

Baltimore-Town, February 20, 1761.
 LET upon Ground Rent for 99 YEARS,
 renewable for Ever,
 THIRTEEN LOTS of GROUND, in the
 Addition to Baltimore-Town, on the East
 of the Falls, and back of the Subscriber's
 Living-House. On some of the Lots are Houses
 which will be Sold as may be agreed for:
 Lots are about 60 Feet in Front, and 100
 deep. Also, Eighty Lots of Ground, which
 are laid out on the Point, just below his House,
 adjoining the Town, pleasantly situated, and
 bounded on the Water, 60 Feet in Front, and 100
 back, with proper Streets allowed, to be Let
 Ground Rent for 99 Years, renewable for
 Ever, or the Subscriber will sell any of the above
 in Fee Simple. For Terms apply to
 BRIAN PHILPOT.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this
 Province, made and passed in 1733, for
 raising and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds,
 is now Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan
 therefore think it their Duty, to inform all
 who have any Bonds in that Office, to come
 and discharge the same; or otherwise they will be
 deemed against as the Law directs.
 Signed per Order,
 ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

Winchester, in Virginia, October 1760.
 Permission of his Honour the GOVERNOR,
 A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
 for Raising the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds,
 for Building a MARKET-HOUSE in the
 Town of WINCHESTER.

1 Ticket of £. 100	£. 100
2 Ditto	50
3 Ditto	25
6 Ditto	10
16 Ditto	5
20 Ditto	3
40 Ditto	2
795 Ditto	1
883 Prizes.	Sum raised 400
2617 Blanks.	

3500 Tickets at 10s. £. 1750

THE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize.
 The Drawing to begin the First Day of
 next, at the Court-House in Winchester.

List of Prizes to be published in the Virginia
 Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid
 on as the Drawing is finished, without any
 Auction.
 The Managers are, George Mercer, James Cook,
 Alexander Weddow, John Greenfield, Robert Ruther-
 ford, Charles Smith, William Ramsay, Thomas Le-
 ford, John Hite, James Keith, James Wolf,
 James Lemen, Jacob Hite, and Charles Bradford,
 are to give Bond, and be upon Oath, for the
 full Discharge of this Trust.
 Tickets may be had from any of the Managers,
 Messieurs Carlyle and Dalton in Alexandria,
 William Scott in Fredericksburg, or the Print-
 ing Office in Williamsburg; from Messieurs Symonds
 in Upper-Marlborough, Mr. John Cary in Fredericks-
 burg, in Maryland, or at the Printing-Office in
 Annapolis.

Alexandria, Fairfax County, in Virginia, October 1760.
 TO BE LET, and Entered on immediately,
 A VERY choice TRACT of LAND,
 containing several Thousand Acres, belong-
 ing to CHARLES, Earl of TANKERVILLE, formerly
 known by the Name of John Colvill's Kintockton
 plantation, lying on Patowmack River, and chiefly
 bounded in by Kintockton Creek, in the County of
 Loudoun, and Colony of Virginia.
 Any Person may know the Terms, by applying
 to the Subscriber at Leesburg, in the said County,
 whose Attendance will be given, by
 JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master
 in Somerset County School: Any Person
 duly Qualified, upon applying to the Visitors,
 and meet with such Encouragement as the Law
 in relation to Free-Schools will support them in.
 Signed by Order,
 ARNOLD ELZEY, Register.

PRINTING, at the PRINTING-
 Office, may be supplied with this
 Length are taken in and inserted
 in Proportion for long Ones.

THE [Numb. 832.]
 MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, April 16, 1761.

PARIS, December 31.

THE Proposals of Peace that came
 from the King of Poland, Elector of
 Saxony, by the Instruction of the
 King of Prussia, might have been ac-
 cepted, had there been no Mention
 of guarantying Part of Silesia to that Prince.
 His Prussian Majesty, in getting the King of Po-
 land to use his Interest at our Court, and at Vien-
 na, acted, no Doubt, in Concert with the British
 Court, who, we are told, has just made the fol-
 lowing Proposals, by the Channel of the Spanish
 Minister.

1. That we shall relinquish Guadaloupe.
2. Give up Port Mahon.
3. Demolish the Fortifications at Dunkirk.
4. Assist the Queen of Hungary with no more than 25,000 Men.

Upon these Conditions, England will restore to
 all Canada, Goree and Senegal; reserving to
 herself the Liberty of supplying the King of Prus-
 sia with as many Troops as she pleases; but at the
 same Time engaging to send him no more than he
 shall think fit to take into his Pay.

Two Things immediately determined his Ma-
 jesty to reject these Propositions; the first, is the
 Demolition of Dunkirk's Fortifications; and the
 other is, that he will come to no Accommodation
 for a general Peace: Such, at least, are the
 Assurances the King has given the Empress Queen.

Dublin, Jan. 13. We hear his Majesty's Let-
 ter is come over, ordering Payment of upwards of
 3000. being the Amount of Expences incurred
 by the Inhabitants of Belfast, on the Occasion of
 Mr. Thurot's late Invasion.

LONDON.

Jan. 13. The Charming Polly, Barber, from
 Virginia to London, is taken, and carried into
 St. Maloes.

The Polly, alias Bartholomew, Leslie, from
 Maryland to London, is taken by a French Pri-
 vateer, and carried into St. Maloes.

Jan. 15. It is said Lord Villiers, Member of
 Parliament for Weobly, in Herefordshire, and
 eldest Son to Lord Jersey, will succeed the late
 Admiral Boscawen, as one of the Lords of the
 Admiralty; and that Admiral Pocock will spe-
 cially take upon him the Command of a Squadron
 of the Sea.

Part of a Letter from the Hague, Dec. 30.
 "The greatest Part of the English Officers who
 are arrived within these few Days from the Army,
 on their Way to England, complain openly of
 France, that he aims at nothing but getting
 Honour to himself, and filling his Pockets."
 The Newcastle, Spencer, and the Volunteer,
 both from Maryland to London, are taken
 and carried into Bayonne.

Jan. 17. Yesterday Major General Stuydholm
 kissed his Majesty's Hand on being ap-
 pointed Commander in Chief of the Forces going
 on a secret Expedition. As did also Col. Craw-
 ford, on his being appointed Second in Command
 thereof.

The Peggy, Pinkhorn, of and for London from
 Quebec and Brest, is arrived at Plymouth. She
 brings, that on the 3d Instant the Couragieux, of 74
 Guns, the Malicieuse, of 36, and the Amerique
 of 22, sailed from Brest with Troops, supposed for
 the West-Indies.

The African Packet, Mawson, from Senegal,
 is taken and carried into St. Maloes.

The Admiral Hawke, Gregg, from Virginia to
 London, is taken, and carried into Bayonne.

The St. Cecilia, Maxted, from Virginia to
 London, is taken and carried into Havre de Grace.
 They write from Toulon, of the 21st of De-
 cember, that the Cargo of the English Ship Prince
 Edward, taken by M. de Morics, was sold there,

by Auction, for 13 Million of Livres, or 568,750 l.
 Sterling.

St. JAGO DE LA VEGA (Jamaica) Jan. 24.
 On Saturday last arrived at Port-Royal his Ma-
 jesty's Ship Glasgow, from a Cruize, and brought
 in a large French Snow, bound from Marseilles to
 Port-au-Prince.

Feb. 7. On Saturday last arrived from a Cruize
 his Majesty's Ship the Renown, and brought in a
 large Ship, laden with Beef, Butter, &c. from
 Cork, taken going into the Cape.

On Tuesday arrived from Westmoreland Capt.
 Hyndes, with a Party of free Negroes and Mula-
 toes under his Command. Every Thing remains
 quiet at present in that, as also in every other Pa-
 rish of this Island.

CHARLES-TOWN (South Carolina) March 21.
 Last Sunday Afternoon arrived in Town from
 Augusta, Capt. James Colbert, of the Upper Chi-
 cahaes, with a Cherokee Scalp and a Prisoner,
 which he, with a Party of Chicasahs, took near
 Fort Prince George, about the 27th ult. The
 Party he fell in with consisted of five, three of
 whom, being on Horseback, got off; but one of
 them, having a Fall, lost his Gun, Ammunition
 and Blanket. The Prisoner told Colbert, that he
 belonged to a Gang of 30, with a white Man,
 who had been down to Long-Canes, and burnt all
 the Houses and Provisions they found there, but
 were otherwise unsuccessful: That upon their Re-
 turn they divided into small Parties: That the
 Little Carpenter (Attakullakulla, with whom Go-
 vernor Lytleton concluded the Treaty in 1759,
 at Keohwee) still pressed the Nation to accept or
 sue for Peace, by which it is plain that he con-
 tinues firm in his Attachment to the English: And
 that the Cherokees were rather inclined for Peace,
 than to continue the War; but were kept in Ac-
 tion by repeated Assurances from some Creeks,
 that their Nation would at last join them. While
 Colbert had his Prisoner at Mr. Trewin's Store at
 Augusta, Fool-Harry's Son and some other Creeks
 came there to see him, appeared much dissatisfied,
 and behaved in such a Manner as to create a Sus-
 picion that they intended to rescue him, upon
 which he was removed and concealed till brought
 away.—Colbert was the first who brought an
 Account of his Success to Town. On Thursday
 he set out on his Return to Augusta, and carried
 considerable Rewards for those Chicasahs who had
 been out with him. Some Time next Month he
 will go again, with a large Party of Upper and
 Lower Chicasahs, to war against the Cherokees,
 and join the Troops commanded by Col. Grant.

On Wednesday last four large Transport Ships,
 having on board the heavy Baggage of his Ma-
 jesty's Troops to be employed in the approaching
 Campaign against the Cherokees (in Conjunction
 with the Forces of this Province) under the Com-
 mand of Col. James Grant, sailed up Cooper-
 River, for Strawberry, where they are to land the
 same, in order to be immediately transported in
 Waggon to Monck's Corner. And,
 Yesterday Morning early, the said Troops set
 out on their March from hence, to begin the Cam-
 paign: They consist of four Companies of his Ma-
 jesty's Royal or 1st Regiment, two Companies
 of the 17th, two of the 22d, and eight of the
 new raised Independents: To-morrow Evening
 they may reach Monck's Corner, where they will
 halt no longer than is absolutely necessary.

The Highlanders belonging to Col. Montgome-
 ry's Regiment, who arrived last Week from Pro-
 vidence, remain in Town, under the Command
 of Capt. Alexander Mackenzie.

NEW-YORK, April 6.
 On Saturday last his Honour the President was
 pleased to give his Assent to the following Act,
 passed this Session, viz. An Act for raising, paying,
 and cloathing, Seventeen Hundred and Eighty-seven
 effective Men, Officers included, to be employed in

securing His Majesty's Conquests in North-America,
 and other Purposes therein mentioned.

We hear the General Assembly of the Colony
 of Connecticut, last Week voted the Number of
 2325 Men, for the Service of the present Year.

Saturday Night last Captain Richardson arrived
 here from Antigua in 18 Days: He sailed from
 thence in Company with the Ship York, for this
 Port, but parted from her about 12 Days since.
 Capt. Richardson informs us, That several French
 Privateers have lately been carried into that Island,
 by the Frigates under the Command of Commo-
 dore Douglass.

Upwards of Forty Masters, Mates, and Passen-
 gers, belonging to the several Vessels taken and
 carried into Martinico, were embarked on board
 of a Flag of Truce the 15th of February; all the
 Foremast Men being confined in close Goals, hav-
 ing only a small Allowance of Salt Beef, and
 Bread, for 24 Hours, and bad Water to drink;—
 Stones and Boards to repose on; and many Lice.

On Monday last arrived here, the Brig Polly,
 Captain Lion, in twenty Days from Jamaica; the
 Advices by this Vessel are, that Admiral Holmes,
 with the Squadron under his Command, are very
 active in cruising on that Station; that they have
 taken several French Privateers and other Vessels;
 particularly, that one of our Men of War lately
 took and brought in there a French Frigate, and
 that they have likewise taken several English Flags
 of Truce, and Mount Traders, which are all con-
 demned; and that the Negro Rebellion being en-
 tirely subdued, the People of that Island were no
 longer subjected to Martial-Law.

PHILADELPHIA, April 9.
 Captain Forbes, in the Atalanta, from New-
 York for Barbados, was taken by a French Pri-
 vateer, and afterwards retaken by a Man of War.

ANNAPOLIS, April 16.
 By Means of the Badness of the Weather last
 Week, and the Shortness of the Notice in his Ex-
 cellency's Proclamation for Calling the Assembly,
 there did not come to Town a sufficient Number
 of the Gentlemen to make a House until Monday
 last: When the Assembly met; and after their
 taking the Oaths to his present Majesty King
 GEORGE the Third, his Excellency made the fol-
 lowing Speech:

GENTLEMEN of the Upper and Lower
 Houses of ASSEMBLY,

NOT doubting but you are affected with ex-
 treme Sorrow and Concern for the Death
 of our late most Gracious Sovereign, of happy
 Memory, whose paternal Care We and all our
 Fellow-Subjects in these Colonies have most sen-
 sibly experienced, I sincerely condole with you
 on that melancholy Event; the fatal Consequences
 of which would be most severely felt throughout
 the extensive Dominions of Great-Britain, was not
 his Majesty happily succeeded by one of his il-
 lustrious Descendants, whose many eminent and
 princely Virtues render Him dear to all His Sub-
 jects, and give them full Assurance of the Con-
 tinuance of the innumerable Blessings which they
 have enjoyed during the long, mild, just, and
 glorious Reign of his Royal Grandfather. That
 His People may enjoy these Blessings in the fullest
 Extent, His Majesty wishes to see His Kingdoms
 in a State of Tranquillity; but being thoroughly
 persuaded that a vigorous Prosecution of the just
 War in which the Nation is engaged, is the only
 effectual Measure to reduce the Enemy to the Ne-
 cessity of accepting Peace on Terms of Glory and
 Advantage to His Crown, and particularly bene-
 ficial to His Subjects in America, whose Interest
 He hath much at Heart; His Majesty hath been
 pleased to give Orders, that such Part of His Re-
 gular Forces in North-America as may be adequate
 to some great and important Enterprize, be em-
 ployed in some other Quarter against the Enemy
 during the ensuing Campaign; and that the Secu-
 rity