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Nuremberg, July 1. The Prussian General Fouquet had entrenched himself in the Neighbourhood of Landshut, with so much Skill, and depended so entirely on the Bravery of his Troops, that he persisted in his Resolution of defending himself, even after he was convinced that he was not attacked by a strong Detachment, but by the whole Corps of General Count Laudohn, much superior to his own. On the other hand, the last mentioned Officer having stormed the Town of Glatz with incredible Loss, and finding the heavy Artillery come up slowly, and that the Prussians had recovered Landshut, resolved to risk every Thing, in order to make good the Promises he had made the Court of Vienna. He then sent Orders to the Generals Janus and Beck to advance with the Corps under their Command through the Passes in the Rear of the Prussian Entrenchments.

This Step taken, he marched in Person directly towards Landshut, and attacked the Redoubts in the Night between the 22d and 23d of last Month. The Prussians defended themselves with incredible Obstinacy, and having a numerous Artillery, made a dreadful Slaughter of the Austrians; notwithstanding which Count Laudohn persisted in his Attack. General Fouquet being shot through the Arm, and having received a most dangerous Wound upon the Head, ordered a Retreat. At that very Instant the Generals Janus and Beck appeared at the Back of the Prussians, by which three General Officers, and a great Number of wounded Men, were constrained to surrender Prisoners of War. A considerable Corps of Cavalry forced their Way through the Austrians, and arrived safely at Breslau; and a square Battalion of Foot, composed of the Remains of several Regiments, fought their Way through, and arrived at Schweidnitz. According to the best Accounts that can be collected, the Loss of the Prussians amounts to 14,000 Men, exclusive of the Trophies of War; and the Austrians of more than that Number killed and disabled for this Campaign. Gen. Fouquet is dead of his Wounds; and General Count Laudohn has received a Reinforcement of five Regiments of Foot, and two of Horse and Dragoons, from the Army of Count Daun.

Hannau, July 4. The French are extremely alert upon their Success at the Opening of the Campaign. They have made themselves Masters of Marbourg, and taken the Garrison, upwards of 400 Men, Prisoners of War, together with a considerable Quantity of Ammunition and Provisions. They have likewise taken Dillenburgh; and the Marshal gives out, that he will fight the Army of the Allies wherever he finds it.

Vienna, June 28. M. de Rouvroy, Lieut. Colonel of the Artillery, passed through this Capital To-day, with a Detail of the Victory gained on the 23d written with Laudohn's own Hand, and dated from Schwarzwalde the 24th. The Prisoners consist of one General of Foot, M. Fouquet, Two Major Generals, Schenckendorff and Malachowski, 3 Colonels, 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 13 Majors, 46 Captains, 47 Lieutenants, 83 Second Lieutenants, 27 Ensigns, 733 private Men, 246 Servants. Total of the Prisoners 7800. 49 Pieces of Ordnance of different Bores, 9 Haulbiters, 24 Ammunition Waggon, 34 Pair of Colours, 2 Standards, 1 Pair of Silver Kettle Drums.

Vienna, June 28. We lost no General in the Battle of Landshut; but the Generals Porczadzki, Nauendorf, and Elichthausen, were wounded. Immediately after the Battle, the Generals Wolfersdorf and Draskowitz resumed the Operations of the Siege of Glatz. They were to receive their heavy Cannon from Olmutz on the 24th; and as all Silesia is open to General Laudohn, we expect that he will successively reduce the Fortresses in these Parts.

Hamburg, July 1. The Austrians have razed almost all the Entrenchments of Landshut; and seized the large Magazine at Lowenberg destined for the Subsistence of Fouquet's Army. Frontiers of Lower Silesia, June 27. General Fouquet had only seven Battalions and fifteen Squadrons. With this handful he made a long and vigorous Resistance; but at last the Cavalry was routed in such a Manner, that it could rally no more; nevertheless the Infantry still continued valiantly to maintain the Fight till they had expended all their Powder and Ball.

The Victory must have cost the Austrians very dear, since they were obliged to drive the Prussians from five different Posts strongly entrenched. After the Action, the Town of Landshut, having discovered too much attachment to the Prussian Interest, was given up to be pillaged. Hirschberg was treated with equal Severity, being compelled to pay a Contribution of 300,000 Florins.

Dresden, June 25. Field-Marshal Daun's Camp is opposite to that of the King of Prussia. It's Right is at Golsch, it's Left at Wischdorff, and General Lascy at Laufa. The Light Troops occupy Angershoff, Kreyershoff, Moritzbourg, Reinchenberg, and the Posts beyond the Elbe, as far as within Musket-shot of the King of Prussia's advanced Posts.

The Army of the Empire is encamped on the Heights of Plauen. His Prussian Majesty has his Right at Lauterbach, and his Left extended as far as Redern, be-

hind Radebourg. The Prussian Camp is extraordinary silent. The King received the first Account of the Battle of Landshut from Daun's Army. This is a Blow from Providence which he was not prepared for; but he bears it with great Firmness. It remains to be seen, whether with all his Firmness he will find Resources to prevent or support the Consequences of such a great Reverse of Fortune.

Gorlitz, June 26. We are informed General Laudohn is sending all the Prussian Officers and Soldiers, Prisoners, into Bohemia, under a strong Guard. The Prussian Corps, before the Action of Landshut, consisted of 24,000 Men, 5000 of whom retreated to Schweidnitz and Neifs. The Austrian Army consisted of upwards of 30,000 Men, and, by their own Accounts, they lost above 4000.

LONDON, July 15. Magdeburg, July 1. By Authority. General Fouquet being informed that Gen. Laudohn was marching to him, determined to defend the Intrenchments of Landshut to the last Extremity. However, to keep up the Communication with Schweidnitz, he detached Major General Zietzen with four Battalions and two Squadrons towards Erawenstein, and Major General Grant with some Horse to another Quarter, so that he had but a small Force left.

On the 23d at Half an Hour after One in the Morning, Gen. Laudohn caused the Redoubts on the Hills of Mummelberg, Benchberg, and Blasowitz to be attacked, which were carried after being bravely defended for two Hours by five Battalions; that of Muefl particularly did Wonders. General Fouquet, having thrown himself into the Redoubts that remain'd on the Hills Kuchberg, and Galgenberg, Laudohn summoned him twice to surrender, but he constantly refused; upon which he was attacked with great Fury. Our People fought like Lions; but at last General Fouquet, who received two Wounds, was forced to surrender. Nevertheless, Part of the Infantry and the greatest Part of the Horse forced their Way through, and had the good Luck to get safe to Breslau; and Major Gen. Zietzen threw himself with his Detachment into Schweidnitz without losing a single Man. The Austrians must have lost a great Number of Men, if it be true that Count Daun has since detached five Regiments of Foot and two of Horse towards the County of Glatz.

Prince Henry's Head Quarters are still at Landsberg on the Wartha, from whence he has detached some Troops towards Pomerania. Lieutenant-Colonel Loffow having fallen upon the Rear of General Tottleben, composed of Grenadiers and Cossack, put 50 to the Sword, and made 150 Prisoners; among whom are a Major and a Lieutenant. He also took a Number of Horses and Waggon with Meal. General Fouquet received two Wounds, one a Shot through the Arm, the other a Cut in the Head: This last, it seems, has proved mortal; several Letters by this Day's Mails say that he breathed his last at Schatzlar in Bohemia. Some Letters from Hamburg advise that the Garrison of Glatz is retired into the Citadel.

Extract of a Letter from Marbourg, June 30. His Serene Highness Prince Ferdinand left the Camp of Fritzlart last Tuesday, and marched with his whole Force towards the French. After four Days March the Army reached Ziegenheim, and encamped on the Hills beyond that Town, where it still remains.

The advanced Guard having almost reached Freys, met a Party of French Hussars, with whom they had a smart Skirmish, in which some few were killed and wounded on both Sides; and soon after the advanced Guard had a full View of great Part of the French Army, upon which they immediately retreated to their own Camp, without being pursued. Hereupon the whole Army was ordered under Arms, and continued so all Night; but the French did not come forward to attack them the next Morning, as was expected.

The two Armies have ever since been encamped about eight English Miles asunder, and their respective advanced Guards are within six English Miles of each other. There have been already frequent Skirmishes between our Light Troops and the French Hussars, in which no great Advantages have hitherto been gained on either Side. As the first Motion of either Army will go near to bring on a Battle, we are daily in Expectation of hearing News from thence of the utmost Importance.

By a Letter from the Neighbourhood of the French Army in Germany, there is an Account that Baron Gratz, a Nobleman in those Parts, had at one Time quartered upon his Estate 700 Men, 30 Officers, and 60 Horses; and that if the War continues in the Empire, the Inhabitants will be entirely ruined. Yesterday General Clive was introduced to his Majesty at Kensington, with Richard Clive, Esq; his Father, and met with a most gracious Reception.

Friday last was shipped for Carolina 6000 lb. Weight of Gunpowder, and a large Quantity of Shot and other Military Stores.

The same Day 10,000 Ounces of Gold were shipped for Holland.

THE Brigantine *Hewke*, John Craig, Master, now lying at Alexandria, will take in Tobacco for Liverpool, at Twelve Pounds per Ton, with Liberty of Consignment. She is one Year old, and a prime Sailer. For Freight or Passage apply to the Master, or CARLYLE & DALTON.

A Man well recommended for the Office of Mate, will meet with good Encouragement.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tuesday next, at the House of Mr. Henry Gaffaney in Annapolis, at Five o'Clock Afternoon, A VERY likely Country-Born NEGRO BOY, about 15 Years of Age.

A. Adams

THE DRAGON, JAMES HANRICK Master, will take Tobacco from Patuxco and Patuxent Rivers, consigned Mr. SILVANUS GROVE.

Upper-Marlborough, Sept. 7, 1760. WANTED,

A PERSON qualified for a MATE, and also Two other SEAMEN, to enter on board a fine Schooner, ready to sail from Patuxent River for Montserrat. Good Encouragement will be given, by applying to Capt. John Hamer, or JOSEPH BELT, junior.

Upper-Marlborough, Sept. 7, 1760. WANTED,

A MILLER, with a good Recommendation for his Skill and Care in the Management of a Merchant-Mill; he may have the best Wages. Also a Blacksmith of good Character; he may have a Share in a Shop, with Two Workmen, or other sufficient Encouragement, from JOSEPH BELT, junior.

Baltimore-Town, September 4, 1760.

LAST April a Letter was directed for me from Philadelphia, inclosing a Bill of Exchange, drawn by Capt. Gardiner on Mr. Colcraft of London for 17 l. which was delivered to Mr. Sparling of Norfolk, who imagines he left the said Letter at Snow-Hill: I do hereby promise a Reward of Twenty Shillings to any Person who will deliver the said Letter to Mr. James Dickson of Talbot County, or to Mr. Jacques at Annapolis. The Bill will be of no Service, as Payment is stopp'd at Home.

A Quantity of choice Molasses, by the Hog-head or Barrel, very cheap. Cash for Bills of Exchange. JOHN STEVENSON.

THE Commissioners for the Town of Bladenburg, give this Public Notice, That they intend to meet at the House of Mr. Prater in Bladenburg, on Tuesday the 23d of this Instant, to dispose of all the Vacant LOTS in that Town. 1760 G. R. THOMAS CRITAM, Clerk.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons inclinable to purchase Lots in George-Town, near the Mouth of Rock-Creek, That the Commissioners are to meet in the said Town the second Tuesday in October next, in order to dispose of all such Lots that have not been improved agreeable to the Act of Assembly for laying out and erecting the said Town. 1760 7/10 S.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, in the DRAGON, Captain HANRICK, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, either by Wholesale or Retail, any Time before the Middle of October, at BALTIMORE-TOWN, AN ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS. JAMES HOUSTON.

1760 5 S. August 27, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber on Sunday last, a Convict Servant Man named John Ware, an Englishman, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, of a brown Complexion, and Stutters very much, one of his Legs has been broke, which is very crooked. He took with him, a stamp'd Cotton Jacket with small Spots, 2 or 3 coarse Shirts, two Pair of coarse Trowlers, a new Felt Hat, and may have more Cloaths with him. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and conveys him to the Subscriber in Charles County, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall receive a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows, paid by JOHN HAMILL.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Briscoe, living near Seneca in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a small Flea-bitten Grey Horse, branded on the near Buttock I, and about 12 Years old. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1760 5 R.

THERE is at the Plantation of James Cadle, at the Head of South-River, taken up as Strays, A Bay Horse about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder R. And, A small Dark Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock W. The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges. 1760 7/6 R.

THERE is at the Plantation of George Wade, living near the upper Bridge on Seneca, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Mare about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock I O, and on the off Shoulder B. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1760 5 R

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. Thomas Gantt, junior, near Bladenburg, taken up as a Stray, a small Roan Mare, branded on one of her Shoulders thus Y. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1760 5 R

THERE is in the Possession of Peter Dillo, living at Digges's Mill on Little Pipe-Creek, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Roan Mare, branded on the near Shoulder H D. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1760 5 R

THERE is at the Plantation of William Thomas, living near the Mouth of Manockasy, in Frederick County, taken up as Strays, A Dark Bay Mare, with a large Star in her Forehead, she has a little white on both her hind Feet, some Saddle Spots, and branded on the near Buttock I B. And, A Dark Bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder I M, and has some Saddle Spots. The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges. 1760 5 R

THERE is now, and has been for about two Years, at the Plantation of John Sweet, in Queen-Anne's County, a Red and White colour'd Bull; he has neither Ear-mark nor Brand. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1760 7/1 S

September 3, 1760. To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday the 20th Instant, at the Plantation where Col. Edward Sprigg formerly lived, TWO HUNDRED ACRES of very good LAND, lying in Prince-George's County, about seven Miles from Upper-Marlborough. At the same Time and Place, will be sold, a Parcel of choice Country-Born NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women and Children, for ready Bills of Exchange, or Current Money, by THOMAS SNOWDEN. N. B. The Land may be seen any Time before the Sale.

TO BE SOLD, A SERVANT MAN who has upwards of Six Years to serve, is very able and stout, and fit for any Kind of Country Business, and has had his Seafoning. He is also a very good Miller. Whoever inclines to purchase, are desired to apply to either of the Printers hercof. 2

August 16, 1760. TWENTY POUNDS REWARD. RAN away on Tuesday, the 12th Day of this last, an Infant August, from the County of Kent, upon Delaware, a certain Robert Caten, born in the said County; he is a short well built Fellow, his upper Teeth before ride over each other; he had on when he went away, a blue Coat, a cock'd Hat, and ties his Hair behind; he took with him Four Negroes, Three of which he stole, they being taken in Execution by me the Subscriber; these Three are, a Wench about 40 Years of Age, named Kate; a Girl about 9 or 10 Years old, named Sue; and a Boy about 2 1/2 Years old, named Toney; the other a young Child, in the Wench's Arms. He is supposed to have gone to the Back Woods, somewhere near Patowmack, he being acquainted there, and has a Brother living there, named Thomas Caten; he rode a Roan Mare. Any Person, who may have the Opportunity of apprehending him, and the said Negroes, are desired to take very good Care of them, as he will perhaps make fair Promises, and thereby deceive them. I would likewise inform the Public, that the Debt for which the Execution arose, was, That the said Robert Caten took, some Time ago, a free born Mulatto Woman, and sold her for a Slave; which villainous Affair he was obliged to compound, by giving a Judgment Bond, upon which the above-mentioned Execution issued; therefore People may judge what Sort of a Person he is. The above Reward shall be paid on the Delivery of the aforesaid Three Negroes, Kate, Sue and Toney, at Dover, in the County aforesaid, or in Proportion for any of them, and reasonable Charges, by THOMAS PARKE, Sheriff. 2