

are to give Notice to all Gentlemen, and Others, that have Occasion to bid from the Southward, on the 1st of September, on the *Maryland*. That the Subscriber opened her own House in *Frederick's* Ferry, for a Tavern; where Friends will be pleased to continue, and they may depend on gentle and good Usage, from
Their humble Servant,
SARAH FLYNN.

ay from the Ship *Cath*, lying at Anchor on the 1st of September, Two Sea-men, *John Bigwood*, a young Man, born speaks pretty good *English*, of low stature, pitted, large Eyes, which look as if started, and wears his own black coat, clothed in Sailor's Dress; And, *Low*, an *Englishman*, of middling Stature, complexion, smooth Face, and talks a Had on a green Jacket and Trowsers; supposed to be gone to *Virginia* in a Ship, to *William Holland*. Takes them up, and returns them to *Annapolis*, shall have a Guinea Reward, paid by Mr. *Robert Swan*, or the *WALTER MONTGOMERIE*.

TO BE SOLD,
A Tract of Land, called *Frenchman's*, containing 2434 Acres, lying near *Marb's-Creek*, whereon is good Meadow-Ground, and two very good Farms. For Title and Terms apply to *Sam Sparks*, living near the said Land. A Tract of Land called *White-Oak Levels*, 78 Acres, lying on *Cenococheague*, adjacent to *Jaac Baker's* Land, well Timber'd, with some good Meadow-Ground, RICHARD BROOKE, Excutor of ISAAC BROOKE, Or, SAMUEL BEALL, junior.

ay about the 25th of *June*, from the *iber* in *Fairfax* County, *Virginia*, a *stry-born* Negro Boy, named *Davy*, years of Age, has a Scar near his left Ear, and is very ready in his Reason, on an old blue Cotton Coat and Waistcoat, leather Breeches: The Coat had plain Buttons, the Waistcoat Horn. brings home the said Negro, or secures his Goal, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, reasonable Charges, paid by *G. W. FAIRFAX*.

LD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
the 13th of *November* next, at *11* William Brown, in *London-Town*, the Tracts of *LAND*, belonging to the *William Peele*, deceased,

TRACT called *Symson's* Stones, containing 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Wilmington*.

TRACT called *Batchelor's* Choice, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Street, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, formerly belonging to *Jane Gray*, called *Maiden's*.

TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing 100 Acres.

TRACT called *Mitchell's* Addition, containing 100 Acres.

TRACT called *Paddington's* Harbour, containing 100 Acres.

3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another near *London-Town*. The late Mr. *Peele's* Dwelling-House, and other Improvements, in *London-Town*, and unimproved Lots lying contiguous, who have any Demands against the said Tracts, are desired to bring them in: And to Purchase the above Lands, may be had on the Tide and Terms of Sale, by *JAMES MOVAT*, *JAMES DICK*, *JAMES NICHOLSON*, Executors.

IND, at the PRINTING-Office, supplied with this *GAZETTE*, are taken in and inserted in proportion for long Advertisements.

THE [Numb. 753.]
MARTLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, October 11, 1759.

The Ship *SWIFT*, a Letter of Marque of 20 Guns, Captain *GEORGE RYDER*, arrived at *Boston* the 21st of September, in 25 Days from *London*, and brought the following important Advices, viz. From the LONDON GAZETTE.

WHITEHALL, August 7.
Extract of a Letter from *Andrew Mitchell*, Esq; his Majesty's Minister to the King of Prussia, to the Right Honourable the Earl of *Holdernesse*, dated from his Prussian Majesty's Camp at *Schmottseffen*, July 24.

THIS Night, after Nine o'Clock, M. *Michel* acquainted me, by the King of Prussia's Order, that a few Hours ago an Aid de Camp was arrived from *General Wedel*, who now commands the Prussian Army against the Russians, with the following Account of an Action that happened Yesterday Morning between the two Armies.

The Russians, who were encamped in Sight of the Prussians, near *Zullichau*, began to march towards *Crossen*, and *General Wedel* thought proper to attack them upon their March, which he did with great Success, having, it is reckoned, killed 7000 upon the Spot, with very little Loss on his Side (it is said 300 killed, and 500 wounded). *Lieutenant General Schurlemer*, at the Head of the Prussian Cavalry, distinguished himself very much, and made great Slaughter of the Enemy. I do not hear of the Loss of any General Officer on the Side of the Prussians, except *Major-General Wapernow*, who was killed in the Action. These are all the Particulars that are yet known of this Affair.

From the LONDON GAZETTE Extraordinary. Whitehall, August 8.

THIS Morning Mr. *Roworth*, one of his Majesty's Messengers, arrived at the Earl of *Holdernesse's* Office, with the following Letters from *Major-General Yorke*, his Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at the Hague.

Copy of a Letter from *Major-General Yorke* to the Earl of *Holdernesse*, dated Hague, August 6, 1759; One o'Clock after Midnight.

My LORD,
I MAY now with your Lordship's Joy, as I do from the Bottom of my Heart, of the glorious Victory obtained by *Prince Ferdinand* over the French on the First Instant, *Captain Ligonier*, and *M. Estorf* who are dispatched by his Serene Highness to his Majesty, have taken the Rout from *Utrecht* to *Helvoet*, without taking this in their Way; so that I can only send your Lordship a Copy of *Captain Ligonier's* Letter, by a Schevening Boat, as it may perhaps get over, when the Packet Boat cannot; and I have charged the Messenger to make the best of his Way. As these Gentlemen have favoured me with no Detail, I am unable to send none; but we have received an Express from *Cleves* To-day, with an Account that a French Courier was gone through there with the News, *Que Mons. de Contades* s'roit totalement battu; That *Mons. de Contades* was totally defeated; and the Dispositions making by the Enemy along the Rhine, are an ample Confirmation of this great Event, with which it has pleased the Almighty to bless his Majesty's Arms.

May I presume, with all Humility, to lay myself at the King's Feet, with my most dutiful Congratulations upon this glorious News. His Majesty has not a Subject who is happier upon this Occasion, than he who has the Honour to be, with the greatest Respect, my Lord, your Lordship's most obedient humble Servant.

J. YORKE.

Copy of a Letter from *Captain Ligonier*, to *Major-General Yorke*.

SIR,
Utrecht, August 5, 1759.
ADJUTANT *General Estorf*, and I, being sent, by Order of *Prince Ferdinand*, to give his Majesty an Account of the Success of the Allies

the first Instant, we beg you would be pleased to send an Order to *Helvoet*, for us to have an extraordinary Packet Boat at our Arrival there. A Courier, who set out before us, and took his Rout by *Osnabrug*, we imagine must be arrived in England, or at least set Sail for it. Our Orders were to pass through *East-Prize*, by which considerable Detour, we are prevented bringing the first Account of the Victory, so must content ourselves with confirming it. *Broglio's* Corps joined Contades the Day before the Battle, the Particulars of which will be sent you in a few Days. Our Loss is very small, considering the whole first Line was engaged. As we set out from this Place immediately, I desire you will send us your Order for the Packet Boat with the utmost Expedition. I beg Pardon for this Liberty, and am, with the utmost Respect, &c.

B. LIGONIER, Aid De Camp to *Prince Ferdinand*.

[End Gaz. Extra.]
From the LONDON GAZETTE of August 11. *Prince Ferdinand's* Head Quarters at *Minden*, Aug. 4.

On the 27th in the Evening, the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick marched with 6000 Men towards *Lubeke*, and, in the Morning of the 28th, dislodged the Enemy, who occupied this Pass. The 29th he marched to *Rimsel*, where he was joined by *General Drees* from *Osnabrug*. The Hereditary Prince then advanced the 30th towards *Hervord*, and on the 31st posted himself at *Kirchliniger* which was in the Road of the Enemy's Convoys coming from *Paderborn*. *Prince Ferdinand*, with the Grand Army, made a short March on the 29th, on his Right towards *Halle*; *General Wangenheim* remaining with a Body of Troops in the Camp of *Thornhausen*. Some Battalions of Grenadiers, with the light Troops, were left on the right Side of the *Weser*, to observe the Army under the Duke of *Broglio*. It was soon observed, that they were not inattentive to these Dispositions. In Effect, *Marshal Contades* came to attack us on the 1st of August. The Battle began at five in the Morning, and ended by the Retreat of the Enemy about Noon. They attacked *General Wangenheim* briskly, without making the least Impression on him. *Prince Ferdinand* came up instantly with the main Body of the Army; and the Heat of the Action was then turned upon our Right. The British Infantry, who were there, as well as the Hanoverian Guards, performed Wonders. Every Regiment that was engaged, distinguished itself highly, and not a Platoon in the whole Army gave way one single Step during the whole Action.

The Particulars thereof cannot yet be given. A considerable Number of Prisoners have been taken, among which are the *Comte de Hutzelbourg*, and the *Marquis de Monti Marechaux* de Camp; and *M. de Vogue*, Colonel; and many other Persons of Distinction. The *Prince de Camille* is among the Slain. Twenty-five Pieces of Cannon, 10 Pair of Colours, and 7 Stands having been taken. *M. de Contades* passed the *Weser* in the Night between the 1st and 2d, and gave Orders for burning the Bridges. *Prince Ferdinand* entered the Town of *Minden* on the 2d at Noon, the Garrison having surrendered themselves Prisoners of War. The Enemy took the Rout of *Hesse*. They burn and pillage all the Towns and Villages upon quitting them. The same Day an Engagement happened between the Hereditary Prince and *M. de Briisac*, of which the following is a Relation:

Coveldt, August 2. The Body of Troops under the Command of the Duke de *Briisac*, encamped on the 31st of July at Night, with their Left to the Village of *Coveldt*, their Front to the *Werra*, and their Right towards the Salt Pits. That Body was judged to consist of 7 or 8000 Men. Their Position was inattacking in Front, and there was no other Way to come at them, but by surrounding their Left; for which Purpose the following Dispo-

sitions were made. Three Attacks were formed, all of which were to depend on the Success of that on the Right. The Troops destined for that Attack consisted of a Battalion of *Diepenbroeck*, 2 of the Brunswick Guards, 200 Volunteers, and four Squadrons of *Bock* Dragoons; the four Battalions of old *Zastrow*, *Bohr*, *Bock*, and *Canitz*, and 1 Squadron of *Charles Breitenbach*, with all the heavy Cannon, composed the Center; the Left was formed of 3 Battalions, *Bock*, *Drees*, and *Zastrow*, and of four Squadrons of *Buich*. The Troops of the Center were designed to keep the Enemy at Bay, whilst those of the Right should surround their Left; those of our Left were to march to the Bridge near the Salt Pits, in order to prevent the Enemy's Retreat to *Minden*.

The Hereditary Prince marched with the Right; *Count Keilmansegg* was in the Center; and *M. de Drees* and *M. de Bock* brought up the Left. We set out at three o'Clock in the Morning from our Camp at *Quetnam*. The Enemy, on their Part, likewise intended to attack us; as soon as *Count Keilmansegg* had come out of the Defile of *Beck*, the Enemy presented themselves before him; and a Cannonade began on both Sides. The Right was to pass the *Werra*, in order to turn the Enemy's Left, and the Village of *Kirchliniger*, upon a very narrow Bridge. This Difficulty however was in some Measure removed by the Spirit of the Troops, the Infantry fording the River partly behind the Horsemen, and partly in Peasants Wag-

gons. By the Passage of the *Werra*, the Position of the Enemy was entirely changed; the Fire of the Artillery was brisk on both Sides, and lasted for two Hours, though ours had always the Superiority. At last, finding themselves entirely surrounded, they had no other Resource but in Flight. Five Pieces of the Enemy's Cannon, with their Baggage, are in our Hands. The Number of Prisoners taken is not exactly known, but we believe there are five Officers among them. *Lieutenant General Keilmansegg* deserves the highest Commendations. *M. Otte*, Colonel of old *Zastrow's*, distinguished himself greatly at the Head of his Regiment, and repulsed the Enemy's Cavalry, that fell upon him; with considerable Loss. Our Loss is very slight. *Capt. Wegner* of the Artillery is wounded in the Leg; to him, and to *Maj. Storck*, is owing the good Service we had from the Artillery.

The following List has been received of the Killed and Wounded in his Majesty's 6 Regiments of British Infantry, and Artillery, in the above-mentioned Battle of *Thornhausen*. Killed, three Captains, 7 Lieutenants, 1 Ensign, 11 Sergeants, 1 Drummer, and 279 Rank and File. Wounded, *Lieutenant Colonel* 3, Captains 23, Lieutenants 28, Ensigns 11, Sergeants 41, Drummers 11, and 419 Rank and File. Dead of their Wounds, 1 Captain, and 1 Lieutenant. [End of the Gazette.]

Prague, July 31. *Marshal Daun* being informed that *Prince Henry* was marching by *Lusatia* with 17,000 Men to join the King of Prussia, removed his Army on the 19th from *Mark-Lissa* to *Lauben*; and at the same Time sent Orders to *General Haddick* to march with his Forces under his Command to *Gabel*. By this new Position, *Marshal Daun* effectually prevents *Prince Henry's* Junction with the King. A Battle in a few Days seems inevitable. His Prussian Majesty's Army doth not exceed 50,000 Men, exclusive of the Corps under *General Foquet*, which may amount to 12 or 15,000 more.

Brussels, July 31. They write from the Army of *Marshal Daun*, that *Count Emerick Eltethan* had like to have taken the King of Prussia with his Escort, as that Prince was advancing so reconnoitre our Camp. The Ambush started up a Moment too soon. The Monarch was excellently mounted: The Hussars followed him in vain, and returned