

Prince-George's County, March 6, 1759.  
To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,  
Upper-Marlborough, on the 21st of April next,  
A Plantation and Land where Mrs. Margaret Piles lives, containing 502 Acres, and  
a Part of Land called Ordals, containing 100  
Acres, in the Possession of Mr. Enoch Magruder,  
adjoining to the Plantation whereon he lives;  
by Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, from  
the Provincial Court, against the Lands and Ten-  
ements of Col. Edward Sprigg, for the Use of  
Commissioners, or Trustees, for Emitting Bills  
of Credit, established by Act of Assembly.  
COLMORE BRANNE, Sheriff.

JOHN INCH, Silversmith,  
HAVING lately procured an excellent Work-  
man from London, Carries on his Business  
in a Shop near the Inspection-House in Annapo-  
lis, and performs any Plate Work, either small or  
large, in the best and most fashionable Manner, at  
the cheapest Rates. He also Enamels Rings for  
Wedding.

Disposed of by the said Inch, the Time of  
the said Servant Man, that has above Six Years to  
run, and who understands Tanning and Curry-  
ing.  
Piscataway, February 13, 1759.  
THE Subscriber intending for BRITAIN  
soon, hereby gives Notice to all Persons  
who have Accounts unsettled, for Dealings they  
had with him at Piscataway, on Account of  
Messrs John Glasford and Company, to come  
and settle the same by Bond, Bill, or Note, without  
Delay, otherwise they may expect Trouble without  
Benefit of Persons. He hopes that every one who  
will discharge their Debts to the said Compa-  
ny before he leaves the Country, and those who  
do not, will have Time given them upon proper  
Application. He hereby farther acquaints the Pub-  
lic that the said Messieurs John Glasford and Com-  
pany's Store at Piscataway, will be continued with  
the usual good Assortment of GOODS, to be sold  
for Money or Tobacco. JAMES MARSHALL.

THE Subscriber hereby gives Notice to all  
Persons indebted to the Concern of Edward  
Tasker, Esq; and Sons, at Piscataway, either  
by Bond, or Note of Hand, to make Payment as  
soon as become due, otherwise they will immedi-  
ately be put in Suit. All those that have not already  
settled their Accounts due from them to the said  
Tasker, and do not immediately come and dis-  
charge or settle the same, may expect to be treated  
in a Manner as will not be agreeable to them.  
GEORGE BOWDON.

TO BE SOLD,  
SEVERAL valuable Tracts of LAND, lying  
in the lower Part of Frederick County, well  
wooded, Timber'd, and plenty of good Meadow,  
and; for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or heavy  
Tobacco. For further Particulars enquire of  
HENRY WRIGHT CRABB.

RAYED from the Subscriber's Plantation, in  
Prince-George's County, Four Steers, 4 or 5  
years old, branded on the Buttocks B T, but  
distinct; they may be also marked in the Ears.  
Laid from the same Place, a Heifer branded  
with the Horns S O.  
Whoever will give Information, so as that the  
Cattle may be got again, shall receive Ten-  
times Reward for each.  
B. TASKER, junior.

Monday the 21st Day of May next, the Subscri-  
ber will sell to the Highest Bidder, at the House  
of Mr. William Brown, at London-Town,  
ABOUT 350 Acres of LAND, lying very  
near London-Town, the Land being Part of  
the Estate of Mr. William Peete, late of said Town  
deceased.  
One Lot in the New Town of Annapolis,  
near the Street leading down to  
the Ferry, with an old House, in which the  
said Peete lived at present live.  
For Title, enquire of the Subscribers.  
JAMES MOVAT,  
JAMES DICK, } Executors.  
JAMES NICHOLSON,

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Office, by G. A. Length are taken in and inserted  
in a Proportion for long Advertisements.

[Numb. 727.]  
**MARYLAND GAZETTE,**  
Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, April 12, 1759.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY HORATIO SHARPE, Esq;  
Governor and Commander in Chief in and over  
the Province of MARYLAND.

The humble ADDRESS of the UPPER  
HOUSE of ASSEMBLY.

May it please your Excellency,  
WE beg Leave to return your Excel-  
lency our Thanks for your Speech  
at the Opening of this Session, and  
to express our grateful Sense of his  
Majesty's Concern, to improve the  
great and important Advantages gained the last Cam-  
paign, as well as to repair the Disappointment at  
Ticonderoga; and by the most vigorous and exten-  
sive Efforts; to avert, by the Blessing of God on  
his Arms, all Dangers which may threaten North-  
America, from any future Inroads of the French.  
And we do very truly assure your Excellency, that  
we shall continue to exert our best Endeavours for  
securing his Majesty's Intentions, by yielding a  
cheerful and ready Concurrence to all just and rea-  
sonable Measures, which shall be proposed to us,  
for raising, with all possible Dispatch, as large a  
Body of Men, as the Circumstances of this Pro-  
vince will allow, to act in Conjunction with such  
of his Majesty's Regular Troops, as may, during  
this Campaign, be employed against his Enemies  
on this Continent. And we do most sincerely  
hope and desire, that by a ready and dutiful Per-  
formance of the Service, now so earnestly re-  
commended, some Amends may be made for the  
Failure of last Year.

B. TASKER, President.  
April 5, 1759.  
The Governor's ANSWER.

Gentlemen of the Upper House of Assembly,

I RETURN you Thanks for your Address, and  
the Assurance you give me, that, notwithstanding  
the late Campaign, you will continue to exert your best  
Endeavours for securing his Majesty's Intentions.  
And I am not without Hope, that such just and  
reasonable Measures, for raising the necessary Supplies,  
will now at length be proposed, as may meet with  
your ready and cheerful Concurrence.

HORATIO SHARPE,  
Governor and Commander in Chief in and over  
the Province of MARYLAND.

The humble ADDRESS of the HOUSE of  
DELEGATES.

May it please your Excellency,  
WE, his Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Sub-  
jects, the Delegates of the Freemen of  
Maryland, in Assembly convened, return your  
Excellency our Thanks for your Speech at the  
Opening of this Session.  
His Majesty's paternal Solitude, to improve  
the great and important Advantages gained the  
last Campaign, and by vigorous and extensive Efforts  
to avert all Dangers which may threaten North-  
America from any future Inroads of the French;  
and the Confidence he has been pleased to express,  
that all his faithful and brave Subjects here will  
co-operate with, and second to the utmost, the  
extraordinary Succours supplied by the Kingdom  
of Great-Britain for our Preservation and Defence;  
demand the warmest Acknowledgments from every  
Well-wisher to the British Interests.  
Animated by a just Sense of our Duty to the  
best of Kings, of Gratitude to our Mother Country,  
and the powerful Motive of Security to Our-  
selves, and our Fellow-Subjects, we shall once  
more, exert our Endeavours to comply with his

his Majesty's Royal Expectations, and the Requisti-  
ons of his General, signified in the Letters which  
you have been pleased to lay before us.

And we hope, whoever may have occasioned a  
Failure last Year, will be induced by the Contents  
of those Letters, to embrace the Opportunity  
which now presents itself (especially as your Ex-  
cellency is pleased to say it will probably be the  
last they may have) of making in some Sort  
Amends, by a ready Concurrence with every  
equitable Proposal which may be made for pro-  
moting his Majesty's Service, now so warmly re-  
commended to us.

H. HOOPER, Speaker.  
April 5, 1759.

The Governor's ANSWER.

Gentlemen of the Lower House of Assembly,

I RETURN you Thanks for your Address, and  
the Professions you are pleased to make, that you  
will, at this Time, exert your Endeavours to com-  
ply with his Majesty's Royal Expectations, and the  
Requisitions of his General: The Sincerity of which  
Professions you will, I hope, evince, by pursuing very  
different Measures, during the Course of this Session,  
from those which unhappily gave Occasion for the  
Censure contained in the Secretary of State's Letter.

HORATIO SHARPE.  
HAQUE, January 16.

ON Friday the 12th Instant, late at Night, died here,  
greatly lamented, her Royal Highness ANNE, Prin-  
cess Royal of England, Princess Dowager of Orange and  
Nassau, and Governour of the United Provinces, in the  
Minority of the present Stadtholder.

The Morning after her Royal Highness's Decease, the  
States-General and the States of Holland were extraordi-  
narily assembled, and upon Notification of this Event being  
made to them, they proceeded to confirm the Regulations  
that had been made for the Minority of the Stadtholder;  
and his Highness Prince Lewis of Brunswick was invited to  
assist in the Assembly of Holland, where he was received  
and seated with all Respect possible, and took the Oath, as  
representing the Captain-General of the Union. After  
which his Highness communicated to the Assembly, the  
Act of her Royal Highness, by which he was appointed  
Guardian of her Children; and that in Consequence of it  
he had taken Care of their Persons, and would provide for  
every Thing belonging to them. This Ceremony being over,  
Prince Lewis was likewise invited to the Assembly of the  
States-General. A Resolution was prepared and taken by  
their High Mightinesses, wherein they acknowledged and  
agree to the Resolution of Holland relative to Prince Lewis's  
representing the Captain-General. Every Thing passed with  
great Order and Tranquility, and to the Satisfaction of the  
People.

In the Evening the different Colleges of Government made  
formal Deputations to the Prince of Orange and Princess  
Caroline, who were assisted by Prince Lewis as their Guar-  
dian and Representative, and who answered, in their Pre-  
sence, for them both.

Breslau, Jan. 8. The Garrison of this Town consists of  
about 9000 Men. The Margrave Charles, and the Here-  
ditary Prince of Hesse, are here.  
All the Prussian Officers taken before and after the Affair  
of Hoch-Kirchen, are now actually exchanged, and there  
remains still a large Number of Austrian Prisoners at Berlin  
and elsewhere.

Rome, Jan. 6. There is much Talk of a Quadruple Al-  
liance between the Kings of Great-Britain, Prussia, Sardinia,  
and the Two Sicilies. Some of our Politicians pretend that  
a Negotiation is very far advanced; others doubt it, or at  
least pretend themselves; that the Courts of Versailles and  
Vienna will find Means to make it miscarry: A Thing  
much to be desired, but hardly to be hoped for. We see in  
these several Powers a Clashing of Interests, of Views and  
Pretensions, which will infallibly disturb the Repose of Italy.  
Some of them will see their Rights in Opposition to the  
Convention of others: Titles will be produced against Titles,  
and Laws against Treaties, and soon after Force will be  
brought against Force. In fine, the Demons of Discord will  
go forth from the North to the South, and make the whole  
Continent a Theatre of Passions, Folly and Madness, Cru-  
elty, Crime, and Calamities; a Spectacle instructive to  
future Ages, but deplorable and shameful to ours.

Vienna, Jan. 10. The Persons employed in raising Re-  
cruits, are expressly ordered to furnish them by the 15th In-  
stant, in order that they may have Time to learn the mili-  
tary Exercise before they are sent to their Regiments. For

this Purpose both Town and Country are stript of all the  
young Fellows; but it is not to be wondered at that so much  
Pains is taken to get Men, since the Court proposes not only  
to make Head against the King of Prussia, but likewise to  
provide against a War in Italy, in Case such an Event should  
happen. There are People who pretend that the King of  
Sardinia has accepted of a Subsidy from England, and that  
he is in Consequence making great Preparations for War, as  
well as another Italian Power; but these Reports have but  
uncertain Foundations. It is however certain, that if an  
Event, which is much talked of, should happen, all the  
Pretensions upon the Dutchy of Milan, and other Countries,  
would be immediately brought upon the Carpet, in which  
Case his Imperial Majesty would be obliged to arm for the  
Defence of that Continent. According to the Accounts we  
have received from Italy, the Regency of Florence has al-  
ready given Orders for several Companies of that Garrison  
to go to Leghorn, besides which, several Gunners and Bom-  
bardiers have been sent thither, in order to prevent that im-  
portant Port from being surprized.

Councils are held daily upon the Affairs of Italy, and the  
Arrival of the Count de Firmain, our Ambassador at the  
Court of Naples, is impatiently expected, in order to have a  
more perfect Account of the Situation of Affairs in that  
Part of the World.

Breslau, Jan. 15. The King's Armies this Year will  
consist of near 200,000 Men, as fine Troops as any in Eu-  
rope; notwithstanding which Bolissing and Exercising go on  
with as great Diligence as ever. All the Fortifications in  
Silesia are ordered to be repaired; and some additional Works  
are making to those of Schweidnitz and this City.

Paris, Jan. 22. The Crisis in which the Affairs of Italy  
will be found on the approaching Decease of the King of  
Spain; the Uncertainty our Government is under, with re-  
gard to the Designs which the King of Sardinia may have  
formed, or rather the Ceremony of his being disposed to do  
what he shall judge most convenient for him; the present  
State of his Forces, and the Situation of his Country; are  
Considerations which require our Ministry to take Measures  
and Precautions. Therefore a Body of 15,000 Men are  
marching from the Heart of the Kingdom into Provence.

Berlin, Jan. 9. The last Advices from Pomerania, are,  
that General Dohna, after driving the Austrians out of Sax-  
ony, returned with his Army in order to act against the  
Swedes. The first Instant he appeared before Damgarten,  
which, after some Hours Resistance, the Commandant deliv-  
ered up, obtaining the Liberty of retiring with his Garrison  
with all the Honours of War, upon Conditions not to serve  
against the King or his Allies for one Year. After the tak-  
ing of Damgarten, our Army pursued its March, and the  
Garrison of Tribbes, together with the Succours destined for  
Damgarten, retired with Precipitation. Our Army advanc-  
ing very fast, became Masters of Richtenberg, Grimme, and  
Gripswalde, near which last Place the Swedes had a Camp,  
but retreated from it under the Cannon of Stralsund. Thus  
General Dohna, within the Space of six Days, has conquer-  
ed the greatest Part of Swedish Pomerania, and obliged the  
Enemy, with an Army superior to his own, to seek Protec-  
tion from the Cannon of a Fortress, which he is going to  
besiege in Form, in Conjunction with General de Manteuffel,  
who has lately joined him.

Magdeburg, Jan. 5. The recruiting our Troops is card-  
ed on with such Success, not only thro' all the King's Do-  
minions, but likewise the Territories of the Elector of  
Saxony, that it is thought all the Regiments in his Majesty's  
Service will be completed in the Beginning of the next  
Month; it is also asserted, that his Majesty will have 40,000  
more Troops in his Service this Year than he had the last  
Campaign.

Hamburg, Jan. 9. All the Troops of Mecklenburg are  
retired to Schwerin; they are about 12000 in Number, and  
seem full of Resolution; but the People are nevertheless un-  
easy for the Consequences. The Duke of Mecklenburg is  
gone to take Shelter at Lubeck, where the People are not  
without their Fears of a Visit from the Prussians on his Ac-  
count. They are under the same Fears at Hamburg, where  
the Prussians might soon take Poss, as the French have done  
at Cologne and Frankfurt. It is said the King of Prussia has  
assured the Court of Denmark, that his Troops will not  
molest the Territories in Mecklenburg belonging to the Sub-  
jects of Denmark.

Hamburg, Jan. 4. It is said that the Duke of Meckle-  
nburg has concluded a Convention with Count Dohna,  
whereby it is agreed, that the Prussian Troops shall not at-  
tack the City of Schwerin.

Jan. 22. According to the last Advices from Silesia, the  
King of Prussia is gone from Breslau, but what Rout he has  
taken is not known.

Pursuant to a Convention concluded between Prince Ferdin-  
and of Brunswick and Marshal Contades, in the Letters  
from Munster the 10th Instant, the Country of la Marche  
is to be henceforth looked upon as a neutral Country, and the  
Troops of both Parties will be forbid to set Footing in it.

The King of Prussia is preparing to make the most vigi-  
lant Efforts on all Sides early in the Spring, for which Pur-  
pose, among other Regulations, he has published a general  
Pardon for all Deserters that rejoin their respective Com-  
mands within a Month's Time.

Zittau, Dec. 30. The Names of the Circles of Saxony  
which are to furnish 12000 Recruits, demanded by the King