

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, March 30, 1758.

BOSTON, March 6.

Thursday last, the Great and General Court, or Assembly met here, being the Day to which they were Prorogued, when his Excellency the Governor was pleased to make the following Speech to both Houses, viz.

Gentlemen of the Council and House of Representatives,

THE Season is now advancing fast, in which the Interests, and perhaps the Being of these Colonies are to be contended for by Arms; the Events of these Operations are in the Hands of Providence; the Means are in our Hands: As therefore we in earnest value the Blessings of our Property and Religion enjoyed in Liberty, we must in earnest steadily and vigorously exert these Means.

While we *English* have been busied in Works of Peace and Industry, in settling and planting this Country; the Enemy the *French* have been as industriously employed in Works of War, in taking Possession of it. It is not therefore enough that we have settled and planted this Country, *we must possess it*, or we shall be found to have settled and planted it for the *French*.

His Majesty, whose gracious Protection is, under Heaven, our best Security, is pleased to send over here, to assist us in this Work of possessing our Country, a very great and powerful Body of Forces, both by Sea and Land, requiring only of us, that we should aid and assist this Service with our Provincial Troops. Let us therefore, in Gratitude and Obedience to his Majesty, in Gratitude and Affection to our Mother Country, in Duty to ourselves, and the good People of this Land, engage and co-operate in this Service, not grudgingly as though forced to it; but as in our own Cause, with all our Spirit and Abilities; not waiting to see what others will do, and measuring our Service by Quota's, but by the Importance of the Objects, and what we ought to do.

The Enemy by our unfortunate Situation is at our very Doors, at the Head of all our Waters, ready to come down upon us: 'Tis therefore absolutely necessary, that there be kept up a constant and vigilant Defence upon our Frontiers: I can add nothing on that Subject to what I recommended to you last Sessions. When I shall know how his Majesty's Regular Troops are disposed of, I shall be able to judge what more particular Measures may be necessary for me to take, within my own Command of this Province.

During the Recess of the General Court, in Obedience to his Majesty's Instructions, I met his Excellency the Earl of Loudoun, at Hartford. On February the 24th, his Lordship was pleased to acquaint me, what Aid of Soldiers he must require of this Province; And further, which I cannot but hope will be a great Encouragement to our People, to express his Intention of employing their Service to the Eastward; the Particulars I shall direct the Secretary to lay before you.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,
 I have directed the Treasurer to lay before you the State of the Treasury, and I must recommend it to you to supply the same, according to the Necessities and several Exigencies of this Government: And in a more particular Manner, I do hope, that you will make Provision for a suitable Body of Forces to co-operate in Aid and Assistance of his Majesty's Regular Troops to the Eastward.

That you will appropriate a Sum sufficient for the Defence of the immediate Frontiers of this Province.

That you will make also a sufficient Establishment and Provision for the Ship of War *King George*, which I propose to fit out for Cruizing without

Delay for the Protection of the Trade and Fishery of this Province.

Gentlemen of the Council and House of Representatives,

It seems that the Legislatures of the several Provinces and Colonies of this Northern Part of *America*, wait to give us the Lead, and look to us for an Example. Perhaps it were better as it would save Delay, if every Assembly had met at one Time, and no one waited to make Precedents of the other: However, exhausted as this Province is, by always standing foremost in his Majesty's Service, we shall not I trust, be the first to desert the Honour of his Majesty's Arms, and the just Cause of our Country: But that we shall still be an Example of Vigour and Dispatch.

March 2d, 1758. T. POWNALL.

NEW-YORK, March 13.

Tuesday last the General Assembly of this Province met pursuant to Proclamation; and on Friday his Honour our Governor was pleased to make the following Speech, viz.

Gentlemen of the Council and General Assembly,

HIS Majesty having nothing more at Heart, than to repair the Losses and Disappointments of the last Campaign, and by the most vigorous and extensive Efforts to avert, by the Blessing of God on his Arms, the Dangers impending on North-America; and not doubting that all his faithful and brave Subjects there, will cheerfully co-operate with, and second to the utmost, the large Expence and extraordinary Succours supplied by his Kingdom, for their Preservation and Defence: And his Majesty considering that the several Provinces, in particular, from Proximity and Accessibility of Situation, more immediately obnoxious to the main Irruptions of the Enemy from Canada, are of themselves well able to furnish at least Twenty Thousand Men, to join a Body of the King's Forces for invading Canada, and carrying War into the Heart of the Enemy's Possessions; and his Majesty not judging it expedient, to limit the Zeal and Ardour of any of his Provinces, by making a Repartition of the Forces to be raised by each respectively, for this most important Service; his Majesty's Pleasure hath been signified to me by Letter from the Right Honourable William Pitt, Esq; one of his principal Secretaries of State, that I should recommend to you in the most earnest Manner, to enable me to raise, with all possible Dispatch, as large a Body of Men within this Government, as the Number of its Inhabitants may allow, to be formed into Regiments as far as shall be found convenient, to hold themselves in Readiness as early as may be, to march to the Rendezvous at such Place as Major General Abercrombie, who succeeds the Right Honourable the Earl of Loudoun as Commander in Chief of the King's Forces in North-America, shall appoint, in order to proceed from thence, in Conjunction with a Body of the King's British Forces, and under the supreme Command of his Majesty's Commander in Chief in America, so as to be in a Situation to begin the Operations of the Campaign, as soon as shall be any Way practicable, by attempting to make an Irruption into Canada.

The King is pleased to furnish all the Men so raised, with Arms, Ammunition and Tents, as well as to order Provisions to be issued to the same, by his Majesty's Commissaries, in the same Proportion and Manner, as is done to the Rest of the King's Forces. A sufficient Train of Artillery will also be provided at his Majesty's Expence, for the Operations of the Campaign. The whole therefore that his Majesty expects and requires from the several Provinces, is the Levying, Cloath-

ing and Pay of the Men. And on these Heads, also, that no Encouragement may be wanting to this great and salutary Attempt, the King is further most graciously pleased to permit his Secretary of State to acquaint me, that strong Recommendations will be made to Parliament, in their Session next Year, to grant a proper Compensation for such Expences as above, according as the active Vigour, and strenuous Efforts of the respective Provinces shall justly appear to merit.

Similar Orders are sent to Massachusetts-Bay, New-Hampshire, Connecticut, Rhode-Island, and New-Jersey; and the Southern Governments are also directed to raise Men in the same Manner, to be employed in such offensive Operations, as the Circumstances and Situation of the Enemy's Posts in those Parts may point out.

Gentlemen of the General Assembly,

When you consider the great Expence the Crown is at in supporting and preserving these Countries, I persuade myself you cannot hesitate a Moment in granting ample and sufficient Supplies, for levying, cloathing and paying as large a Body of Men, as the Number of our Inhabitants will allow; especially as these Supplies are so essential to your own immediate Safety, and future Security.

Gentlemen of the Council and General Assembly,

These Provinces, if they exert themselves with Vigour, are able to send into the Field such a Body of Men, as, by the Blessing of God, may give us well grounded Expectations of Success. I hope a Number of brave Men, who have at Heart the Honour of a brave, and the best of Kings, will voluntarily and cheerfully engage in a Service, on the Success of which their Properties, their Civil and Religious Liberties, depend.

The Nature of the Service laid before you, requires the greatest Dispatch: We have no Time to lose, as the Troops ought soon to be in Readiness. I therefore expect, that in Case a sufficient Number do not offer voluntarily, you will forthwith enable me, by an effectual Law, to complete the Levies in due Time. I see no other Method of doing this, than that of draughting Men from the Militia.

Gentlemen,

I can add nothing more to animate your Zeal. The Dangers impending on North-America; the extraordinary Succours supplied by the Crown; the Losses we have sustained; the Proximity and Accessibility of this Province, more immediately obnoxious to the main Irruptions of the Enemy from Canada, are the most powerful and cogent Motives, that can be suggested to induce you to exert your most vigorous Efforts, on this truly important and critical Occasion.

City of New-York, JAMES DE LANCEY.
 March 10, 1758.

NEW-YORK, March 20.
Extract from the Votes of the General Assembly of the Colony of New-York, Die Martis 9b. A. M. the 14th March, 1758.

The ingrossed Address to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, was read and approved of by the House.

Ordered, That Mr. Speaker sign the said Address in Behalf of the House; which is in the Words following, viz.

To the Honourable JAMES DE LANCEY, Esq; his Majesty's Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of New-York, and the Territories depending thereon in America.

The humble ADDRESS of the General Assembly of the said Colony.

May it please your Honour,
WE his Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the General Assembly of the Colony of New-York, return your Honour our Thanks for your Speech.

With

AS a yellow Slave, well-set, with cut Hair, near 5 Feet high, about by Name *Teby*, and is a Weaver by Trade from his Mistress on Sunday the 12th of February Instant, and took his Cloaths, viz. a Duroy Coat, a Waistcoat, a Country Cloth Pair of long Pair of Ditto, and a Linen Cap; and the Cap it is supposed he wears; a pair of Brass Buckles in his Shoes, one broke; he speaks good *English*, and is in his Speech; his Eyes much like his Lips very thick, and in his other like a Negro. It is supposed he is from the Eastern Shore, as he has before taken up the said Slave, and is now in the Subscriber, living upon *St. Mary's* County, shall receive ten Shillings, over and above what was, if taken out of *St. Mary's* County.
 MARY LEE.

County, *New-Port*, Feb. 14, 1758. The Subscriber once more gives this public notice, that those who are indebted to him of the Store he lately kept here, at Mr. *John Winter*, and do not immediately discharge their respective Balances, or secure them otherwise, to the Satisfaction of *Buchanan*, who now keeps Store at *New-Port*, and has full Power to collect and receive Debts, may depend on being sued, and to the full Satisfaction of Time or Respect of Persons. He will have any Demands against the said Store likewise desired to bring in their respective Accounts, and apply to the said Mr. *Buchanan*.
 ALEXANDER LOTHIAN.

TO BE SOLD,
 A good SAILING BOAT, a prime one, about 21 Feet Keel, 6 and 1/2 Beam, in the Hold; her Frame Mulberry; and her good Suit of Sails, Anchor and other Materials, &c. &c. Enquire hereof.

TO BE SOLD,
 A SUBSCRIBER near Severn-Ferry, in ANNAPOLIS,
 SINGLES and DOUBLE REFINED SUGAR, RICE, SHIP BREAD, and CANE SPIRIT, by Wholesale or Retail, likewise BUTTER by the Firkin.
 JOHN CLAPHAM.

TO GO on Expresses, or Journeys of Distance, to be LET by the Subscriber who will likewise furnish any Gentleman with a faithful and expeditious Messenger to his Office.
 THOMAS PECKER.
 The said Pecker intreats all Persons Intending to make speedy Payment, or at least to settle their Accounts by Notes, to prevent further Trouble.

TO BUY, or Kill for Others in the same manner, and at a cheap Rate, by good Hunters, any Parcels of Fat Cattle or other Animals.
 T. PECKER.

IMPORTED from BRISTOL,
 A good OLD by the Subscriber, at his Store at MARLBOROUGH and PIC-POINT,
 A good CELL of WELCH COTTONS, and RUGS, and BLANKETS, and other GOODS; CROWN GLASS and 11 by 9; NAILS and IRON QUART BOTTLES, &c. &c.
 STEPHEN WEST.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,
 A good PLOT of LAND, containing 260 Acres, of which is excellent fresh Water, with a good Orchard of young grafted Trees on the Round-Bay near the *Vine-Yards*; there is a good Dwelling-House, Stable, &c. For Terms, and further Particulars, apply to Mr. *Lancelot Jacques*, Merchant in *Annapolis*.

OFFICE in Charles-street;
 1d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS by the Week, and One Shilling