

complete by the Beginning of March next; and that it was conjectured that his Sardinian Majesty would soon lay claim to some Part of the Milanese. By the Holland Mail, which arrived here Yesterday, there is an Account, that three Spanish Men of War are lost on the Coast of Africa, and all the People perished except 435, who were made Slaves by the Saleines. These Men of War had been cruising in the Mediterranean for the Protection of their Trade.

We learn from Vienna, that a Courier was arrived there from Italy, with an Account that the Troops of the King of Sardinia were in Motion, and that 10,000 Austrians had received Orders to march immediately for that Country, to oppose their Designs.

We hear that a new Convention between his Majesty and the King of Prussia was concluded, and signed at London on the 7th of last Month.

And that a new Treaty between his Majesty and the Landgrave of Hesse-Cassel was concluded, and signed at London on Friday the 19th Instant.

We hear that by the new Treaty with the Landgrave of Hesse, the Number of Hessian Troops in British Pay is to be augmented next Campaign from the Number of 12000 to 19012 effective Men.

We hear that the Defence Man of War is under Billings Orders, to take under her Convoy, some Transports for Ireland, which are to take on board 200 Land Forces that are to be sent to the East-Indies.

Feb. 3. The Spanish Mail, which arrived this Day, brings an Account, that there was a strong Report at Coruna, that the French were marching 10,000 Men towards the Frontiers of Spain, and that the Spaniards were fitting out a Fleet of Ships at Cadix, in order to join the English.

They write from Paris, that the Troops of the French King's Household, have received Orders to hold themselves in Readiness to march on a Minute's Warning for the Lower Rhine, and that the Campaign will be opened early in the Spring.

The People of Marseilles complain, that their Commerce declines exceedingly, and that, if the War continues, they must be absolutely undone; Proof of which they have annexed an Account of the Ships arrived in their Ports in the Years 1757 and 1758, by which it appears that the former exceeded the latter by 917.

We are well informed, that the late Earl Marshal, eldest Brother to the late General Keith, and who has been abroad ever since the Year 1715, has obtained the King's Pardon, on the Intercession of the King of Prussia, and will soon return home.

A Sloop of War, it is said, will sail in a few Days, with fresh Instructions for Commodore Keppel, regarding his future Operations on the African Coast. They write from Hanover, of the 23d ult. that the preceding Sunday more than an hundred Expresses were dispatched to the different Bailiwicks, and the Magistrates of the Cities, and Towns, to press all the young Men at once, without Distinction; they are not to serve in the Light Troops, but in the Regulars.

Our last Letters from Genoa, insinuate, that the Court of Spain has taken Umbrage at the military Preparations in France, and particularly those of Catalonia; to which it is thought they are drawing a Body of Troops which very possibly may be embarked for Italy, which it is believed the Spaniards could consider as a Declaration of War, and take their Measures accordingly.

The India Company has received Advice of the Death of Commodore Stephens with Admiral Cock, whose Forces are greatly superior to the French.

Feb. 10. His Majesty has been pleased to promote and appoint Lieutenant Colonel William Newton, of the 2d Battalion of Lord Forbes's Regiment, to be Governor of the Island of Guernsey.

By a Portuguese Ship arrived at Cork from Portugal we hear, that a few Days before her Arrival there, in Lat. 47, 100 Portuguese to the Westward of Cape Clear, fell in with five French Men of War, and five Transports, bound from Brest; that she was brought to by a 40 Gun Ship, and detained four Hours, before they would suffer her to proceed on her Voyage.

Feb. 13. We hear that the Governor of Newcastle, (late Lord Marshal of Scotland) is shortly expected here, in his Way round about to Madrid, either he is going with the Character of Ambassador from his Prussian Majesty.

Admiral Bowen's Flag is ordered to be hoisted on board the Namur, of 90 Guns, at Portsmouth.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, Feb. 11. Our Artificers in the Dock-Yard are very busy

in fitting out another large Fleet, which we doubt not will be sent to Spithead the Beginning of March.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, Feb. 11. The Squadron for America, under the Command of Rear-Admiral Holmes, has been expecting a Wind a great while; it consists of the Somerset, Terrible, Northumberland, Royal William, Trident, Diana, and Seahorse.

The Squadron that will follow these Ships, and be under the Command of Rear-Admiral Saunders, will be soon ready, waiting only the Admiral's Arrival, and consists of the Neptunes of 90 Guns, Newark, Warspite, Intrepide, Alcide, Shrewsbury, Striding-Castle, Orford, Medway, Vestal, Trent, and Barus.

There are already at Louisbourg and Halifax the Princess Amelia, Burford, Captain, Devonshire, Vanguard, Bedford, Prince Frederick, Prince of Orange, Windsor, Centurion, Sutherland, Arundel, Scarborough, Kennington, Penguin, Hind, Portmahon, Squirrel, and Success.

Captain Cornish is to have the Command in the East-Indies as a Commodore, and is to go in the Lenox.

Remain the Admirals Holbome and Holmes. This Day Gen. Townshend set out for Portsmouth, to embark there on the Expedition.

As did Gen. Wolfe, to go to Cape-Bréton. St. JOHN'S, (in Antigua) March 3.

Extract of a Letter from Guadaloupe, dated the first Instant.

A considerable Body of the Enemy attacked our advanced Post, commanded by Major Melville, on Sunday Night last, but were repulsed with very little Loss on our Side. The Army still remains in the same Position, and the Tents are huddled. The Corps of the late General Hopson will be carried over to Antigua for Interment. It is reported that 400 Men are arrived from Martinico, and that Monsieur Nandon, the late French Governor, is arrested.

March 7. Our Advices from Guadaloupe are, that the Tents are struck and put aboard the Transports, having been first huddled; and it is believed the Army will very shortly be in Motion. We also hear that one Monsieur Bonville, a Frenchman, who came from England as a Volunteer (or like the other Bonville in the Rochfort Expedition, a Man who might be of Service in the Expedition) has been discovered to be a Spy, and on Sunday last was hanged at the Head of our Encampment, in Sight of the Enemy.

We hear from St. Eustatia, that his Majesty's Ships Rippon and Bristol arrived there on Friday last, at which Time there were 8 or 10 French Privateers in the Road, 4 of which were Brigantines. Since Guadaloupe has been invested, the Enemy's Privateers have been employed in carrying Sugars from the French Islands to St. Lucia; for which, we leave our Readers to judge what they have in Return, notwithstanding Governor De Windt's Embargo on Provisions.

B O S T O N, March 26.

Extract of a Letter from Fort Frederick, St. John's River, March 10, 1759.

The 5th of March Lieutenant Hazzen, of the Rangers, came in from a Scout of 15 Days, with a Party of 16 Rangers, up the River St. John's, he brought in with him six French Scals, and six Prisoners. Lieut. Hazzen reports, that he has been to St. Ann's, which is 140 Miles up this River, from Fort Frederick, where it was expected he would have found a strong Garrison of the Enemy, but on his Arrival he found the Town vacated, which he set fire to, burnt a large Mill-house with a Bell of 300 lb. a large Store-house, and many valuable Buildings, amounting in the whole to 127, together with a large Quantity of Hay, Wheat, Pease, Oats, &c. killed 21 Horses, about 50 Head of Cattle, a Number of Hogs, &c. and that he took the Prisoners and Scals with 11 of his Party, on his Return, near Grimps, which is about 35 Miles from this Place, who give an Account that a Number of the Enemy live six Miles back of Grimps, and that the Inhabitants of St. Ann's are chiefly gone to Canada, the Remains scattered in the Woods. He was pursued by about 30 or 40 of the Enemy, but not overtaken, and that he found a large new Schooner up this River, which was taken lately by the French from Capt. Grow, he brought one Horse with him to Fort Frederick, where he arrived in good Health, without the Loss of a Man.

NEW-YORK, April 3.

By the East of Halifax Packet, which arrived here in 6 Weeks and three Days from Falmouth, we have certain Advice, That the Russians are not to act against the King of Prussia in the ensuing Campaign; and that Admiral Saunders was near

ready to sail with a Fleet of Men of War and Transports to this Part of the World, where he is appointed Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Ships, employed or to be employed in North-America.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London.

Canada must fall this Year, for the General has Orders by this Packet to have every Thing ready to proceed by Lake Champlain with the whole Force now in America, except the Troops in Nova-Scotia, by the first of May. And we are preparing Transports to take on board 7500 Veteran Troops, which with the Troops that can be spared from Nova-Scotia, are to go up the River St. Lawrence, escorted by 16 Ships of the Line, and 16 more Ships of the Line are to be at Halifax and Louisbourg, while the above Force is gone up the River. The Armament for this Service is preparing here Day and Night, and the whole is to be ready to depart from Spithead by the 10th of March.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London.

The Campaign upon the Continent of Europe is over, without one Acquisition to the Enemies of his Majesty and his Allies, though they bro't 450,000 Men into the Field against 180,000. The Conduct of the King of Prussia and Prince Ferdinand has been almost supernatural. The Combatants of Europe, on the Continent, sitting down in statu quo will prolong the War, and we have not the least Glimpse of Peace from any Quarter, nor do we desire to see any till the French are drove out of all America, which seems to be the determined Resolution of the KING and his Ministers to accomplish if possible. And this Mr. PITT as good as declared the first Day of the Meeting of the Parliament in the House of Commons, in the finest Speech I ever heard.

By Letters from Falmouth, we learn, that Lord Colville, with six Ships of the Line, and the Diana and Sea-Horse Frigates, sailed from Portsmouth, for this Place, before the Packet, having 300,000 Sterling on board, for the Use of the Army.

The Colony of North-Carolina has voted 40000 for the Use of his Majesty the ensuing Campaign.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, April 5.

By Advices of good Authority, from London, we are assured, that the French Court has made Overtures of Peace to that of England; that they proposed, on Cape-Bréton's being restored to them, they would give up Minorca, all the Neutral-Islands, and settle the Limits of North-America to the Satisfaction of the English. But we have the Pleasure of assuring our Readers, that their Proposal was rejected with Scorn. And it is also said, that the French are in the utmost Distress, with Respect to the Raising Supplies sufficient for carrying on the War this Campaign; and that, on the contrary, our Ministry have been offered three the Sum they want. So well are the People of England satisfied, that what they give is solely applied in supporting the Dignity of the British Crown; for the Good of their Country; and in distressing the common Enemy.

In a Letter from Falmouth, dated February 17, 1759, there is the following Paragraph, viz.

All Thoughts of a Peace at present are at an End, notwithstanding France has offered it on our own Terms, giving up Senegal and Gorée in Africa; which is absolutely refused, until we hear of the taking Martinico, or some other Island in that Part of the World; and likewise of the Success at Quebec, to the Northward of you. Admiral Saunders is to command up the River St. Lawrence. The King of Spain has not dead the 10th Instant.

Our latest Advices from Guadaloupe (about the 10th ult.) are, that the French Inhabitants still held out in the Ducidan; and it was thought they would soon be obliged to surrender; that our Army, after leaving a sufficient Garrison in the Port of Basseterre, had embarked, and gone round to the Back Part of the Island, where they were in hopes of attacking the Enemy with better Success, and have diminished their Power to prevent Supplies coming to them from the other Islands; that the prodigious Gullies, which that Island was full of, had been a great Fatigue and Hindrance to our People in reducing the Place; and that there was a Report, that some French Men of War, were arrived at Martinico.

A Letter from Barbados, dated the Ninth of last Month, says, that the Day before nine large Ships were seen to the Northward, steering for Martinico. That three Sloops had arrived at St. Eustacia, from Martinico, with Bread on board to the Value of 300,000. That at Guadaloupe the Enemy had a Mine, which would have destroyed all our Men, had not an Italian given Notice thereof, and with a Knife cut the

Thread that drew the Match to the Train. That our Troops had forced the Entrenchments of a Lady of Quality, who held out ten Days, when she, and her own Negroes, escaped, but that 70 other Negroes, and 30 Ladies, were taken; the Ladies all sent back to the main Body of the French: And that the taking Fort Louis, on Grandterre, after an obstinate Resistance, was in a great Measure owing to a Carcase falling into their Magazine of Powder.

Captain M'Pherson, in the Britannia Privateer, of this Port, has lately taken two French Sloops, and sent them into St. Christophers.

Yesterday Captain Nicholson arrived here from London, as did Capt. Leak from Bristol. Capt. Leak came out under Convoy of a Frigate, with about 18 Sail of other Merchantmen. The Frigate took two French Ships, that belonged to a Fleet of 13 Sail, bound to Martinico, from Brest, chiefly Storeships. They sailed under the Care of two Frigates; but they had left them, and returned to Brest, with four English Vessels they had taken.

From Cape-Bréton we have Advice, that a Party of Rangers had been out on a Scout, and brought in 18 Frenchmen; who informed, that there were still about 150 French Inhabitants on that Island. The Winter there has been very severe.

From Fort Augusta we learn, that a Party of Delawares, and one white Man, who went out on a Scout some Time ago, had returned with a French Prisoner, whom they took a little Way from the Fort at Venango. They were immediately pursued by 70 or 80 French and Indians, but got clear off. The Prisoner is expected soon in Town.

The Article under the New-York Head, relating to the Russians not acting against the Prussians in the ensuing Campaign, we have Reason to believe is inserted from the best Authority.

A N N A P O L I S, April 12.

Yesterday the Body of a Man was found floating near the Dock. His Hands and Feet were tied with Rope-yarn, and one round his Neck. He is supposed to have been flung into the River from on board some Vessel. A very uncivil Way of Burying when in a Harbour.

The Lottery is to begin Drawing this Afternoon.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Enter'd, Sloop Adventure, Nat. Cooper, from Bermuda; Schooner Good-Intent, W. Dunlop, from N. York.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, at the House of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town in Frederick County, on Wednesday the 20th Day of June next, the following Tracts of LAND, viz.

GORDON'S Purchase, containing 150 Acres, lying near Little-Anti-Eatan in Frederick County, on which there are some Improvements.

Part of a Tract of Land, called Exchange and new Exchange Enlarged, containing 700 Acres, lying between Rock-Creek and Lawrence Owers's.

Black Acre, containing 435 Acres, and lying near the Sugar-Loaf Mountain. Any Person inclining to purchase, may be informed of the Title, and Terms of Sale, by applying to Mr. John Cary of Frederick-Town, or to JAMES DICK.

W A N T E D.

A SOBER careful PERSON, who writes a good Hand, and understands the Italian Method of Book-keeping. Such a one, who can be well recommended, may hear of good Encouragement by applying to either of the Printers of this Paper.

ELEVEN TICKETS, of the following Numbers, viz. 2607, 2608, 2611, 2612, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, and 2619; were some Time ago stole out of a Store in Calvert County, where they were deposited for Sale, and are supposed to be destroyed. A Person accused of breaking open the Store, is now under an Indictment in the Provincial Court for his Offence. This is to give Notice, that the Numbers of them are given in to the Managers, who require them an Account of the Lottery.

A BOUT 10 Years ago, the Subscriber purchased of his Brother John Wells, a Tract of Land called Grand Grey, lying in Anne-Arundel County, on which Mrs. Rachel Wells now lives, and being apprehensive he will endeavour to dispose of it again, hereby forewarns all Persons from buying the said Land, as he has legally bought and paid for the same.

BENJAMIN WELSH.