

Alexandria, August 28, 1760.
IMPORTED in the Baltimore, Capt. Francis Lowndes, Five Fagots of STEEL, in the Year 1759, marked C & D, which was landed at Bedford, under the Care of Mr. Forbes, Merchant there. In August or September, the same Year, Mr. Hughes, Mate of the said Ship, ordered the Steel to be delivered to the Bearer without mentioning his Name, tho' no Doubt with Intention to be sent to us, but has never been received. Any Person in whose Care it now is, will be pleased to inform us, that we may send for it, which will oblige, their very humble Servants,
 CARLYLE & DALTON.

Herring-Bay, September 4, 1760.
RAN away, the Beginning of June, from the Subscriber's Manor Plantation in Frederick County, a short, thick, broad-faced Dutch Servant Lad, named Daniel Bowman, about 20 Years of Age. He had on a Pair of Cotton Breeches, a Cotton Jacket, with a short striped Flannel one under it, and an old Felt Hat. Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and returns him, either to Mr. Samuel Richardson, or the Subscriber, shall have a Pittole Reward.
 SAMUEL CHEW.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. JAMES WARDROP, late of Prince-George's County, Merchant, deceased, are required to make immediate Payment; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to give in the same to
 LETTICE WARDROP,
 ALEXANDER SYMMER,
 JOSEPH BELT, junior, } Executors.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in Somerset County School: Any Person properly Qualified, upon applying to the Visitors, will meet with such Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in.
 Signed by Order,
 ARNOLD ELZEY, Register.

To be RENTED or LEASED for a Term of YEARS,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing 1000 Acres, lying in Fairfax County, in Virginia, about 40 Miles above Alexandria, on the main Road leading from thence to Winchester. The said Land will be laid out in Tenements of One or Two Hundred Acres, and has a Quantity of rich Meadow Ground upon it. For Terms, enquire of the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, Maryland.
 THOMAS BROOKE, Son of Walter.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
FOR Raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing the PUBLIC WHARF, and Erecting a GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in Alexandria, viz.

3 Tickets at £. 50	£. 150
3 Ditto at 25	75
10 Ditto at 10	100
20 Ditto at 5	100
40 Ditto at 2	80
745 Ditto at 1	745
821 Prizes.	Sum raised 250
2179 Blanks.	
3000 Tickets at 10 s.	£. 1500

THE above is not three Blanks to a Prize, without any Deduction. The Prizes to be published in the Virginia and Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished. All Prizes not demanded in six Months after Publication, will be deemed as generously gives to the Uses aforesaid. The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, George William Fairfax, William Ramsay, John Carlyle, Gerard Alexander, John Dalton, George Johnston, George Mason, John Hunter, Robert Adam, and John Muir, Trustees of the said Town, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

I AM RIND, at the PRINTING-
 Persons may be supplied with this
 ate Length are taken in and inserted
 and in Proportion for long Ones.

[Numb. 809.]

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,
 Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, November 6, 1760.

L I S B O N, July 16.
THE Secretary of State, Don Lewis de Cunha, by Order of his Majesty has wrote a Letter to Cardinal Acciaoli the Pope's Nuncio, ordering him to depart immediately from the City of Lisbon; and to leave the Kingdom within the pre- scribed Time of four Days. And that for his decent conveyance, he would find the Royal Barges ready in the opposite Shore to his House; and to protect him from Insults, a splendid and competent military Escort to attend him to the Frontiers of the Kingdom.

On this Occasion his Majesty sent to Francisco de Mada de Mendosa, his Minister at the Court of Rome for him to communicate to the Pope, a Memorial setting forth the Reasons of the above Orders to Cardinal Acciaoli, to desire his immediate Recall. The Memorial is to the following Purpose, that his most Faithful Majesty of Portugal has always shewn his Obsequiousness to his Holiness, and due Respect to the Cardinal Purple even to the suspension of his own Rights; but that the Behaviour of the Cardinal was so clandestine, bold, and seditious, as obliged his most Faithful Majesty to order him immediately to quit the Court of Lisbon. That the Cardinal grew more abusive in Proportion as he was treated with more Kindness, and was so bold as to raise Disturbances, and quarrel with the King's Authority in his own Court.

That upon the late happy Occasion of the Marriage celebrated between his Daughter the Princess of Brazil, and the Infant Don Peter his Brother, on the 6th Day of June current, when all his Majesty's Subjects in the City of Lisbon were ordered to illuminate their Houses for three succeeding Nights, and when all the People did accordingly illuminate their Houses, and show all possible Demonstrations of Joy; together with all the foreign Ambassadors, tho' they were not included in the Order, except the said Cardinal: He on the contrary, all the said Nights shut up all the Windows and Doors of the House he inhabited, not letting any even of the ordinary Lights be seen; so that during all the Time of rejoicing, such a profound silence reigned thro' his House, that it seem'd not to be inhabited, &c. That for those and other An- ges and public Insults to his Majesty, his faithful Subjects were so exasperated against the Cardinal, that his Majesty saw no way to secure him from their Resentment, but by immediately sending him away under a strong Escort.

L O N D O N, August 14.
 We are informed that the greatest Part of the Corps under General ELLIOT, who distinguished himself so gallantly, are TAYLORS!— It must be confessed, that the TAYLORS have now wiped off the vulgar Imputation of Effeminacy, and shewn themselves to be brave MEN.

EPIGRAM on the foregoing PARAGRAPH.
 NINE Taylors make a Man, the Proverb says,
 But this was only in more ancient Days:
 In these our Times, invert the Rule before ye,
 The French destroy'd, proclaims the Taylor's Glory.
 His Bodkin in his Hand a Sword becomes,
 His Parchment Measures head the sounding Drums;
 His Goose becomes a Scull-Cap, wrought most rare;
 His Shreds are Feathers, waving in the Air;
 His Thimble lengthen'd, to a Musket turns;
 His Yard the Rammer, and his Courage burns;
 His Needle picks the Touch Hole; brave, not rich,
 He with his Work makes quite a thorough Stitch:
 His Heart unfolds, no Danger can him quell,
 And 'stead of Cabbage, Frenchmen sends to H-ll.
 Thus nobly arm'd, deny it he who can,
 A Taylor now becomes a complete Man.

We can assure our Readers, (says a London Print) from the nicest Observations, that there is not a Journeyman Taylor in London who has not grown all six Inches since the late Success of their Brethren in Elliot's Regiment in Germany.

It gave Pain to many Well-wishers to their Country, that Elliot's Light Horse should have tarnish'd their Country, by unnecessarily slaughtering an Enemy that sued for Quarters, such was the French Account.—Now we are credibly informed, that after the French were entirely surrounded, and saw no Probability of escaping, they gave Elliot's Regiment a general Discharge, which cost us a great Number of Men, and then threw down their Arms; let any one but Maubert say, whether the French, by exasperating those Troops to revenge their Countrymen, were not more inexcusable than we.

A disagreeable Report was spread Yesterday, that an Order of Council is sent to all the Seaports, and also to Admiral Boscawen, and all cruising Ships, not to let the Ambuscade Man of War, Captain Basset, (who is expected from the Mediterranean) come near them, but to sink her, she having an epidemical Distemper on Board. A Privateer in the Mediterranean is in the like Circumstances.

The retaking of Dillenbourg, &c.
 A Letter from an Officer in the Allied Army, dated Zierenberg, near Cassel, July 27.

The retaking Dillenbourg, which was done the 22d by the Hereditary Prince, and the whole Garrison made Prisoners of War; and the intercepting a Convoy of 300 Waggons, laden with Provision, Ammunition, &c. by Captain de Bulow, at the Head of a Detachment of Hanoverian Chasseurs near Giessen, and brought into the Camp, has distressed and straitened Marshal Broglio so much, that he was constrained to break up his Camp from Corbach the 15th. In order to conceal his Design, he detached 15,000 Men, under the Command of the Count of Luface, towards Hirschfeld and Fulda, to draw Prince Ferdinand's Attention, if possible, that Way. Another large Body he detached, under the Command of his Brother the Count de Broglio and the Count de Vere, to prevent the Junction, or else to cut Sporken's Corps off from Prince Ferdinand; and the main Army, under his own Command, marched forward a little to the Left, to make a Shew as if he intended to march towards Paderborn; but the real Drift of this Movement was to cut Prince Ferdinand off from Cassel, and to seize the principal Defiles, and the Gorge of Munden.

Prince Ferdinand no sooner had Notice of their different Motions, than he perceived immediately what they aimed at; upon which he detached directly the Hereditary Prince to facilitate the Junction, and to assist General Sporken; and himself, with the main Body of his Army, which he broke likewise up, marched towards Cassel, where they arrived; but not without their Rear being harrassed, and frequent Attempts made to fall in upon them, in which the Enemy were always repulsed with great Loss on their Side: Our Loss is but a Trifle in Comparison.

General Sporken had a more difficult Task, having been for two Days continually harrassed by the Corps under the Command of Count Broglio, and particularly in passing a very difficult narrow Defile, between Fishbach (where the Army had rested all Night under Arms) and Wolfeshagen; where he was obliged to order the Cavalry to pass round a Hill, at least two or three German Miles, before they could join him on the other Side. No sooner were the Infantry out of this Defile, than they were attacked by a large Body of the Enemy, both Horse and Foot; nevertheless we marched on fighting all the Way with our Infantry, consisting of one Battalion of Post, one Battalion of Estorf, and 400 Picquets, &c. until we came to a rising Ground, where we took Post till our Cavalry could come up; here we maintained ourselves, notwithstanding the great Inequality, for two Hours and a Half; when at last the Cavalry came up, under the Command of General Brietrbach, consisting of seven Squadrons of Hanoverians and two of Hessians, who attacked the Enemy im-

mediately in Flank, so that they were soon overthrown. The Fury of the Troops was so great, being highly enraged and exasperated, that they could not be restrained from cutting down every Thing that opposed them:—They would give no Quarter.

Upon this Occasion, the Enemy, by their own Confession, have lost 1500 Men, and three Generals, viz. Monsieur de Vere, killed by a Cannon Ball; Monf. le Comte de Belfunce slightly, and Monf. de Comoyras mortally wounded. Our Loss does not exceed 200 Men; no Officer of Note hurt; but it had almost been fatal to his Serene Highness the Hereditary Prince, upon whose Boot a large spent Ball ran up, which he caught upon his Thigh.

St. JOHN'S (in ANTIGUA) August 20.
 On Monday last a French Flag of Truce arrived from the Island of Granado, from whence she brought the Prisoners taken in a Ship bound from Bristol to Jamaica, which was carried in by four French Privateers.

August 23. The Sloop ———, Captain Blake, bound from this Port to Basseterre, in Guadaloupe, was taken by a small Privateer, which has been very troublesome on the Coast of Guadaloupe: The Privateer, was afterwards taken by the Antigua, but the Prize got clear.

A Privateer belonging to Bristol has also taken a French Privateer, and carried her to Guadaloupe. August 30. We hear from St. Christophers, that his Majesty's Ships Temple, Captain Obrian, and the Griffin, Captain Taylor, being on a Cruise to the Southward, had Intelligence of some Privateers and other Vessels that were lying in the Harbour of Granado; and it was immediately resolved to attempt to bring them away. For this Purpose his Majesty's said Ships made Sail for that Place, and having hoisted French Colours, stood into the Harbour, without Hesitation, and brought up close to the Fort. The Enemy seem'd to be effectually deceived, and did not make the least Opposition; but no sooner were the Ships brought into a proper Position than they were convinced of their Error, by the Display of English Colours, and a smart Cannonade; and at the same Time the Boats were dispatched to bring away the Vessels, which lay higher up. An Attack so sudden and so brisk, could not be withstood. The Fire of the Fort, which is a very good one, was irregular and slow; and the Enemy presently found themselves obliged to send off a Flag of Truce, with an Offer of all the Vessels in the Harbour, perceiving that those were what we aimed at. Upon this the Firing ceased, and our Boats took Possession of all the Vessels that remained, being ten in Number; and shortly after a Sloop from Coracoa brought to along-side the Temple, proud of so good a Convoy to Martinico.—One of those Prizes is arrived at St. Christophers, with a valuable Cargo, and the rest are expected there. We do not yet know what they all are, but it is said some of them are Privateers.

On Saturday last his Majesty's Ship Crescent, Captain Collingwood, arrived here with the St. Michael, a French Privateer, of 14 Guns and 112 Men. Captain Collingwood, but a little before, also took the French Privateer St. Antonio, of 8 Guns, and 80 odd Men, and sent her to Barbados.

Since our last his Majesty's Sloop Antigua, Capt. Bagster, arrived here from a Cruise, in which she has taken 2 French Privateers, of 6 Guns a-piece, and 2 Merchant Vessels; the one a French Sugar-loaded Sloop, and the other a pretended Dutch Schooner, laden with Bale Goods.

Sept. 4. It is now said that Colonel Crawford has refused the Government of Guadaloupe, and that Lieutenant-Colonel Dalrymple is appointed Governor thereof.

Sept. 10. We hear from the Leeward Islands, that considerable Damage has been done by the late South-West Winds. Some Vessels were pat-