

BEST IMPORTED,
 Fleet from LONDON, and to be Sold by
 Scriber, at his Store in BALTIMORE.
 N, Wholesale or Retail.
 LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN
 EAST-INDIA GOODS; also,
 Sugar, &c. for Cash, Tobacco, or Bills of
 THOMAS DICK.

BEST IMPORTED,
 RUSSELL, Captain JOHN ANDERSON,
 be Sold by the SUBSCRIBERS at
 Store in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH,
 AT Variety of EAST-INDIA and
 EUROPEAN GOODS, for Bills of
 Paper, Currency, or Sterling.
 ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

CHARLES WALLACE,
 SHAY-MAKER, in ANNAPOLIS,
 Having Imported in Capt. Strachan's
 Choice Parcel of the best WHALE-BONE
 STAY-GOODS, hereby gives Notice,
 will supply his old Customers, or Others,
 with all the neatest and best Man-
 with all possible Dispatch, for READY
 ONLY.

**A SCHEME
 OF A
 LOTTERY,**

For the SUM of FOUR HUNDRED and
 FIFTY-FIVE POUNDS, for further Securing
 STOCK in ANNAPOLIS, and other Public
 within the said CITY; to consist of 4000
 TICKETS, at 15/6 each, 1204 of which are
 fortunate, viz:

Value.	is	Amount.
of 100 £.	is	100 £.
of 75	are	150
of 50	are	200
of 25	are	200
of 15	are	180
of 10	are	200
of 5	are	150
of 2	are	250
of 1 : 2 : 6	are	1125
first Drawn, not otherwise a Prize		6
last Drawn, Ditto,		4

Prizes, Amounting to 2565
 Blanks. Sum raised £. 435 for above Uses.

Tickets at 15s. each, make 3000 £.

Uses to which the above Sum of 435 £.
 is to be applied, tending to the Public Good
 of the Community, as well without as
 within this City; the best Expedient that could be
 devised at this Time for raising that Sum, being
 a Lottery, and the Scheme thereof calculated
 to the Advantage of the Adventurers
 not being Two Blanks and a Half to a Prize.
 (Deduction on the whole not 15 per Cent.)
 more need be said for its Recommendation;
 it is not doubted that the Tickets will
 all be sold, as near One Thousand of them
 are already engaged.

As the Tickets are dispos'd of, the Drawing
 is to be made immediately, in the Court-House in
 this City, in the Presence of Five of the Managers,
 and as many of the Adventurers as shall
 desire to attend.

Managers, viz. Messieurs John Bricc,
 Bordley, Nicholas Maccurbin, James Dick,
 Dulany, William Roberts, Lancelot Jacquet,
 Reynolds, Jonas Green, Henry Woodward,
 Johnson, John Clapham, and Bennett Cbeew.
 to give Bond and be upon Oath for the faithful
 Execution of their Trust.

As the Prizes to be published in the
 GAZETTE; and Paid off, without any
 Deduction, as soon as the Drawing is finish'd:
 if not demanded in Six Months afterwards,
 to be considered as generously given to the Public,
 for the Uses above-mentioned.

The whole to be conducted, as near as may be,
 in the same Manner as State Lotteries in England.
 Tickets to be had of any of the Managers.

Fourteen Days Notice, at least, will be
 given in the GAZETTE, of the Time of Drawing.

This Office in Charles-street,
 6d. per Year. ADVERTISERS
 to pay the first Week, and One Shilling

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, August 17, 1758.

P A R I S, April 24.
THE Curate of St. Nicholas, in the
 Fields, having refused the Sacraments
 to an antient Vicar of the same Parish,
 the Relations of the latter complained
 to the Parliament: Upon which all
 the Chambers assembled, and two Members of the
 Court were deputed to the Parish, in order to put
 an End to the Scandal. They summoned succes-
 sively six Priests to administer the Sacraments to
 the sick Man, and they all peremptorily refused it.
 A seventh being found ductile enough to comply,
 the two Deputies went with him to the old Vicar's
 Lodgings, and saw him perform the Office; after
 which they made their Report to the Parliament,
 who, after a short Deliberation, issued Writs of
 Arrest against the six Priests, and also against the
 Curate and his Vicar: The former have been
 taken up and committed to Prison, but the Curate
 and his Vicar have absconded. M. de Mole, first
 President of the Parliament, went the same Day,
 being the 22d., to Versailles, to give the King an
 Account of this Affair.

Extra of a Letter from a French Officer at Wesel,
 to his Friend in Brussels, dated April 16.

"I shall not take upon me to account for the
 long Series of disastrous Events which have attend-
 ed our Army for some Time; but as you was
 so kind as to express a Desire of hearing frequently
 from me, I embrace this Opportunity to inform
 you, that the good Management of that great Ge-
 neral the Prince of Clermont, whose consummate
 Knowledge, Vigilance, and Assiduity, cannot be
 sufficiently commended. The Encouragement he
 has lately given to the Troops, in causing an Al-
 lowance of four Ounces of Bread to be made to
 each Man's Allowance per Day, as well as one
 Sol, two Deniers, to be added to their daily Pay,
 with the Cloaths already furnished the Army by
 his Orders, and these every Moment expected,
 such Spirits have, by these Means, been infused
 into the Soldier, that we begin to conceive some
 Hopes of retrieving, as well all past Miscarriages,
 as of recovering those Acquisitions and Advantages
 we have so strongly been obliged to abandon; and
 are in Hopes shortly of re-entering Hanover, &c.
 I have also to acquaint you, that several Persons
 have been lately removed from their Employments,
 and, amongst others, those who had the subsisting
 the Army, have been discharged, and are replaced
 by one Mons. Marquets, who was employed in
 that Capacity during the Whole of the last War.
 He is said to have been sent at the particular In-
 stance of the Prince himself, and indeed since
 his Arrival, Things have been so well disposed in
 that Department, that the Troops already begin
 to feel the good Effects of this Change. And here
 I cannot forbear observing on this Head, that
 though the Army was frequently in Want of al-
 most every Necessary, yet the large Magazines we
 lost in our Retreat from Hanover, convinces me,
 this Distress did not arise so much from any Want
 of Provisions, as from the Inexperience of those
 who had the Direction of this Branch, &c."

W E S E L, (in the Circle of Westphalia) May 2.

All our Regiments recover daily from the Ex-
 treme, and are daily reinforced by the successive Ar-
 rival of Recruits and the Militia. As the Prince
 of Clermont can by this Means dispense with fe-
 veral Battalions, he hath sent three Swiss Regi-
 ments to join the French Troops destined for Bo-
 hemia. He hath also permitted the Austrians in
 his Army, to go to join the Army of the Empress-
 Queen. On the 27th past, that Prince visited the
 new Works that are adding, by his Orders, to the
 Fortifications of this Town. New Works are also
 carrying on at Dusseldorf with the greatest Vigour.
 Yesterday this most amiable and gallant Prince went
 to the Hospital, visited the Brnths, went into every
 Ward, asked the poor Fellows how they were used,
 and gave Orders that they should want for nothing.

G R O N A U, April 26. According to the last Advices
 from Spain, frequent Couriers arrived there, par-
 ticularly from Paris; and expresses were likewise
 often dispatched to Versailles, Vienna, and Naples.
 They continue building Ships of War at Ferrol,
 whither a large Train of Artillery hath been sent.
 The Spaniards are also endeavouring to render the
 Town of Ceuta, on the African Coast, impregna-
 ble. The Garrison is to be reinforced; and Ar-
 tillery, Stores, &c. have been sent to it.

H A G U E, May 16. About 3 Weeks since printed
 Papers were dispersed about the Streets here in the
 Night, which said in plain Terms that this Re-
 public was sold to the French: That not having
 any Troops, they were exposed to the Insults of
 any Enemy that chose to attack them; and named
 in particular a Privy Counsellor, intimating, that
 he was one of the Causes of their Misfortunes; and
 therefore that he, and many others, ought to be
 turned out of their Places; concluding, *Vivat*
Orange, Prussia and Great-Britain. Tell this to
 others. This seemed not to be much regarded at
 first; but in the Night between Friday and Satur-
 day last, a like Paper was again dispersed, with
 Threats of setting Fire to the four Corners of the
 Hague, if Measures were not speedily taken for
 the Security of the Country; concluding with
Vivat, &c. as the former. This indeed has given
 some Alarm, and they are endeavouring to discover
 the Authors and Dispersers of those Papers.

P A R I S, May 12. The English make a great Rout
 about an Expedition which they have set on Foot,
 and in which their most famous Admirals are to be
 employed; but at present it is not known where
 the Stroke will be given. In the mean Time, in
 order to amuse the Public a vague Report is pro-
 pagated, without any Circumstances to corroborate
 it, of a Sea Fight off Cape-Breton, in which the
 English are said to be very ill used, great Num-
 bers of their Ships taken, and three of their Men
 of War sunk.

P A R T of a Letter from Ratisbon, May 11.

The important News of the King of Prussia's
 march to the Danube, which was at first treated as
 chimerical, is confirmed by two successive Couriers
 dispatched by the Court of Vienna to Versailles.
 The Austrian Party are afraid that the King of
 Prussia will cut off all Communication between the
 Court of Vienna and General Daun, and put him
 between two Fires. There is a general Conster-
 nation throughout Moravia and Austria.

P A R I S, May 15. We live here in an Uncertainty
 that is like Nothing, the Indifference affected with
 regard to the present Affairs, induces many Peo-
 ple to believe a Reconciliation is negotiating by
 the Intervention of Spain; it is even reported that
 Marshall Belleisle is not a little desirous of Peace,
 in order to carry into Execution his grand Projects
 for reforming the Abuses in their Army, and new
 modelling it. The taking of Sweidnitz made no
 great Impression at Court. The Corp of 24,000
 Men is still destined to march into Bohemia, under
 the Prince de Soubise, who will not set out from
 Paris till the 20th or 25th, perhaps later; so lit-
 tle is understood what to do. Every Thing here
 is turned into a Joke. Marshall Belleisle is deaf;
 and M. de Cremille, his Confidant, has a Defluc-
 tion on his Eyes. Hence Occasion is taken to say,
 our Ministry can neither see nor hear.

S T O C K H O L M, May 5. A Vessel bound to Stralsund,
 which was laden with 90,000 lb. of Gun-powder on board, which
 lay at the Island of Gothland, frozen up by the
 Ice, was lately blown up, but Nobody knows
 how the Fire was communicated, this Loss is the
 more sensibly felt, as at present they are in great
 Want of Powder at Stralsund. At the same Time
 that this Accident happen'd, a slight Shock of an
 Earthquake was felt along our Coast, though at

26 Miles distant from the Island where it happened;
 According to our last Advices from Pomerania,
 Affairs continue almost in the same Situation as
 they have been in the Beginning of this Year.

H A G U E, May 9. The Marine of France receives
 Checks, which may be of fatal Consequence. The
 Adventure of the Raisonné must mortify the
 French. The lower Deck Guns of the Dorset
 were 24 Pounders, those of the Raisonné 36
 Pounders; the Englishman's upper Decks were
 only 12 Pounders; those of the Frenchman 24
 Pounders; the English Seamen amounted to 520
 only, the French to 650.

It is confidently talked here, that there is a Ne-
 gotiation on the Carpet between the Court of Berlin
 and that of Petersburg; and the slow March of
 the Ruffians is the Effect of those Negotiations.
 It is certain that the System of the Court of Madrid
 still remains the same, that is, Neutral.

P A R I S, May 19. As there is great Reason to be-
 lieve, that the formidable Fleet which the English
 have fitted out, is designed either to make a De-
 scent upon the Islands of Rhe and Orelon, or else
 to make some Attempt against Rochfort, the Court
 has sent Orders to Marshal de Thomand, who
 commands in those Parts, to take all possible Pre-
 cautions to defeat the Designs of the Enemy. A
 Regiment of Light Horse is forming at Antibes,
 out of the Greeks established in Corsica, to con-
 sist of six Companies of 25 Men each.

Though some People affect to sneer at the great
 Armament making in England, all sensible French-
 men are not a little uneasy about it; for they think
 it probable the English will not always prove them-
 selves Blunderers; and it is certain their Prepara-
 tions to invade this Kingdom, keep about 80,000
 Hands (we don't say they are all Regular Troops)
 employed in guarding the Coasts; and this too
 while the Fate of the House of Austria may possibly
 be decided by one Battle. If Count Daun loses
 the Day the Empress Queen may make a separate
 Peace: But if she obstinately continues the War,
 trusting to what France can do for her, the King
 of Prussia may so far strengthen himself with her
 Spoils, that it may never be in our Power to make
 him let go his Hold.

L O N D O N, May 18.

It is said that 10,000 more Men will be ordered
 to march to encamp on the Isle of Wight as soon
 as the Forces there are embarked, to be ready in
 Case of an Emergency.

All the Letters, public and private, from Bo-
 hemia and its Confinet, are so favourable for the
 King of Prussia's Arms, that a Peace must soon
 ensue; which that Monarch still offers the Empress
 Queen, though he hath the Advantage in every
 Quarter.

It is said, that the Parliament will not rise till
 News arrives from North-America.

Last Night arrived at the Admiralty-Office an
 Express from Falmouth, with an Account of two
 large French Ships being brought in there by one
 of his Majesty's Cruizers.

The following is an Account of the Ships to be
 employed on the smaller Expedition, to be com-
 manded by Commodore Howe, viz. Magnanime
 80 Guns; Defusford 50, Rochester 50, Portland
 50; Pallas 32, Brilliant 32, Maidstone 28, Active
 28, Tartar 28, Richmond 28, Rose 20, Flam-
 borough 20, and Success, 20 Guns. Speedwell,
 Saltash, Diligence, and Swallow Sloops. Granada
 and Furnace Bombs. Pluto and Salamander Fire-
 ships.

M A Y 24. A Spy has been detected in the Camp
 in the Isle of Wight: There were found upon
 him Plans of Portsmouth Harbour, and Spithead,
 an Account of the Number of Ships, &c. He says
 he belongs to the Prussian Service, to which he
 was returning; but 'tis said he formerly belonged
 to Fitzjames's Horse in the French Service, and
 'tis supposed he was returning to France. He speaks
 very little English.

Notwith-