

TO BE SOLD,  
THE Tools of Andrew Whyte, late of Lower  
Marlborough, Cabinet-Maker, and General  
of Cabinet Ware.

HANNAH WHITE, Administratrix,  
Person inclinable to take the whole Tools  
er, may have them very reasonably.

TO BE LEASED OR SOLD,  
TRACT of Land lying in Frederick County,  
within 10 Miles of Frederick-Town, called  
Grove, containing 370 Acres. It is well  
d and Timber'd, and there is a great deal  
adow Ground.

Title and Terms, apply to the Subscriber  
near Nottingham in Prince-George's County.  
THOMAS BROOKE, Son of Walter.

St. Mary's County, March 8, 1761.  
The Snow SWALE,

JOHN METCALF, Master,

IS now lying at Wickham,  
near Mr. James Miller's, and  
will take in Tobacco, at Ten  
Pounds per Ton, consign'd to  
ours CLAY and MIDDLEY, Merchants in  
ool.

Gentlemen inclining to Ship Tobacco,  
for further Particulars, enquire of Mr. James  
or the said Master on board.

THE Subscribers are impower'd to contract  
for the Building a BRICK DWELLING  
SE in Annapolis, Two Stories High, with  
Cellars, &c. The Undertaker to End Mr.

Person or Persons inclining to undertake  
me, may see the Plan, and know the Terms,  
plying to  
JOHN BRICE,  
LANCELOT JACQUEL.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this  
Province, made and passed in 1733, for  
ing and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds,  
r Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan  
therefore think it their Duty, to inform all  
who have any Bonds in that Office, to come  
discharge the same; otherwise they will be  
ded against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order,  
ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Officer.

Winchester, in Virginia, October 1760.  
Permission of his Honour the GOVERNOR,  
SCHEME of a LOTTERY,  
Raising the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds,  
for Building a MARKET-HOUSE in the  
of WINCHESTER.

|                    |        |
|--------------------|--------|
| 1 Ticket of £. 100 | £. 100 |
| 2 Ditto            | 50     |
| 3 Ditto            | 25     |
| 6 Ditto            | 10     |
| 16 Ditto           | 5      |
| 20 Ditto           | 3      |
| 40 Ditto           | 2      |
| 795 Ditto          | 1      |

883 Prizes. Sum raised 400  
2617 Blanks.

3500 Tickets at 10 s. £. 1750

HE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize.  
The Drawing to be at the Court-House  
Winchester.

List of Prizes to be published in the Virginia  
Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid  
as the Drawing is finished, without any  
ation.

Managers are, George Mercer, James Craig,  
Walter Woodrow, John Greenfield, Robert Ruther-  
Charles Smith, William Ramsay, Thomas Ra-  
d, John Hite, James Keith, James Wood,  
Lemen, Jacob Hite, and Charles Bradford,  
re to give Bond, and be upon Oath, for the  
l Discharge of this Trust.

ickets may be had from any of the Managers,  
Messieurs Carlyle and Dalton in Alexandria,  
William Scott in Frederickburg, or the Print-  
ice in Williamsburg; from Messieurs Symonds  
r-Marlborough, Mr. John Cary in Frederick-  
in Maryland, or at the Printing-Office in  
ilis.

RIND, at the PRINTING-  
s may be supplied with this  
ngth are taken in and inserted  
Proportion for long Ones.

THE  
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 28, 1761.

LONDON, March 19.  
HIS Majesty's most gracious Speech to both Houses of  
Parliament, on Thursday the 19th Day of March,

My LORDS and GENTLEMEN,  
I CANNOT put an End to this Session, without  
declaring my entire Satisfaction in your Proceedings  
during the Course of it. The Zeal you have shewn  
for the Honour of my Crown, as well as for my true  
Interest, and that of your Country, which are ever  
the same, is the clearest Demonstration of that Duty  
and Affection to my Person and Government, of which you  
unanimously assured me at your first Meeting. Nothing  
could so much add to the Pleasure which these Considerations  
bring me, as that I am now able to acquaint you with the  
great Progress made of late by the Combined Army in Ger-  
many, under the Command of Prince Ferdinand of Brun-  
swick. I formerly told you, That the Nature of the War,  
in those Parts, had kept the Campaign there still depending;  
and it now appears, to the Surprise of my Enemies, that  
the superior Ability, and indefatigable Activity of my Ge-  
neral, and the Spirit and Ardour of my Officers and Troops,  
have greatly profited of this Perseverance, notwithstanding  
all the Difficulties arising from the Season.

By your Assistance, I have taken the best Care to recruit  
my Army in an effectual Manner; and have made such a  
Disposition of my Fleet, for next Summer, as may most  
advantageously defend my Kingdoms; protect the Commerce  
of my Subjects; maintain and extend our Possessions and  
Acquisitions; and annoy the Enemy.

As in all my Measures I have nothing in View but the  
Security and Felicity of my Dominions, the Support of my  
Allies, and the restoring of the public Tranquillity, I trust  
in the Divine Providence, to give a happy Issue to our farther  
Operations.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,  
I cannot sufficiently thank you for your Unanimity and  
Dispatch, in providing for the Expences of my Civil Go-  
vernment, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown: And  
think myself as much obliged to you, for the prudent Use,  
which, in framing that Provision, you have made of my  
consent to leave my own Hereditary Revenues to such Dis-  
position of Parliament, as might best conduce to the Utility  
and Satisfaction of the Public, as for what more immediately  
concerns myself.

In making my Acknowledgments for the large and exten-  
sive Supplies which you have granted me this Session, I am  
at a Loss whether most to applaud your Chearfulness in giv-  
ing, or your Wisdom in proportioning them to the extraor-  
dinary Occasions of the Public, notwithstanding those un-  
common Burthens, which I heartily regret. No Care shall  
be wanting, on my Part, to see them duly applied to the  
national Ends for which you intended them.

My LORDS and GENTLEMEN,  
The Expiration of this Parliament now drawing very near,  
I will forthwith give the necessary Orders for calling a new  
One: But I cannot take my Leave of you, without return-  
ing my Thanks for the many eminent Proofs you have given  
of your Fidelity and Affection to my Family and Govern-  
ment, and of your Zeal for this happy and excellent Con-  
stitution.

During this Parliament, the Flame of War was kindled  
by the injurious Encroachments and Usurpations of our En-  
emies; and therefore it became just and necessary on our  
Part. In the Prosecution of it you have given such Support  
to my Royal Grandfather and myself, and such Assistance to  
our Allies, as have manifested your public spirited Concern  
for the Honour of the Nation; and the Maintenance of its  
undoubted Rights and Possessions, and been attended with  
glorious Successes, and great Acquisitions, in various Parts  
of the World; particularly the entire Reduction of Canada,  
a Conquest of the utmost Importance to the Security of our  
Colonies in North-America, and to the Extension of the  
Commerce and Navigation of my Subjects.

May God Almighty grant Continuance to these Successes!  
The Use which I propose to make of them is, to secure and  
promote the Welfare of my Kingdoms, and to carry on the  
War with Vigour, in order to procure to them the Blessings  
of Peace, on safe and honourable Conditions for me and my  
Allies; to which I have been always ready to hearken.

Firm in these Resolutions, I do, with entire Confidence,  
rely on the good Dispositions of my faithful Subjects in the  
Choice of their Representatives; and I make no doubt but  
they will thereby demonstrate the Sincerity of those Assuran-  
ces, which have been so cordially and universally given me,  
in the loyal, affectionate, and unanimous Addresses of my  
People.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by his Majesty's Command, said:  
My LORDS and GENTLEMEN,  
It is his Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, that this Par-  
liament be prorogued to Tuesday the seventh Day of April  
next, to be then here held; and this Parliament is accordingly  
prorogued to Tuesday the seventh Day of April next.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

Prince Ferdinand's Head Quarters at Grolman, Feb. 25.  
ON the 23d we marched to this Town; eight Battalions,  
under the Command of Major-General Scheele, were  
detached from Gen. Sporcken's Corps, to reinforce the  
Count of Buckeburg, and will arrive this Day at Fritlar.

We are in hourly Expectation of hearing, that the Trenches  
are opened before Cassel, where there are seventeen Battalions,  
and the Volunteers of St. Victor, under the Command of the  
Count of Broglio.

When we arrived here, Lord Granby, with the British  
Guards, and Elliot's Regiment, was blockading Ziegenhayn,  
where M. de Luchmantle commands a Garrison, said to con-  
sist of seven Hundred Men. Lieutenant General Oheimb,  
who is under Lord Granby's Orders, is advanced to Kirchain.

Yesterday his Lordship was relieved by Major General  
Schluter, of the Hessian Artillery, who is charged with  
the Blockade of Ziegenhayn, and Lord Granby marched to  
Kirchain. In the Castle of Ameneberg, which is within  
Cannon Shot of it, a Party of two Officers, and fifty Men,  
belonging to the Irish Brigade, were made Prisoners.

Our Hessians pushed Yesterday to Homburg, where there  
was a Detachment of the Enemy, who retired on seeing  
them; and the Officer writes, that all Accounts agree in  
saying, that M. de Broglio is making his Retreat to Frank-  
fort.

The Hereditary Prince is at Schlitz. A Courier, who  
came from his Quarters the 23d, said, it was reported there,  
that our Hussars had taken Possession of Fulda the Night  
before. This was confirmed the 24th, with the agreeable  
Intelligence, that the Enemy had left a very great Magazine  
of Flour and Oats untouched, and had only burnt their Ma-  
gazine of Hay. General Luckner took 300 Prisoners in  
Fulda, and the neighbouring Villages, in most of which we  
have taken some Forage. In this respect we have been ex-  
tremely fortunate, having found in all our Cantonments hi-  
therto, since we passed the Eder, enough for our Subsistence.  
To-morrow we shall proceed on our March to Alsfeld.

The Army of the Empire, which was in the Neighbour-  
hood of Gotha, when Gen. Sporcken attacked the Enemy  
at Langen Saltz, retired precipitately, and is supposed to  
have taken the Road to Bamberg. The Prussian Corps,  
which acted in Conjunction with General Sporcken, and  
which took three of the five Saxon Battalions, will check  
them in their Attempts to advance farther. A very large  
Magazine has been found at Eysenach.

Hannover, March 3. Major Scheither hath taken the  
Castle of Battenberg by Assault, and made Prisoners one  
Lieutenant-Colonel, one Captain, four Officers, and 250  
Swiss, with ten Hussars: He also took four Cannon.

Port L'Orient, Feb. 20. By the Barrier East Indians,  
arrived from the Isle of Bourbon, we have received Advice,  
that Pondichery was vigorously pressed by the English in the  
Month of June last, and that there was no Likelihood of  
their raising the Siege; from whence it is plain, that the  
Report of their having abandoned that Place in April, was  
without Foundation.

Brandenburg, March 7. Considerable Augmentations are  
still making in our Troops. The King has ordered four new  
Corps, called Legions, to be formed. The first, under the  
Command of Col. Quintus Scilius, and the second, called the  
Brandenburg Legion, will consist of 6500 Men each.  
The third, named the Green Legion, is to be 3000 Men.  
We are actually raising the fourth, which is to be called the  
Foreign Royal Legion.

Frankfort, March 11. The first Division of the Troops  
from the Lower Rhine, consisting of 6000 Men, reached the  
strong Camp of Bergen the 8th Instant, the 2d and 3d Divi-  
sions, each of 4000 Men, arrived there the 9th and 10th.  
The French Troops collected in our Neighbourhood may  
amount to near 40,000 Men.

The Allied Army is falling back, not chusing to risk a  
Battle with so many Places behind them. They seem de-  
termined to take Ziegenhayn, where there is a good Garrison,  
and a large Quantity of Ammunition. The Trenches before  
that Place were opened on the 9th.

Hague, March 13. No Letters have been received here  
from Prince Ferdinand's Quarters since the 4th; but we have  
an Account from those Parts, that the allied Army continued ca-  
voned in two Lines, with the Right to the Labus, and the Left  
extended towards Fulda: That the Siege of Ziegenhayn still con-  
tinued: That the Town of Marburg had been abandoned by the  
French upon Lord Granby's approach; and the Castle thereof,  
in which they had left a Garrison, would soon be attacked.  
General Hardenberg had taken post at Statberg.

The Accounts from the French Quarters of the 8th Instant  
mention, that the Corps under General Killmansegge, which had  
advanced towards Freyberg, and another under Marshal Broglio  
in Person, were on the 6th in Sight of each other, but that no-  
thing had passed, except skirmishing between the light Troops;  
that the French continued fortifying themselves at Hannau, Vilbet  
and Bergen, and expected some Reinforcements from the Lower  
Rhine to join them in a few Days. The same Advices add,  
that General Luckner had taken Possession of Alsbassendour, and  
had, on the 7th in the Night, thrown a Bridge over the Alzeys  
at Seligenstadt.

Frankfort, March 14. The Allies continue to draw back.  
The Corps under the Hereditary Prince is retired from Bodin-  
gen, by the Way of Guedern and Vogelberg, to the Neigh-  
bourhood of Ameneberg. Gen. Luckner is falling back by  
the Way of Blanckenau and Herbitzen, towards Weteravia.  
As the Allies retire, the French advance. Marshal Broglio's  
Head-quarters were removed Yesterday from Friedberg to  
Butzbach.

Frankfort, March 15. Our Advices from the Allied Army  
import that the Allies had given over the Siege of Ziegen-

hayn, and that the French were continuing their Disposi-  
ons to march forward. General Quasco, with 800 Men, is  
at Fulda. We also learn that Lieut. Gen. Hardenberg, with  
the Troops under his Command, is gone from the Neighbour-  
hood of Dulmen, by Munster and Hamm, towards Stadberg.

Hannover, March 13. We are informed, that the Count  
de la Lippe-Buckebourg, who commands before Cassel, hath  
sent an Express to Zell to acquaint the Landgrave of Hesse,  
that he expected that the Breach made in the Ramparts of  
Cassel would be practicable by the 15th or 16th, and that  
he hoped to be Master of the Place by Assault, without da-  
maging the Houses by a Bombardment.

Genoa, February 28. It is reported, that the Corsican  
Malecontents have taken San Fiorenzo, Sword in Hand.

Hague, March 17. The Letters from the Army under Prince  
Ferdinand of Brunsvick, of the 8th Instant inform us, that his  
Serene Highness's Quarters continued at Schwinberg. We  
have received by them, a Confirmation of the News of the Sally  
that was made on the 7th Instant by the Garrison at Cassel; in  
which the French took Possession of the Trenches, and carried off  
four Mortars, and nailed up one Piece of Cannon, and destroyed  
the Works of the grand Battery. But Count La Lippe, at the  
Head of the Hessian Guards, and Wangelstein Grenadiers, drove  
them back into the Town.

Our last Accounts from the French Army of the 12th In-  
stant mention, that Marshal Broglio had moved his Head-  
Quarters from Bergen to Freidberg; and that the Reinforce-  
ment expected by him from the Lower Rhine, was preparing  
upon the Meyne.

By Letters of the 11th from Leipzig, every Thing was  
quiet in those Parts. The King of Prussia, it was expected,  
would soon visit the Posts of Chemnitz and Freybourg, and  
afterwards fix his Quarters at Meissen. General Sibourg,  
with the Corps under his Command, was returned to his  
Quarters of Cantonment.

LONDON, March 12.

Extract of a Letter from Turin, February 3.  
It is confidently reported, that an Alliance is concluded  
between our Court, and those of London, Madrid, and Na-  
ples, for bringing a powerful Army into the Field next Spring  
in Italy. Those four Powers are to assist each other to make  
a Conquest of Lombardy, Tuscany, and Final, and a Part  
of the Dutchy of Mantua. The Infant Don Philip is to  
have Lombardy; Don Lewis, Tuscany; the King of Sardinia,  
the Parmesan and Final. The Catholic King is to  
send an Army of 50,000 into Italy, which will be joined by  
40,000 effective Men of our King's Forces, to act as Occa-  
sion may require.

We are further informed, that 8000 Bavarians are to  
be taken into the Service of our Monarch, but that they are  
to be paid by England, from whom his Majesty is likewise  
to receive a considerable Subsidy. Our Accounts from Ge-  
noa mention, that the Republic is not a little uneasy about  
what may happen in Italy, being apprehensive of losing both  
Final and Corsica.

March 14. The Embarkation of the Troops for Germa-  
ny will commence between the 16th and 20th Inst. Some  
General Officers, who have not been abroad this War, with  
several Persons of Distinction as Volunteers, will accompany  
them.

'Tis confidently reported that a Suspension of Hostilities  
is agreed on between the Courts of Russia and Prussia, till  
a Negotiation for a Peace is set on Foot between the several  
Powers concerned.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, March 12.  
We expect in here daily, Whitmore's and Erskine's  
Regiments, for our Expedition. Our vast Preparations be-  
gin now to take Place.

At Spithead, the Admirals Hawke, Hardy, and Geary,  
with 35 Ships of War.

Major General Erskine's Regiment of Foot is on its  
March for Portsmouth, and is said to be destined for this  
Expedition.

A Transport Ship is arrived at Falmouth from Cork, with  
300 Soldiers; the Captain says, that another Transport with  
the same Number of Troops on board for the said Place,  
was taken a few Days ago by two French Frigates, who  
were cruising seventeen Leagues to the Westward of Scilly.  
The Province of Virginia has appointed Edward Mouton,  
Esq; their Agent, with a Salary of 500 l. Sterling.

March 19. By some Letters from Madrid, there is an  
Account, that the Earl of Bristol, the British Ambassador,  
had, at an Audience of his Catholic Majesty, been assured,  
that he reman'd firm in his Resolution to maintain the pre-  
sent Treaties subsisting between the Courts of Great-Britain  
and Spain.

The Battalion now lying in the Tower has received Orders  
to be ready to march at a few Hours Notice for Portsmouth,  
where they are to embark.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, March 20.  
The Empress Queen is determined to risk another Cam-  
paign before she will listen to any Terms of Peace. The  
Czarina being informed that some Steps had been taken for  
accommodating Matters between France and England, under  
the Mediation of Spain, hath ordered her Minister at Vienna  
to desire the Empress Queen, to give herself no Uneasiness  
about that Negotiation: That their own Forces were more  
than sufficient to crush the King of Prussia, without sup-  
plying even the 24,000 Men which France is obliged by Treaty  
to furnish to the House of Austria.