fer Year.

160, Three Lots and a Half in Annafelis, be-Part of Governor Nicholfon's Vineyard, with following Improvements thereon, a Brewse, with a large Copper and Still holding ben 70 and 80 Gallons; a Brick House, Two ms on a Floor; a Framed House now letting 5 fer Year; a Bake House, built of Part k, Part Wood, with a very good Oven suit.

for baking Ship Bread therein.

Tract of Land, on the North Side of Severn,
d Sevan-Neck, containing 250 Acres, about
Miles from the City by Water, with some rovements thereon.

nother Tract of Land called Toda's Range, in a Mile of Annapolis, containing 120 Acres, a good Brick House, good Cellar underneath, hen, Stable, Corn, Milk and Necessary Houhereon; Two good Gardens pail'd in, a good

e Well, and the Plantation in very good Renow Renting at f. 30 fer Year.
art of another Tract of Land called Brugg.
within a Mile and a Half of Annapolis, conng 164 Acres, with a Quarter, Hen House, Garden pail'd in, a Stone Well, and a Cora

in pretty good Repair. nother Tract of Land called Chance, on Care Creek in Anne Arundel County, containing Acres, with a House thereon: And, art of another Tract of Land called Covilia

, at the Head of South River in the faid ity, with a Dwelling House thereon. he Sale to begin on Monday the 16th Day of carr Inft. and Attendance will be given by Subscriber at Annapolis until the Whole at The Sale to be at the House where the late

SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, Monday the Ninth of February Inflant, at the Envelling House of Mr. Patrick Creagh, in mapolis, for Current Money, Sterling, or Bills

PARCEI, of likely COUNTRY-BORN NEGROES, confifting of Men, Women, and Girls; a good Blacksmith, a Set of , and a Parcel of Sea and Charcoal; a l-wright and his Tools; and Three other Servant Men; also all his Houshold Furnifeveral Carts and Cart-Horses, a Chaise, wo choice Milch Cows. Likewise a welled new Vessel on the Stocks, with all her and Plank in the Yard; a Sloop that will 30 Hogsheads of Tobacco, with a good Sails, Anchor and Cable; fome Flats, &c. The Reversion of Two Leased Loss City; a suitable Parcel of Window Glass, Linseed Oil, Painter's and Glazier's Tools, ent to carry on that Bufiness; a Parcel of Salt, and one Box of Dr. James's Powders. I, to be Sold on the Wednesday following, Quarter of the said Mr. Creagh, called Neck, about a Mile out of Town, a Patcel tile, Hogs, and Plantation I results; also a live of good Corn and Fall-levels.

ity of good Corn and Fodder. I, on the Friday following, at another Quarthe faid Mr. Creagb's, called Savan-Neck, North Side of Severn River, will be difof, A Parcel of Cattle, Hogs, Horses, and tion Utenfils; also a Quantity of good Corn

Sale to begin at each of the Places and shove fixed, at XI o'Clock in the Forenoon, ntinue until all are Sold.

L Persons Indebted to the Estate of the faid Patrick Creagh, are hereby defired to peedy Payment to

RICHARD MACKUBIN, Administrator.

WANTED,

a Gentleman who keeps a Store in the ountry, A YOUNG MAN who writes a land, and understands Accounts, of a good ther and fober Disposition. His Business will be Writing. Such an One will hear of a Place and Wages, on Application to the ING-OFFICE

THE

[Numb. 823.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, February 12, 1761.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

WESTMINSTER, November 18.

IS Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in his Royal Robes feated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Henry Bellenden, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was with a Message from his Majesty to the House Commons, commanding their Attendance in the ouse of Peers. The Commons being come thi-er accordingly, his Majesty was pleased to make e following most gracious Speech.

My Lerds and Gentlemen,

HE just Concern, which I have felt in my own Breaft, on the sudden Death of the late my Royal Grandfather, makes Me not ubt, but you must all have been deeply affected th so severe a Loss. The present critical, and ficult Conjuncture, has made this Loss the more offible, as He was the great Support of that flem, by which alone the Liberties of Europe, the Weight and Influence of these Kingdoms, be preserved; and gave Life to the Measures, ducive to those important Ends.

I need not tell you the Addition of Weight, ich immediately falls upon Me, in being called the Government of this Free and Powerful untry, at such a Time, and under such Cirinflances. My Confolation is in the Upright-fs of my own Intentions, your faithful and united fiftance, and the Blessing of Heaven upon our int Endeavours, which I devoutly implore.

Born and educated in this Country, I glory in Name of Briton; and the particular Happiness my Life will ever confift in promoting the Wele of a People, whose Loyalty, and warm Affecn, to Me, I confider, as the greatest, and most t but their Steadiness in those Principles, will ual, the Firmness of My invariable Resolution adhere to and strengthen, this excellent Consti-ion in Church, and State; and to maintain the pleration inviolable. The Civil, and Religious ghts of My Loving Subjects, are equally dear Me with the most Valuable Prerogatives of y Crown; and, as the furest Foundath n of the hole, and the best Means to draw down the vine Favour on My Reign, it is My fixed Pur-fe to Countenance and Encourage the Practice True Religion and Virtue.

reflect with Pleasure, on the Successes with sich the British Arms have been prospered this Summer. The total Reduction of the vast ovince of Canada, with the City of Montreal, the most Interesting Consequence; and must be heavy a Blow to my Enemies, as it is a Conquest prious to Us; The more Glorious, because ef-ted almost without Effusion of Blood, and with t Humanity which makes an amiable Part of Character of this Nation.

Our Advantages gained in the East-Indies have en fignal, and must greatly diminish the Strength d Trade of France in those Parts, as well as ocure the most folid Benefits to the Commerce d Wealth of My Subjects.

fermany, where the whole French Force been employed, the Combined Army, under wife and able Conduct of My General, Prince rdinand of Brunswick, has not only stopt in e Progress, but has gained Advantages over em, notwithstanding their boasted Superiority, d their not having hitherto come to a general

Pagement. My good Brother and Ally, the King of Pruffia, the furrounded with numerous Armies of Eneies, has, with a Magnanimity and Perseverance, molt beyond Example, not only withstood their rious Attacks, but has obtained very considerae Victories over them.

Of these Events I shall say no more at this Time, because the Nature of the War in those Parts has kept the Campaign there still depending.

As My Navy is the principal Article of our Natural Strength, it gives Me much Satisfaction to receive it, in such good Condition; whilst the Fleet of France is weakened to such a Degree, that the small Remains of it have continued block ed up by My Ships in their own Ports. At the fame Time the French Trade is reduced to the lowest Ebb: And with Joy of Heart I see the Commerce of My Kingdoms, that great Source of Our Riches, and fixed Object of My never-failing Care and Protection, flourishing to an Extent, unknown in any former War.

The Valour and Intrepidity of My Officers and Forces, both at Sea and Land, have been distin-Forces, both at Sea and Land, have been diffunguished so much to the Glory of this Nation, that I should be wanting in Justice to them, if I did not acknowledge it. This is a Merit which I shall constantly encourage and reward: And I take this Occasion to declare, that the zealous and useful Service of the Militia in the present arduous Conjuncture, is very acceptable to Me.

Conjuncture, is very acceptable to Me.

In this State I have found Things; at My Accession to the Throne of My Ancestors: Happy in viewing the prosperous Part of it : Happier still should I have been, had I found My Kingdoms, whose true Interest I have entirely at Heart, in full Peace : But fince the Ambition, injurious Encroachments, and dangerous Defigns of my Enemies, rendered the War both just and necessary, and the generous Overture made last Winter, towards a Congress for Pacification, has not yet produced a suitable Return, I am determined, with your chearful and powerful Assistance, to prosecute this War with Vigour, in order to that desirable Object, a safe and honourable Peace. For this Purpose, it is absolutely incumbent upon Us, to be early prepared, and I rely upon your Zeal and hearty Concurrence, to support the King of Prussia, and the Rest of my Allies, and to make ample Provision for carrying on the War, as the only Means to bring Our Enemies to equitable Terms of Accommodation.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

The greatest Uneasiness which I feel at this
Time, is in considering the uncommon Burdens, necessarily brought upon My faithful Subjects. I desire only such Supplies as shall be requisite to profecute the War with Advantage; be adequate to the necessary Services; and that they may be provided for in the most sure and effectual Manner, you may depend upon the faithful and punctual Application of what shall be granted. I have ordered the proper Estimates for the ensuing Year to be laid before you; and also an Account of the extraordinary Expences, which, from the Nature of the different and remote Operations, have been

unavoidably incurred. It is with peculiar Reluctance that I am obliged, at fuch a Time, to mention any Thing which per-fonally regards Myself: But as the Grant of the greatest Part of the Civil List of Revenues is now determined, I trust in your Duty and Affection to Me, to make the proper Provision for supporting My Civil Government with Honour and Dignity. On my Part, you may

becoming Economy.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The Eyes of all Europe are upon you. From your Resolutions the Protestant Interest hopes for Protection, as well as all Our Friends for the Prefervation of their Independency; and Our Enemies fear the final Disappointment of their ambitious and destructive Views. Let these Hopes and Fears be confirmed and augmented by the Vigour, Unanimity and Dispatch of your Proceedings.
In this Expectation I am the more encouraged

nion and good Harmony which continue to prevail among my Subjects, afford Me the most agree-vail among my Subjects, afford Me the most agree-able Prospect. The natural Disposition and Wish of My Heart are, to cement and promote them; and I promise Myself that nothing will arise on your Part to interrupt or disturb a Situation, so essential to the true and lasting Felicity of this Great People.

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P A R I S, Odober 17

WE have received the News of the Lofs of Montreal and all Canada with Concern, but not with Astonishment. The Advices, true or false, that came some Time ago from Gaspesia, imposed only on a few Persons. It was well known that our Troops, and our brave Canadians, were in Want of every Thing; and we cannot but the control of the applaud them for having capitulated on the Con-

appliand them for naving capitulated on the Conditions that have just been made public here.

Cologn, Nev. 4. The Court of Rome seems to have given universal Disgust, and his Holiness, will probably find it impossible to pacify all the Powers, without lessening the Dignity of the Apostolic Sec; the Breach is as wide as it well can be between the Church and the Crown of Portugal; and they have fo far provoked the Genoese, that were it not for fear of giving Umbrage to more respectable Princes, it is thought the latter would have sent 10,000 Men to settle their Difference at Rome; and the Mail brings Advice, that the Senate of Venice has renewed fome old Pretentions, which will inevitably bring on an open Rupture with the Court of Rome.

LONDON, November 13.

By a Ship from Hamburgh we have an Account, that Dresden is actually invested.

There is Advice that a Turkish Man of War, of 74 Brass Guns, lying at Cypruss, and all the Crew, except 200, being on Shore, 100 Christian Slaves, that were on board, rose and killed all but 40 of the Infidels, and carried the Ship into Malta, the 6th of October.

Yesterday an extraordinary Council was held a: St. James's, to take into Confideration the Expedition now fitting out at Portsmouth; when it was Resolved, That it should be carried on with the utmost Vigour.

Extrasi of a Letter from Lyddiard Tregrose in Willshire, October 15.

" On Monday last was married here William Ross, a young Fellow, Gardener to the Right Hon. Lord Bolingbroke, to Mrs. Mary Dorrell of Eighty-five, pollessed of a Fortune of £. 4000.

Clajp'd in my monumental Arms I vield thee up Four Thousand Charms: Each Charm, so current and so killing, Will awoo Four Thousand Damsels willing."

'Tis faid that there is now in the Possession of Mr. Collins, Butcher, in Bath, a surprising Hog, not two Years old, which measures from his Snout to his Tail nine Feet and a Half, is four Feet and an Inch high, fix Feet ten Inches in Circumference, and weighs near nine hundred Pounds.

Yesterday at Two o'Clock, some Merchants were forced to leave their usual Standing-Places on the Royal-Exchange, occasioned by a large Quantity of Pepper Dust slying up through the Grates from the Pepper Cellars below, now occupied by the East-India Company; one of whose Directors being at that Time near the Place, was immediately acquainted with the Nusance, and requested to

acquainted with the Nusance, and requested to use his Authority in preventing it for the suture; to which he replied: Gentlemen, I will do any Thing in my Power to oblige you; but if you are not Pepper Proof, I cannot help it.

November 18. On Sunday Night, and early this Morning, all the General Officers, the Colonels, and almost all the other Officers, were at the Right Hon. Mr. Pitt's, to take their Leave, and innatediately to set out for Portsmouth, for the insended Expedition. And Yesterday a great Numby a pleasing Circumstance, which I look upon as one of the most auspicious Omens of My Reign.

That happy Extinction of Divisions, and that U
That happy Extinction of Divisions of Divi

AM RIND.