsberg advise, that five Regiments of Russian Infantry had received Orders to march home into Livonia from Prussia; and that it was said the whole Army was soon to follow.

The King of Prussia has given Orders to his Officers, that all the Contributions that have been raised in the Dominions of the Reigning Duke of Anhalt-Zerbst, Brother to the present Empress of Russia, should be restored.

Private Letters from Petersbourg say, that the Emperor Peter III. in Imitation of his glorious Grandfather, admits all the Russian Nobility freely to his Presence.

There are several more Transports ordered to be taken in-