

of the third was not known, though it was generally thought they intended to march Northward; and that the French in the late Action with brave Captain Rogers, had not less than fifty killed and wounded.

*Abstract of another Letter from Albany, April 2, 1757.*  
This Morning an Account was brought to us, that a large Army of French and Indians were seen at a small Distance from the German Flats; but few here believe it. Sir William Johnson is still in Readiness, with 1500 of the Militia.

Every Man in the French Army that came to Fort William Henry, was equipped in the following Manner, viz. With 2 Pair of Indian Stockings, 2 Pair of Spatterdashies, 1 Pair of Breeches, 2 Jackets, 1 large Over Coat, 2 Hats, 2 Caps, 1 Hat, 1 Pair of Mittens, 1 Towel, 2 Pocket-Knives, 1 Scalping-Knife, 1 Flint, every 2 Men an Axe, and every 1 Kettle and Oil-cloth for a Tent, with one Blanket and a Bearskin, and 12 Days Provisions of Bread; all which they drew on Hand.

At 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon. Just as another Express came to Town from the German Flats; the Particulars I cannot learn; but it is reported the French were near by, and consisted of 2000 Men. The Militia Drums beat to Arms.

On Tuesday last returned into this Port, from a Cruize, the Privateer Snow Cicero, commanded by Ephraim Cooke, Commander. Some Particulars of her Cruize are as follow;—That on the 14th of October last she left Sandy Hook, and on the 19th of November, to Windward Antigua, they met with a French Privateer of 14 Carriage Guns, who engaged them a considerable Time, but having the Weather adverse, and a clean white Bottom, she escaped the Enemy, altho' all Endeavours were used to fetch her up;—and that a Flag of Truce arrived at Antigua, from Martinico had brought Word, that the Engagement the Sloop had her Captain killed in two different Places, her Lieutenant and eleven Men killed, besides 30 wounded, and 160 Hands she had on board, when Captain Cooke himself was but slightly wounded, and 10 of his Men. On the 20th, off Pope's Head, within a League of the Shore, they were engaged by another French Privateer Sloop for an Hour and an Half, which they took, having killed and wounded 20 of their Men; she was called Le Flash, Capt. Pierre Richard, of and from Martinico. That after they had landed their Prisoners at Antigua, they proceeded off Martinico, where they had not been long before they drove more two Vessels close in with Port St. Pierre, whence immediately turned out five Sloops, commanded by Capt. Cooke thought were designed to engage him, when he made all the Sail he could towards them, which the Enemy perceiving soon fled and went into Port. That their Vessel then foul they went to St. Kitt's, where being they formed an Expedition against St. Bartholomews, and in Company with six other Privateers sailed the 7th of January to attack it, and the next Morning the Fleet engaged and drove the French from their Batteries, and reduced the Island, obliging the Inhabitants to keep neutral, and not to indulge the French Privateers. After they went down and took Possession of the French Quarter of the Island St. Martin, and soon returned hither.

Tuesday last a Man supposed to have carried Intelligence to the French, and passed for an Indian Trader, was committed to our Goal; and it is credibly inform'd there are some others who follow the same Business now on their Travels thro' different Parts of this and the neighbouring Government.

*Abstract of a Letter from on board the Privateer Ship Hercules at St. Kitt's, Samuel Boyard, Commander, dated March 1, 1757.*  
On the 22d of February, at Night, a French Sloop came along Side of us, and ordered us to strike our Colours; we told him we would directly; he first fir'd three Guns at us, being on our Weather-Quarter, we resolved to give him our Broadside. Monsieur perceiving our Mistake made all the Sail he could from us; he gave Chace, and at Eight in the Morning the French Sloop came along Side of her, when she struck. She belonged to Martinico, mounted 12 Carriage Guns, 12 Swivels, and had 69 Men, including 15 Slaves, William Annis, Commander; they have their Guns overboard, whilst we were

in Chace of them; she is Bermuda built, and is reckoned the best Sailer belonging to Martinico; she catch'd her by the Wind. We got into Antigua in two Days after, where the People insisted, in Case we condemned our Prize there, that we should hire a Flag of Truce to send the Prisoners to Martinico. We stay'd but four Hours at Antigua, weigh'd Anchor, and went to St. Kitt's, where they immediately took the Prisoners off our Hands, and will send them away at the Expense of the Island. We shall sell the Sloop and Slaves here, and expect to leave the Island in three Days, bound to Leeward.

Wednesday last the Ship Maxwell, Captain Ethrington, and Schooner St. Stephen, Captain Richard Thomas, arrived here in Six Weeks from Madeira: They brought in with them a French Snow of about 160 Tons, called Le Bon Rencontre, bound from Port Louis for Old-France, which they took on the 28th ult. Her Cargo consists of 200 Hogheads of Sugar, the Rest Indigo and Coffee, and is esteemed a very valuable Prize. The Crew of the Snow was more than superior to that of both the other Vessels, one of them not having a Gun on board, they being obliged to take her, lest they should be taken themselves.

Next Day Captain Pintard arrived here in five Weeks from Madeira, and informs us, That last Sunday, he was chased by a Sloop of about 70 Tons, with a Quarter Deck, brown Bottom, and black Sides, but got clear.

The same Day Captain Delany came to Town from Amboy, where he arrived the Day before in Captain Carman, in thirteen Days from St. Kitt's: He had the Misfortune to be taken on the 27th of February last, on his Voyage from hence for the West-Indies, by a French Privateer Sloop of 10 Guns, and carried him into Martinico; by him we have the following Account of Vessels taken by the French and carried into Martinico also.

Johnston, in a Ship from Boston; Segar, from Rhode Island; a Ship from Philadelphia, with 1500 Barrels of Flour; and a Snow and a Sloop from Piscataqua.

The Day that Captain Carman arrived at Amboy, he was fir'd at several Times by a Sloop under French Colours, off Barnagat; but his Vessel sailing very fast got clear. This, in all Probability, is the Sloop mentioned by Capt. Pintard.

In less than 30 Hours after receiving the above Intelligence, a Sloop that had not a Sail bent, nor a Gun on board, was thoroughly equip'd and mann'd, and failed on Saturday Noon in Search of Monsieur.

A Prisoner brought in here in a late Prize, says, That before he left St. Domingo, three Privateers were fitting out at Cape-François, in order to cruize on our Coast, one a Brig of sixteen 4 Pounders, one a Schooner of fourteen 6 Pounders, and a Sloop of ten 6 Pounders.

By Letters from Barbados (via Philadelphia) we learn that the Privateer Snow Royal-Hester, Capt. Davis, of this Port, had taken and carried into that Island, a French Privateer Sloop of 4 Guns; and was gone upon a Cruize again.

All the Masters of Vessels that arrived here lately from the West-Indies agree in their Accounts of the great Numbers of French Privateers cruising among the Islands; that hardly an English Vessel can escape them; and one of them that had the Misfortune to be taken by the Enemy, says, that he was informed by one of his Countrymen in Martinico, who was Prisoner also, that on his Way from St. Kitt's to that Island, he counted no less than 36 French Privateers.

*PHILADELPHIA, April 14.*  
*Extract of a Letter from New-York, April 11.*  
Lieutenant Baker, who was supposed to be killed in Rogers's Affair some Time since, is yet alive a Prisoner with the French, and it is thought will recover of his Wounds. Rogers, as the French Prisoners say, killed at that Time 28 of the Enemy on the Spot, of which 15 were Indians, and 28 more died afterwards of their Wounds. Two French Prisoners were taken at Fort William Henry thus: One of them had set Fire to a Wood Pile, and the Blaze gave so much Light, that he was afraid of being seen and shot down if he attempted to run off, so he hid himself near it, till the Garrison found him. The other was wounded, and could not get off. Several of their Dead have been hooked out of a Hole in the Ice, thro' which they had been buried under Water; among them is an Indian, which they had scalped themselves, either to make a Penny, or prevent our People's making a Penny of it. The Garrison was very much alarmed when the Officers were called together to consult on the

French Summons; fearing they would treat about a Surrender; but were glad and easy when assured by the Commander that no such Thing was intended. Monongahela, was all the Cry among the Men.

From Providence we hear, that a French Sugar Ship has been lately carried in there by Captain Sweating of Rhode-Island, and one Captain Chism; and that the Captains Becks and Fleming, in two Privateers of that Place, had also carried in a Dutch Schooner and Sloop, which, it was thought, would turn out good Prizes.

Since our last Captain Conner arrived here from St. Christophers, who touched at St. Eustatia, where he heard that it was not the Spry, Captain Bowne, of this Port, that was taken by some French Privateers (as hinted in our last) but that it was a Ship of Force that belonged to Boston, which was taken by three Privateers, after making a most gallant Defence, and killing the Enemy a Number of Men.

The Ship Elizabeth, Captain Katter, of and from this Harbour for St. Christophers, is taken, and carried into Martinico; and Captain Welsh, bound to Nevis from this Place is carried into Guadaloupe.

A Letter from Virginia, dated the First Instant, says: "There are now at Winchester 104 of the Catawba Nation, who give out that they are to be increased to 150; and that they are to be joined soon by a large Body of their Brethren the Cherokees."

We have Advice from Easton, in Northampton County, that four Indians arrived there on the Fifth Instant from Diahogo, and brought with them a white Prisoner, named Nicholas Ramstein, who was carried off about fifteen Months ago from beyond the Mountains, near where Fort Norris now stands. He reports, that Teedyuscung will bring more Prisoners with him, but cannot come down till towards the End of this Month, as some Mohawks, who are to accompany him, could not be ready sooner.

We hear from Cumberland County, that only one Woman, the Wife of John Campbell, was murder'd there on Thursday, the 31st ult. by the Indians; but that on the Saturday following two Men were killed, William M'Kinley and his Son; and that ten Persons have been carried off. Two Indians were seen on the Sixth Instant near Harron's Fort, about twelve Miles from Carlisle.

An Egg-Harbour Man, arrived at New-York, says, he saw a Privateer take a Ship, which he supposed was bound in here.

*ANNAPOLIS, April 21.*  
"To his Excellency HORATIO SHARPE, Esq; Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of MARYLAND."

"The humble ADDRESS of the Upper House of ASSEMBLY."

"May it please your Excellency,

"WE return your Excellency Thanks for your Speech at the Opening of this Session. The Supplies the Earl of LOUDOUN requires of this Province, are so moderate, in Comparison of those expected from some of the neighbouring Colonies, and especially as they are to be employed in our more immediate Defence, that your Excellency may be assured nothing shall be wanting on our Parts to comply with his Lordship's Requisition: And we hope the Business of this Session will be carried on with such Harmony and Dispatch, that his Majesty's Service may suffer no Delay from the Province of Maryland."

"B. TASKER, President.  
April 9, 1757."

*The Governor's ANSWER.*

"Gentlemen of the Upper House of Assembly,

"THE Professions you are pleased to make of the greatest Readiness on your Part to comply with the Earl of Loudoun's Requisition, are very agreeable to me; and I am well assured you will be always in the Number of those who shall be most forward to promote his Majesty's Service."  
"HOR. SHARPE."

Last Saturday between Sun-set and Dark, one Charles Mackleraine, a Waggoner, was shot with Two Bullets, at about 2 or 300 Yards Distance from Fort-Frederick. A Party went out immediately, but the Enemy had scalped him, and made off with such Precipitation that they left a Tomahawk lying by him.

This Morning arrived here, after a Passage of 16 Weeks, the Brig Betty and Peggy, Capt. Patrick McEntegart, from Liverpool. On his Passage hither he met with very bad Weather, in which he had his Boat stove to Pieces, and received other Damage; and was much distressed for want of Provisions, being reduced to a Bisket a Day for some Time before his Arrival.

THE Subscriber gives Cash for CALIVANSE PEASE delivered at Annapolis.  
DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

PHILEMON YOUNG,  
At the SIGN of the

In LOWER-MARLBOROUGH, KEEPS a House of good ENTERTAINMENT; where all Gentlemen may be well accommodated; and their Horses, &c. well taken Care of.

To be Sold by the Subscriber, for ready Money, at Mr. Carroll's Warehouse, in Annapolis,

CHOICE good white Sugar at 10 d. per Pound, Salt at 2/9 per Bushel, Mahogany Bureaus, Corner Cupboards, Desks, and Square Tables.  
FRANCIS FAIRBROTHER.

ALEXANDER RUTHERFORD,  
SHOE-MAKER,  
Living near John Raitt, Esq; in Annapolis,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he makes all Sorts of BOOTS and SHOES in the neatest and most fashionable Manner, with the greatest Dispatch, at very reasonable Rates.

*March 11, 1757.*  
TAKEN up by the Subscriber, living on Patapsco Neck in Baltimore County, about a Week ago, a drift on the Bay-Side, about a Mile above North-Point, at the Mouth of Patapsco River, a Six Hoghead FLAT; her Timbers are chiefly, if not all, of Mulberry, and a Mulberry Stem, with a Piece broke off the upper Part of her Stern; she had one Oar in her when she came ashore, which has been broke and spliced, and secured with Lashing.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, paying Charges, and applying to DANIEL STANBURY, junior.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in the Fork of Gunpowder, in Baltimore County, on the 27th of March last, a Convict Servant Fellow, named Richard Young; he is of a fresh Complexion, short and thick, a little mark'd with the Small-Pox, full faced, and speaks a little on the West Country Dialect. Had on when he went away, a dyed Cotton Jacket, a Country Linen Shirt, an old Pair of Cotton Breeches much patched, good Shoes and Stockings, and an old Felt Hat.

Whoever will bring the said Servant to the Subscriber, near Mr. Boyce's, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, if taken in this County; and Fifty Shillings if taken out of it, paid by DANIEL POCKOCK.

*February 21, 1757.*

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named Lot, about 30 Years of Age, his Knees incline together, his left Knee standing in somewhat more than the Right, and as he walks hath a Cast of his Head to the Left. Had on, a white Cotton Jacket, and an old blue Cloth one under it, a new Osabrags Shirt, white Cotton Breeches, coarse, thick, white Yarn Stockings, and a Pair of strong Country-made Shoes, with many Hob-Nails in the Soles.

He lately belonged to one Dr. Piles, living at Pamunkey, near Patowmack, and hath been seen at his late Master's, and in that Neighbourhood, since he ran away.

Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and brings him to Queen-Anne, shall receive Three Pounds Reward, paid by CHARLES HAMMOND, junior.

THERE is at the Plantation of William Graves, in Frederick County, on Manockasy, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Dark Bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, branded on the off Thigh I P, and on the off Shoulder P, has a Star in her Forehead, and paces well.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.