

Cassel, which he evacuated on the 13th, being about 60 British Statute Miles. Nassau (where the Duke of Holstein took, on the 17th, a whole Battalion of the Royal Grenadiers of France) is about 15 Miles on this Side of Cassel, and eight Miles from the Post-Road between that City and Marburg.

If the French Army make no Stand at Marburg, they must run about 50 Miles more to reach Frankfort or Hanau on the Mayne.

Packets arrived on Tuesday from Admiral Pocock, and the Colonels Monson and Draper, from the East-Indies, with an Account of several Advantages gained over the French in that Part of the World.

An easy effectual Method for finding the Longitude at Sea is discovered, and has been lately proved at Sea.

By Letters from Yarmouth we have an Account, that the late plentiful Harvest has already proved the following good Effect: That Beer for Shipping, which has been lately sold for 42 s. per Ton, is now no more than 38 s. and Biscuit, which this War has sold for 11. 12 s. per C. is now no more than 8 s. 3 d. per C. Wt.

The Anna-Margareta, Rossi, the Cornelius, Tasker, and the John, Dewitt, all from Holland, bound to Dunkirk, are sent into Dover by Commodore Boscawen.

The Three Sisters, Dyer, a Swedish Ship, from Hamburg to Stockholm, is taken by a Prussian Privateer, of 36 Guns, and carried into Embden.

Two Dutch Ships, Adrian Larnois, and Ourelions, Masters, one from St. Eustatia for Amsterdam, and the other from Santa Cruz for Rotterdam, are brought into Dover.

Admiral Rodney has taken out with him several Fishermen, taken upon the French Coast by his Squadron in their last Cruise. They voluntarily offered themselves as Pilots, and requested to be entered upon the Books of some of his Majesty's Ships.

September 1. Yesterday both Houses of Parliament met, pursuant to their last Prorogation, and, by Virtue of a Commission from his Majesty, were further prorogued to Thursday the 4th of October next.

It is said that a Proposal is before a certain Right Hon. Board, for assisting his Prussian Majesty forthwith with 12000 Troops, chiefly Cavalry, and that it is likely to succeed.

The Hurry in which the French left Cassel, prevented their carrying off or destroying their Magazine, which has fallen into the Hands of the Allied Army, who made upwards of 2600 Prisoners in the Neighbourhood of Cassel within the Space of three Days, including the Sick and Wounded.

The Party in Holland, which, upon the Report made by the Dutch Deputies, that they could do nothing in England, had resolved to make a Motion in the States of Holland, that England should be obliged to give a categorical Answer, and that an Augmentation should be made in the Fleet, have lowered their Tone since the Defeat of the French.

Sept. 4. Yesterday Morning an Officer belonging to one of the Bomb Ketches in Admiral Rodney's Fleet, before Havre-de-Grace, arrived in Town, and (as we hear) brings the Entrance of the Harbour, and two large Gallies that carry very heavy Metal at their Prows: That the Brilliant Man of War went in pretty close, to try what she could do with those Batteries, but had been obliged to sheer off, after receiving several Shot which went quite through her, whilst her own Guns could not reach them, or do Execution to any Purpose. So that it is presumed Mr. Rodney must come back, or try what he can do against some other Place.

Sept. 6. On Sunday her Highness the Princess Elizabeth-Caroline was taken ill at Kew, with an Inflammation in her Bowels, and on Tuesday, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, died there. Her Highness was second Daughter to the late Prince of Wales, and was born the 30th of December, 1740.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, Sept. 5. 1759. The Ladies to wear black Bombazines, Muslin or Long-lawn, Crape Hoods, Shamoy Shoes and Gloves, and Crape Fans.

Undress, dark Norwich Crape.

The Men to wear Black, without Buttons at the Sleeves and Pockets, plain Muslin or Long-lawn Cravats and Weepers, Shamoy Shoes and Gloves, Crape Hatbands, and black Swords and Buckles.

Undress, dark grey Frocks.

A private Letter from on board Admiral Rodney's Squadron, dated the 29th of August, says, that they had brought off from Havre two or three flat-bottomed Boats, which carried each four 18 Pounders; but that, notwithstanding, it was apprehended nothing of Consequence could be done there.

The French Court has entrusted the Marshal d'Etrees with discretionary Powers.

A French Officer writes to a Friend at Frankfort, "That they were forbid, under Pain of the heaviest Penalties, to give any Detail of the Affair of the 1st of August; and therefore all he could say was, that their Loss was very great, and that their Hearts still bleed, when they reflect on that unhappy Day, and the two which followed it."

It is said a Messenger is arrived, with Advice, that Prince Ferdinand has had a second Engagement with the French, and defeated them.

Letters from Cassel of the 28th past advise, that as several French Waggon, laden with Gunpowder, were passing through St. Goar on the 21st, by some unknown Accident some of the Powder took Fire, and blew up all the Waggon, and ruined the most Part of the Houses in the Town; 32 Men, Women and Children have been taken out of the Rubbish, and a great many more are missing.

Last Night a Messenger arrived with an Account, that a strong Detachment from the Allied Army had attacked a Part of the French Army (which had separated into three Parts, for the Convenience of their Retreat) and entirely defeated it.

Sept. 8. It is said, that Admiral Boscawen had the French Admiral, and two more of their largest Men of War, engaging him at once, for Half an Hour, when the Culloden Man of War got between them, and released him.

Yesterday Morning an Hanoverian Messenger arrived at Kensington from Germany, and we hear has brought an Account of several more Advantages gained by Prince Ferdinand over the French; in particular, that he had defeated a large Party of the French, above 1000 of whom laid down their Arms, and surrendered themselves Prisoners.

They write from Paris, that the intended Embarkation is said to be laid aside.

By Yesterday's Mail we have Advice, that Prince Ferdinand has continued his Pursuit of the French as far as Wetter; that Col. Hervey, at the Head of a Body of near 500 English Dragoons, fell in with a large Body of their Corps, under the Command of Fischer's Brother; that Col. Hervey, upon coming up to the Troops, and being saluted in a haughty Manner by Fischer, drew his Sword, and killed him on the Spot.

They write from Vienna, of the 22d of August, that they had received a List of the Loss of the Austrians in the late bloody Battle of the 12th past; according to which, they had 15 Officers killed, 93 wounded, and 8 were missing; 425 Soldiers killed, 1343 wounded, and 447 missing. The Whole Corps consisted of 12,000 Men.

The last Letters from Brussels, dated the 3d Instant, say, that 12 Squadrons of French Troops are marched from Dunkirk for the Rhine; and that Munster actually capitulated on the 1st Inst. to the great Sorrow of the Inhabitants, who are like to pay severely for their avowed Attachment to the French.

It is said that Col. Hervey, who severed Fischer's Head from his Body, heard him order that no Quarters should be given to the English.

The French have lost this War 21 Ships of the Line, and 30 Frigates.

De la Clue is generally supposed to have been destined for Martinico, to secure the French Settlements in the West-Indies, and not to join the Brest Fleet.

Portsmouth, Sept. 7. Yesterday arrived the Aurora and Gramont Frigates from Gibraltar, and are obliged to perform Quarantine, till an Order arrives to take it off.

We are informed that Admiral Boscawen, after the Engagement, immediately bore away for England with some Ships of his Squadron, and his Prizes, and is expected hourly here. He has left Admiral Broderick, with eleven Sail, at Gibraltar.

By the last Accounts from Admiral Rodney, he had not then done, or attempted, any Thing.

A preliminary Relation published by the Court of Berlin of the Battle of the 12th, says, their Loss was certainly great, but nothing in Comparison to that of the Enemies, amongst whom the Prussian Cavalry made such Slaughter, that for some Hours they fought in Rivers of Blood, and who, without any Exaggeration, had upwards of 10,000 slain on the Field of Battle. "Such are the Circumstances (concludes this Relation) of this Action, and we are not ashamed to expose them to the Eyes of the Public, in hopes that Divine Providence will bless the King's Arms another Time, and not permit his Majesty, whose Cause is so just, to sink under the great Superiority of his Enemies."

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) October 3. Last Night we were favoured with the following, viz.

Extra of a Letter from Saludy, dated 29th September.

"The Indian War, suspected by many, and regarded by a few as chimerical, has at last proved an Affair of the most serious Consequence; unhappily I am too well warranted to assure you, that

the whole Frontier Inhabitants, between Savannah and Saludy Rivers (which indeed make the best Frontier of this Province) have left their Habitations, and betaken themselves to Forts of their own Construction, containing 30 or 40 Men together.

"This imminent Danger has broke up some Settlements of very great Value, the Planters and Farmers having left their Plantations, and on some of them valuable Effects, to the Incursions and Ravages of the Barbarians. For the Honour of the Back Settlers be it said, that none of them left their Houses and Habitations, until Captain John Stuart informed them, on the 25th ult. that the Cherokee Indians were out to cut off the Inhabitants of Saludy, &c. that they might, by his Advice, get into Bodies, and behave like Men, without spreading the Panic."

Substance of Captain Stuart's Letter to the People on the Frontiers, dated at Keowee 25th September, referred to in the above.

"Affairs in this Nation are as bad as bad can be; the Traders are all come down, and under the Protection of our Fort, and not a Man dares lie out of it. Several Parties of the Enemy are out upon the Back Settlements, and some of them are come your Way. Make the best Use of this Intelligence, without spreading the Panic too far. Be upon your Guard, collect yourselves into Bodies, and stand like Men. The Keowee Indians seem to be our fast Friends as yet, God knows how long."

The People of Saluda, &c. have erected a Fort at Patrick Welch's, two Miles below Ninety-six, whither they are retired. Dr. Murray's Settlement, and most others that Way, are broke up. The People at the Congarces have been building a Fort for some Time past, which it is said is a Place of some Strength; they have furnished it with Ammunition, Small Arms, and Swivel Guns.

We hear Dispatches have been sent to General Stanwix, the Governors of Virginia, North-Carolina and Georgia, our faithful Allies and Friends the Catawba and Chickefaw Indians, &c. and that every vigorous Measure will be pursued to crush the alarming Evil that threatens us, before it gathers more Strength.

We are well assured that both Fort Prince George and Fort Loudoun, are well stocked with Provisions of all Kinds, sufficient for many Months; a Convoy of seventy Bullocks, &c. happily arrived at Fort Loudoun, just before the two Soldiers were scalped, which narrowly escaped a Party of Indians that were lying in wait to intercept it.

Letters from Augusta of the 23d ult. say, "a few Days ago passed by this Place, in their Way to visit Governor Ellis, and Mrs. Bosomworth, the Twin, Malatchi's Son; Fool Harry, his Uncle; the Young Lieutenant; several head Men, and others, to the Number of 50, from the Coweta Town, in the Creeks. They deny, in the strongest Manner, having any Connection with the Cherokees in their Schemes against us. We are glad to learn that Captain Stuart is gone up to the Cherokee Country; we have great Hopes from his Abilities, and from his Knowledge of Indian Affairs. The Traders are not returned from the Chactaws.—Mr. Atkin still remains at Mucculassy, under the Protection of the Wolfe King."

A List of the Towns, &c. of the Cherokee Indians, put into our Hands, makes the Number of Gun-men in the whole Nation, not to exceed 2000; some say they are 2500, others more. The nine Upper Towns, where Fort Loudoun is situated, are said to have about 500 Gun-men.

We hear that the Independent and Provincial Companies, have Orders to hold themselves in Readiness to march at an Hour's Warning, and that similar Orders have been sent to the Militia in the Back Settlements.

On Thursday last arrived here a Prize Sloop, taken by the Royal Ann and Minerva Privateers of Bermuda, off the Island of Aves, 12th August last; her Cargo is 80 Hogheads Sugar, some Coffee, &c.

October 10. We have no further Particulars from the Cherokees since our last.—We hear that Fort Loudoun is not quite so well supplied with Provisions as we then gave Reason to believe.—

On Thursday last his Excellency the Governor declared his Intentions of going in Person at the Head of the Forces to be employed against the perfidious Savages. The same Day the General Assembly met, and is now sitting. We hear 1500 of the Militia are to be employed, and that such of them as are to be raised in the Back Settlements, are in actual Readiness. Last Week Advices were received that Richard Smith, with the Goods mentioned in this Paper of 1st August last, as about to be

be sent from Virginia set off from immediately issued to prevent our

B O S

Saturday last, were brought to near No. 4, one of and was a Serjeant was stationed at tachment of said ago to St. John's. and says he is a t, and came o and a Half ago, which he was a S left St. John's t Place there was upon an Intrench of Monsieur Bour Distance from St vanced Post upon Island, guarded b had but about 40 to 12 and 18 Pou dows; about 18 c they had 7 Barks 6 to 8 Guns: Th ed with Provision the aforesaid Post Canadians; and Troops at all.

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