

Assembly beg Leave to return your  
for your kind Speech to the  
House.

of Zeal for his Majesty's Ser-  
vice of this Country, and fired  
and Indignation at the unjusti-  
and Encroachments of the  
Indians; we do, in the strong-  
our utmost Abhorrence of their  
and Depredations, commu-  
nities, and his Majesty's Subjects

of the great Importance of  
recommended to us by your  
to assure you, that we will take  
serious Consideration, and ad-  
to the Duty we owe to our King

was pleased to return the fol-  
ANSWER.  
Gentlemen of the House of Bur-

sincere Thanks for your kind Ad-  
 me singular Pleasure to find you  
 your Zeal for his Majesty's  
 Interest of our Country; from  
 an happy Presage, that you will  
 ous Measures, so prevent the Pro-  
 ous in their unjustifiable Proceed-  
 ings; and secure his Majesty's People,  
 21, from a Repetition of those bar-  
 ous that so justly fire your Indignation

Gentlemen, that you appear ac-  
 ibly regard for your Duty to your  
 ountry, you will become an animating  
 ighbouring Colonies, to exert them-  
 elves on Cause.

Measure conducive to this Good, the  
 ings will always find my ready and  
 assistance.

### NAPOLIS.

Messieurs Trent, and Gist, to Major  
 Virginia, give some Account of their  
 Ohio. The first Letter is dated  
 oughy and ghany big Bottom. They  
 arrived at the Forks of Monong-  
 outh of Red Stone Creek, where  
 (strong Store House), and met Mr.  
 Others: In 2 or 3 Days they ex-  
 ce People, and as soon as they came  
 oundation of the Fort, expecting to  
 Purpose about 70 or 80 Men. They  
 join them and make them strong.  
 m (Major Washington) to march  
 to all possible Expedition. They ac-  
 Monsieur La Force (ou, La Farce)  
 b to some of our Indians and told  
 they nor the English there, would  
 20 Days longer; 13 of the Days  
 me: By what Mr. Croghan could  
 ndian in the French Interest, they  
 to French down in that Time: A  
 om the French Fort had Letters for  
 f the other Forts to march immedi-  
 in order to cut off our Indians  
 some French Indians were likewise  
 em: When La Force had made his  
 ans, they sent a String of Wampum  
 to desire him to bury the English  
 they expected soon to be attack'd,  
 to come and join them; for they  
 es and Affiances, and then would  
 ber write, that 600 French had  
 against the lower Shawnee.  
 ff the Shawnee; 200 Ottaways  
 ame to Mushingum and demanded  
 there, and served them the French  
 ayondotts, tho' not above 30 Men,  
 m kill them in their Town; but they  
 Day to bear they had cut off the  
 wise the Wayondotts. The other  
 at Monongahella, Feb. 23. My  
 n Indian who was taken Prisoner  
 ckasaws by the Six Nations some  
 Passage up the Ohio, fill in with  
 400 French coming up the River;  
 b them below the Falls, and this  
 any with 10 of them that were  
 with the Shawnee at the lower  
 ir Arrival there, the English Traded  
 to make Prisoners of them, but  
 tting a Hint from some Indians,  
 y in the Night without discovering  
 We have also News of 600 French  
 ne down to fall on the Shawnee  
 t admit the lower Army to pass  
 in that above; it would therefore

"be prudent to let the Governor know this, perhaps  
 "he might send a Number of Cherokees to join the  
 "Shawnee at the lower Town, and defeat them,  
 "or prevent their joining those above, Pray send  
 "a Line by Mr. Stuart, and let us know the exact  
 "Time you will be here, that we may speak Truth  
 "in all we say to our Friends."  
 "We hear from Virginia, that they go on very  
 "briskly in raising Men, and that 500, under proper  
 "Officers, will be soon ready to march from Alex-  
 "andria.

Last Week his Excellency the Governor issued his  
 Commission, appointing George Dent, John Brice,  
 John Darnall, John Hepburn, Robert Jenkins  
 Henry, Richard Tilghman, George Stuart, Wil-  
 liam Goldsborough, Richard Lloyd, and John Hall,  
 Esquires, to be Judges of the Provincial Court.

John Brice, and John Darnall, Esquires, are  
 appointed Judges of the Western and Robert Jenkins  
 Henry, and William Goldsborough, Esquires, of  
 the Eastern, Shore, Circuits.

Yesterday Morning, two well built Ships, which  
 were both raised in a Day a few Months ago, and  
 built by Mr. Stephen Steward, were launch'd into  
 West River; one is call'd the Baltimore, belonging  
 to Mr. Galloway, and the other the Horatio, be-  
 longing to Messieurs Johns and Philpot.

We have just now heard, that Capt. Spencer is  
 arrived in Patuxent, from London; and that he  
 brings News of the Loss of Capt. Gabriellund (who  
 sail'd from hence the Beginning of November for  
 London), on his Passage home, and that only two  
 of the People were saved. Mr. Rowland Carnan,  
 and Six Germans, went Passengers in the Ship.

### TO THE PUBLIC,

Whose Attention to the following Particulars is hum-  
 bly requested by a Native of the Province, and  
 one sincerely devoted to it's true Interest and Ser-  
 vice.

HIS Education as a Protestant of the establish-  
 ed Church of England, gave him an early  
 Abhorrence of Popery, and of those Evils both  
 religious and civil, which are the sure and constant  
 Attendants of it. And having found, from what  
 ever he could collect of the History of this Country,  
 either from Conversation, or such small Tracts as  
 he had casually met with treating this Subject, that  
 the Romish Religion had ruled almost without any  
 Check or Controul from the first Settlement of it,  
 down to the Revolution; and even since that Pe-  
 riod had been too much cherished and fostered, and  
 that it has occasioned Commotions, and produced  
 some tragical Events: He thought it his indispen-  
 sible Duty to his native Country, to use his best  
 Endeavours to reduce this still formidable Faction  
 within such Bounds, as should be consistent with  
 the Well Being of a Protestant Community. To  
 fix and determine these Bounds, as it was not his  
 Province, so it was no Part of his Design. It may  
 perhaps be thought worthy the Attention of the  
 Legislature, at this Juncture more especially, when  
 a Foreign Enemy, to whom their Attachment is  
 notorious, is hovering upon our Borders.

But it seems, there are those, who impute every  
 Thing he has done to restrain this Faction, "to  
 "a Spirit of Intolerance and Persecution towards  
 "those who differ from him in Matters of Reli-  
 "gion". Such who say this, would do well to  
 consider, that in the same Breath in which they  
 condemn him, they arraign the Wisdom of the  
 British Nation, in it's Laws and Statutes. The  
 same Vindication will serve both them and him.  
 Those however, who are acquainted with the Na-  
 ture of human Society, and the History of our  
 Mother-Nation, will readily acquit them, and con-  
 sequently him also, convinced of the absolute Ne-  
 cessity there was for such Laws there, and is for  
 such as would lay them under proper Restraints  
 here. Nor can any Protestant Community trust  
 Papists with a Share of it's Power, without being  
 guilty of an unpardonable Neglect of it's own Pre-  
 servation, and a Kind of Self Murder, if I may  
 use the Expression, in thus putting a Sword into  
 the Hand of it's Enemy. With their religious  
 Tenets, otherwise than as in their Consequences  
 they may affect the Community in it's civil Capa-  
 city, he has nothing to do; so far was he from  
 adopting that most impious of them all, "The  
 "Lawfulness of Persecution in religious Matters;"  
 a Tenet which has been the Source of dreadful  
 Calamities to Mankind, and the Principal of those  
 for which he became their Enemy:

That BRING who looks into the most secret  
 Recesses of his Bosom, knows that there is no such  
 Viper there.

The Apprehensions that he had, that some fatal  
 Consequences might one Day or other follow, not

only to this his native Country in particular, but  
 to the whole British Dominion in general; upon  
 the Continent of America, should the Popish Fatti-  
 on gain Ground, as he had Reason to fear it did,  
 determined him to seek Redress of these Grievances  
 in England, convinced as he was from several fruit-  
 less Attempts, that it was not to be expected here.  
 Upon his Arrival in London, he easily found Access  
 to the Earl of HALIFAX (as the Injured and Op-  
 pressed will always do), a Nobleman of distinguish-  
 ed Merit and Abilities, and whose Office and In-  
 clination both lead him to patronize the Colonies  
 with a Spirit truly Patriot. Why this Attempt,  
 so promising in the Beginning, from having gained  
 this Noble Lord's Patronage, did not succeed in  
 the End, is not necessary to be related here: He  
 will only observe, that it was through no Fault of  
 his Lordship; and he will presume to add, nor of  
 himself. It may, however, be productive of some  
 good Consequences, tho' it miscarried in it's chief  
 Aim and View. It may prompt Men of better  
 Heads and Abilities than his, to reflect seriously,  
 and in Time, upon this most important Subject,  
 and then he is persuaded they will easily discover  
 the Necessity of laying this powerful Faction under  
 some farther Restraints. And if, to this Reflection  
 of our Danger from a domestic Enemy, be added  
 that of the Neighbourhood of the French, and of  
 the restless and enterprising Genius of that People,  
 together with the assiduous Care by them taken,  
 to cultivate the Friendship of the Indians; this Ap-  
 prehension of Danger will not appear so romantic  
 and visionary, as these Men would represent it.  
 But for once to suppose with our Adversaries that  
 it is as groundless as they would have it thought,  
 is it reconcilable with the Common Sense of Man-  
 kind, to suffer Places of Profit, and the Rewards  
 of Society, to be enjoyed by those, who are known  
 to be the Enemies of it?

But not to conceal an Objection to his Conduct,  
 which comes from his Friends, and of much great-  
 er Weight than any his Adversaries can urge against  
 him, viz. "Why he a private Person, and with-  
 "out Authority, undertook the Redress of the  
 "public Grievances?" He is here at a Loss for  
 an Answer, and must ingenuously acknowledge,  
 that his Zeal for the public Service was superior to  
 his Discretion: With the Candid, and those of a  
 truly patriot Spirit (and to such only he applies  
 who can feel the Calamities and Distresses of their  
 Country), the Goodness of his Intention, will,  
 perhaps, atone for the Indiscretion of it. If this  
 Apology will not serve him, he has no other to  
 make. There may, however, possibly be Gentle-  
 men who can see some Merit in what he has done,  
 or attempted to do; if any such there be, they  
 may think it reasonable too, that he should be  
 reimbursed any Expence he has been at in his At-  
 tendance upon this Affair, and then they will con-  
 sequently fall upon a Method of doing it, which,  
 however, he will not presume to prescribe to them.

To be RUN for, I  
 On Monday the 15th of April,  
 (Being the Gift of his Excellency.)

AT Talbot County Court-House,  
 a Purse of TWENTY POUNDS, by any  
 Horse, Mare or Gelding. (who never then shall  
 have won a Prize of above Seven Pounds.) carrying  
 Nine Stone Weight, the best of Three Heats, each  
 Heat to be Twice round the Poles on the Race  
 Ground; to rub Half an Hour between each Heat.  
 The Horses, &c. to be entered with Mr. Jessab  
 Coleman, living at Talbot Court House, on Satur-  
 day the 13th, each paying Twenty Shillings En-  
 trance.

Such Rules and Orders are to be observed, as  
 are usual on these Occasions; and if any Disputes  
 should arise, they are to be determined by Gentle-  
 men appointed for that Purpose, before starting;  
 and if the 15th should be a rainy Day, the Prize  
 to be run for on the first fair Day after.

To be SOLD, by Public Vendue,  
 in the Parade in Annapolis, on the second Day of  
 the Provincial Court in May, as soon as the Court  
 adjourns, in the Afternoon,

THREE Hundred and Twenty  
 Nine Acres of Land, being a good Planta-  
 tion; in Baltimore County, whereon is a good  
 Dwelling House, Tobacco House, and an Orchard  
 of 400 Apple Trees. The Plantation and Im-  
 provements are valued to be worth more than 200 l.  
 Sterling, but will be set up at 115, and the Title  
 indisputable.

Roger Randall.

### LOST,

THE first Volume of, *The His-  
 tory of a Foundling*, by Henry Fielding, Esq;  
 plain Bound, without any Tiling. Whoever  
 brings it to the Printer hereof, shall have Five  
 Shillings Reward. Dr. A. Howard

RAN away from the Subscriber,  
 living in Dorchester County, on the 23d of  
 February last, a Servant Man, named William  
 Northwood, an Englishman, about 5 Feet and a half  
 high, aged 31 Years, of a brown Complexion,  
 wears his own Hair, has dark Eyes, and by Trade  
 a Sawyer. Had on and took with him a blue  
 Fearnothering Pea Jacket, a double breasted white  
 Cotton short Jacket, without Sleeves, blue Bree-  
 ches, a Pair of ribb'd Work'd Stockings, and two  
 Pair of Yarn Stockings, a Felt Hat, a Holland  
 Shirt ruffled at the Bosom, a Country coarse Jack-  
 et without Sleeves or Buttons. He has got his In-  
 denture with him, and it is very probable has  
 wore a Discharge on the Back of it.

Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures  
 him so as his Master may get him again, shall have  
 One Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows,  
 and all reasonable Charges, paid by  
 Moses Lecompte, junior.

RAN away from the Subscriber,  
 living near Jessa, on the 11th of this Inst.  
 March, the two following Servant Men, viz.

Nathaniel Nichols, an Irishman, of a middle Size,  
 about 5 Feet high, wears his own Hair, talks much,  
 and pretends to be a Barber: Had on, and took  
 with him, when he went away, a Cotton Waistcoat,  
 Country Cloth Breeches, two Osnabrigs Shirts, and  
 one Check One, two Pair of Yarn Stockings,  
 Country made Shoes, and a Felt Hat.

John Henry, a Welchman, talks much, and is  
 about 4 Feet and a Half high: Had on when he  
 went away a brown Wig, an old Hat, an Osnab-  
 rig's Shirt, a Country Cloth Jacket, a Pair of  
 Cotton Breeches, Sailor's Trowsers, Yarn Stock-  
 ings, and a Pair of Negro Shoes.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures  
 them, so that they may be had again, shall have  
 FIVE POUNDS Reward.

George Presbury.

THE Managers of the Balti-  
 more LOTTERY, hereby give Notice,  
 That they will certainly draw it, on Tuesday the  
 30th of April ensuing.

N. B. A few of the Tickets are yet to be Sold  
 at the POST OFFICE in Annapolis.

ANDREW BUCHANAN,  
 PERUKE-MAKER,

HAVING lately purchased a  
 large Quantity of all Sorts of the best of  
 English HAIRS, will make WIGS of all  
 Fashions, from One Guinea to Four Guineas Price.  
 And any Gentlemen who are pleased to favour him  
 with their Custom, may depend on being served  
 with Fidelity and Care, by  
 Their humble Servant,  
 Andrew Buchanan.

N. B. Any Wig Makers may be supplied with  
 Hairs, by the Pound, or Ounce, by the said Buc-  
 banan, at a very reasonable Price.

JUST PUBLISHED,  
 (Containing 84 Pages in Folio).  
 And to be Sold by the Printer hereof,

THE LAWS made at the  
 last Session of Assembly.

MARY SALISBURY,  
 PROPOSES keeping SCHOOL

in Annapolis, at the House where Mr. Sparrow  
 lived, near the Church, to Teach young LADIES  
 FRENCH, and all Sorts of fine NEEDLE WORK,  
 TAPESTRY, EMBROIDERY with Gold and Silver,  
 and every other CURIOUS WORK which can be  
 performed with a Needle, and all Education fit for  
 young LADIES, except Dancing.

N. B. She will take in young LADIES to  
 Board, and proposes to open School the 25th of  
 March. Those young LADIES who intend to be  
 her Scholars, are desired to leave their Names at  
 the PRINTING OFFICE.

COMMITTED