

BE SOLD,  
a SERVANT WOMAN,  
Years to serve, and is well ac-  
hold Work. Enquire of the

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,  
Elk-Ridge Church, in Anne-

of good fresh MEDICINES,  
and Galenical, imported from  
with the Addition of a few  
be had here) to furnish a Shop  
the Practice of Physic; as also  
pothecary's Shop, a compleat  
n's Instruments, a small Col-  
oks on Surgery, Physic, &c.  
be Sold all in one Article, the  
ther, and the Books and Shop-  
Buyer shall have Occasion, and  
n, all at reasonable Rates, for  
Money, or Credit upon Secu-  
y JAMES MACGILL.  
ogue of the Books may be seen  
ING-OFFICE.

ANTED,  
E in Dorchester Parish, in Dor-  
ty. Any CLERGYMAN  
ngland, that is without a Parish,  
I recommended, will meet with  
nt, by applying to the Vestry-  
a, who are empowered by the  
to agree with some fit Person  
lace.

igned per Order,  
ROGER JONES, Register.

Iron-Works, June 23, 1757.  
STANDING that repeated  
ve been made to all Persons in-  
e of the late Mr. Stephen Oniss,  
ty, deceased, to come and pay  
allances to his Executrix, there  
o have paid no Regard to it;  
to give Notice to all such Per-  
pay, or give their Obligations  
hereof, in a very short Time.  
indebted to the late Mrs. Oniss,  
ed to come and do likewise.  
as do not herewith comply, may  
of Persons) expect such Measures  
will occasion the least Trouble to  
vesaid, and to  
JOSEPH SMITH.

June 9, 1757.  
s indebted to the PAPER  
NCY OFFICE, are requi-  
INTEREST due on their  
n Six Months from the Date  
the Bonds will be put in Suit.  
rder of the Commissioners,  
ARD DORSEY, Clerk  
of the Paper Currency Office.

IMPORTED,  
ain JOHNSTOUN, from LONDON,  
by the Subscribers, at their Store,  
Parade, in ANNAPOLIS, where  
formerly kept Tavern,  
EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA  
for Bills of Exchange, Paper  
ruling.  
XANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

EW THOMPSON,  
E-MAKER,  
o formerly lived with Mr. James  
in London-Town,  
ed to Mr. John Golder's, near the  
where he carries on the ROPE-  
INESS in all it's Branches, and  
s may be supplied with ROPES  
ck or white: And all those who  
o favour him with their Custom,  
being faithfully served with the  
ir most humble Servant,  
ANDREW THOMPSON.  
as plenty of TRACES and  
INES by him, which he will  
asonable Rates.

ICE in Charles-street;  
er Year. ADVERTISE-  
Week, and One Shilling

THE

[Numb. 644.]

# MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, September 8, 1757.

## CAMP BEFORE PRAGUE, May 11.

**T**HE City of Prague is now compleatly invested by the Prussian Troops on both Sides of the River, the King commanding on one Side, and Marshal Keith on the other. Prince Charles of Lorraine, Marshal Brown, the two Princes of Saxony, Prince Louis of Wirtemberg, the Prince of Modena, the Duke of Arimbürg, &c. &c. are said to be in Prague. Advices being received that Count Leopold Daun is advancing with a Corps of 15000 Men from Königgratz, the King of Prussia has detached the Prince of Bevern with 12 or 15 Battalions and 50 Squadrons, to offer him Battle. It is said that the Austrian Army is assembling at Benefchau, about two Miles beyond the Zafawa.

*Berlin, May 14.* It is assured that we had only 2500 Men killed, and 3000 wounded in the bloody Battle of the 6th Instant.

*Berlin, May 17.* The Day before Yesterday a Courier from the King's Head Quarters before Prague brought Advice, that they had begun to bombard that City; and that his Majesty's Troops had taken an Entrenchment upon an Eminence called Ziska, which commands the City.

*Brussels, May 27.* Letters from Vienna say, that Prague was so closely invested, that, in order to favour the Passage of a Messenger from his Royal Highness Prince Charles of Lorraine to the Empress, they had been obliged to make a Sally under the Command of Major General Lacy, in which great Numbers had been killed on both Sides. They add, that before the End of this Month, Count Daun's Army would be strong enough to go to the Relief of Prague.

*Vienna, May 21.* Prince Charles of Lorraine is in very good Health, and the Garrison of Prague, which consists of 48,000 Men, is in good Condition. That City is provided with a numerous Artillery, and Plenty of Provision and Ammunition. Count Daun has thought fit to quit the Camp at Kollin, in order to meet the Reinforcements which are in march to join him.

*Paris, May 27.* We have received Advice from the East-Indies, by Way of Constantinople, that the Nabob of Bengal has destroyed all the Possessions of the English upon the Ganges, to the Amount of 50,000,000 of Livres, and that this Prince afterwards went upon the Coast of Coromandel, where he has declared, that he will do his utmost to destroy all that belongs to the English.

*Berlin, May 28.* We hear from his Majesty's Camp before Prague, that in the Night between the 23d and 24th Instant, a Body of 12000 Austrians, commanded (as the Deserters say) by Prince Charles of Lorraine in Person, made a furious Sally on the Side of Marshal Keith's Quarters at Weissenberg. The Rest of their Troops stood on the Ramparts waiting the Issue of the Enterprize, in order to break out and join them in Case of Success. Our Picquets sustained their first Attack with so much Bravery that the whole Army had Time to get under Arms, which they did in less than a Quarter of an Hour. After this the Enemy was repulsed, and obliged to retreat back into the City with considerable Loss, which we cannot exactly ascertain, as they took Care to carry off all their Slain and Wounded. Ours is trifling, not losing one Officer of Note. Prince Ferdinand, his Majesty's Brother, had his Horse killed under him, and a Ball slightly grazed his Chin; which, however, did not hinder him from being present during the whole Action, which began at Two in the Morning, and lasted till Seven. Several Deserters are come over to us on this Occasion. The Duke of Brunswick Bevern is encamped with his Corps in the Neighbourhoods of Czafaw and Kuttentberg, to observe the Motions of Count Daun's Army.

*Berlin, May 31.* The Austrians, in the Sally made from Prague the 24th, with 22,000 of their best Troops; succeeded so ill, that they had 1000 Men killed, and almost as many wounded; besides which, they lost 300 by Desertion.

*Hague, June 7.* Several Letters from the Army before Prague advise, that the Austrians made a fresh Sally the 28th ult. but that they met with no greater Success than they had done the 24th.

*Paris, June 6.* As the English Affairs are in so bad a Situation at Coromandel, the Forces we have sent there will come very opportunely to give the finishing Stroke for expelling them entirely out of the East-Indies.

*From the French Camp at Rheda, June 13.* The Duke of Cumberland having fairly eat up and removed every Thing that was edible in the Bishopric of Paderböh, has quitted that Country between Thirst and Fatigue this Morning. The Palatine Troops still continue to flatter us that they will speedily march hither; but perhaps they will wait for the Signal of a Victory, which we don't know when we shall be able to give them.

*Dresden, June 10.* According to the last Advices from the Army before Prague, the Prussians have summoned several Thousands of Bohemian Peasants, who are to be employed in raising a Line of Circumvallation, fortified every where with Palisades; and in proper Places with Redoubts. A fresh Summons has been sent to the Garrison, that after the 12th they are to expect no Terms. It is very positively said, that all the Prisoners taken in the Sally of the 28th, were drunk, and that the Number of Slain did not amount to less than Ten Thousand Men. A private Letter handed about here says, that none but the principal Officers can afford to purchase Beef, and that Horse-Flesh is Three-Pence a Pound. His Prussian Majesty has permitted a Courier to go from Prague to Vienna, to the Family of Prince Lichtenstein, to inform them that his Highness is dead of his Wounds.

*Vienna, June 4.* The Illyrian Nation, as a Proof of their Zeal, have offered her Majesty 1000 Foot, and 600 Horse, besides a free Gift in Money, which has been accepted.

*Dresden, June 8.* The last Letters from Prague advise, that the Bombardment continues very vigorously, and that the Besieged began to be in Want of several Kinds of Provisions, as well as Forage. The Day before Yesterday seventeen Boats, coming from Magdebourg, passed by here over the Elbe, laden with Powder, Bombs, Bullets, and other Ammunition, for Bohemia.

*Utrecht, June 15.* We learn from Bohemia, by the Way of Franconia, that the King had caused new Batteries to be erected on the Right of the Moldau, to batter Prague with greater Force, and hasten the Reduction of the Place, where every one, even to the Monks, have taken Arms.

*From M. d'Estree's Head Quarters at Hertbroek, June 10.* The Enemy's Army will soon be attacked, if not unattackable; it almost appears so. All their Forces are re-assembled in the Camp of Brackwede. Their Line is on a rising Ground: The Summit of the Mountain is not occupied: Their Right is separated from the Rest of the Army by a Valley: The third Part of the Line and their Left extends by the Declivity of the Mountain as far as some Marshes. The Post of Brackwede is entrenched. The River of Kauffenbach covers their Front, and closes the Marches of the Left. The Front of the Camp is secure from any Attack. A Redoubt is erected before each Battalion. Such is their Position.

*Madrid, May 24.* Our Court persists in its Resolution of being quite neuter in the present War between France and England; which, with the Augmentation of our naval Force, will make us equally respected by both Parties.

We have at this Time 44 Ships of the Line, 18 Frigates, 4 Bomb Gallies, 3 Fire-Ships, 12 Chebecs, and 5 Packet-Boats.

*Paris, May 31.* The Acquillon Frigate, of 46 Guns, and the Escarboucle Advice Boat, of 16, both followed M. de Ache's Squadron beyond Cape Finisterre, and brought Word at their Return, that the Fleet was in good Condition when they left it. It was composed of 11 Sail, viz. two of 74 Guns, one of 64, one of 32, one of 28, two of 24, two of 20, one of 16, and one of 14 Guns. M. de la Moth's, is of 9 Ships of the Line and two Frigates, and has 704 Pieces of Cannon.

*LONDON, May 24.* It is confidently said, that the Irish Brigades, in the Service of France, which were sent into Westphalia, have deserted to the King of Prussia.

*Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, May 20.* "The Tartar Man of War, Captain Lockart, is arrived here from a Cruize, and has brought in the Penelope Privateer belonging to Morlaix, of 16 six Pounders, and 2 two Pounders, and 180 Men."

The Betty, — from Glasgow, for Virginia, is retaken by the Duke of Bedford Privateer, and sent into Dublin.

The Charming Nancy, Fannin, arrived at Dover from Maryland, was taken by a French Privateer, and ransomed for 1000 l.

May 28. A French Privateer of 12 Guns is taken off Cromartie, by the Dolphin Man of War. A French Privateer of 16 Guns is taken off Cromer, by the Weazel Sloop of War.

The Marquis D'Aumont Privateer, from Bourdeaux, of 16 six Pounders, and 160 Men, is taken by the St. George Privateer of London, after an Engagement of two Hours, in which Captain Devonshire was killed the first Fire. The St. George has also re-taken the Dinwiddie from Virginia for Bristol, with 240 Hogheads of Tobacco, and brought them both into Falmouth.

May 31. The Boscawen Privateer, Captain Mauger, of Guernsey, was taken the 14th Instant, by the Thetis and Pomona; two French Frigates, and carried into Nantz.

The Friendship, Tolgo, from Boston to London, is taken and carried into St. Maloes.

The Danish Squadron, consisting of eight Men of War, anchored in the Road of Elsinour the 13th Instant.

It is said, that on the Day preceding the late Battle of Auwal, Marshal Brown sent a Trumpet to the King of Prussia to desire a Truce for twelve Days; to which Message that Monarch returned the following Answer by Word of Mouth, 'I will let the Marshal know my Resolution on this Head To-morrow.'

June 2. The Acquillon, a French Man of War, of 48 Guns, and 450 Men, is drove on Shore, and destroyed by the Antelope Man of War, a 50 Gun Ship, near la Hogue Bay.

The Antelope has taken a Privateer of 10 Guns, and a Ship, Name unknown, for Canada, and carried them into Portsmouth.

June 4. The East-India Company's Ships Portland, Edgocote, and Chesterfield, are arrived at Limerick, from the Coasts of Malabar and Coromandel, and bring Advice, that on the Death of Alliverdee Caun, the late Nabob of the Province of Bengal, his Grandson and Successor Sourajee Doulah made most exorbitant Demands on the Company for Money, which not being immediately complied with, he marched down in the Month of June to Calcutta with an Army of 60,000 Men, and made himself Master thereof, together with all the Settlements of the Company in the Province of Bengal, exercising most inhuman Cruelties. The French and Dutch having seen the Fate of the English, made their Peace with the Nabob with large Sums of Money.

The Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay have each detached a large Number of Men, in Conjunction with his Majesty's Squadron, under Admiral Watson, to re-establish the Settlement of Fort