

WANTED,

A MILLER, who understands Grinding and Bolting. Such a one, well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Printer herofore.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, about the 10th of June last, a Mulatto Man, named Cyrus; he is a very short, well-set, bow-leg'd Fellow, wears long Hair for one of his Colour, if not cut off since he went away; his Dress I can't describe, because I have Reason to believe he has stole Cloaths since he ran away; he was brought up in Pennsylvania, and understands Farming. Whoever brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Twenty Shillings more than the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS GANTT, junior.

JUST IMPORTED,

in the BETSEY, Capt. JOHN WHITE, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store near the Dock in Annapolis, at reasonable Rates, wholesale or retail, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,

GREAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, suitable to the SEASON.

JOHN RAITT.

JOHN MOALE,

INTENDING for England this Fall, desires all Persons indebted to him and Mr. Charles Crossall, to make speedy Payment, otherwise they may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs: Those who have any just Claims on them, are desired to bring in their Accounts, which shall be duly paid. They have on Hand about Four Hundred Pounds prime Cost of European and India GOODS, at their Store in Baltimore-Town, which they will sell very cheap by wholesale, for Bills of Exchange, Paper-Money, Gold, or good Tobacco, and a reasonable Time given for Payment.

TO BE SOLD,

For Sterling Money, good Bills of Exchange, Gold, Silver, or Paper Currency,

THE following Tracts and Parcels of Land,

Rover's Content,	466	} Acres.
Part of The Inclosure,	89	
Part of Goodluck,	445	} Acres.
Fife,	78	
Beall's Chance,	290	} Acres.
Father's Gift,	183	
Bread and Cheese Hall,	91	

These are all adjoining, and make a Body of choice well timbered Land, whereon are Three Plantations, with good Orchards, lying in Prince George's County, within five Miles of Bladenburg, one of Upper-Marlborough, and six of the Eastern Branch Ferry.

Couper,	113	} Acres.
Part of Laybill,	649	
Beall's Reserve,	380	} Acres.
Drumdry,	225	

The Four last mentioned lie in Beall's Neck, in Frederick County, not above twelve Miles from Bladenburg, being a choice Parcel of fine Wood-land.

Also 450 Acres of Land, being Part of a Tract called Allison's Park, lying likewise in Frederick County, on or near a Branch, called and known by the Name of Captain John's Branch.

Any Person inclinable to purchase Part of the first mentioned seven Tracts, lying in Prince George's County, may have the Quantity desired, provided it be taken so as not to incommode the remaining Part, to render it unserviceable, or prejudice the Sale thereof; and likewise, any Part of the several Tracts, in Frederick County, in like Manner.

The Title and Terms may be known, by applying to the Subscriber, or to Josias Beall, junior, living on Ackokick, near Piscataway, in Prince-George's County.

JOHN BEALL, junior.

N. B. Time will be given for the Payment of Part, on good Security, if required.

at his Office in Charles-street; 12s. 6d. per Year. ADVERTISE- ments the first Week, and One Shilling

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE, [Numb. 589.]

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, August 19, 1756.

PARIS, May 28.

SINCE the Descent of the King's Troops in the Island of Minorca, the Marshal Duke de Richelieu has been chiefly employed in surmounting the Difficulties that hindered the Transporting of the Artillery, warlike Stores, and Provisions to Mahon. He hath at length raised on the Lighthouse a Battery of five Pieces of Cannon and as many Mortars, which began to fire the 8th Instant. On the 9th in the Evening, a Detachment of 100 Volunteers, four Companies of Grenadiers, and six Picquets, under Col. Count de Briqueville, took Post in the Suburb la Ravale, in order to erect Batteries there. On the 10th in the Morning Brigadier Marquis de Rouquepine, with two Colonels, and 1200 Men, marched toward Marlborough-Fort, behind the Tower of Benefaid. This Evening the Count de Briqueville was relieved by the Brigadier de la Serre, with three Companies of Grenadiers, and nine Picquets; and soon after the two Battalions of the Regiment Royal Comiois, marched to the Right of the Suburb along a Chain of Houses that forms its Circumference, in order to protect the Works, which the Marshal visited in Person. M. d'Elva, Col. of the Regiment Royal Italien, who received a Shot in his Shoulder, is the only Officer that hath hitherto been wounded.

Paris, June 5. We have received the following further Particulars in Relation to the late Naval Engagement between Admiral Byng and the Marquis de la Galissoniere. The Ship named the Hippopotame, of 50 Guns, commanded by Monsieur Rochemaure, engaged an English Man of War of 80 Guns, and took off their Masts, Bow-sprit, and great Part of their Rigging. This Vessel was so disabled as to be upon the Point of putting out a white Flag, when some other three Deck'd Ship appeared to her Relief. The Temeraire lost in the Engagement only two Men, and had ten wounded; she received a Shot betwixt Wind and Water, another in her Bow-sprit, and a Third in her Main-mast, notwithstanding which the English could not resist her Fire above Half an Hour. The Lion was attacked by two English Men of War, one of 74 and another of 72 Guns; they were engaged within Pistol Shot of each other. The first made small Resistance, but the second maintained the Engagement with great Obstinacy, till her Mizzen-mast and Fore-Topmast were carried off: The Main-mast of the Lion received a Shot through it, and all her Rigging was so much damaged as to be rendered unfit for Service. Of all our Squadron the Lion was the most injured.

Genoa, May 15. According to Letters from Minorca, dated the 6th of this Month, the French were Masters of Fort Phillipet, and in a few Days, would be ready to batter the Forts St. Philip and Charles, with 98 Pieces of Cannon, of 24, 36, and 48 Pounders, besides which, they have six Mortars for throwing Bombs of 500 lb. as many for Bombs of 300, and 30 more capable of throwing Bombs and Granades of 100 and 200 lb. Weight.

Paris, May 24. On Friday Evening an Express arrived at Versailles, from the Duke de Richelieu, with Advice that the Trenches were opened in the Night between the 9th and 10th Instant, before Fort St. Philip, in Minorca.

Paris, June 4. According to the last Letters which the Court has received from the Count de la Galissoniere, and which are dated the 25th of May, the English Squadron, commanded by Admiral Byng, had not appeared since the Engagement of the Twentieth, and ours continued cruising before the Entrance of Mahon Harbour.

According to Advices from the Camp, before Fort St. Philip, our Bomb-Batteries continued Playing from the 12th to the 17th with great Success. That Day the Battery of Cannon on the

Right began to play; the 18th the Sieur de Pinay, who commanded the Battery on the Left, was killed, and the Field Marshal, Prince Lewis of Wirtemberg, wounded. The 19th, the English Squadron appearing at Sea, Marshal Richelieu sent thirteen Picquets to the Count de la Galissoniere, and made the necessary Dispositions for cutting off all Communication between the English Admiral and the Besieged. The 20th, a Bomb having set Fire to one of our Batteries about Two in the Afternoon, and the Besieged perceiving it, they redoubled their Fire, and made a Sally from the Lunette de la Reine, whither, however, they were soon drove back by our Grenadiers. The 21st and 22d, our Troops were employed in repairing the old Batteries, and erecting new Ones. The 22d, our Squadron appearing, before the Port, the Army made great Rejoicings in the Evening for the Advantage gained by that Squadron two Days before over that of the English. The 23d, the Count de Lannion relieved the Marquis du Mesnil at the Trenches, with the two Battalions of Royal Marine; and that Day, and the 24th, were spent, as the preceding, in repairing the Batteries which had been damaged, and raising new Ones.

War will be declared against England in a few Days.

LONDON.

May 25. We hear that an Order is sent to Portsmouth for some of the French Scalping-knives that were in the Ship taken by Captain Rowley, in order to be sent to our Ministers abroad, that the Princes at whose Courts they reside, may see what Instruments the Most Christian King puts into the Hands of his Friends to propagate Christianity. Letter from on board his Majesty's Ship Falmouth, dated May 18.

"We are still on our Cruize off the Ile of Baf, where we have blocked up four French Men of War, who (notwithstanding all our Endeavours to provoke or invite them out to face us) cannot be prevailed on to quit their holdfast, and try who are the best Men."

Tuesday Afternoon died of a Fever, at his House in Chancery Lane, the Right Hon. Sir Dudley Ryder, Lord Chief Justice of England, for whom a Patent was preparing to create him a Peer by the Title of Lord Ryder, of Harrowby in Lincolnshire.

We hear that his Majesty will soon appoint a Day of solemn Fasting, in order to implore the Blessing of Heaven on the British Arms.

A great Number of West-India Merchants waited on the Lords of the Admiralty this Day, in Relation to the Stationing more Ships for the better Security of their Trade.

We hear that several Noblemen, Gentlemen, Merchants and others intend to form a Society for cloathing and fitting out of Boys, and also of young Landmen, for the Navy, in such a Manner as will encourage them to offer their Service; and for this Purpose such of the Subscribers who are Merchants, design, after the War is finished, to give a Preference in their Service, whenever any of their Ships are fitting out and want Men, to such Boys and young Men who behave well, and become good Seamen in the King's Service. It is imagined this will answer many excellent Purposes worthy the Zeal and Benevolence of the Subscribers, and support such a Spirit in the Nation as the Exigency of the Times require. It is said Two Hundred Pounds were subscribed the first Day. Extra of a Letter from Plymouth, dated May 25.

"We have a Piece of agreeable News here, which gives us some Hopes of the Truth of what has been said in the public Papers, concerning Admiral Byng. The Master of a Sloop, belonging to this Port, came from Guernsey last Night, and says, There was a Boat came from St. Malo just as he sailed, and gave an Account, that they

had News there that Admiral Byng had an Engagement with the Toulon Squadron, and had taken some, and sunk some; but farther Particulars they give us not."

This Morning the Master of an English Merchant Ship, that came from St. Malo with a French Pass, reports, that it is rumoured there, that there has been an Action between Admiral Byng's Squadron and M. de la Galissoniere, and that several Capital French Ships have been sunk. Extra of a Letter from Monsieur de la Galissoniere, dated on board the Freudroyant, the 22d of May, before Port-Mahon.

"The 17th of May, in the Evening, Advice was brought to the Squadron by the Frigate La Gracieuse, who was on a Cruize towards Majorca, that she had descried an English Squadron, which then seemed to be 8 or 10 Leagues to the South.

"The 18th the Squadron got in Readiness to go and meet the English, but was prevented by a Calm.

"The 19th in the Morning, we descried the English Squadron from the Top-mast-heads, and the two Squadrons drew pretty near each other that Day, but never were within Gun-shot; which was not our Fault, as the English were to Windward of us.

"The 20th the French Admiral worked about so as to gain the Wind; but just as he had got into a favourable Position for it, the Wind shifted in such a Manner as still left this Advantage to the English Squadron.

"At Half an Hour past two in the Afternoon, the two Squadrons were in Line of Battle, and began the Engagement. The English consisted of 18 Sail, of which 13 were of the Line, and ours of 12 Ships of the Line, and 4 Frigates.

"The Action lasted above three Hours and a Half, but was not general all the Time. The English Ships that suffered most from our Broad-sides, got to Windward again out of Gun Shot; they all along preserved this Advantage, that they might keep clear of us as they pleased. After having made their greatest Efforts on our Rear Division, which they found so close, and from which they were so furiously cannonaded, that they could not break in upon it, they resolved to steer off, and did not appear again all the next Day, being the 21st.

"In general none of their Ships long stood the Fire of ours. The Ships of our Squadron suffered but little, they were repaired in the Night, and fit to fight the next Morning.

"Messrs. de Perussy and Potier, Ensigns, were killed. Total of the killed 38, and of the wounded 115."

That there has been an Engagement in the Mediterranean, which has not proved so successful as was expected, is allowed by most sensible, impartial Men; but we may be allowed to doubt whether all the Particulars in the above-Account are strictly true.

Sunday Morning Lord Tyrawly, the Earl of Panmure, Admiral Hawke, Admiral Saunders, and several other Officers of Distinction, set out Post for Portsmouth, in order to embark there for Gibraltar. Lord Tyrawly is going to take the Command of that Fortress; the Earl of Panmure to join his Regiment there; and the two Admirals are, 'tis confidently said, to command in the Mediterranean.

Dr. Pinfold, one of the Civilians at Doctors Commons, lately appointed by his Majesty Governor of the Island of Barbados, in the Room of the Hon. Mr. Grenville, will embark in a few Days on board the Gosport Man of War.

It is reported that Twenty Ships of War are sailed from Brest.

June 1. By Letters Yesterday from Gibraltar we are assured that Admiral Byng, with his Squadron, arrived there the second past, and being joined by Commodore