

mediate Supply of Provision, Men, Beasts, and even Straw, otherwise had no Prospect of Success.

Southampton, May 15. The Hessians came in this Day Twelve o'Clock, with a fair Wind and high Tide, all well; a Train with eighteen Pieces of Cannon Three Pounders, 1300 Horses for the Troop, and Officers. The Officers came on Shore, but the Men do not land till To-morrow morning. They all appeared in high Spirits, and seem to be extreme civilis'd, clever Men.

Salisbury, May 17. We have two Contractors here for the Government, who have undertaken to supply 10,000 English and 10,000 Hanoverians and Hessians with Corn and Bread.

Chatham, May 19. The necessary Preparations are making for the Landing of the Hanoverians at the old Dock and this Morning several of the Bread Waggon which arrived here Yesterday drove with Flour to Rochester, where Ovens are provided, and they begin baking this Day, a Number of Bakers having been sent hither two Days ago for that Purpose.

Perthmouth, May 20. Lord Loudon is just gone on board the Nightingale, which is now under Sail.

Lord George Bentinck's Regiment is soon to embark from Gosport, for Gibraltar, in the Hessian Transports.

Chatham, May 21. Ever memorable will this Day be for two remarkable Events, i. e. the landing of the Hanoverian Troops, and declaring War against the faithless French; Incidents which drew together many thousands of Spectators.

Early in the Morning the Troops began to disembark, which was done in the most exact Order; about Nine the Division destined for Maidstone marched out of Town, with Drums beating, Musick playing, and Colours flying, amidst a numerous Crowd of People, who wanted only the Example of the Great and Wealthy to provide a Collation and give them a Welcome; however, all possible Civilities were shewn them, and several drank Tea with the Hanoverian Ladies. Never were Troops received with more Cordiality, every one breathing forth the most ardent Wishes for the Success, and long Life and a victorious War to our good King. About Noon the Division (who being 4500 Men at Canterbury) began to march, in the same good and exact Order, with those for Maidstone, and all was completed without any Accident, excepting that one of the Ships, which had some of the Officers Horses on board, on taking the Ground when the Tide went away, fell over from the Wharf, but none of the Men received any Hurt.

P. S. Several of our Officers were charmed with the Hanoverian Women, who are very pretty, clean dress'd, and of a modest Behaviour.

NEWBERN, in North-Carolina June 18.

Since our last arrived here Capt. Crispin from the West-Indies, by whom we are informed, That the Governor of Martinico, some Time ago, caused Notice to be given in St. Eustatia, that he would allow a free Trade from thence to Martinico for all English Vessels, provided every one brought a certain Quantity of Provisions: In Pursuance of which a vast Number of Vessels went there with Provisions, &c. that the Bait having sufficiently taken, and a prodigious Number of Vessels in the Harbour of Martinico, Notice was proclaimed from the Drum Head, that all English Vessels should sail in two Days; by which Means, near 40 Sail that could not possibly sail by that Time, were detained and made Prizes; which Artifice has amply supplied them, who were in a starving Condition before, with some Thousands of Barrels of Beef, Pork, Flour, Bread, Butter, &c.

We hear from Roan County, That a small Party of the Cherokee Indians have made their Appearance there lately, and committed some Depredations on the Inhabitants; they carried away several Horses, and other Things of Value, but were pursued by a Party of the Neighbours, who came up with them, and on demanding the Goods, the Indians set up the War Whoop, flew to Trees, and were preparing to fire on our People, who being inferior in Number, were obliged to quit them: They were again pursued by a stronger Party of our People, who came up with them again at a Town belonging to the Catawba Nation of Indians, where, thro' the Means of that Nation, the Horses and some of the Goods were retaken, and a white Woman, who was in their Company, brought back to Salisbury Supreme Court, and there tried, for being concerned with the said Indians. The Catawba Indians, like faithful Allies, willing to remove any Jealousy the English might entertain of them, by permitting the Cherokees, who had played us this Trick, to pass thro' their Towns, assembled in a Body, and, headed by their King and several of their Chief Warriors or Sachems, all painted in a Warlike Manner, and completely accoutred, marched directly to Salisbury, where the Chief Justice was holding the Supreme Court; they immediately, as the Chief Justice was a Person of the greatest Consequence there, demanded an Audience of him, and Leave to make their Public Entry into the Town; which being immediately granted, they all marched slowly through the Town, with their King at their Head, their Arms and Tomahawks glistening like Silver, and stopped at the Place appointed for the Conference; the King there made a long Speech to the Chief Justice, the Substance of which was, to inform him of their inviolable Attachment to the English Interest, that they were no Ways concerned

in the Cherokee Roguery, and that they would use all possible Means to bring the Offenders to Justice, that they had taken up the Hatchet against the French, and were determined not to lay it down without using of it; which he delivered in Terms strong, pithy, and nervous; and after he had done speaking to the Chief Justice, turned to his Warriors, and asked them if it was his Sentiments only he had delivered, or the General Voice of his People; who answered, that as he was their Mouth, he had declared the just Sentiments of the whole Nation. They were politely received by the Chief Justice, who assured them of the good Opinion of the People of this Province, and gave them satisfactory Promises of a Continuance of our good Offices, which an immediate Connection of Interests, they being partly settled among us, made mutual. They departed highly satisfied with their Reception, before which, they all drew up in Battalia, set up the War Whoop, and performed a mock Fight, being all completely painted, their Tomahawks and other Arms shining in the best Order.

WILLIAMSBURG, July 9.

By an Express from Lunenburg, we learn that the Indians, to the Number of about 100, attacked a Fort on Holston's River in Augusta County, where was one Vaux and his Family, with some other Persons, who defended themselves the greatest Part of the Day; but in the Evening, the Indians found Means to set it on Fire, and burnt it to the Ground, in which 28 People perished.

ANNAPOLIS, July 29.

We hear that his Excellency our Governor has been much indisposed a few Days past, up at Fort-Frederick; but is now (God be thanked) pretty well recovered, and is expected home in a short Time.

We hear from the Mouth of *Conococheague*, that four Indians, dressed in red Caps and much like Col. Cresap's Men, came down among the Inhabitants there, and killed and scalped two People, and then made off. A Party of 46 Men were immediately sent out after them; but they have not yet been able to meet with them.

The publishing the following Letter from an ingenious Gentleman, at this Time, cannot be thought unseasonable, and is done with a View only to the Good of the Public.

Baltimore County, May 15.

Mr. GREEN,

I HAVE the Pleasure to send you a certain Cure (blessed be God for it) of the Dysenteric or Bloody-Flux, which, tho' twice already published, is, I am afraid, but little known here: It was at first published by the honourable and great ROBERT BOYLE, Esq; in his Medicinal Experiments; and since by AARON HILL, Esq; a Man of Learning and Integrity, who tells the noble Lord to whom he writes, that he has made repeated Trials of it's Efficacy.—It is from the Works of the latter, printed in the Year 1753, in 4 Vols. 8vo. that I send you the following Extract; which I desire you will be pleased to insert in your Gazette for the Benefit of Mankind. From Vol. 2d, Page 321, &c.

AARON HILL's Letter to the Earl of CHESTERFIELD.

My Lord, September 29, 1747.

HAD the late bad News been true (as more than probable it was not, since it was told us in the public Papers), that our Army suffered greatly, by the Bloody-Flux, in Flanders; what Pity was it, that a surer Remedy for that Disease, than can, perhaps, be found for any other, happened to lie out of the Physicians Track of Thinking! and that, for certain narrow Reasons, it could hardly hope Good-Fortune, were it recommended to their Notice!

Your Lordship will remember it, where hinted first (if I mistake not, in a Piece of Mr. BOYLE's); it met, however, but the common Fate of every cheap and speedy Remedy, to merit the Neglect of Shops, and Shop-Supporters, in Proportion to the little they could get, by countenancing it.

The Process (should your Memory by chance not recollect it) is no more, than To take new churned Butter, without Salt, and skimming off the curdy Part, when melted over a clear Fire, to give two Spoonfuls of the clarified Remainder, twice or thrice, within the Day: And this has never failed, to make an almost instant Cure, in many (I am sure, at least, a Hundred) Cases; I have had myself the Pleasure to relieve, officiously, by it's Effect;—and who were Persons, for the most Part, at the Point of

Death, and solemnly resigned to that last Cure, of every Malady, by their Physicians farewell Sentences.

A long Time after Mr. BOYLE had published his Experience of this noble Medicine, from his frequent Proofs of it; in Ireland, where Dysenteries are too common Accidents, there happened, at the Siege of Londonderry, such a general Demonstration of it's Efficacy, as leaves a subsequent Neglect of it no way to be accounted for, but from the Reason I have just assigned it to: For when, by the Fatigues and Wants of that brave Garrison, they found themselves in greater Danger, from the Havock of this terrible Disease, than from the Efforts of the Enemy, we are informed, by the Describers of that memorable Siege, that the Distemper stopped at once, upon the Soldiers finding a concealed Reserve of Casks of Tallow, in a Merchant's Warehouse, and dividing it among the Companies, to melt with, and to lengthen out their short Remainder of bad Oat-meal.

An Acquaintance of my own, a Gentleman of the prescribing Faculty, complained to me, some Years ago, of the Mortality of this Distemper, then an epidemic one, in London. I advised him, to make Trial of the mentioned Help, to which he first objected, that he could not see upon what Theory to ground a Likelihood of such Success in using it. For Answer, I referred him to a known Experiment in Fermentation; where, on barely throwing in a little melted Grease (or a small Quantity of animal Oil), upon the Surface of a working Liquor, when in highest Foam, the curbed intestine Motion sinks to Flatness, in an Instant; nor can it be recovered into a new Head, by any Art our Brewers, or Distillers, are acquainted with.

The added oleaginous Particles obtunding the now checked saline Ones, in a Manner little differing from the Operation of the recommended Process in the human Stomach, where the vitiated hot Ferment having had Beginning, the incisive acrid Salts are leached and made inactive, by this opposite balsamic Softener; and, thence, passing on corrected, through the gradual Digestions, furnish a fit Chyle, for blunting the too stimulative Acrimony; and hence arises not a temporary, or palliative Relief, but a complete Eradication of the peccant Principle: For, when the Salts, above described, have lost their Points, in the absorbing Sheath, those united Contraries, (commixing oily with lixivious Particles) compose together a new, soluble, and saponaceous Body, which dissolving readily into the Serum, and lymphatic Humours, is prepared to pass by Sweat, or even perspire insensibly through Strainers, which (while separate) neither Oils, nor Salts, could have been small enough to have pervaded; and which must, therefore (tho' the Blood could have been helped, to throw them off upon the Glands, or Joints), have bred such obstinate Concretion and Obstruction there, as bring on Gout, Sciatica, or Rheumatism. But (thus) unless in Cases of Vessels, too much lacerated already, the Cause being radically removed, it is no wonder, the Effect is answerable.

The Doctor after weighing this, and more to the same Purpose, smiled instructively, and gave me, for Reply, a pleasant, short, and honest Declaration.—That, if ever he should have Occasion to make Trial of it, on himself, or his own Family, he would not only do it, but expect good Consequence.—But, with Regard to his out Patients, as long as he must hang his Bills upon Apothecaries Files, he might as prudently be hanged himself, as venture to prescribe short Remedies.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship NEW-CUNLIFF, Capt. SAMUEL MATHEWS, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at Oxford, for Bills, Cash, or Tobacco,

A LARGE Assortment of European and other GOODS, particularly a Quantity of Liverpool SALT, which will be sold cheaper on board the Ship, than when landed, for want of Warehouse Room. H. CALLISTER.

THE Subscriber having been a long Time confined for Debt in Queen-Anne's County Goal, and not having wherewith to redeem her Body, hereby gives Notice, That she designs to apply to the next General Assembly for an Act for her Relief. CATHERINE WRIGHT.

JOHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, sells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in small or large Quantities.

IMPORTED in the Ship *Severn*, Captain Rawlings, lying in Patuxet River (for which, as yet, no Owner can be found), N^o. 1, a Box of Sundries, N^o. 2, a Cafe of Pewter, and a small Paper Parcel of India Goods, mark'd I G, and per Manifest directed for one Joseph Gray; a Box, mark'd I M W, N^o. 1, directed for one Joseph Wilson; and two half Chests of Lemons, mark'd C W. The Persons, to whom they belong, are desired to send Word where they live, and they shall be sent by the first safe Conveyance.

WANTED,

A MILLER, who understands Grinding and Bolting. Such a one, well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Printer hereof.

NOTICE is hereby given, That on the 11th Day of August next, will be Sold to the highest Bidder, a Tract of Land called *Steer's Park*, lying on the North Side of Patuxet River, and near Mr. Richard Jacobs's, senior, containing One Hundred Acres; by Virtue of an Act of Assembly, passed in 1755, for the Relief of Jasper Hall, junior. The Sale to begin at three of the Clock in the Afternoon, on the Stadt-House-Hill, in Annapolis. JOHN RAITT, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel County.

FOUND,

NEAR South-River Ferry, a plain GOLD RING, with a Poesy. The Owner may have it, on describing it, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, by applying to the Printer hereof.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Calvert County, on the 20th of this Instant July, a Servant Man, named *Mitcheal Pene*, aged about 34 Years, of a pale Complexion, has sandy Hair, and is of a middle Size. Had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat, Fearnought Jacket, Osnabrigs Shirt, and old Canvas Trowsers; but had neither Shoes nor Stockings.

Whoever will secure the said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall be well rewarded. THOMAS REYNOLDS.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship *CONCORD*, Capt. CARROLL, and will be exposed to Sale, in a few Days, at my Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN,

VARIETY of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail.

I last Fall advertised my Intentions to depart this Province, and the Uncertainty of my ever returning; and I must once more intreat all Persons indebted to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

I purchase and give ready Money for any Quantity of Bees-Wax, Beaver, Fox, Raccoon, Otter, Mink, and Musk-Rat Skins, provided they are kill'd in Season. JOHN STEVENSON.

N. B. Any Quantity of Flax-Seed purchased, as usual, provided it be well cleaned, and not thresh'd out on an Earthen Floor, or damaged.

COMMITTED to the Custody of the Sheriff of Queen-Anne's County, on Suspicion of being a Runaway, on the 19th of this Instant July, a Lad named *John Exalby*, who says he belongs to Mr. Robert Horner, of Charles County.

His Master may have him again, on paying the Fees, and the Charge of this Advertisement. WILLIAM HOPPER, Sheriff.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship *PEGGY*, Capt. BENJAMIN BELL, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Shop in BALTIMORE-TOWN, wholesale or retail, on very reasonable Terms.

FRESH Assortment of MEDICINES AND PAINTS of all Kinds.

WILLIAM LYON.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. Samuel Galloway, near West-River, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Mare, branded on the near Buttock HL (join'd in one).

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To