; he, or they, first or their, own Oath, se of the Peace. aled, That if any last Day of March, lat, Boat, or other of Mooring, Landother Vessel, and at is by this Act rethe Owner or Owleffel, the Sum of to be recovered in uflice of the Peace accused doth reside. , That in Cafe aessel, shall be taken apeak Bay, or the ver, in the Winter that by Reason of had with the City fuch Cafe, it shall fon or Persons ta-Vessel into his, or se such Advertise-Red, to be inserted a Thirty Days after arie or Communicapolis, shall or may

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[Numb. 479] GAZD TOD

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, July 11, 1754

From a late Paper: H O' Happiness is the End which all Mankind seek after, how few are there who take the right Path to obtain it? What can be the Cause that human Reason is thus bewildered? In his own Breast ten thousand wily Phantoms wanton, who Syren like, allure him to forsake the Substance to pursue the Shade, and chant him to his own De-fruction; the pleasing delusive images, so darken and obscure the Light of Reason by their all sedu-cing Flatteries, that he missakes his Guide, and fondly trufts himself to their Delusion, who furely lead him, like an Ox to the Slaughter, to certain Ruin and Mifery. The most crue! Enemies any Man can have are those that wear the enfnaring Dress of Friendship; and of all false Friends those stattering Masters of the Mind; called Passions, are by far the greatest: To what strange Pursaits under the Colons of feeking Harmines do they followed. the Colour of feeking Happinels do they feduce us? One Man possesses that most bewitching Foible of our first Father Adam, and would again forsest Paradise for a Woman's Smile, and thinks the World not worth a Female Tear, whilst another denies there's one Persection in the Sex, and hates the very Side from which the Rib was stole; but his based on the store of the Horse he almost idolizes, and, when in full Career with yelping Dogs for his Companions, he purses his fearful Fellow Creature's Life, he thinks himfelf an happier Man than Adam was before the Fall.—This Man to Bacchus pays his whole Devoir, and takes the Vine to be the very Tree of Life, and that the Grape's reviving Juice is Heaven's best Gift, which Bleffing his Intemperance from converts into a Curfe; now fee him raving like a Lunatic, and in his frantic Fit commit some like a Lunatic, and in his frantic Fit commit some horrid Crime, which, when the intoxicating Fume that clouded Reason's Light, dissipated, and the Minds surious Tempest is allayed, he, like our first Father Adam, would most ungratefully attribute to his Maker, by saying, The Wine that thou gavest me was the Canse. Down his parch'd thirsty Throat so many Tuns he pours, 'til he himself resembles one; and tho' Brimful, quite sit for tapping, cannot sorbear, but Glass and Life go off together. This to Pleasus all his Adoration pays, and thinks no Pleasus like a Purse of Gold; this most unhappy Wretch is to himself and all Mankind a Foe; and all Mankind he would defraud, but most he cheats himself; for when by efraud, but most he cheats himself; for when by every guileful Art he has amaffed whole Chefts of yet the poor miserable Lunatic dares not touch in for his Soul; why do I tay Soul! this Wretch has farely none but what is tied up in his Bags! No Sleep his anxious Bye-lids know, for if the Wind but whiftle in the Night; its Thieves he cries; and to his darling Treasure flies; but if kind Morpheus o'er his Byes leaden Plumbets for a Moment and I was a second support of the Byes leaden Plumbets for a Moment was a second support of the Byes leaden Plumbets for a Moment was a second support of the Byes leaden Plumbets for a Moment of the Byes leaden of the By lays, droll mimic Fancy represents some Thieves at his Chefts, and in his Agony awakes him; he quartels with his own Stomach, and bites his very Food with anger when he eats, because it costs him Money; sit at last he staves himself to Death, for sear of wanting!

Towering Ambition swells the Mind of this, Thoughts of high Place and Title, to climb to every Summit of Fortune's Lidder, and at Top preside. This restless Passion is always a Formest to it's Owner, but when unfully placed, suins sometime a whole Community; here every Artisce, both good and had; here little Metit Fame's statement of the Community; and Vice must bosrow Virtue's beauteous Rober; and here the hypocritical Paint of the Characaman patric must all untie to lift him as he mounts; If, by some Merit, or with mighty Pains he some for his Cheffs, and in his Agony awakes him; he quarby fome Merit, or with mighty Pains he fours for high to reach the Pinnacle of Power, how it he girt about with Danger? If like the Imperial Bird,

he can look down to the deep Vale below with fleady and unfinken Head, he may ferre his Country well, but never makes those easy; who like him, aspire to rife; but if the high serial View makes him giddy, and tottering stand, some steady

MARTLAND

dier Head foon takes his Place, and thrufts him

headlong down the dreadful Precipice. Thus we poor wandering Mortals miferably toil out all our Time in vain Pursuits of Happiness; and now at the very Eve of Life, just as the Sun's a bout to fet, when the cruel Syrens have feduced us to the very Brink of Eternity, they vanish; then we bewailing fee our fatal Error; and the grievonsly fatigued, strive to beat back the toilsome Road again, and to fet out afresh, how great the Danger, left by the Way we faint, and the Sun sets before we reach the Goal!

Would you enjoy Life's sweet Repose
Without one Sigh or Groun? True Happinels right Reason shews, Thro' Virtue's Path alone.

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From the LONDON GAZETTE.

WEST MINSTER, April 6.

I I S Majefty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in his royal Robes seated on the Throne with the usual Solemaity, the Honourable Sir Henry Bellenden, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from his Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thinks accordingly. His Majesty mons being come thither accordingly. His Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious

Speech.

My Lerds and Gentlemen,

NOTHING could have given me greater

mity, and Dispatch, with which you have gone
through the Business of this Session. Though no particular Point of extraordinary Moment hath offered itself to your Consideration, yet you have shewn the most attentive Regard to every Branch of the Public Service. As to Foreign Affairs, I shall fay nothing at present, except, That it is my fixed Resolution to do every Thing in my Power to maintain the general Tranquility, and to adhere to such Measures, for that Purpose, as I have hitherto pursued, in Conjunction with the Powers in Alliance with me.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons, I return you my hearty Thanks for the Supplies

which you have so chearfully granted, and which are the more acceptable to me, as they have brought no new Burden upon my good Subjects.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The Time draws near, when the present Parliament must determine by Law; and it is my Inten tion, very speedily, to call a new One. But it would be unjust to This, not to give It a public-Testimony of my Approbation. The many eminent Proofs which you have given, of your Duty and Affection to my Person and Government; of your Zeal for this excellent Constitution; and for the Security of the present Establishment. Security of the present Establishment; can never be forgotten by me. By your vigorous Assistance, under the Protection of the Divine Providence, I was der has Protection of the Divine Providence, I was enabled to put an End to an Expensive though he ceffary War, by an honourable Peace, which you have greatly contributed to preferve, by readily and uniformly supporting my Measures. You have gone farther; and, whilst the Difficulties arising from the War were scarce over, seized the first Opportunity, to perfect one of the greatest Works of Peace, by concurring in the most proper Means for a gradual Decrease of the National Debts and, at the same Time, raising the Public Credit. You have also, by several new Laws, laid a Foundation to firengthen and advance the Trade and Com-merce of my Kingdoms. Such a Series of wife and merce or my Ainguams. Out a ceres or wise and fleady Conduct cannot fail to recommend you to the Good-will and Esteam of your Fellow Subjects, as well as mine. For my dwn Part, I securely rely upon the Loyalty and good Affections of my People, and have no other Aim but their lasting There the Lord Chancellor, by bis Majefty's Com-

mand faid,
My Lords and Gentlemen,
T is his Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure,
That this Parliament be prorogued to Thursday the 25th Day of April inftant, to be then here held; and this Parliament is accordingly protogoed to Thursday the 25th Day of April instanc.

White ball, April 6. The King has been pleased to appoint Thomas Holles, Duke of Newcastle,

Rnight of the most noble Orcer of the Garter, the Right Honourable Henry, Earl of Darlington, the Right Honourable Henry Legge, Esq. Thomas Hay, Esq. commonly called Lord Viscount Dupplin, and Robert Nugent, Esq. to be Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of his Majesty's Exchequer.

Majesty's Exchequer.

The King has been pleased to conflitte and appoint the Right Honourable George Lord Anson, William Ponsonby, Esq. commonly called Lord Viscount Duncannon, Welborne Ellis, Thomas Villiers, William Rowley, and Edward Boscawen, Esqrs. together with Charles Townshend, Esq. to be Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the Dominions, Islands and Territories thereunto respectively belonging. Territories thereunto respectively belonging.

The King has been pleased to consisting and appoint the Right Honourable George Dunk, Earl of Halifax, John Pitt, James Granville, Francis Fane, Andrew Stone, and James Oswald, Esqrs. together with Richard Edgecumb and Thomas Pelham, Esqrs. Commissioners for Trade and Plantations

The King has been pleafed to grant unto the Honourable George Granville, Efq; the Office of Treasurer of his Majesty's Navy.

The King has been pleafed to grant unto the Right Honourable William Viscount Barrington, the Office of Keeper, and the Custody of his Majesty's Great Wardrobe.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Henry Burrard, Esq; the Office of Ranger of New Forest, in the County of Southampton.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Right Honourable Henry Legge, Esq; the Office of Chancellor of his Majesty's Exchequer; and also to grant unto the said Henry Legge, the Office of Under Treasurer to his Majesty's Exchequer.

The King has been pleased to order his Grover.

The King has been pleased to order bir George Lyttleton, Bart, to be sworn and admitted into the Place of Cofferer of his Majesty's Houshold.

The King has been pleased to order the Right Honourable Wills, Earl of Hillsborough, to be fworn and admitted into the Place of Comptroller of his Majesty's Houshold.

The King has been pleased to order. Grey.

Efq; to be sworn and admitted one of the Clerks of his Majesty's Green Cloth, in order to his being admitted in due Form to take his Place at the

Board.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Diffelving this prefent Parliament, and declaring the Calling of another.

GEORGER.

When Advice of our Privy Council, to diffelve this prefent Parliament, which now stands prorogued to Thursday the Twenty-fifth Day of this instant April: We do for that End publish this our. inftant April: We do for that End publish this our Royal Proclemation; and do hereby diffolye the faid Parliament accordingly: And the Lords Spiri-tual and Temporal, and the Knighta, Citizens, and tual and Temporal, and the Kaighta, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for Shires and Burghs of the House of Commons, are discharged from their Meeting and Attendance on Thursday the faid Twenty fifth Day of this instant April, And we being definess and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet our People, and have the Advice in Parliament, do hereby make known to all our loving Subjects our Royal Will and Pleasare to call a new Parliament; and do hereby further descriptions.