be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, GOOD PLANTATION about four Miles from Elk-Ridge Landing, adjoining to M. eb Dorsey's Dwelling Plantation, whereon is a Il House for an Overscer, a Quarter, and four

or Title and Terms apply to RICHARD SPRIGG.

HE Managers of the Reformed Calvinist Church LOTTERY, in Frestrict-Town, derick County, finding that they cannot dispose / he Tickers in Time to Draw this Month, obliged to postpone the Drawing to the First ebruary next.

Frederick-Town, June 1761. SCHEME of a LOTTERY, OR raising Sixteen Hundred Pieces of Eight,

for Building a CHURCH for the Reformed VINISTS in Frederick-Town, Frederick County, onfift of 4000 Tickets at Three Pieces of t each, vi≈.

r of Prizes.		Pieces of Eight.		T
1	of	500		Total Value,
2	of	-	is	500
		300	are	6co
3	of	150	are	450
4	of	ICO	are	400
0	of	50	are	500
2	of	40	are	480
)	of	30	are	600
5	of	20	are	700
٠,	of	8	are	1600
•	of	5	are	
•		,	416	4500
Pr	1700	F:-0 1		_

First drawn Ticket 40 Last drawn Ticket Sum raifed 1600 o Tickets at 3 Dollars each, are 12000

the above Scheme there are not 21 Blanks a Prize, and the Profits retained are not Cent on the whole.

Managers appointed are, Messieurs Christo-lelin, Stephen Ransburg, James Dickson, Tho-bley, Conrad Grosh, Caster Shaas, Thomas Samuel Swearingen, Valentine Adam, and Kimbol, who are to give Bond, and be ath for the faithful Discharge of this Trust. ft of the Prizes will be published in this, as soon as the Drawing is sinished; and

without any Deduction. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence Pennfil-urrency, will be received for each Piece t in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same y is to pass upon the same Terms in paying

ts may be had of any of the Managers, he Printing-Office in Annapolis.

EREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for and making current Ninety Theusand Pounds, 29 xpiring; The Commissioners of the Loan refore think it their Duty, to inform all have any Bonds in that Office, to come narge the same; otherwise they will be against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order, ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

RIND, at the Printingmay be supplied with this th are taken in and inserted roportion for long Ones.

[Numb. 873.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

- Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, January 28, 1762.

LONDON, Offiber 21.

The PUBLIC are obliged to the Writer himself for communicating to us the following LETTER to a Right Hom. Person.

DEAR SIR,

Right Hon. Perjan.

Dear Sir,

HE City of London, as long as they have any Memory, cannot forget, that you accepted the Scals when this Nation was in the most deplorable Circumstances to which any Country can be reduced: That our Armies were heaten, our Nary inastive, our Trade expeled to the Enemy, can Credit, as if we expelied to become Bankrupts, sunk to the livest Pitch; that there was nothing to be found but Despondency at Home, and Contempt Abroad. The City must all for ever remember, that when you resigned the Seals, our Armies and Navies were visitorious, our Trade secure, and sturisting more than a Place, our public Credit respond, and People readier to lend than Ministers to borrow: That there was nothing but Exultation at Home, Consustan and Despair among our Entenies, Anascemint and Veneration among all neutral Nations: That the French were reduced so low at to sue for a Peace, which we, from Humanity, were willing to grant; though their Hunghtires was too great, and our Successes too many, for any Terms to be agreed on. Romembering this, the City cannot but laneat that you have quitted the Helm. But if Knaves have taught Fools to call your Resignation (when you can no lorger procure the same Saccis, burg prevented from pursuing the same Maasucs) a Desertion of the Public, and to look upon you, for accepts a Remark, which can scance bear that Name, in the Light of a Pensione; is the City of London bette, they foul not be ranked by you among the one or the other. They are truly sensible, that, it ough you ease to guide the Helm, you have not deserted the Vessel; and that, Pensioner as you are, your Inclination to promite the Public Good, is still only to be equalled by your Ability: That yus facerely wish Success to the new Pilet, and voil be received of Rocks and Quicksants, but to assign in bringing the Ship through the Standish as fall Harbour. Quickjands, but to affift in bringing the Ship through the Storm into a fafe Harbour.

Theje, Sir, I am firsuadid, are the real Sentiments of the City of London; I am sure you believe them to be such of, Dear Sir, Your's, &c.

A Letter from a Right Hon. Person to - in the City.

A Letter from a Right Hon. Person to — in the City. Dear Sir,

I PINDING to my great Surprife, that the Cause and Manner of my resigning the Seals, is grossy miscrepresented in the City, as well as that the most gracious and spontaneous Marks of his Majesty' Approbation of my Services, which Marks sollowed my Respondien, have been insamously traduced as a Bargain for my forsking the Public, I am under a Necessity of declaring the Truth of both these Fasts, in a Manner which I am sure no Gentleman will contradist; a difference of Opinion with regard to Measures to be taken against Spain, of the highest Importance to the Honour of the Crown, and to the most essential national Interests, (and this sounded on what Spain had already dans, not on what that Court may farither intend to do) was the Cause of my resigning the Seals. Lord T— and I submitted in Writing, and signed by us, our most bumble Sentiments to his Majesty, which being over-ruled by the united Opinion of all the stell of this Month, in Order not to remain responsible for Measures, which I was no langer allowed to guide. Mest gracious public Marks of his Majesty's Approbation of my Services sollowed at my Resignation: They are unmerited and unsplicited, and I shall ever be proud to have received them from the best of Sovereigns.

fail ever be preud to have received them from the various.

I will now only add, my dear Sir, that I have explained these Matters only for the Honour of Truth, not in any View to court Return of Confidence from any Man, who with a Credulity, as weak as it is injurious, has thought sit hashily to withdraw his good Opinion, from one who has served his Country with Fidelity and Success; and who justly reveres the upright and candid Judgment of it; little solicitous about the Censures of the Capricious and the Ungenerous: Accept my sincerest Acknowledgments for all your kind Friendship, and believe me over with Truth and Esteem,

My Dear Sir,

Yeur faithful Friend, &c.

Officher 24. The Esperanza is arrived at Cadiz from the South Seas, a rich Ship, having brought two Millions and a Half of Dollars. Two more Ships are daily expected from the fame blace. the fame Place.

We have received the following particular Account of the Lofs of the Leith Packet, Pitcairn, from London, and the Betly, Cuningham, from Antigua, last from London, both laden with Merchant Goods from the Port of Leith. The Weather for several Days had been extremely hazy, so that they could make no Observation, with heavy Winds at E. and N. E. and a prodigious Sea. About ten o'Clock on the 16th they described Land, and the Steeple of Dunbar, which at first was taken for the Steeple of St. Andrews; but were soon undeceived, and found themselves embayed on a Lee Shore in a very hard Gale. The Grampus Sloop, who was Convoy, with great Difficulty got clear, with the Loss of all her Rigging and Ten of her Guns, which she was obliged to throw overboard. The Edinburgh, Murray, from Jamaica, ran a very great Hazard, but likewise had the good Fortune to Escape. The Leith Packet and Betsy, unable to get clear of the Land, were drove on shore about a Mile to the Eastward of North Berwick, and went to Pieces. There were about Forty Passengers on board the Leith Packet, Five of whom perished, to wit, two Men, two Women, and a Boy; Six got assore in the Boat; the rest, to the Number of 37, hung by the Shrouds, in Danger every Moment of being washed off by the Violence of the Waves, from One in the Asternoon till Seven at Night, when the Weather allowed them to receive Assistance from the Shore. The Betsy is a persect Wreck. She was commanded by the Mate, Mr. Steven (Mr. Cuningham having lest her at London) and had on board 14 Hands and three Passengers, all of whom perished, except one.

except one.

Most Part of the Goods on board the Leith Packet, Pitcairn, has been got out, with as little Damage as could be expected in such a calamitous Situation, and great Quantities have been brought to Edinburgh; but the most shameful and scandalous Embezzlements have been committed by the Coogtry People, who assembled in such Numbers, that they openly, in a Manner, cut open many Parcels of Goods, and carried off what they thought most valuable. Several of them have been taken, and 'tis to be hoped they will meet with due Punishment.

From on board the Betsy we hear of nothing saved.

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From on board the Betsy we hear of nothing saved.

OBloer 29. At a Common Council held at Guildhall this Forenoon, the Town Clerk reported his having waited on the Right Honourable William Pitt, with their Resolution of Thanks, to which he had been pleased to return the following Answer:

"Mr. Pitt requests of Sir James Hodges, That he will be for good to represent him, in the most respectful Manner, to the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City in this high Scase of the signal Honour which they have been pleased to confer on him, by their condescending and favourable Resolution of the 22d of October; an Honour which he receives with true Reverence and Gratitude, not without Confusion at his own small Deservings, while he views with Exultation the universal public Spirit dispersed through an united People; and the matchless Intrepidity of the British Sailors and Soldiers condusted by Ossiners justly famed through all the Quarters of the World: To this Concurrence of national Virtue, graciously protected by the Throne, all the national Prosperities (under the Favour of Heaven) has been owing; and it will-ever be remembered to the Glory of the City of London, that through the whole Course of this aduous War, the great Seat of Commerce has generously set the illustrious Examiple of seady Zeal for the Dignity of the Crown, and of unshaken Firmners and Unanimity."

The Begou, of 30 Guns, is sitting out at Dunkirk, in order to carry Ammunition and Merchandize to the French Colonies. She will be commanded by M. de Mullet, formerly Captain of the Ossea Priston at Portsmouth, from whence he found ducted to a Priston at Portsmouth, from whence he found

mery Captain of the Official Privateer, of Bourdeaux, who was taken by the English on the 4th of September, and conducted to a Prison at Portsmouth, from whence he found Means to make his Escape.

They write from Paris, that France's Share of the Money brought Home by the Spanish Flota from Vera Cruz, amounts to Fourteen Millions of Livres.

The Del Rossia a Spanish Ship from the South Save

mounts to Fourteen Millions of Livres.

The Del Rofario, a Spanish Ship, from the South Seas, arrived the 20th ult. at Cadiz, having 1,600,000 Pieces of Eight on board, besides other valuable Effects.

Two Waggons loaded with Gold, guarded by a Party of Soldiers, arrived this Day at the Bank, on Account of the Merchants of this City.

Onther 26. The sudden Surrender of the Town of Wolfenbuttel, on the 10th, which the French had set Fire to in several Places, having prevented the Succour sent for the Relief of it from arriving in Time, Prince Xavier of Saxony immediately invested Brunswick, and opened Trenches before it; but he has not had the same Success there. In order to cover the Siege, he had taken Possession of Londorst, and the important Pass of Olper, and had intrenched a Body of Troops there. General Luckner, joined to Prince Frederick of Brunswick, arrived by forced Marches in the Neighbouthood; and whilst the General marched with his Cavalry towards Peine, Prince Frederick attacked the French in their Entrenchments, and, after an obstinate Desence, forced them, towards Peine, Prince Frederick attacked the French in their Entrenchments, and, after an obflinate Defence, forced them, with a confiderable Lofs on their Side, and took above 200 Prisoners, with several Officers, one Piece of Cannon, and a Major General. The young Prince proceeded, without Loss of Time, to Brunswick, where he entered the 13th in the Evening, with six Battalions, and was received with the greatest Joy by the Garrison and the Inhabitants. Their Arrival was notified to the Besiegers by a general Volley from the Ramparts, which made them abandon their Trenches with great Precipitation. They have fince abandoned Wolfenbuttel, after levying exorbitant Contributions, as they have done every where, and retired to Scefen. Several Reinforcements having fince marched by Hanover that Way, it is thought that Prince Xavier's Corps may have suffered in

its Retreat, especially as he has a pretty large Quantity of Artillery with him.

Admiralty-Office, Ost. 20. Captain Young, of his Majesty's Ship the Mars, is arrived at Plymouth with the Amaranic, a French Privateer, of 18 six Pounder Guns, and 137 Men, telonging to St. Maloes, which he took the 17th of last

Month. She had been out three Weeks, and had taken but one Brig from Madeira, which was ranfomed, and the Ranfomer on board the Privateer.

B O S T O N, December 21.

Wednesday Afternoon the Corps of Major General Whitmork, was interred in the King's Chapel with all the Honous that this Town could give. The Procession-went from the Town-House to the King's Chapel in the sollowing Manner; a Party of the Troop of Horse Guards, the Company of Cadets, the Officers of the Regiments of Militia, the officiating Ministers, the Corps, the Pall supported by six Regular Officers, the chief Mourners, the Governor and Lieut. Governor, the Council, the Judges and Justices, Ministers, and principal Gentlemen of the Town, a great Number of Coaches and Chariots following. During the whole Procession Minute Guns were fired. The Corps was placed in the Middle of the King's Chapel whilst Part of the Funeral Service was performed, and was from thence carried into the Vautts below, and there interred. Whilst the last Service was performed, and was from thence carried into the Vautts below, and there interred. Whilst the last Service was performed and was from thence carried into the Vautts below, and there interred. Whilst the last Service was performed, and was from thence carried into the Vautts below, and there interred. Whilst the last Service was performed last, the Ship Success, Captain Cookfon, of 16 Guns, and 40 Men, and the London, Captain Watson, of 16 Guns, and 30 Men, arrived here from Barbados, in 21 Days, being tent Express for Bread and other Necessaries for the Fleet, Admiral Rodney having arrived there from England two Weeks before they saled, with three Ships of the Line and two Fire-ships, being separated from some other Ships in a Gale of Wind, a few Days before he got in, and was soon to be followed by a Number of Troops from Belleishe, who were to be convoyed by 6 or 7 Men of War, under Command of a Commodore; that immed ately on the Arrival of Admiral Rodney, he ordered all the Ships of War that were at Barbad

Forest.

Captain Goodin informs us, that the Dutch Fleet, from Hispaniola for Coracoa, who took the Captains Baster and Little, as mentioned in this Paper of December 7, soon after fell in with his Majesty's Snow of War the Merlin of 18 Guns and 150 Men, and gave her such a Dressing, that obliged her to bear away for Jamaica, having several of her Men killed and wounded; that sive Sail of the same Fleet some Days after met with the Husser Frigate, and intended to serve her in the same Manner they did the Merlin Snow, but being soon convinced of their Mittake by the Weight of her Metal, they crowded Sail and made off, when the Hussar had the good Fortune to take two of them and carried them down to Jamaica, their Captains made their Escape in a small Dory.

had the good Fortune to take two or them and carried them down to Jamaica, their Captains made their Escape in a small Dory.

That about the 19th of November, the Ship Vestal, Capt. Blair, of 16 Guns and 40 Men, belonging to Jamaica and Philadelphia, 30 Leagues to Windward of Antigua, was attacked by three French Privateers, the one of fix, and the other two of ten Guns each, with whom he beld an Engagement of three Quarters of an Hour, when they were obliged to sheer off to resit; and in about two Hours after returned to the Attack, and boarded the Vestal with 60 Men; but that having their Graplings cut loose, they dritted off, and left their Men on board, four of whom were kill'd, two wounded, and the Remainder obliged to jump overboard, who were all drowned, as the Privateers made the best of their Way off, being chassed by Capt. Blair, whose Vessel was prodigiously mauled in Masts, Saile, Rigging and Hull;—and had but one Man wounded, having his Thigh broke, but none killed. but none killed.

but none killed.

Admiral Holmes before his Death had ordered a Man of War to be fitted out for Coracoa, to know the Reason of the Pyratical Proceedings of the above mentioned Fleet.

Extract of a Letter from Bermali, dated November 30.

"I have wrote you so much, and so often, of our Negro Plot, that you will be tired of it; yet I cannot help adding, that Juan, at Prudden's, was executed last Week, and died in the most hardened Manner; telling Capt. Jennings that had be though he much! have been those the world have taken. in the most hardened Manner; telling Capt. Jennings that had be thought be would have been there then, be would have taken care to have prevented it; with much other menacing Language. Since his Death, his Son Davy, at Capt. Jennings's, has made a Confession, by which it appears great Numbers were concerned, as well Women as Men. Feter Parker, who we looked upon as one of the most orderly Fellows we had, is very deeply concerned, and one of the first Promoters; he was found guilty, with five others, lait Week, but Sentence was not then passed on them. Several others are taken up, and new Discoveries continually making; so that God knows when or how it will end: And I am now of Opinion, that it was known to most of the Negroes on the Island. The