

They write from Dunkirk of the 4th Instant, that the 1st Battalion of the 1st Regiment of Foot Guards, and the 2nd Battalion of the 1st Regiment of Foot Guards, are ready to take all Requisites; that a new Battery is erected to the right of their Citadel, which mounted 36 Pieces of Cannon; and that 256 Guns, from 8 to 48 Pounders, are to be placed on the In and Out-Works at Fortification, and on the flat bottomed Boats on board which they expect daily an Embarquement will be made.

Letters from Civita Vecchia, of the 21st ultimo, inform that they had an Account from some English Captains, who were arrived there, that Admiral Boscawen had got together a great Number of Ships, by which it was conjectured that he intended soon to make a Descent on the Coast of France.

They write from Toulon, that the Crews of the 12 Men of War belonging to the Squadron were all sent to encamp on Shore.

Yesterday came Advice that Monsieur Thourat, Commander of the Marshal Belleisle Privateers, had found Means to get out of Dunkirk with 4 Frigates, and 1500 Men; this News being brought to Commodore Boys, he immediately sailed with the Downs with the Dover, Solebay, North and Alarm, and steered to the Northward, in Course a Cutter informed him Thourat was yesterday several Expresses were sent to the Ships on different Parts of the Coast; it is supposed on Account of Thourat's sailing from Dunkirk.

They write from Brunswick, that the following is the State of the French Armies is handed about there; under the Command of Marshal Contades, 77110 Men; under the Duke de Broglie, 18920; under the Marquis d'Armentiers, 19100; Total 115130; which 21860 are Horse and Dragoons; 70250 are Foot; 3120 Artillerists, and 10900 Light Horse. These, they have also a Body of 11000 Saxons.

August 14. We hear for certain, that a Commission is making out to appoint the Marquis of Boscawen General and Commander in Chief of all British Forces under the Command of his Serene Highness Prince Ferdinand, in the Room of Lord George Sackville.

Letter from Hanover, of the 5th says, a 2d Regiment was arrived, which left Minden on the 4th, at which Time the Prisoners amounted to 3000. There were in Minden, when it surrendered, 2500 regular Troops, about 300 light Troops, and upwards of 2000 wounded. General Boscawen writes, that the Quantity of Baggage, Ammunition, and warlike Stores, found in that Town, almost incredible. What renders the Loss of the French more considerable, is the Death of the Comte de Conde and of the Count de St. Germain, who were buried at Minden with all the Honours of War. Among the Prisoners they reckon three Lieut. Generals, four Major Generals (Marechaux de Camp) nine Colonels, and many other Officers of different Ranks.

This Letter from Hanover adds, that a French Officer, whose Name is not mentioned, being cut from the Army in the Evening of the 2d, crossed the Weser in the Night, with a Body of 12 or 1300 Men, without having Subsistence for one Day; and that they were impatient to know what would become of this Body, whose Junction with the rest of the French Army, Prince Ferdinand was endeavouring to prevent.

August 15. There is Advice, that the Remains of the French Army have reached Cassel.

This Day was held at Kensington, a Chapter of Garter, at which his Serene Highness Prince Ferdinand, was elected a Knight of that most Noble Order.

Abstract of a Letter from an Officer in Commodore Boys's Fleet, off Dunkirk, dated August 10, at seven in the Evening.

The Marshal Belleisle, and 4 other Frigates, got out this Afternoon into the Road. We expect the Mortification to lie and look at them, but not come near them for the Sands; their Names, Number of Guns, as follow, viz. the Marshal Belleisle 46 Guns, the Begon 40, the Blonde 36, the Terpsichore 23, and the Amaranthe of 18 Guns.

By the above Letter and from other Advices, it appears, that all the Accounts of M. Thourat's sailing for Scotland, were premature.

Other Letters from France say, that Thourat only 1500 Land Forces with him, and that he intended to get Intelligence and to make a Trial, which would be of the last Importance; that the

Regiments at Valenciennes, and the other Towns of Flanders, were ordered to dispose of their Equipages by the 12th of this Month, and nevertheless to hold themselves ready to encamp; that all the Garrisons of the more distant Towns in Flanders were to be ready to take the Field by the first Instant, and that the Regiments destined to act are all complete. [*Cologne Gazette.*]

Letters from Leipzig of the 5th Instant say, that that City was summoned that Day by the Austrians to surrender, and that the Capitulation was agreed to at Noon. Amongst other Articles it was stipulated, that the Hall and Ranstadt Gates should be delivered up to the Austrians; and the Prussians were to march away the next Day.

Preparations are already making for embarking some Troops for Germany, with a Train of Artillery, Ammunition, and a large Draught from the Train of Artillery; all which will sail in a few Days.

Monday a French Lady was brought to Town from some Part of Kent, in a Post-chaise: She is said to be a Spy, and that some of her Letters have been intercepted.

August 16. A public Censure has been passed on the Conduct of a General Officer commanding abroad, unheard (as we are assured) in his own Defence. He has resigned that Command; and his Return to his Country will soon be the Consequence: Let him be heard, and the Impartiality of the British Nation will judge from Facts of the Justice or Severity of this Censure.

According to some Accounts by the last Dutch Mail, Berlin is safe; the King of Prussia having made haste enough to put the Russians upon thinking how they may best avoid a Battle with him.

News is just arrived that Commodore Boys got Time enough off of Dunkirk to prevent Monsieur Thourat from getting out; and that he was in Sight of him, but by the Sands prevented from getting at him.

We are assured that besides the blue Ribbon, Prince Ferdinand will receive a Present of 20,000*l.*

Kensington, August 10. His Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to approve of JAMES HAMILTON, Esq; to be Deputy or Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Pennsylvania, upon the Appointment of Thomas and Richard Penn, Esquires, Proprietaries of that Province.

Portsmouth, August 14. Monday Morning, his Majesty's Ship Foudroyant, Captain Tyrrell, sailed for St. Helens, and waited there at Anchor for the Victuallers for the Fleet; and on Tuesday Morning they joined Capt. Tyrrell at St. Helens, and sailed for the Bay with a fair Wind.

BOSTON, October 1.

By the Courier which came in last Saturday from Albany we have Accounts, that the Enemy have four Vessels on Lake Champlain, and that they have appeared near the Otter River: That the French have drove Pickets in the Water from both Shores near the Isle au Noix, and placed a floating Battery betwixt, in the Eastern Channel. By Means hereof the Enemy are at present superior on the Lake; but, by the Works carrying on, it is hoped we shall soon be an Overmatch for them there: That every Thing is carried on with the utmost Vigour and Spirit, but the late heavy Rains which have fallen about the Camp, have retarded our Works, but that our People, however, continue healthy.

We also hear from Albany, that Major Rogers was gone out on a Scout with 250 Men, and that two Days after he set off one Captain Williams, of the Regulars, who went out with Rogers's Party, by some Accident his Gun went off, and tore his Hand and Arm in such a Manner, that he, with four or five Men returned back to Crown-Point, which was the last Account they had received from Rogers when the Courier left Albany, which was last Tuesday.

NEW-YORK, October 8.

By the Thursday's Post from Albany, we learn, that Advice was received from Quebec, at Crown-Point, that the 27th of August, Admiral Holmes, with Six Ships of the Line, Two of Twenty, and Three Cats, were 30 Miles above the Town; and that Colonel Murray, with the 1500 Men under his Command, were 20 Miles above the City, and had repulsed several Parties of the Enemy that endeavoured to surround them.

Our last and best Accounts from Niagara, by Yesterday's Post from Above, are, that the Western Indians were continually coming in, and suing for Peace, and that they were also bringing in great Quantities of Furs, &c. Also, that the Situation of Affairs at Crown-Point was such as every hearty

Englishman could wish, that all the Vessels on the Lake were ready to take their Requisites, and the Whole on the Point of going straight forth.

Wednesday Night last, we had a violent Storm at S. E. attended with a very high Tide, which overflowed many of the Cellars on the Wharfs, in so much that several Hundred Pounds Worth of Sugar were lost thereby. A Brig that lay at the Watering Place, Capt. —, bound to Jamaica, and some other Vessels that lay at Sandy-Hook, bound out, were drove ashore; and we hear the Wharfs at Staten-Island received some Damage also.

Friday Night last the Ship Prince Ferdinand, Hugh M'Quoid, Commander, arrived here in 7 Weeks from Liverpool, but last from Belfast. The 10th of September, in Lat. 41, Long. 46, he saw the Wreck of a Schooner; she had a white Bottom, her Masts were standing, and she lay on her Broad-side.

The same Day returned into Port from but indifferent Cruizes, the Privateer Ship Oliver Cromwell, Capt. Nicoll, and Sloop Belle-Ile, Captain Sears.

Captain Koffler, late of the General Amherst, came to Town since our last: He says the Ship he was taken by was the Hector, of 60 Guns, belonging to Monsieur Bompar's Squadron: The Lieutenant of which Vessel informed him; That the said Ship had taken off Cape Coast Castle, on the Coast of Africa, the Privateer Brig Prince of Orange, Captain Thomas, of this Port, who has been long missing; that they burnt the Privateer, and sent some Part of the Crew to Old France.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.

Abstract of a Letter from Pittsburgh, September 24.

"It is now near a Month since the Army has been employed in erecting a most formidable Fortification; such a One as will, to latest Posterity, secure the British Empire on the Ohio. There is no Need to enumerate the Abilities of the chief Engineer, nor the Spirit shewn by the Troops, in executing this important Task; the Fort will soon be a lasting Monument of both.—Upon the General's Arrival about 400 Indians, of different Nations, came to confirm the Peace with the English; particularly the Tawas and Wyandotts, who inhabit about Fort D'Etroit; these confessed the Errors they had been led into by the Perfidy of the French; shewed the deepest Contrition for their past Conduct; and promised not only to remain fast Friends to the English, but to assist us in distressing the common Enemy, whenever we should call on them to do it. And all the Nations that have been at Variance with the English, said they would deliver up what Prisoners they had in their Hands to the General, at a grand Meeting that is to be held in about three Weeks. As soon as the Congress was ended, the Head of each Nation presented the Calamut of Peace to the General, and shewed every other Token of Sincerity that could be expected, which their Surrender of the Prisoners will confirm. In this, as in every thing that can secure the lasting Peace and Happiness of these Colonies, the General is indefatigable."

Mr. HAMILTON, we hear, was to sail for New-York in the Mercury Man of War, about the 25th of August.

The Catherine, Captain Wells, from this Port for Barbados, is taken, and carried into Martinico.

ANNAPOLIS, October 18.

Last Night we received, by the Way of Philadelphia, a Copy of a Supplement to the *New-York Mercury*, dated October 11th, 1759, containing the following interesting and important Account; the Particulars of which we expect to give our Readers next Week:

"Louisburg, October 24, 1759.

"YESTERDAY a Vessel arrived at this Place from QUEBEC, which brings us the agreeable News of the Fall of that Place the 17th of last Month. The only Letter is from Captain Brea, of the *Princess Amelia*, who says, that on the 13th, as General WOLFE landed on the North Side above the Town, that *Montcalm* opposed him, when a most bloody Engagement commenced, in which poor General Wolfe was killed, much lamented, but he died gloriously, and, I think, rather to be envied than pitied. General *Monckton* is wounded through the Lungs. Capt. *Millbanks*, of *Bragg's*, killed. Lieutenant *Seymour*, of ditto, Colonels *Fletcher*, *Burry*, and *Carlton*, wounded. Major *Spittle*, Captain *Cosman*, and his Officers, and many Others, wounded. In all, on our Side, above 500.—On that of the French, *Montcalm* and *Levy* both killed. The Third in Command taken Prisoner, and the Fourth killed. In all

about 1600. We pursued them to their Sally Ports. Brigadier *Townsend*, the then Commander, made a Battery within 300 Yards of the Citadel, and by the 16th it was finished. The 17th he summoned the Town to surrender, and in Case of a Refusal, they should have no Quarters; when they immediately sent him a *Carte Blanche*. This is all I know."

This Moment came to Hand another Letter, which was brought by Capt. *Williams*, in the *Brig Sea-Flower*, to *New-York*, the 11th of *October*, in the Evening, in 9 Days from *Louisburg*; which corresponds with that already inserted.

On the 7th of this Instant, *Matthew Drugan* was executed at *Chester-Town*, pursuant to his Sentence, for the Murder of his Wife. He died penitent.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Entered, NONE. Cleared for Departure.

Ship *Cato*, Walter *Montgomerie*, for London; *Snow Maryland Merchant*, Thomas *Spencer*, for *Biddeford*.

October 18, 1759.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. *William Hamilton*, late of *Queen-Anne-Town*, in *Prince-George's* County, Merchant, deceased, are desired to make speedy Payment: And those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be settled and adjusted: For which Purpose, Attendance will be given at the aforesaid Town by *David Craufurd* (who is empowered to receive the same) every Wednesday, from this Time to the first Day of *December* next. And those whose Accounts are then unpaid, may depend that Suits will be brought against them, by

MARTHA HAMILTON, Administratrix.

To be SOLD by the Commissioners of the Paper-Currency, at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the House of Mr. *William Reynolds*, in Annapolis, on Wednesday the 13th of November, being the second Day of *Anne-Arundel* County Court, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon.

THREE LOTS, with a Brick Dwelling-House standing thereon, on the South West Side of *Scotts-Street*, in that Part of the said City called the *New-Town*, late the Estate of *William Cumming*, Esq; deceased, for Current Paper Money.

IF Mr. *Ralph Remington* be living, he may hear of a considerable Legacy being left to him in England, by applying to *John Jones* in Hampton.

TO BE SOLD,

TRACT of LAND, lying in *Frederick* County, called *Part of Discovery*, containing Two Hundred and Sixty Eight Acres.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of Captain *Alexander Beall*, deceased, for Negroes sold belonging to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment: And those who have any Demands, are requested to bring them in, that they may be settled, by *SARAH BEALL*, Administratrix, or *PETER BUTLER*, in *Frederick-Town*, Attorney in Fact.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Charles* County, a Convict Servant Man, named *George Goulden*, about 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, of a blackish Complexion, has a large Scar on one of his Arms which reaches from above his Elbow to his Wrist, and wears his own Hair. He had on and took with him, a light colour'd Coat with plain Metal Buttons, a brown Great Coat, a brown Holland Jacket, a Pair of dark colour'd Cloth Breeches, a pretty good Felt Hat, Shoes and Stockings, old Boots, with a Patch on one Side of one of them, a good white Shirt, a large cloudy colour'd Silk Handkerchief, and white Yarn Stockings. He pretends to be a Farrier and Physician, and is supposed to have some Money with him. He took a small Bay Mare, and a Hunting Saddle almost new.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Forty Shillings, besides what the Law allows, paid by

JAMES SMITH.

THIS