

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, March 13, 1760.

WANTED,

A SOBER diligent MAN, who writes a good Hand, and understands the Italian Method of Book-Keeping. Such a One may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Printers hereof.

LIKEWISE WANTED, A Person to undertake the Building a WHARF. Apply as above.

January 28, 1760.

RAN away last Night from Curtis's Creek Works, a Country-born Negro Man named Tom, about 27 Years of Age; he is a stout well made Fellow, and turns out his Toes very much. He formerly belonged to Samuel Waters in Prince-George's County. Had on when he went away a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Coats made of brass and Stockings, and a Pair of old B. or L. Leggings. Whoever brings home the said Negro, shall have Two Poles Reward, paid by

CALEB DORSEY.

WANTED,

A JOINER, who understands Cabinet and House-Work. Such a Person, who will Hire for a Year, may meet with Encouragement, by applying to JOHN FENDALL, in Charles County.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION situate in Kent County, within a Mile and a half of George-Town, upon the main Road, very convenient for either a Merchant or Tavern-keeper, having good Improvements thereon. For Terms of Sale apply to Mr. William Rafin in George-Town.

JOHN WATSON.

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB, STAY-MAKER,

Living in PORT-TOBACCO, in Charles County, MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTEEN STAYS, after the newest, best, and newest Fashion, made of the best of Goods, and works inferior to none. Any Gentlemen, by directing their Commands to him, they shall be complied with, and may be assured the Work shall not be exceeded by any Master-Stay-Maker now in Being.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of James Plant, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be paid: And all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment. JOHN FENDALL, Administrator.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship BETSY, Capt. ANDREWS, from BRISOL, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store at UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.

A LARGE Quantity of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for both Winter and Summer Season.

JOHN WELDON.

N. B. A good Price to be given for Tobacco.

To be SOLD by the Commissioners of the Paper Currency, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the 12th of March Instant, being the second Day of Anne-Arundel County Court, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of William Reynolds, in the City of Annapolis, for Paper Currency.

THE following Tracts of LAND, lying in the County aforesaid, viz. Hazard, containing 60 Acres. Head's Hall, 100 Acres. Part of Ben's Luck, 25 Acres. And, Part of Freeborn's Progress, 130 Acres.

Also, Three Lots of Land lying in the Neck-Town of the said City, with a Brick House, with two Chimneys standing thereon, on the South-West Side of Scotts-Street, late the Estate of William Cumming, deceased.

WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-Office all Persons may be supplied with this moderate Length are taken in and inserted after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

From the GLASGOW COURANT, December 10.

THE following Address having been transmitted to the Right Hon. the Earl of Holderness, one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, your Majesty's most loyal and faithful Subjects, the Ministers and Elders of the Commission of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty upon the late signal Success of the British Arms. We adore the great Ruler of the World, for the distinguished Favour he hath shown to your Majesty and your Kingdoms, in the Prosecution of a most just and necessary War. To that Spirit of Wisdom and Might, which proceeds from the LORD OF HOSTS, we ascribe those happy Efforts which have maintained our Rights in America, restrained hostile Encroachments, and extended the Territory and Commerce of the British Empire. We acknowledge the merciful Hand of GOD, in giving a Check to those barbarous and unprovoked Oppressions, which lately afflicted our fellow Protestants, your Majesty's Subjects in Germany, and in preventing the like Return of Calamities, by a Victory equally Splendid and Important. Nor can we, without a sensible Triumph, anticipate the Reflection of future Ages, that Great-Britain, under your Majesty's auspicious Reign, after vindicating and Securing her own essential Interests, extended her Protection to injured Nations, and disappointed the most powerful Confederacy that ever was formed against the Rights of Mankind.

While your Majesty's Fleets and Armies are Victorious in all Parts of the World, your Enemies feel the double Distress of Disappointment abroad, and Embarrassment at home. They are forced to fly to the last Resource, in the intended Invasion of these Kingdoms. On this Occasion, most gracious Sovereign, our Duty requires, and our particular Situation enables us to give your Majesty the most authentic Assurance, that the People of North-Britain behold with Indignation this audacious Attempt; and, to prevent the Vexation of continual Alarms, or the Miseries of actual Invasion, they humbly and dutifully wish to be put into a Condition to contribute to the Quiet and Security of their native Country.

We observe, with the most sincere Joy, that the Tenor of your Majesty's mild and paternal Reign, the many great Events of Providence which distinguish and adorn it, the wise and generous Policy, which hath been pursued, with regard to the northern Part of this Island, have produced the most visible and happy Fruits; they have broke the Force of ancient Prejudice, struck at the Root of Disaffection, united your Subjects in warm Attachment to your Majesty's Person and Government, and inspired them with Confidence in that virtuous Administration, and with Admiration of those wise and magnanimous Counsels, to which, under GOD, we owe the most valuable Blessings.

We receive it as a Proof of your pious Concern for the true Interest of your People, that your Majesty hath called us, by your Royal Authority, to offer public Thanksgivings to the GOD of Heaven for his various and unparalleled Mercies.—Duty and Inclination prompt us to cherish in the Minds of your Subjects Sentiments of Piety and Gratitude to GOD, Loyalty to the best of Sovereigns, and Zeal for the Honour and Prosperity of the British Nation.

We offer up our constant and fervent Prayers to Almighty GOD, that your Sacred Person and Royal Family may ever be happy under his Blessing and Protection, that he may continue to go forth with your Majesty's Fleets and Armies, that the

Progress of your Arms may lay the Foundation of lasting Tranquillity and real Advantage to every Part of your Dominions, may prove the Means of civilizing uncultivated Nations, and reconciling them to British Interests; and may favour the Introductions of our holy and humane Religion into the Regions of Ignorance and Cruelty.

Signed in Name, in Presence, and by Appointment of the foresaid Commission, by GEORGE KAY, Moderator.

Edinburgh, Nov. 21, 1759.

From the GLASGOW COURANT, Dec. 17.

To his Grace JOHN Duke of Bedford, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland.

The humble Address of the ROMAN CATHOLICS of the City of CORK.

May it please your Grace,

WE, his Majesty's dutiful and faithful Subjects, the Roman Catholics of the City of Cork, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Grace on the unparalleled Successes which have attended his Majesty's Arms, in the Prosecution of this just and necessary War.

We are truly sensible of his Majesty's paternal Care and Tenderness for his Kingdom of Ireland. And it is with the deepest Sense of Gratitude, we acknowledge the Protection and Indulgence we have experienced under his Majesty's mild and auspicious Reign.

With the greatest Indignation do we hear of the threatened hostile Invasion of this Kingdom, (particularly intended against these Coasts), by an Enemy, who, grown desperate from repeated Defeats, may possibly make that Attempt as a last Effort, vainly flattered with the imaginary Hope of Assistance here from the former Attachment of our deluded Predecessors. But so inconsistent are such Schemes with our Principles and Intentions, that we assure your Grace in the most solemn Manner, we will, to the utmost Exertion of our Abilities, with our Lives and Fortunes, join in the Defence and Support of his Majesty's Royal Person and Government against all Invaders whatsoever; and will be always ready to concur in such Measures, and to act such Parts in the Defence of this Kingdom in common with the rest of his Majesty's Subjects, as your Grace in your great Wisdom shall be pleased to appoint. And we think ourselves particularly happy, to be under the Direction and Command of so known an Assertor of Liberty, and so important and distinguished a Governor as your Grace.

We most earnestly wish that his Majesty's Arms may be crowned with such a Continuance of Success, as may enable him to defeat the devices of all his Enemies, and obtain a speedy and honourable Peace.

It must be a great Pleasure to all true Lovers of his Majesty's Person and Government, to find so much Loyalty among all his Subjects of this Kingdom; the Roman Catholics of Dublin as well as of Cork, have offered large Loans in Case of Necessity, to support our present happy Establishment against all our Enemies, which is the strongest Test of their Fidelity.

N A P L E S, November 7.

THE Act of Abdication made in Favour of our present Sovereign by his Catholic Majesty, is printed and published: It is said therein, among other Things, that in Failure of Heirs of King Ferdinand, our Monarch, and Male Heirs of the Princes his Brothers, the eldest Daughter of one of the latter shall succeed to the Throne of the Two Sicilies, preferable to the Male Issue of the Infant Don Philip Duke of Parma. By the said Act all the Estates acquired in Italy, under any Denomination or Title whatsoever, are ceded to King Ferdinand, and to his Issue, and to the others in Failure of the latter.

Cadix, November 7. The Remains of M. de la Clue's Squadron are taking in Provisions for two Months, and will put to Sea the first favourable Opportunity: It is, however, still watched by eight English Ships of the Line under Admiral Broderick, who anchors under our Walls without Gun-shot, but in a Place where he can easily obstruct the Sailing of the French. Next Sunday is fixed for proclaiming our new Sovereign. The English Admiral has asked of the Governor leave to come and anchor at Rota with his Squadron, to contribute to this Solemnity, which has been granted him. It is not doubted that he will still anchor without the Forts, that he may not be liable to be flopt, if the French should then demand to go out.

Lisbon, Nov. 13. The Fleet arrived from Rio de Janeiro has brought for the King's Account two Millions and a Half, and for the Merchants fourteen Millions in Gold and Silver, two Cafes fill'd with Diamonds; 17,870 Chests of Sugar, besides Tobacco, Hides, Elephants Teeth, and sundry other Goods.

Civita Vecchia, Nov. 15. Another Vessel is arrived from Portugal with 120 Jesuits.

Utrecht, Nov. 20. The People at Paris are told, that his Catholic Majesty declares himself a Mediator for Peace, not as other Powers do, but with Sword in Hand, which he is determined to turn against those who refuse to acquiesce; that his Fleets and Armies are ready to act accordingly; and as the People of England are in every Respect more miserable than those of France, it is not doubted but they will consent to a Peace, notwithstanding their Superiority in America and elsewhere.

Hague, Nov. 23. Yesterday in the Evening an Express arrived from Mr. Hatton near Munster, to Major Gen. York, his Britanic Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary, with the News, that M. d'Armentiers had advanced in order to attempt to raise the Siege of Munster, but had retired on the 20th Instant: Whereupon the Governor of the Place had desired to capitulate. This Account was confirmed this Evening from General Imhoff, with the following Circumstances: That M. d'Armentiers had attacked the Village of Abachten on the 19th at Night, and drove the Hanoverian Chefs from the Village, which, however, was soon recovered: That Dispositions having been made for attacking the French the next Morning, they retreated with Precipitation: That M. Gayton, the French Commandant at Munster, sent a Trumpet to demand Terms; which being granted him by the Count de la Lippe, he marched out of the Town on the 21st: And, that General Imhoff was to enter it on the following Day. According to Accounts received here, the two Armies remained on the 13th in the same Position as before, upon the River Lahne.

Paris, Dec. 14. Our Letters from Madrid advise, that the new King of Spain continues to augment his Forces by Sea and Land, without giving any Reasons for his so doing. In the mean Time his Catholic Majesty has appointed Mr. Wall Vice-Roy of the Kingdom of Arragon; by which Promotion that Gentleman is removed from his Majesty's Councils, where it was tho't he was not unserviceable to the English Nation, towards which he was much attach'd, having been born in Ireland, and bred up in London, where he long resided as Minister Plenipotentiary from the Court of Madrid.

Paris, Dec. 14. It appears that our intended Descent upon Great-Britain is given up, at least for this Year. All the Transports taken up for the Service are ordered to be disarmed. Those furnished from Nantes, Vannes and Villaine, will be paid to the 15th of this Month; and those from Bayonne, Rochelle, and St. Malo, to the 21st of January next.

From the Head Quarters of the Allied Army at Cressdorf, Dec. 2. A Courier arrived here this Morning with the agreeable News, that on the 30th of last Month the Hereditary Prince of Brun-